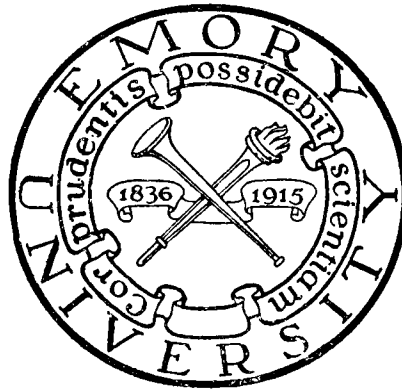


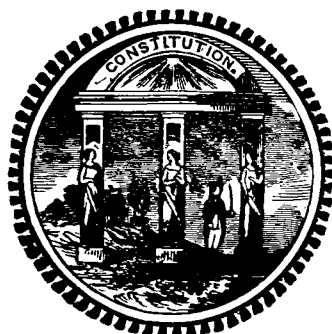


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JOURNAL
OF
THE SENATE
OF THE
STATE OF GEORGIA
REGULAR SESSION

At Atlanta, Wednesday, June 25, 1913.



ATLANTA, GA.
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JOURNAL

SENATE CHAMBER,

ATLANTA, GA.

Wednesday, June 25, 1913, 10 A. M.

The Senators-elect for the years 1913 and 1914 met at 10 o'clock A. M. this day in the Senate Chamber, and was called to order by Hon. C. S. Northen, Secretary of the last Senate. The Secretary of the Senate submitted to the Secretary the certified list of Senators-elect; the following is the list:

1st District—J. R. Anderson.

2d District—C. M. Tyson.

3d District—G. W. Taylor.

4th District—W. M. Olliff.

5th District—J. L. Sweat.

6th District—W. L. Converse.

7th District—S. M. Turner.

8th District—W. J. Bush.

9th District—E. L. Smith.

10th District—L. L. Ford.

11th District—J. N. Watts.

12th District—G. Y. Harrell.

13th District—C. H. Richardson.

- 14th District—M. E. Rushin.
- 15th District—O. H. Elkins.
- 16th District—Fred Kea.
- 17th District—C. H. Parrish.
- 18th District—O. L. Kelly.
- 19th District—C. E. McGregor.
- 20th District—John T. Allen.
- 21st District—S. E. Jones.
- 22d District—W. D. McNeil.
- 23d District—R. L. Dickey.
- 24th District—B. S. Miller.
- 25th District—R. O. Bulloch.
- 26th District—W. E. H. Searcy, Sr.
- 27th District—A. H. Foster.
- 28th District—Grant D. Perry.
- 29th District—N. B. Chennault.
- 30th District—R. T. DuBose.
- 31st District—J. T. Peyton.
- 32d District—J. H. Moore.
- 33d District—W. W. Stark.
- 34th District—M. D. Irwin.
- 35th District—H. M. Huie.
- 36th District—J. T. Longino.
- 37th District—J. T. Hixon.
- 38th District—W. E. Spinks.

39th District—W W Jones.

40th District—J F Johnson.

41st District—A. H. Burtz.

42d District—John W L. Brown.

43d District—M. C. Tarver.

44th District—Le Pope.

I certify that the above list is a true and correct list of the members of the Senate as appears from the returns of file in this office.

PHILIP COOK,

Atlanta, Ga., June 25, 1913. Secretary of State.

The foregoing official list was called to ascertain the presence of a quorum being present, the blessings of God were invoked by the Rev. J. W. G. Watkins at the request of the Secretary. Senators-elect then presented themselves at the Secretary's desk and took the prescribed oath of office, the same being administered by Hon. J. R. Pottle, Associate Justice of the Court of Appeals of Georgia.

The Secretary then announced that the next business in order was the election of a President of the body.

Mr. W. E. Spinks withdrew the name of Senator Allen from the race for President.

Hon. W. W. Stark of 33d District placed in nomination the Hon. J. Randolph Anderson for President of the Senate.

There being no other nominations the roll was called and the vote was as follows:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.		

Upon casting up the vote it appeared that Hon. J. Randolph Anderson had received 43 votes, which was all the votes cast, and was declared duly elected President for the ensuing two years.

The President then announced the election of a Secretary of the Senate as the next order of business. Whereupon Senator Hine placed in nomination Hon. C. S. Northen of Fulton County as Secretary for the ensuing two years.

There being no other nominations the roll was called; the vote is as follows:

Allen, John T.	DuBose, R. T.	Jones, S. E.
Brown, John W. L.	Elkins, O. H.	Jones, W. W.
Bulloch, R. O.	Ford, L. L.	Johnson, J. F.
Burtz, A. H.	Foster, A. H.	Kea, Fred,
Bush, W. J.	Harrell, G. Y.	Kelly, O. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Hixon, J. T.	Longino, J. T.
Converse, W. L.	Huie, G. M.	McGregor, C. E.
Dickey, R. L.	Irwin, M. D.	McNeil, W. D.

Miller, B. S.	Richardson, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Moore, J. H.	Rushin, M. E.	Taylor, G. W.
Olliff, W. M.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Turner, S. M.
Parrish, C. H.	Smith, E. L.	Tyson, C. M.
Perry, Grant D.	Spinks, W. E.	Watts, J. N.
Peyton, J. T.	Stark, W. W.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Pope, Le,	Sweat, J. L.	

Upon casting up the vote it appeared that the Hon. C. S. Northen had secured 44 votes, which was all the votes cast, and was duly elected Secretary of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

The next business was the election of a President *pro tem*.

Senator Sweat placed in nomination Senator Bush for President *pro tem*—this was seconded by several.

Senator Miller placed in nomination Senator E. L. Smith for President *pro tem*, and this nomination was seconded by several.

There being no other nominations the roll was called and the vote was as follows:

Those voting for Senator Smith were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Perry, Grant D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Peyton, J. T.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Pope, Le,
Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.		

Those voting for Senator Bush were Messrs.—

DuBose, R. T.	Richardson, C. H.	Sweat, J. L.
McGregor, C. E.	Smith, E. L.	Tyson, C. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.

Upon casting up the vote it appeared that Senator Smith had received 37 votes, which was a majority of all the votes cast, and was duly elected President *pro tem.* of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

The next order of business was the election of a Messenger of the Senate.

Mr. Miller placed in nomination the Hon. Flynn Hargett of Harris County for Messenger for the ensuing two years. This nomination was seconded by several; there being no other nominations the roll was called.

Those voting for Hon. Flynn Hargett were Messrs.—

Brown, John W L.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W W	Richardson, C. H.
Bush, W J.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Converse, W L.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Diekey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Elkins, O. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Ford, L. L.	McNeil, W D.	Tarver, M. C.
Foster, A. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	DuBose, R. T.	Smith, E. L.
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Upon casting up the vote it appeared that Hon. Flynn Hargett had received 42 votes, which was a majority of all the votes cast; was declared duly elected Messenger of the Senate for the ensuing two years.

The next order of business was the election of a Doorkeeper for the ensuing two years.

Mr. Miller placed in nomination the Hon. I. J. Stephens of Coweta County; this nomination was seconded by several.

Mr. Huie placed in nomination the Hon. Julius H. Cook of Fulton County

There being no other nominations the roll was called for the election of Doorkeeper, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting for Hon. I. J. Stephens were Messrs.

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Spinks, W. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Sweat, J. L.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Tarver, M. C.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Taylor, G. W.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Turner, S. M.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Harrell, G. Y.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Hixon, J. T.	Peyton, J. T.	

Those voting for Hon. Julius H. Cook were Messrs.—

Huie, G. M.	Moore, J. H.
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Those not voting were Messrs.—

Smith, E. L.

Upon casting up the vote it appeared that Hon. I. J. Stephens had received 41 votes, which was a majority of all the votes cast, and was declared duly elected Doorkeeper for the ensuing two years.*

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Miller—

Resolved, That the Secretary of the Senate be instructed to notify the House of Representatives that the Senate has organized by the election of Hon. J. Randolph Anderson as President and Hon. C. S. Northen as Secretary for the ensuing two years.

The following committee was appointed to select a Chaplain for the ensuing two years: Senators DuBose, Stark and Parrish. The above committee selected the Rev. J. W. G. Watkins as Chaplain, and this selection was confirmed by the Senate.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Miller—

Resolved, That until further ordered the rules of the Senate of 1911 and 1912 be and they are hereby adopted as the rules of the 1913 and 1914 Senate now in session.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

I am instructed by the House to notify the Senate that the House has perfected its organization by the election of Hon. W H. Burwell of Hancock, Speaker, and Hon. Jno. T. Boifeuillet of Bibb, Clerk, and is now ready to proceed with the business of the session.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Tyson—

Resolved, That the General Assembly meet in joint session in the Hall of the House of Representatives tomorrow, Thursday, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of canvassing and consolidating the vote for Governor and State House officers, and declaring the result.

Mr. Miller offered the following resolution, which was read and adopted:

Resolved, That a committee of two from the Senate and three from the House be appointed to notify His Excellency the Governor that the General Assembly has convened in regular session and is ready for the transaction of business.

Committee on the part of Senate are Senators Miller and DuBose.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Miller—

Resolved, That a committee of two from the Sen-

ate and three from the House be appointed to arrange for the inauguration of the Governor-elect.

Committee on part of Senate Senators Allen and Rushin.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. DuBose—

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be requested to secure sufficient quantity of Swift Springs water for the use of the Senate for the session of 1913 and 1914.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has concurred in the following resolution of the Senate, to-wit:

A resolution providing for a joint committee to notify His Excellency the Governor that the General Assembly has perfected organization and is now ready to proceed with the business of the State.

The Speaker appointed the following members as committee on the part of the House, to-wit:

Messrs. Cheney,
Holtzclaw,
Akin.

Mr. President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor to deliver to the Senate a communication in writing, to which he respectfully invites your attention:

Governor's Message

Atlanta, Ga., June 25, 1913.

To the General Assembly:

Upon your assumption of the responsibilities of legislation for the welfare of the people of this great Commonwealth, I extend to you a cordial greeting, with the heartfelt hope that our Almighty Guide will lead your minds into the channels of wisdom and deliberation. I cannot doubt that the people have shown careful discernment in the choice of members of both of your houses, hence it is with confidence that I lay before you the views which I deem worthy your consideration, recommending their enactment into laws which I believe will enhance the well being of the State.

These views affecting the proper use of the ballot—the freeman's inherited right—the safety of person from disease and casualty, the economical, but judicious, expenditure of the people's money and the equitable levying of taxes for collecting the same, and other matters are such as experience and observation in the Executive Office have convinced me are necessary for the protection of the people and their progress on orderly lines.

I cannot refrain from premising with the statement that the words "Justice" and "Equality" are

the bases upon which is built our governmental structure. Without justice government is a mockery, without equality we cannot have a republic. Therefore, if we be patriots, our life lines, our ambitions and endeavors cluster around these fateful words.

REGISTRATION LAWS.

First for consideration, I call your attention to the serious defects and unnecessary barriers in the registration law now upon the statute book. The requirement that the registration lists shall be closed six months in advance of regular elections is more drastic than that in any other State in the Union, and imposes unnecessary hardships upon the country people of this State. The same barrier to franchise rights for the choice of State and County officers prevails in only a less degree against the voters in the cities. Yet, in their municipal elections, the latter are allowed as short a time as they desire for registration. With some of them this limit is less than thirty days. Hence, I earnestly recommend that your honorable bodies make such changes in the registration laws as will protect all voters alike in their proper rights for exercising the franchise.

Under the present law upwards of twenty thousand white voters in Fulton County alone are deprived of the right to vote by the operation of the law in question. And the total number disfranchised throughout the State exceeds seventy-five thousand. The continuance of the law, as framed,

on the statute book will bring reproach upon the State.

BUILDING OF PUBLIC HIGHWAYS.

The building of good roads is undoubtedly one of the main factors in the marked progress the State has made in material development during the past four years. Yet, as this progress is mostly due to the use of the State's convicts, the State has the right to require such handling of the convicts as will generally benefit all the people while increasing the facilities of the several counties.

Therefore, it should be required by law that, at least, a stipulated proportion of the convicts be worked upon the main roads in each county leading from its county site to the county sites of adjoining counties, or that all of the convicts be worked upon such main roads a stipulated proportion of their total time until said roads are completed.

Furthermore, that the main roads be laid off and worked in accord with the demands of public necessity and modern science, I recommend that the office of Commissioner of Public Highways be established, and that it be filled with an experienced Civil Engineer, at a salary and traveling expense, etc., to be fixed by law

DOUBLE-TRACKING RAILROADS.

The increasing population and expanding commerce of the State of Georgia have now reached the point where the people's needs will soon demand that the main lines of the leading railroads of the State be double-tracked. This is required for the

greater safety of the millions of passengers and the enormous amounts of freight transported. The single tracks of some roads are now becoming almost inadequate to modern requirements. With the double tracks not only would life and property be better protected, but speed, comfort and practically all advantages would be materially enhanced. With the single tracks the delays alone, during the winter months and during the times when fertilizers are moving in the spring and fruits in the summer, cause our people each year an aggregate delay of an astonishing number of hours which, distributed over the hundreds of stations, means an absolute and irreparable loss to the productive and commercial energy of the State. The loss thus caused is, beyond all comparison, greater to the multitudes who travel and ship freight than it is to the owners of the railroads.

I suggest that your bodies, together with the Railroad Commission, take this matter under advisement, in order, by practical means, to bring about the benefits that double-tracking would afford.

And in this connection I will call your attention to the fact that railroad building in Georgia for the past few years has not kept pace with the development of other general properties, as is shown by the following official figures:

Total miles of single track railroads in		
Georgia in 1905 -----		6424.46
Total miles of single track railroads in		
Georgia in 1912 -----		7166.36
Percentage of increase, 11.		

Aggregate value of all property in	
1905 -----	\$ 577,840,282
Aggregate value of all property in	
1912 -----	842,358,342
Percentage of increase, 45.7	

STATE AUDITOR.

I respectfully call your attention to the great need of an up-to-date system of auditing accounts, and recommend that you establish the office of State Auditor with such clerical force as is found needful. I am confident that an auditing department, with the authority to supervise all expenditures, would save many times its cost each year.

FARM CREDIT SYSTEM.

The farm credit system which has wrought such extraordinary results for good to the dwellers upon the farms in Germany and some other European countries has attracted wide attention within the past twelve months in this country.

I attended a Conference of the Governors at the White House, which was called by President Taft, in December, 1912, for the purpose of discussing this system. Experts appointed by the United States government and by the Governors of some of the States are now investigating this subject in foreign countries. Georgia is represented in this investigation.

That our people may have direct information upon this subject, I recommend that your honorable bodies appoint a joint committee to whom shall be

added about three or five other citizens of Georgia to be named by the Governor, for the purpose of securing and placing before our people the most available plan of securing for our farmers at the lowest rates of interest such money as they may need for the conduct of their affairs.

When we realize that in Germany a farmer can borrow money at a rate of interest not exceeding five per cent., whereas in Georgia the gross rate paid runs from twelve per cent. sometimes to even twenty per cent., the importance of this subject can be readily realized as being paramount.

INHERITANCE TAX.

I desire to here repeat the suggestion I made to your predecessors in 1909, viz.:

Over three-fourths of the States now have laws providing for an inheritance tax. A proposition to impose a national inheritance tax has lately been presented to Congress, and practically the only argument brought against the measure was to the effect that inheritances were properly subjects for State taxation, and that a majority of the States now imposed such a tax.

The policy of modern government is opposed to the accumulation of vast estates, so hedged about by legal technicalities and safe-guards as to escape their equitable burden of taxation. In the enlightened view of the leading publicists and economists of our times, no sound reason exists why inheritances should not be subject to taxation.

NEAR BEER TAX.

The law providing for the collection of a license tax for the sale of near beer is so drawn that the payment of this tax has been delayed or evaded by very many dealers.

To prevent excuses for delay in paying this tax in future, I recommend that you place the duty of its collection upon some of the county officers with proper compensation therefor and also provide adequate penalties for failure to make prompt payment.

BANK EXAMINERS.

The great increase in the number of State Banks has rendered it physically impossible for two examiners to adequately perform the work required by law.

Under the present system two examiners are required to audit correctly the accounts of almost seven hundred banks semi-annually within this State. Hence, through no physical fault of the bank examiners those of the public who make their deposits in State banks have no assurance that all the banks are in a sound condition. It is, therefore, imperatively necessary that the number of bank examiners be sufficiently increased to meet the demands for the proper protection of those who place their money in State banks.

The very large increase in the number of banks to be examined necessarily demands an increase in the number of examiners.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Nothing is of more importance to a State than the preservation of good health for its inhabitants. The vital statistics of Georgia are so incomplete as to really furnish us with no reliable information. I, therefore, recommend the enactment of laws requiring physicians to report all births and deaths coming under their purview. The birth statistics, of course, should show sex and race. The death statistics should show the disease, or complaint, of which each person died.

If these statistics were kept fully and definitely, we could within a few years ascertain what diseases were most prevalent in the various counties of the State, and in that way could be guided in taking steps toward alleviating the trouble to some extent. For example, if in one county there was a great proportion of deaths from malarial fever, and in another from pneumonia, or bronchial troubles, the concentrated efforts of the State could be directed toward at least a partial removal of the cause, or the extension of knowledge among the local populations for handling the troubles most prevalent in their localities.

In this connection, I call your especial attention to those portions of the report of the Commissioner of Agriculture which bear upon the shipment of tuberculous cattle into this State and also to the inspections of dairies and butchers' establishments.

No better use could be made of the surplus income of that department, after paying \$10,000 each to the

District Agricultural Schools and the expenses of the department, than to provide for extension of inspections suggested by the Commissioner of foods of various kinds and the increased expense needed for the laboratory. These matters are of excessive importance in protecting the health and lives of the people.

HISTORICAL RECORDS.

Work on the Colonial Records and on that portion of the records which include the rosters of Georgia troops during the years 1861-65 is being well done; but I respectfully suggest that Georgia has much history not covered by the two periods indicated.

The State should see that her history from the foundation of the Colony of Georgia by Oglethorpe to the present time is officially written. Her people are entitled to know what has been done by Georgians throughout the whole period of the State's history. Georgia is amply able to perpetuate her records in definite form. Hence, I recommend that the office of Compiler of Colonial Records be perpetuated for such length of time as will ensure the proper writing of the State's history from the date reached by the present compilation until the date when such work shall have reached the then contemporary period. The expense of future work can be met by the net amount received from the sale of such books when published, also from the Acts of the Legislature and such other State books as you may see fit to include.

That the people of Georgia may have facilities for acquainting themselves properly with the history of the State, I respectfully recommend that sets of these historic volumes be deposited in the Ordinary's office or other proper office in the court house of each county of the State.

I know of no better mode of arousing State pride in the youth and to some extent even among the adult population than to put in reach of all of them the facilities for learning the achievements of Georgians and the power and glory of our great State

GREAT SEAL OF STATE.

It is a matter of public note that the Great Seal of the State of Georgia has become so worn by use that its impression is now practically indistinguishable. As hallowed by association and memory as is this great symbol of Georgia's sovereignty, common sense would seem to demand that a reproduction of it be made, which would enable all of the great documents of this State to be properly stamped. I, therefore, recommend that your honorable bodies take steps to effect the above purpose.

PRISON COMMISSION.

I would suggest that the Prison Commission be given authority and directed to inspect jails. It is more important that persons detained merely for trial be properly cared for than that those already convicted of crime be treated well.

Many good women have urged me to advocate the enactment of a law providing for the inspection by

women of those quarters occupied by female prisoners. I deem the suggestion a good one and well in keeping with the demands of actual propriety and broad humanity, and as such commend it to you.

In this connection I will state that it has been proposed in some circles to restore the practice of whipping female convicts in order to maintain discipline. I respectfully suggest that such a return to a practice semi-barbarous in its nature would not be in keeping with the enlightened spirit of our modern civilization.

The point has been raised in the public press and in some other circles that the State ought to allow moderate wages to convicts in the penitentiary, such wages to be paid to the families of these convicts whose protector and provider the State holds in confinement. I scarcely think that we are ready to take such a step; but in the event it be seriously considered, I respectfully suggest that, inasmuch as the convict is immured because of his taking the life of another, or of some damage done to others, if wages be allowed by the State they should be paid mostly, if not entirely, to the family whom the convict has deprived of its protector and supporter.

CHARGE TO JURIES IN CAPITAL CASES.

Experience having shown that in capital cases trial juries from time to time have requested the presiding judge to re-charge them upon certain points where their memory had failed to retain the instructions in his charge, I respectfully suggest

that it be required that in all capital cases the presiding judge shall, after reading his charge to the jury, hand a copy of it to the foreman to be taken into the jury room for consideration in their deliberations.

SUSPENDING SENTENCES BY TRIAL JUDGES.

It is a known fact that a number of the trial judges of this State, after conviction by juries, pass sentences in conformity with the law and then suspend them, such suspension to last during the pleasure of the judge. Although this procedure by these judges has been declared unlawful by the Supreme Court, yet the practice is persisted in. I do not assert that this practice is in itself against public policy, but undoubtedly it should be in conformity with the law if it is to be continued. Hence, I recommend that your honorable bodies enact such legislation upon this subject as your wisdom suggests.

GOVERNORS' CONFERENCE.

As is well known, the Governors of the various States of the Union, annually hold a conference for mutual interchange of thought and with the idea of unifying, as nearly as can be made practicable, the laws which similarly affect in their application the people of all the States. Their suggestions to the legislative bodies and for general interchange of thought may ultimately work out great good.

It is the practice of most of the States to pay the expenses of their Executive officers when in attendance upon these annual conferences, also for print-

ing and otherwise preparing the minutes of their meetings, and other expenses incidental thereto.

The State of Georgia has no provision in law for this expenditure, hence, the payment must come from the Governor, individually. I respectfully suggest the enactment of a statute authorizing these expenses to be paid from the contingent fund of the State, inasmuch as Georgia scarcely expects her Governor to fail to attend these annual conferences.

I also suggest that the Governor be authorized to pay this State's quota for printing the minutes of the meeting of the Conference in Richmond, Va., during December, 1912.

DISTRICT AGRICULTURAL & MECHANICAL SCHOOLS.

The District Agricultural & Mechanical Schools having been taken into the University system of the State, I respectfully suggest that the co-operative relationship between the State University, through the State College of Agriculture, and the above district schools be made closer than they have heretofore been. To this end I suggest that the Board of Trustees of the State College of Agriculture appoint at least one member from its Board of Trustees to be an ex-officio member of the Board of Trustees of the District Agricultural & Mechanical School in his Congressional District, whereby each of said district schools will have thereon one trustee of the State College of Agriculture. Such member should be required to attend the annual commencement exercises of the district school to which he is assigned and should have full privilege and authority to act

with the board of Trustees of the district school at that and all other meetings of the said district school, and should make to the Trustees of the State College of Agriculture, after said commencement exercises, a full report of the conditions, progress, etc., of the said District Agricultural & Mechanical Schools.

The Board of Trustees of the State College of Agriculture should also be clothed with power to exercise such authority over the district schools as will cause them to conform to a general plan.

STATE UNIVERSITY.

The demands of modern civilization are trending toward the greatest development of the human mind. That State which trains the brains of its young manhood and womanhood to the exercise of the highest powers is the State which by natural process takes and holds the leadership over her civic sisters. The strongly developed mental faculties of a people have greater weight in the control of world powers than the broad-sides of battle ships. Genius makes conquests more abiding than are made by guns, and the strength in the trained brains of a people holds greater security than strength in the most elaborately constructed forts.

And while you are appropriating money and enacting laws for the more efficient and extended cultivation of the soil of our State, hold ever in mind that the cultivation which will bring the greatest crops and choicest fruits is the cultivation of the minds of her youth. Hence, I urge you to build up

as rapidly as Georgia's resources will admit the State University which our forefathers created and which, with its branch colleges and other high educational institutions, can develop the mental powers of our young people of both sexes for keeping this great State abreast of her most ambitious rivals.

Before passing from this subject I cannot refrain from the statement that the charm of the University of Georgia is its democracy. From a close observation of the conduct of its affairs for the past four years, I am prepared to assert with pride that the son of the poorest parents in the State has equal consideration by the faculty with the son of the richest. Merit and application open the gates of opportunity to all alike, and it is especially pleasing to note that the citizens of Athens extend impartial kindness to all the students regardless of rank or wealth. The State, therefore, has a selfish interest, and pardonably so, in every dollar she appropriates to maintain to highest efficiency this, her great brain-trainer.

SCHOOL OF TECHNOLOGY, ETC.

It is impossible to measure the value to the State of the School of Technology. The high standard which its graduates hold is finding its reflex in the technical development of the commonwealth from the mountains to the seaboard. The modern demands for education of this character in the architectural and mechanical development of our people are so imperative that we cannot afford to let this

great institution of learning lose aught of the high grade of efficiency now characterizing it.

It is undoubtedly true that this school has lost several of its leading instructors by reason of the inadequate compensation they received. I, therefore, urge you to appropriate the sum of ten thousand dollars as an addition to the annual maintenance fund of the said school, making same immediately available.

I also recommend the addition of \$7,500 each to the annual maintenance funds of the Georgia Normal School and the Georgia Normal and Industrial School.

PAYMENT OF SCHOOL TEACHERS.

In my annual message to your predecessors last year I stated that the condition of the Treasury had permitted the payment of but 10 per cent. of the amount due for expenses of the common schools. I regret to report that, the appropriations having increased in greater proportion than the State's income, it has been impossible to pay any amount as yet of the common school appropriation for this year.

During the past three months we have made inquiry into the question of the payment of teachers, that is, we have sought to get the truth of conditions as they are.

The result of the investigation proves that the evil has not been exaggerated by those who have decried it.

Briefly, we found that approximately one-third of all the teachers in the public schools of the State in 1912 were forced to wait from two to twelve months for their pay, or, in lieu of waiting, had to discount their claims at from 8 to 25 per cent.

A great proportion of those who received prompt payments were paid with funds borrowed by local boards of education, who were required to pay from 6 to 12 per cent. for the money.

Concretely, we estimate from the reports received that advances made to boards or teachers during 1912 amounted to approximately \$2,000,000, and that these advances cost at least \$75,000 in interest or discount.

Thus, it is clear that the waste in money due to delayed remittances from the State is great, and there must be an equal loss in efficiency resulting from the indifference fostered by the faulty and difficult method of financing the schools.

With \$1,000,000 more revenue available during the Spring and Summer months the State would be able to make prompt monthly remittances to the school systems, and thus would practically overcome the difficulties now labored under, and growing worse.

Therefore, I urge upon you the necessity for taking such steps as will enable the Executive Office to make prompt monthly payments as due on the appropriation to the public schools.

The information gathered as the result of the investigation above referred to is on file in the Executive Office subject to your wishes.

ECONOMY IN APPROPRIATIONS.

While there has been a gratifying increase in the taxable valuations of the property in the State, yet the demands for expenses to maintain schools and other educational institutions and the civil list require more than the present income of the State. Hence, I urge your honorable bodies to exercise great discernment and care in the matter of appropriating the people's money: and that, so far as can be made practicable without militating against the actual needs of the State's institutions and the conduct of the government, you exercise the strictest economy

LAWLESS ELEMENT IN CERTAIN COUNTIES.

Within the past few months certain lawless persons have posted notices in Forsyth, Dawson, Cobb and other counties, warning all negroes to move from those counties under penalty of destruction of their homes and lives. Several of such threatened outrages have been perpetrated through the dynamiting of houses, besides the burning of one store.

I am reliably informed that quite a number of farms in Forsyth County have been practically abandoned this year for lack of labor, which has fled before these threats. The State cannot tolerate such a condition of affairs. She cannot allow even a just resentment against lawless individuals to take the shape of wholesale intimidation of labor necessary for the conduct of farms and industrial enterprises. There is no reason why farms should lose their productive power and why the white women of this

State should be driven to the cook stoves and wash pots simply because certain people blindly strike down all of one class in retaliation for the nefarious deeds of individuals in that class. The application of the law is to the individual who violates it, and all who are law-abiding are entitled to and must have the protection of the law.

I, therefore, recommend the enactment of a statute which will meet the situation above indicated, and punish all who would impair the powers of honest labor. The penalty for dynamiting or burning residences should be fixed at \$500.00 for each offense, and rewards of such amounts, not greater than \$200.00 per person, should be authorized for the arrest, with proof to convict, of every one guilty of posting threatening notices or using other measures for intimidating people and driving them from their homes.

RAILROAD COMMISSION.

Unnecessary offices which levy additional taxes upon the people should be abolished. It is against public policy to maintain sinecures. I therefore respectfully recommend to your honorable bodies the reduction of the membership of the Railroad Commission from five members to three.

When it is considered that only one member of the five is required by law to devote his entire time to the service of the office, and that the larger number of members makes that body cumbersome, as well as needlessly expensive, it is patent that it is to the State's interest to reduce the number of Com-

missioners, and also to dispense with the office of Special Attorney for the Railroad Commission.

I will add that the Interstate Commerce Commission has assumed the authority to raise intra-state rates when it seems that these rates injuriously affect interstate rates. The lower courts have upheld that Commission in this action. The Supreme Court of the United States has practically upheld this position in a recent decision, hence it would appear that a blow has been struck the Railroad Commissions of the States. In such event it would clearly be a waste of the people's money to maintain as many as five members on this Commission for the purpose mainly of supervising the occasional building of depots and the collection of statistical information.

Furthermore, it is well known that the number of members of this Commission was increased in 1907 for the purpose of installing what were termed "Port Rates." Yet, although the advocates of "Port Rates" have been in the majority on the Commission from September, 1907, to June, 1909, and from November, 1911, to this date, there has been no effort made by the Commission to even promulgate "Port Rates." Hence, as "Port Rates" have been proven to be a campaign theory, which it is impracticable to make effective, it is manifestly contrary to the public interest to maintain five members on this board at the expense of the tax payers.

CRIMINAL LAWS.

Inasmuch as our penal laws have undergone little change during the past half century, it might be

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timely for you to make inquiry looking to amendments necessitated by changed conditions and modern developments.

I wish to direct your attention to one important change that is needed. In misdemeanor cases where prison penalties with alternative fines are imposed leave should be given for payment of the fine, or the pro rata portion of the fine due at any time before the completion of the prison or chain-gang sentence. In most court jurisdictions it is held that once the fine alternative is rejected, and the period for accepting it elapsed, the fine cannot be paid except by commutation from this office. In no case will they pro rate the penalty, deducting, as they do in cities, for the period of time served by the prisoner.

This is manifestly unjust, amounting to a special penalty on poverty and misfortune. A great many persons are unable to raise the amount of the alternative fine when it is imposed upon them, but later do raise it, or a sufficient amount, allowing for the time served to meet the intent of the sentence imposed. The only way they can get relief is by coming to the Executive Office with applications for clemency, which puts them to unnecessary expense and this office to much trouble, all of which could be obviated by your providing an automatic method for prisoners to pay their fines at any time before sentence is completed.

Applications for executive clemency are becoming more and more burdensome on the Executive Office. During the past eighteen months this office has been

forced to consider nearly 1,000 of such appeals. Outside the assistance rendered by the Prison Commission, the Executive Office each week is forced to read and answer scores of letters, and see or otherwise deal with scores of callers relating to such applications. Inasmuch as the Constitution places full responsibility in these matters on the Governor, he is in duty bound to examine each record and to make such investigations and inquiries in addition to those made by the Commission as he thinks proper.

The result is that this work takes up a large proportion of the time of the Executive Office, precluding attention to other important business. In addition to this, lack of time makes it impossible for this office to pursue investigation of many cases as thoroughly as their importance demands.

Therefore, I recommend that you provide the Governor with a pardon clerk, or attorney, who shall devote his entire time to assisting in handling applications for executive clemency

TAXES.

Again permit me to repeat the recommendation made in my general message of last year, and previous ones during a former administration, relative to the urgent need of a better method of assessing property for taxation.

All who have studied the question agree that if property now escaping taxation, and other property bearing less than its equitable burden, were required to contribute their just part to the support of the State government our revenues would be augmented

to the extent of the deficit, which is now of serious consequence.

It is but simple honesty to demand that all property be required to bear its just share of the expenses of the government which gives it protection. Therefore, I recommend that you amend the tax laws so as to provide a method of assessment for, and equalization of, taxes more just than now prevails.

DUCKTOWN COPPER MINES.

The United States Supreme Court, some years ago, gave to the State of Georgia a decree against the copper companies operating in what is known as the Ducktown region in Tennessee. The fumes arising from the operation of the copper mines have been doing great damage to growing crops of citizens living in Fannin and other Georgia counties. This State, being willing to allow owners of the copper mines to continue the development of their property if our citizens were protected against damage, has allowed the copper companies time for perfecting appliances for taking care of the sulphur fumes. This is resulting in the manufacture of enormous amounts of sulphuric acid from the copper fumes.

But as the damage is still being done to some extent, one of the companies, the Tennessee Copper Company, has offered to place in the hands of the State a sum approximating \$15,000 annually for the purpose of indemnifying those Georgia citizens who are damaged, such annual fund to be available until their improved appliances are completed.

I respectfully suggest, therefore, that you authorize the Governor to make this agreement with the Tennessee Copper Company, and require a similar agreement to be made with the other company or companies to the end that our citizens be protected from damages which are occurring during the growing season to crops each year.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION NECESSARY.

During the fall of last year there occurred a strike by the employees of the street car company in Augusta, and another strike by certain employees of the Georgia Railroad, which, for a number of days, prevented the public from having the benefit of the operation of these common carriers.

By the census of 1910, the city of Augusta had a population of 41,040 people, and the counties served by the Georgia Railroad had an aggregate of 582,182. These figures give an idea of the widespread wrong which these striking employees committed.

These two corporations were chartered by the State for the purpose of conducting commerce and the carriage of passengers. The primary object of their charters was service to the public. Consequently, when the charters were granted and these roads were built a contract was virtually entered into by the owners of these properties and the State whereby the former bound themselves to perform the duties of common carriers for the public, and the latter bound herself to protect them in the peaceable performance of those duties. Not one word

was said in those charters giving the owners the right to suspend the operation of the roads to the detriment of public convenience, or giving the employees the same right. So long, therefore, as either of those companies attempts to perform the duty it assumed the State is under obligation to use extreme force, if necessary, to protect it in thus serving the public.

Furthermore, in the amended Railroad Commission law, as embodied in Sections 2663 and 2664 of the Code of Georgia, the Railroad Commission is authorized to require all common carriers and other public service companies under its supervision "to establish and maintain such public service and facilities as may be reasonable and just." Also, "to order and compel the operation of sufficient and proper passenger service when in its judgment inefficient or insufficient service is being rendered the public or any community "

Again, it has been very aptly said by one writing on the status of the State in relationship to the common carriers:

"The power to fix rates and charges for transportation is an attribute of sovereignty, because in operating a public highway a transportation corporation exercises the power of a sovereign. This power over public highways constructed for public use to accommodate public travel and secure public convenience is a matter of public concern and is absolutely essential to government."

Hence, it necessarily follows that any person or combination of persons who obstructs, intimidates or otherwise prevents the operation of the common

carriers strikes a blow at the interests of the public and puts his or their will in conflict with the mandate of the sovereign.

There is no escape, therefore, from the conclusion that those employees of the street car company in Augusta and of the Georgia Railroad put themselves in a state of open rebellion to the laws of Georgia. They ignored the cardinal tenet of republican government, viz: "There shall be equal rights to all, special privileges to none," and arrogated to themselves the exercise of special privileges for settling their quarrels with their respective managements at the expense and serious inconvenience of the public, and in a manner which embodied defiance of the law which requires all dwellers in the State having differences which they cannot peaceably adjust to submit them to the State's courts.

Again, their acts in leaving the service of the employing companies, and in virtually encouraging the formation of mobs to intimidate and personally assault those citizens whom these common carriers induced to take the places they had vacated, that the carriers might obey the law which created them, was logically a claim which can be expressed in these words: "This is your property, but it is my job on it. I and my partners, the union, will defend our mutual rights to exclusive ownership of the positions which we hold on your property. We will determine for you whom you shall hire and whom you shall not hire, and what wages you shall pay. While it is true that we have not invested a dollar in this public service utility and you have invested millions in it,

yet, we have vested rights in these positions, rights which we have acquired by usurpation, and we will hold them, while defying the laws of the State and subjecting the public to serious inconvenience and loss, even against you. On your property chartered to serve the public we are supreme over you, supreme over the public, supreme over the law. The union label carries more authority than does your Great Seal of State."

In considering the status of the public service corporations and their employees, there is one factor which can not be ignored. This is embodied in the following words found in the last annual report of the Railroad Commission of Georgia:

"In 1908, the railroads operating in Georgia employed in Georgia, 34,809 persons; in 1912, they employed 39,691.

"The wages paid these 39,691 employees in 1912 exceeded the wages paid the 34,809 employees in 1908, \$5,771,104.93 more than in 1908. This, however, was to a larger number of employees. The individual wage scales show that had the number of employees for 1912 been kept the same as in 1908, they are being paid \$3,668,725.21 more than in 1908.

"In other words, the 34,809 employees in 1908 received \$3,668,725.21 more in 1912, which is an average increase to each railroad employee in Georgia in 1912 over 1908 of more than \$105 per annum.

"The Commission has taken ten trunk line roads in the State, to-wit, the Southern, the Seaboard, the Atlantic Coast line, the Louisville & Nashville, the Georgia, Southern & Florida, the Georgia Railroad, the Atlanta & West Point, the Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic, the Central of Georgia, and the Western & Atlantic, and their wage accounts show that they

paid in 1912, to the same number of employees as in 1908, in wages, \$2,604,794.90 more than in 1908.

“The individual wage scale further shows that by far the largest increase in wages have been paid to employees belonging to labor unions, such as engineers, firemen, conductors, train hands, etc.”

In other words, while the average increase to each of the 34,809 employees in 1912 over 1908 was \$105.00 per annum, the average increase to each member of a labor union was larger by far, in some instances, doubtless approximating \$300.00 or more.

Hence, we are brought face to face with the fact that these unions, or combinations of employees, not only on public service corporations but, as is generally known, on practically all other corporations have forced their wages up above those received by workmen in all other departments of life who have not formed these aggressively militant combinations. Tens of thousands of other citizens who are not in these unions, therefore, are confronted by the fact that the unions are levying a tax upon them to the extent that they are forcing from the employers an inequitable proportion of the wages paid to the general classes in the State.

If the State not only authorizes these unions, or combinations, to exact higher wages than others receive, but also permits them by authority of law or by winking at their violations of it to hold up the general public and rob it of the facilities for transportation, then she cannot claim the right to protect any farmer or other person employing labor against his employees who might strike and proclaim to him that nobody else should work his crop for him; that

if he hired any other employees they would burn his dwelling and barns, and, if needs be, kill him and his new employees to establish their supremacy over him and his property.

And if the State says to owners of railroads, factories, etc.,: "You shall pay tax on this property which you have created or bought, but another class shall control it. I hold you responsible for keeping it in condition for safely serving the public, but I allow them the privilege of wrecking it, or of depriving the public of the use of it," then how can she protect a farmer or any other citizen in the right to control his property?

The same courts established by the Constitution and composed of judges elected by the people and jurors chosen from the people are open to the members of labor unions on the same guarantee of equality as they are to farmers and all other classes in the State, and no method of settlement of quarrels by labor unions which results in inconvenience and damage to the public should be tolerated.

Again, upon this point, it is generally understood that when the members of one of these unions strike against the employing company, the members of the same union on other companies are assessed to support the strikers until the strike is ended. If this be true the organization in question could assess its members one-tenth or one-fortieth of the amount and employ counsel to take the cause of controversy into court and could have justice secured without damaging any of the interests of the public.

Or, if the strikers are not thus supported by their brother members, they could assess themselves a sum insignificant beside the gross amount of wages lost during the period of the strike and could have their case adjudicated in the courts without inflicting damage upon the unoffending public.

In either case they would go before judges and juries of their fellow citizens in precisely the same manner as every other one is required and compelled to do; and it is impossible for all other classes to concede that the members of labor unions have any preferential privileges suggesting, if not actually applying the process of anarchy when they—the masses—are required to submit to the process of law

The mere fact that the laborers on a public service utility or in a factory have more votes than the owners of these properties have, has no bearing on the legal status of the case. Justice is not measured by the number of votes any more than by the weight of dollars. Each party is under the law. Each is entitled to the protection of its own rights in court. Neither is entitled to interfere with the rights of the other either in court or out of court.

It should be further borne in mind in this connection that it is primarily the poor people who are subjected to inconvenience and damage by the acts of strikers. In Augusta, for example, the rich could use their own conveyances or hire others for the purpose of coming into town and going out to their homes, but the poorer classes in some instances were

compelled to walk two miles each way to reach their places of employment and to return home; whereas, had these striking employees of the street car company abstained from the unlawful acts they committed in preventing the operation of that public utility, these laborers in the humbler ranks of life could have come from and returned to their homes at trifling cost. And the poorer people at the stations on the Georgia Railroad were subjected, at many points, to great privations which the rich were able to protect themselves against.

Therefore, in such cases it is the striker, who, in his blind recklessness, puts his feet in the bread tray of the poor man and interferes with or deprives him of the right to live,—the cardinal right of humanity.

Summing up the status of a strike by employees on a public service corporation, we can not fail to know that there are more than two parties to such strikes. There is a third party, the public, which is subjected to unmerited and unnecessary inconvenience and loss. And above all, there is a fourth party, viz.: The State, whose Constitution the strikers have ignored and whose laws they have trampled under foot. Concerning this fourth, and greatest, party, I will add:

The crisis which a strike on a public service corporation brings upon the masses of the people is not only a menace to their power to procure the necessities of life, but is also a challenge to the very sovereignty of the State in that it arrogates to itself

the power to prevent the railroads from performing the special functions for which the State granted their charters, viz.: Those of being common carriers of persons and property.

There is no power in Georgia greater than the power of the State herself, and that power holds mastery over and gives direction to every other power which she permits within her borders. She is supreme in potential activities, whenever she finds it needful to exert them. She exacts allegiance and will not divide it. She ordains one process for all, and holds any rival process as rebellion. She is no respecter of persons in the enforcement of her laws.

It is needless then to say that the State would not permit the management to shut down the operation of a street car line or a railroad. It is manifest, therefore, that the acts of the employees in preventing such operation is equally indefensible, equally condemnable, and that they should be just as inflexibly held accountable to the laws of the State. No man, no combination of men, is greater than the State and her laws.

I have stressed the views herein advanced because the object lessons given by the striking employees of the street car company in Augusta and of the Georgia Railroad have been a practical service of notice by the labor union to the State of Georgia that its law within her borders is greater than her law; that the allegiance of its members to it is more binding than the allegiance they owe to her.

The Executive Office has not made this issue; the State of Georgia has not made it. The labor union has openly and recklessly thrown down the gauntlet. The State, therefore, cannot shrink from her duty to her Constitution and her people.

It is a matter of current note that the power of the labor union to hurt the general public and to terrorize public men anxious to retain offices of honor and trust has been found in the fact that in several communities it votes solidly in blocks of scores or hundreds for those who cater to it and against those who refuse to bow to its demands: but I call your attention to the fact that, besides multitudes in the cities and towns whose interests are jeopardized by its exactions, there are upwards of 200,000 voters in the rural portions of this State whose welfare can only be protected by holding the members of the labor union to the same non-interference with the rights of others and the same accountability to law which they admit as governing themselves. They will certainly claim that the labor union men, individually and collectively, are no better and have no greater rights than they.

I will add that it is no answer at all to say that labor cannot get its rights in any other way than by a strike and boycott. The courts are as open to the labor union man as to the farmer, and there is not the slightest reason why the latter should be required to settle his difference in the State's way which injures no third party, and that the labor union man be left free to damage everybody else while settling his difference by a strike.

He, therefore, who would remain in public life would do well to merit the approval of those myriads of law-abiding and peace-loving citizens beside whose numbers the labor union's is a trifle.

Finally on this subject, I will observe that the trend of the laws of the present day is to the suppression of combinations, generally styled trusts, organized for the restraint of trade. These trusts are condemned by law because they endeavor to force from business all competitors save those in their guild and to exact out of the people unduly high prices for products they handle. Yet, while it is a matter of public note that the labor trust is the most widespread and aggressively exacting trust in America, politicians pander to it, statesmen stand in awe of it, and the public seems helpless in its grasp. Why? Because it votes in blocks of thousands in almost every State in the Union. It is composed of allied organizations which stand as one man against all other elements of society. Recent events have shown that some of the leaders of one of these organizations have been sentenced by a United States Court to imprisonment for crimes of violence against those who did not yield to their exactions, and the members have bailed them out and re-elected them to high offices in the organization. Such a development is appalling to every lover of law. Yet it is an object lesson which tells more vividly than words that the labor union holds itself as being higher than the law.

The labor unions have but a small minority of the people of Georgia, yet, by combinations which work

through strikes and kindred methods, they are aggressively levying a toll upon all the other elements of our citizenship. In other words, they have organized a trust and demand that all other people buy labor at whatever price they choose to put upon it—and that price is higher than other workmen in like occupations receive and higher by far than the people have ever paid before. And contemporaneously, they are endeavoring to force from employment all similar workmen who do not join their orders. To attempt, as non-union men, to compete with them as laborers means to be treated with open contumely, attended sometimes by personal violence. To hire non-union men means for employers to be boycotted and not infrequently to suffer serious damage to their property.

Therefore, as the labor unions have combined against all other classes in their determination to defeat the equality of opportunity assured by the laws of the State, the necessity is forced upon all other classes to stand together in the refusal to concede to the unions the preferential privileges they are endeavoring to exact for themselves alone. And, as the unions have their pass-words, the pass-word of all other citizens should be: "The Law."

It is not improper here for me to declare that not all of the members of the labor unions are wilful violators of law. A very large percentage of them love their State and would not knowingly do any one an injustice. Yet they are the victims of a system which is breeding anarchy, which has already

put the State's Constitution in contempt, which has relentlessly wronged hundreds of thousands of their fellow citizens who have not offended them, which, in plain words, has applied lynch law methods to millions of dollars worth of property. I pass no harsh criticism on them, but every person who reverences the law must condemn the reckless disregard of the rights of the public which has characterized their leaders. And the State must, with unmistakable clearness, not only condemn these acts, but must force the doers of them as clearly, to know that she will not suffer such occurrences to be repeated.

It is a cardinal principle of civilization that law-abiding people shall be protected in the enjoyments of life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. The State does not interfere with her orderly citizens in the possession of these rights, and it is the intent of her Constitution that no one within her borders shall be permitted so to interfere.

I have no more interest in this matter than has any other average citizen of Georgia; but, as her Chief Executive, whose duty to obey her laws by enforcing them is supreme over every ambition and personal interest, I have noted the recurring instances of open contempt of her Constitution, of inconvenience and damage recklessly inflicted upon multitudes of her citizens by one class, and of brutal assaults upon working men who were engaged in obeying her laws and serving the people by operating the public utilities which she had chartered and whose operation she had commanded, and I would

be unworthy of the confidence with which the electorate has honored me should I fail to lay these facts before you and call upon you to enact such statutes as will force all classes and all individuals to equal allegiance to the State, and equal obedience to her laws. Upwards of two millions of people in Georgia will look with no patience upon the continuance of a condition which leaves their basic rights in life at the mercy of the star chamber of the labor union.

Under the conditions I have portrayed it has been made the duty of the State, therefore, to protect her citizens from such unlawful happenings in the future. Compulsory arbitration should be required by law, and neither the management nor the employees of a public service corporation should under any circumstances be permitted to paralyze or otherwise interfere with the powers of the public for the transportation of persons and property, or for any other service for which the corporation was chartered.

I, therefore, respectfully impress upon you the importance of enacting such laws at your present session to the end that the masses of the people shall not again suffer from the acts of any who, for their own selfish interest, would impede commerce, travel or other public need or convenience. And the same law should govern every factory wherein capital and labor come into conflict.

I also respectfully suggest that you amend Section 2664 of the Code of Georgia by requiring the

Railroad Commission to promptly advise the Governor of the stoppage of performance of the duties for which it was chartered by any public service corporation when combinations of persons unlawfully prevent its operation, thus damaging the interests of the public, and that he thereupon issue a proclamation requiring the sheriffs of all counties in which said public service corporation's working property lies to summon *posse comitatus* to protect said corporation in the performance of its chartered duties; and that, in the event the resistance to law by disorderly parties be too great for the civil authorities in any county or counties to overcome, the judge or judges, sheriff or sheriffs shall promptly notify the Governor, who shall thereupon use the militia, or such portions of it as may be needed, to enforce the State's laws which require the operation of said public service corporation or corporations for the welfare of the people.

I also respectfully suggest that you enact a law authorizing the Governor to suspend a sheriff whenever he finds it proven that said sheriff has wilfully failed to do his duty in protecting the people of his county against acts of lawbreakers, and to appoint a sheriff to serve until after a new sheriff is chosen by the people at the next regular election. Such a law prevails in several other States, and that it is needed in Georgia was proven in at least one glaring instance during the period of the strike on the Georgia Railroad last year.

It should be furthermore provided that a sheriff thus removed shall not be eligible for election to

any office in the county of his residence until at least two years after he has been thus removed by the Governor.

LAWS REGULATING THE USE OF THE MILITIA.

The Constitution of Georgia, Article 10, Section 1, says:

“A well regulated Militia being essential to the peace and security of the State, the General Assembly shall have authority to provide by law how the Militia of this State shall be organized, officered, trained, armed, and equipped; and of whom it shall consist.”

The words “essential to the peace and security of the State,” are proof that the makers of this Constitution, which we have taken an oath to execute, deemed that there were likely to come crises in which the civil authorities would not be able to maintain peace and protect life and property. The genius, the very soul, of that Constitution is democracy, yet its every paragraph proves that it is a self-bridled democracy. Its provisions leave every law-abiding citizen fullest liberty for exerting his powers in any legitimate occupation, but places a constant curb on crime, with penalties to be applied to every one who will interfere with the rights of those who obey it. The great minds which made it realized that attempts to supplant or dethrone the law must not be temporized with, but must be promptly met by trained force which would maintain protection to the people through the supremacy and majesty of the law.

Hence, they have clothed your honorable bodies with the authority above indicated and by plain inference have made the same your duty.

Therefore, if the use of the militia of the State be "militarism" it is clear that the Constitution creates "militarism" and ordains that such shall be the instrument of its enforcement when lawless elements in any community, contending only with the civil authorities, set that Constitution and the statutes at defiance and imperil the lives and property of the people. The same Constitution declares that "protection to person and property is the paramount duty of government and shall be impartial and complete." This is but an amplification of the ancient maxim: "The safety of the people is the supreme law."

And we must not ignore the fact that on her Great Seal of State, amid the columns, "Wisdom, Justice and Moderation" which uphold the arch of the Constitution, Georgia presents to the world's view the figure of a soldier holding a drawn sword, thus symbolizing the fact that inside the very temple of peace she holds the type of martial power, power loyal and ever ready to protect that Constitution and the peace which it commands.

During the past summer and fall, the use of the military was called for, in the manner prescribed by law, to protect the public against lawlessness resulting from the strike by street car employees in Augusta; and also from threatened attempts to prevent the process of the State's laws in Cumming, Georgia.

It was a deplorable fact that in Augusta three persons put themselves in insubordination to the military law, one, if not two, of them in an open and defiant manner intended to lead to destruction, by a mob, of property in custody of soldiery placed by the State to guard it; hence, were killed in the exercise of their unlawful acts. No one except these can be blamed for their deaths. Deeds done in defiance of the military law must necessarily meet penalties just as deeds done against the civil laws must meet the same. It is well known that extreme acts of violation of the civil laws have for their penalty death, and this, when dire necessity comes, the State inflicts.

It can not be admitted, therefore, that when lawless parties, by threats of incendiarism and personal violence, terrorize a community and prevent the civil authorities from enforcing the laws, and the military is called out, that the latter should be instructed to refrain from rigorous measures, even from the infliction of death, for the protection of the peaceable and law-abiding members of the community. The Constitution manifestly does not intend that the militia shall be used simply as a bluff. Such use would put the Constitution itself in contempt and absolutely invite anarchy. The very word "militia" carries with it the knowledge that its weapons are guns and other means of destroying life if extreme necessity for securing impartial and complete protection for the law-abiding so demands.

We must not overlook the fact that the Constitution provides that the sheriff of any county may sum-

mon *posse comitatus* when the elements of violence threaten to subvert the law in his county. But the militia is the State's *posse comitatus*, to be used when the sheriff's *posse comitatus* is too weak to protect the peace and good name of the State. If then the *posse comitatus* of the Sheriff of Richmond County had have killed the three men before referred to, in Augusta, no law-loving citizen would have condemned it. There is, therefore, absolutely no reason for condemning the State's militia for a like defense of the State's authority. No man must give a dare to the State.

As to the trial by a military court of the officers and men concerned in the killing in Augusta of the three men who by their deeds defied the militia whom the State had put in charge of the city, for the preservation of life and property, I will say that the State has both the legal and the moral right to fix whatever process she deems appropriate. In some of her civil courts she requires trial by jury, in others juries are omitted. In municipal courts persons are deprived of liberty without the verdicts of juries. She, therefore, ordains such court procedure as she deems fitting to the crime, the local conditions or the emergency.

In her law governing the case under review she did not choose to fix a status, half fish and half fowl, to adjudicate in a civil court acts done under military government which the civil authorities had requested to supercede their own. Here was no usurpation of the rights of a free people; they made the status themselves. There was no degradation of their

manhood. That manhood is as upright and as self-respecting in decreeing the temporary supremacy of the military to stamp out anarchy as it is in times of peace when the civil process is properly the only authority. The suppression of anarchy is the right and duty of a free, law-loving people, and there come times when they must shoot it to death just as they shoot down foreign invaders.

And no specious pleas by enemies of law and no theoretical treatises by alarmed sentimentalists should weigh against the logical process which law, in times of peril, must take to ensure its supremacy over the hydra of anarchy. And, while I hold in high honor the patriotic devotion of some of our best citizens who have deemed the use of the military as a menace to the security of our institutions, yet I must say firmly that the man at headquarters, who, the Constitution declares, shall be a conservator of the peace throughout the State, and the man on the scene of danger, are better fitted to judge whether the soldiery is needed to protect life and property, as is provided by the Constitution and the statutes, than can be any people living many miles from the zone of peril.

Now, as to the personnel of the militia, I call your attention to the fact that its members are not foreigners or hirelings. They are not the Governor's soldiers, organized by his order to display his power; they are your soldiers, by the mandate of your Constitution, organized to protect your homes, your lives, your civilization. They are your own flesh and blood, your sons or brothers, who, thrusting not them-

selves into the arena of danger, but called thither by the operation of your statutes, leave their occupations, sometimes losing their present income, and submit to inconvenience, endure privations, and stand ready to sacrifice even life itself to shield you and to uphold the dignity of your laws.

Instead, therefore, of being held as a thing apart, the Constitution makes them an integral factor of your government; instead of being an excrescence, they are your strong arm never to be exerted save when your other elements of strength are inadequate or helpless, then, with the force of a thunderbolt.

And in their patriotic willingness to lay down even life itself to protect you and your laws, they embody the words of our Divine Lord: "Greater love hath no man than this, that a man lay down his life for his friend." (John 15-13.) And should any of them lose lives in the service for which your very Constitution has ordained their organization, they merit the paraphrase of the simple, yet sublime, epitaph which his countrymen placed over Leonidas and the Spartan band who fell at Thermopylae in defense of their country, viz: "Go, stranger, tell it in Lacedaemon that we died in obedience to her laws."

Let me say, therefore, that Georgia's name should be the synonym of good faith; that when she guarantees impartial and complete protection she must make her guarantee good; that the uniform of a soldier who unselfishly leaves home comforts and hazards his life for the protection of the laws of the State and the lives of her people is a badge of honor. And a twenty year old youth, standing in uniform

with gun in hand for the protection of the law, is more to be honored than are ten thousand men who directly or indirectly lift hands for anarchy, class preference, or class tyranny, for that youth represents not militarism in its formal sense, but he is the ultimate resort of the law.

The present law prescribing the manner of using the militia of the State was passed unanimously by the Senate and almost unanimously by the House of Representatives. Both factions united in enacting it after considering it for more than a year. Undoubtedly a potent factor in securing the enactment of the law was the knowledge that, while many good people are moving into Georgia, yet there are also elements with practices and views widely at variance with these adhered to by our native population. Consequently we must assume that it is the judgment of a vast majority of the people of Georgia that the military must be used as military when emergencies demand. The General Assembly, therefore, does not have to apologize for making this law; and the Governor does not have to apologize for ordering its enforcement. And the militia does not have to apologize for obeying the order the Governor transmitted to it. Each performed a high duty which the people for their protection had ordained.

Some of the happenings in Georgia during the present year have trended inevitably toward bringing your Constitution into contempt. It is for you, therefore, to say whether you are going to surrender this State to anarchy or whether you are going to preserve it for law. It is for you to say whether you

are going to allow one class, with less than 30,000 members, preferential privileges to the detriment and danger of the remainder of the public with upwards of 330,000 voters or whether you will enforce your process against all law-breakers alike. It is for you to say whether you will allow barns to be burned, residences dynamited and people driven from their homes, thus destroying property valuations and depriving certain counties of needed laborers; and whether you will allow mobs to force sheriffs and jailers, before the muzzles of guns, to surrender prisoners in the State's custody, who are then taken out and unlawfully killed. It is for you to say whether you will allow the statutes you enact to be made a mockery or whether all men in all classes shall obey them in the same manner. You have the power to enact laws which will control every situation I have portrayed.

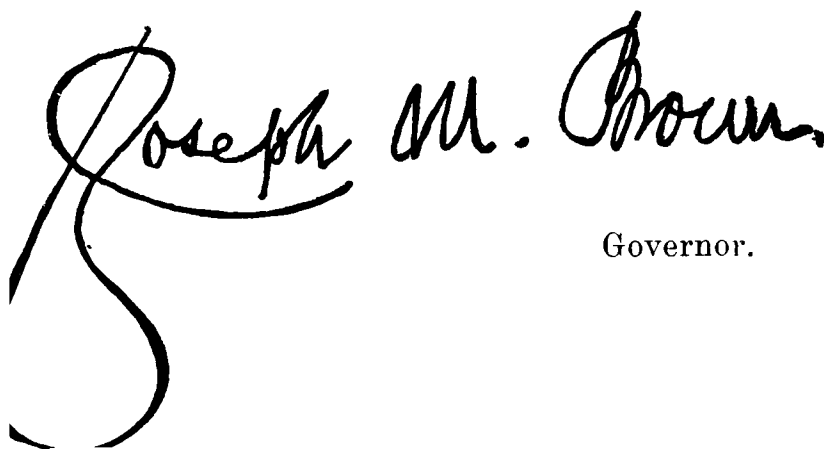
Yet, I am in the line of duty and self-respect when I say: Do not make it the Governor's duty to enforce a law and then condemn him for doing it. Any Governor, true to his oath, will enforce it regardless of condemnation. And do not, even by inference, command a militiaman, a sheriff or other agent of the State to imperil his life and possibly lose it; to protect your lives and property and uphold the dignity of your Constitution, and then fire into his back from the State House whence his orders came. Do not enact laws which you intend shall not be enforced, or which you would allow to be tampered with. There is no middle ground between law and anarchy.

The people of Georgia are jealous of their liberties, but they are not going to suffer their statutes defeated and their Constitution made contemptible under the false plea of liberty. That license which styles itself liberty, which would subordinate the rights of the public to the selfish interests of classes or which would substitute the process of anarchy for the process of law, has no place in any State inhabited by freemen. True liberty sits side by side with the enthroned law.

CONCLUSION.

In conclusion, allow me to urge upon you thoughtful care in the enactment of statutes for the public welfare. The laws of Georgia should be deliberately framed and so broad and just as to be graven on the very hearts of her people; they should inspire confidence and willing loyalty which would make it the proudest boast to say: "I too am a Georgian!" And the authority of the State and of her municipalities should be so revered that a sheriff's badge and a policeman's club would command as great respect as does the baton of a marshal of France.

Respectfully submitted,

A large, stylized handwritten signature in black ink, reading "Joseph M. Brown". The signature is written in a cursive style with a large, sweeping initial "S" that extends downwards and to the left.

Governor.

EXHIBIT A.

Report of pardons, commutations, paroles and respites granted since the last report to the Legislature.

PARDONS.

H. W. NALLY; Paulding Superior Court; forgery; sentenced as for a misdemeanor; disabilities removed July 10, 1912, on the ground that the offense of which he was convicted was largely of a technical nature.

FRANK HAMES; City Court of Morgan County; simple larceny; disabilities removed July 15, 1912, as the offense was a technical one and did not show moral turpitude.

MILTON THOMAS; Superior Court of Fulton County; burglary; pardoned September 9, 1912, as new evidence was presented making it clear that he had been wrongfully convicted and was innocent of the crime charged.

GEORGE F. GERDING; vagrancy; City Court of Fulton County; pardoned February 7, 1913, as it was established that he was not guilty of the offense charged, being a stranger here in search of medical treatment.

CARL DAVIS; Superior Court of Haralson County; burglary; disabilities removed February 18, 1913, after he had served sentence with good record, applicant being a youth.

JOHN QUINN; City Court of Macon County; stealing ride on railroad train; pardoned March 18, 1913, because it was shown that he was an escape from the State Lunatic Asylum of Mississippi, pardon being granted on condition that he be returned to the institution.

PARDONS GRANTED AS PER TERMS OF THE PAROLE LAW

(NOTE.—The following cases have previously been reported in detail as paroles, pardon orders being promulgated in compliance with the statutes under which they were paroled by Gov. Brown in 1910-11, Gov. Smith in 1911 and Acting Governor Slaton in 1911-12).

TOM GASTON; Butts County; manslaughter; pardoned May 2, 1913.

All following were pardoned June 18, 1913:

HENRY JINKS; Appling County; murder.

TOM RHINEHART; Baldwin County; murder.

DAN TUCKER; Merriwether County; murder.

MATT GRIER; Jasper County; murder.

JULIUS ALLAGOOD; Telfair County; manslaughter.

HENRY FISH; Miller County; manslaughter.

ANDREW BAKER; Chatham County; murder.

GREEN GIFFY; Pike County; murder.

WYATT BOWLES; Muscogee County; burglary.

BERT BYRON; Dooly County; manslaughter.

FRANK WILLIAMS; Dooly County; murder.

JOHN SIMMONS; Monroe County; murder.

STEPHEN CUSTER; Gordon County; murder.

JULIA ANDERSON: Tattnall County; murder.
ED STEPHENSON; Henry County; murder.
SUSIE DRAYTON; Worth County; murder.
TONY HIGHTOWER: Pike County; robbery.
JOE HALL: Macon County; murder.
JAMES GRAHAM: Bulloch County; murder.
FOSTER BROOKS; Catoosa County; murder.
TOM WEEKS: Emanuel County; murder.
JAMES FOSTER: Early County; murder.
ALAMORE WILLIAMS; Emanuel County; murder.
WILL ARENDALE; Fulton County; robbery.
COCHRAN MURRAY; Pike County; robbery.
CHARLEY BLACKMAN: Tattnall County; murder.
HENRY HODGES; Effingham County; murder.
OSCAR LOTT: Hall County; forgery.
CLINTON SMITH; Pulaski County; murder.
CHARLES SIMON; Fulton County; murder.
JIM DANIELS: Jasper County; murder.
WILSON PAUL: Macon County; murder.
ALEXANDER FAVORS; Pike County; murder.
ELIZA HILL; Montgomery County; manslaughter.
ALFRED ALLEN: Gwinnett County; robbery.
JOHN RILEY: Taylor County; manslaughter.
LILLIE YARBROUGH: Fulton County; manslaughter.
LUCIUS GUTHRIE; Cobb County; attempt to murder.
RUSS HARRISON; Hall County; manslaughter.
GUY VEAL; Carroll County; manslaughter.

PAROLES.

BELLE WILLOUGHBY: Superior Court of Putnam County September term, 1910; manslaughter; three years; paroled July 15, 1912, for statutory reasons.

ED WALKER; Superior Court Emanuel County, Fall term, 1897; murder; life sentence; paroled September 2, 1912; statutory reasons.

BEN JONES; Superior Court of Randolph County; June term, 1891; murder; life sentence; paroled September 2, 1912, for statutory reasons and as a reward for saving warden's life during mutiny in convict camp.

E. E. WILLIAMS; Superior Court of Cherokee County, August term, 1910; bigamy; three years; paroled on recommendation of prosecutors and court officials, it being evident that the offense was committed out of ignorance.

PINKIE FOSTER; Superior Court Floyd County. Fall term, 1903; manslaughter; fifteen years; paroled September 9, 1912, for statutory reasons and extenuating circumstances connected with the crime.

JOHN ANTHONY; Superior Court of Hancock County; March term, 1908; burglary; twelve years; paroled September 9, 1912, for statutory reasons and doubt as to whether he should have been convicted of the crime.

MARY FORTSON; Superior Court Fulton County, May term 1910; manslaughter; five years; paroled September 9, 1912, for statutory reasons and extenuating circumstances connected with the crime.

TOM BELL; Superior Court Taylor County, May term, 1911; manslaughter; two years; paroled September 9, 1912, for statutory reasons and the recom-

mendation of the Judge who expressed some doubt as to whether he should have been convicted.

JERRY HOLMES; Superior Court of Chatham County, Spring term, 1896; murder; life imprisonment; paroled October 10, 1912, for statutory reasons and evidence indicating that a verdict for manslaughter would have been proper.

HENRY EVANS; Superior Court of Fulton County, January term, 1901; murder; life imprisonment; paroled October 14, 1912, for statutory reasons, his youth, and extenuating circumstances.

JULE RENFROE; Superior Court of Lowndes County, May term, 1910; assault with intent to murder; eight years; paroled October 21, 1912, for statutory reasons and developments indicating circumstances extenuating the offense.

WILL BASKIN AND WILL KNIGHT; Superior Court of Fulton County, Spring term, 1911; burglary; five years; paroled October 29, 1912, for statutory reasons and because of the youth of applicants.

JOHN ROBERSON; Superior Court of Washington County, September term, 1901; murder; life imprisonment; paroled October 31, 1912, for statutory reasons, and doubt as to his guilt.

BILL LUNDY; Superior Court of Screven County, November term, 1901; murder; life imprisonment; paroled October 31, 1912, for statutory reasons and strong moral circumstances extenuating the crime.

JACK BELL; Superior Court of Jackson County, August term, 1909; burglary; paroled November 5,

1912, for statutory reasons and the recommendation of the court officials, including the Judge, who stated that the sentence was probably too long.

T. P. JOLLY; Superior Court Brooks County, May term, 1911; larceny; two years; paroled November 30, 1912, for statutory reasons, being a young man and the offense not particularly atrocious.

JAMES BRUCE; Superior Court of Pickens County, April term, 1910; robbery; five years; paroled November 20, 1912, for statutory reasons and the fact that the offense was not such as would class him as a confirmed criminal.

W. G. CARTER; Superior Court of Polk County, August term, 1906; manslaughter; ten years; paroled December 12, 1912, for statutory reasons, and on the recommendation of all the court officials, who declared that in their opinion he had been sufficiently punished.

ANNIE WOOTEN; Superior Court of Fulton County, Spring term, 1893; murder; life imprisonment; paroled December 16, 1912, for statutory reasons, and because she had served nearly twenty years, the offense not being one of extreme character.

MITT HAMMOND; Superior Court of Decatur County, June term, 1898; murder; life imprisonment; paroled December 16, 1912, for statutory reasons, and because the crime committed was not of extreme character and as reward for aiding in stopping a serious mutiny in the camp where he was confined.

ROBERT BAKER; Superior Court of McIntosh County, October term, 1892; murder; life imprisonment; paroled December 16, 1912, for statutory reasons, long and faithful service being to his credit, having been seriously injured while working in the coal mines.

FORT McELVOY; Superior Court of Muscogee County, November term, 1910; larceny; four years; paroled December 30, 1912, for statutory reasons and on the recommendation of the Judge and other court officials who stated that he was a youth of low mentality.

GEORGE BAILEY; Superior Court of Richmond County, October term, 1908; attempt to murder; paroled December 23, 1912, for statutory reasons and because he had served two sentences from other courts for what was in reality only one offense.

CHARLES SUTTON; Superior Court of Fulton County, January term, 1911; four years and two years (2 cases); robbery; paroled December 23, 1912, for statutory reasons, being a youth of only 20 years old and living in another State.

JOHN ADAMS; Superior Court of Whitfield County, April term, 1911; burglary; three years; paroled December 30, 1912, for statutory reasons, being a young man who probably was influenced by older persons.

WALTER H. MOONEY; Superior Court of Fulton County, April term, 1907; burglary; eight years;

paroled January 10, 1913, for statutory reasons and because the record did not show a peculiarly atrocious crime.

A. Y. CHASTAIN; Superior Court of Grady County, September term, 1910; assault with intent to commit murder; three years; paroled January 13, 1913, for statutory reasons, and because new developments indicated a measure of moral justification for the offense.

JOE TENNYSON; Superior Court of Emanuel County, October term, 1892; murder; life imprisonment; paroled January 14, 1913, for statutory reasons, affidavits being submitted to the effect that the killing was accidental.

JIM WILLIAMS; Superior Court of Stephens County, May term, 1909; burglary; ten years; paroled March 8, 1913, for statutory reasons and because it was made clearly evident that the sentence was excessive.

JOHN HENRY HILL; Superior Court of Decatur County, May term, 1913; burglary (3 cases); eighteen years in the penitentiary; paroled April 15, 1913, for statutory reasons, and because it was clear that the combined sentences were excessive.

Doss KNICKS; Superior Court of Murray County, February term, 1912; larceny; two years; paroled April 17, 1913, for statutory reasons, applicant being a youth who had been promised leniency if he assisted in recovering the stolen property which he did.

CHARLES V. GONZALES; Superior Court of Fulton County, September term, 1910; burglary; ten years; paroled April 17, 1913, for statutory reasons and because it was shown that the penalty was out of proportion to the offense committed.

MARTHA WOOTEN; Superior Court of Rabun County, August term, 1911; manslaughter; four years; paroled June 7, 1913, for statutory reasons, and because strong mitigating circumstances were shown.

CLARENCE RICHARDSON; Superior Court of Early County, October term, 1909; manslaughter; four years; paroled June 7, 1913, for statutory reasons, he being a young man and strong mitigating circumstances being shown.

EARL OVERBY; Superior Court of Bibb County, May term, 1911; larceny; five years; paroled June 12, 1913, for statutory reasons applicant having been only sixteen or seventeen years old at the time of the crime and of good family who promised to take and look after him.

COMMUTATIONS.

WEBB GIBSON; Superior Court of Early County, October term, 1911; murder; death sentence; commuted to imprisonment in the penitentiary for life, July 11, 1912, evidence which was not presented to the jury showing that the murder was not of such character as demanded the extreme penalty.

MARTHA THOMAS; Superior Court of Early County, January term, 1912; selling liquor; twelve months on the chaingang, three months in jail or \$100.00 fine; sentence commuted July 9, 1912, to present service and fine of \$100.00, it being shown that there was some doubt as to her guilt and that the sentence evidently was excessive.

HENRY LEWIS; Superior Court of Wilkes County, November term, 1908; simple larceny; one year on the chaingang; commuted July 10, 1912, to fine of \$150.00, on recommendation of Judge and Solicitor General.

ABNER D. McMILLAN; City Court of Fulton County, February term, 1912; gaming; commuted July 10, 1912, from fine of \$100.00 or twelve months to fine of \$35.00, applicant having served nearly six months.

RICHARD ALLEN; Superior Court of Coweta County; sentenced to State Reformatory; sentence commuted August 6, 1912, to present service, in order that his mother might take him to Chicago where she had gone to live.

STANLEY AYLOE; Superior Court of Houston County, April term, 1912; shooting at another; six months or \$100.00 fine; commuted to present service August 13, 1912, on statements from the Judge of the City Court and the Solicitor General that punishment had been adequate.

ANDERSON GOOLSBY; City Court of Ocilla, December term, 1911; drunk on highway; twelve months; commuted September 2, 1912, to fine of \$50.00, on

recommendation of the Judge and Solicitor and other court officials.

WILL JONES; Superior Court of Baker County, Spring term, 1911; larceny; two years; commuted September 2, 1912, on recommendation of court officials and as recognition of heroic act in saving a white woman from death in a runaway on a road where he was working.

WARREN HARDWICK; City Court of Dooly County, Fall term, 1911; twenty-four months (two cases); commuted September 2, 1912, on statement of Judge that he had imposed the heavy penalty on information he later found to be false.

W. T. ALLEN; Superior Court of Henry County, October term, 1911; twelve months; commuted September 2, 1912, to present service on recommendation of Judge and because of applicant's advanced age and feeble condition.

BEN MOSES; Superior Court of Baldwin County, July term, 1911; burglary; twelve months; commuted September 4, 1912, to present service on the statement of the Solicitor General to the effect that he had agreed for a fine to be imposed when applicant pleaded guilty to the charge.

CLAUD QUARLES; Superior Court of Cobb County, November term, 1911; larceny; five years; commuted September 6, 1912, on recommendation of prosecutor and court officials who said it had been understood that boy would be sent to the State Reformatory but had been put on gang.

J. W. BOLTON; Superior Court Decatur County, May term, 1911; violating prohibition law; two years or \$100.00 fine (two cases); sentences commuted September 9, 1912, to present service, as he had served more than one year and the court officials declared this to be adequate punishment, applicant being an old man with a blind wife to support.

LOU LYON; Superior Court Pike County, Fall term, 1911; violating prohibition law; twelve months and six months (two cases); commuted September 9, 1912, on recommendation of Judge and Solicitor, applicant being an old negro woman.

ALBET H. WHITMAN; City Court of Fulton County, June term, 1912; vagrancy; two months in jail and six months on the chaingang; commuted September 9, 1912, on recommendation of court officials who stated that he had been sent to prison to be cured of the drug habit, which end had been accomplished.

J. E. STEPHENS; Superior Court of Chatham County, February term, 1905; burglary; ten years in the Penitentiary; commuted to present service September 9, 1912, on the ground that he had been adequately punished, others connected with the crime having been extended clemency.

JOHNSON WEBB; Superior Court of Early County, October term, 1911; murder; death sentence; commuted September 19, 1912, to life imprisonment in the Penitentiary on the ground of extenuating circumstances which had not been before the jury and the recommendation of the Solicitor General and county officers.

L. J. POE; City Court of Fulton County, October term, 1912; impersonating an officer; \$100.00 fine or 12 months on chaingang; commuted October 3, 1912, those responsible for the case being made certifying that the prosecution should not have been brought.

JESSE BARNES; City Court of Houston County, June term, 1912; violating prohibition law; commuted October 5, 1912, from 12 months or two months and a fine of \$125.00 to a fine of \$30.00, it being alleged that he pleaded guilty on the understanding that he would be let off for a fine his employer could pay.

MAUDE TOLBERT; City Court of Fulton County; fornication and adultery sentence commuted on the appeal of the Judge because, she being a young white woman, there was no proper place for her to serve the sentence, October 4, 1912.

CHARLES GIBBONS; Superior Court of Jefferson County, November term, 1911; murder; death penalty; commuted to imprisonment in the Penitentiary for life, July 17, 1912, as it was shown that there was considerable doubt as to his guilt, and, besides, if guilty, the crime was not of such extreme character as customarily calls for the death penalty.

EARL KADERLY; City Court of Fulton County, June term, 1912; vagrancy; eight months; commuted October 7, 1912, to be effective October 28, 1912, to present service, because of his youth and the desire of his brother-in-law to take him to South America to live.

ED DANIEL; City Court of Cordele, February term, 1911; gaming, larceny and violation of the prohibition law; twelve months, \$100.00 fine, or twelve months and \$50.00 fine or three months; commuted October 8, 1912, to present service, on the ground that he had been adequately punished, having served on the gang for more than a year and a half.

JULY BROWN; City Court of Pulaski County, May term, 1912; violating contract labor law; ten months; commuted October 11, 1912, to present service, on the recommendation of the prosecutor, Solicitor and Judge.

HILL BANKS; City Court of Carroll County, June term, 1912; violating prohibition law; twelve months; commuted October 11, 1912, to fine of \$75.00, because of his youth and wife and children to support and extenuating circumstances.

L. C. AVERY; Superior Court of Cobb County, 1912; twelve months; commuted October 11, 1912. to fine of \$150.00; being an aged man and there being some doubt as to the evidence on which he was convicted. Violated prohibition law.

LUCIUS SMITH; Superior Court of Paulding County, February term, 1904; murder; life imprisonment; commuted October 14, 1912, to present service, on the earnest plea of Hon. W. K. Fielder, who as Solicitor General prosecuted the case, on the ground that applicant should have been convicted of manslaughter.

G. E. CRAWFORD; Superior Court of Fannin County, October term, 1906; murder; life imprisonment; commuted October 15, 1912, to present service, on account of his age, doubt as to his guilt, extenuating circumstances and the recommendation of county officers and court officials.

G. F. BALMER; Superior Court Chatham County; embezzlement; three years; commuted October 29, 1912, on recommendation of prosecutors, and because of extenuating circumstances.

ROE PIRKLE; Superior Court of Hall County, January term, 1912; robbery; five years; commuted October 29, 1912, to one year and fine of \$150.00 on recommendation of prosecutor who said that, owing to Pirkle's help in convicting others involved with him, sentence was excessive.

JUD HOLLIS; Superior Court of Bibb County, May term, 1910; robbery; four years; commuted November 6, 1912, to present service on recommendation of Judge and Solicitor General who declared he had been adequately punished.

HATTIE JOHNSON; City Court of Washington, Fall term, 1912; larceny; twelve months; commuted November 7, 1912, because she was the only woman on the Wilkes County chaingang and it was represented that she was soon to be a mother.

LUKE DYER; City Court of Athens, April term, 1911; larceny; twelve months; commuted November 7, 1912, to present service on recommendation of

county commissioners, who said applicant was in the last stages of tuberculosis and a menace to the other prisoners.

W H. A. NESBIT; City Court of Waycross, October term, 1912; selling toy balloons without a license; commuted November 13, 1912, on recommendation of court officials, who made it clear that applicant was ignorant of the law he violated.

HUGH K. NISBET; City Court of Atlanta, July term, 1912; vagrancy; eight months; commuted to present service November 20, 1912, on recommendation of the court officials who said he had been sent to prison to become cured of the drug habit, which had been accomplished.

REBECCA ROBINSON; City Court of Chatham County, May term, 1912; assault and battery; nine months; commuted December 12, 1912, because of her youth and recommendation of court officials.

G. W. McCORMICK; Superior Court of Mitchell County, August term, 1912; keeping whiskey in public place; thirty days in jail or \$200.00 fine; commuted December 18, 1912, to present service, on recommendation of the Judge applicant having served two sentences in other cases, the three being imposed at the same time.

W H. NUNNALLY; City Court of Atlanta, Spring term, 1912; vagrancy; eight months; commuted December 19, 1912, on recommendation of court officials who stated that applicant had been sent to

prison so he might be cured of the drug habit which had been accomplished.

DOCK CROSBY; Superior Court of Fulton County, April term, 1903; murder; life imprisonment; commuted December 23, 1912, on recommendation of court officials which recommendation was based on new developments showing that applicant should have been convicted at best of manslaughter.

JOHN BANKS; City Court of Americus, November term 1912; gaming; \$50.00 fine or twelve months; commuted January 17, 1913, to \$50.00 fine, it being held that after he accepted the chaingang penalty friends he had been unable to communicate with in time could not pay the fine except by order of this office.

SID SMITH; City Court of Monroe County, July term, 1912; gaming; twelve months; commuted January 17, 1913, to present service, on the ground that sentence was excessive, the basis of the prosecution being a "ten-cent game of craps."

WILLIAM B. QUITOR and ERNEST A. GRANT; City Court of Decatur County, November term, 1912; larceny; \$50.00 fine or eight months on the chain-gang; commuted to present service January 17, 1913, on the ground that the penalty was excessive, applicants being boys and the offense consisting of stealing a few stalks of sugar-cane.

WALTER HICKS; Superior Court of Taylor County, April term, 1912; violating prohibition law; twelve months; commuted January 18, 1913, to present

service, as it was shown he had sold only one drink of whiskey and was dying from tuberculosis.

BURLEY CUMBY; City Court of Carrollton, May term, 1912; misdemeanor (two cases); \$100.00 fine or twelve months in each case; commuted January 18, 1913, to one chaingang sentence and fine of \$100.00 to make effective the sentence of the court.

J. H. DAVIS; Superior Court of Cobb County, March term, 1912; assault and battery; eight months; commuted January 25, 1913, to a fine of \$350.00 on recommendation of the Solicitor General and because of extenuating circumstances developing after the trial

HENRY TAYLOR; Superior Court of Baldwin County; murder; death sentence; commuted January 25, 1913, to imprisonment in the Penitentiary for life, applicant being a youth of poor mentality, and it being shown there were strong extenuating circumstances which were not developed at the trial.

ALBERT CORNELL; City Court of Fulton County, October term, 1912; Larceny; \$75 fine or twelve months; commuted February 5, 1913, on recommendation of court officials and prosecutor, applicant being a young man of previous good conduct and the offense not being an extreme one.

PEARL RYANS; City Court of Atlanta, January term, 1913; larceny; three months in jail; commuted February 14, 1913, on recommendation of court officials because she was soon to become a mother.

R. D. WHITAKER; City Court of Atlanta, November term, 1912; vagrancy; twelve months; commuted February 14, 1913, on recommendation officials who stated that applicant had been sent to prison to be cured of the drug habit which had been accomplished.

GRACE CHAMBERS; City Court of Fulton County, December term, 1912; vagrancy; \$100.00 fine or eleven months; commuted March 7, 1913, as it was clear that he had come to Atlanta in search of a relative and was not guilty of the offense charged.

JOHN HENRY CHANEY; City Court of Fulton County, December term, 1912; vagrancy; \$100.00 fine or eleven months; commuted March 7, 1913, as it was clear that he had come to Atlanta in search of a relative and was not guilty of the offense charged.

AARON ORDISTER; City court of Wilkes County, Fall term. 1910; larceny (four cases); four years; commuted February 18, 1913, on the ground that the punishment was adequate as the conviction was for virtually only one crime and that not an extreme one.

OLEY WALKER; Superior Court of Walton County, February term, 1910; forgery; four years; commuted March 7, 1913, on the ground of adequate punishment, as applicant was an ignorant negro boy who had forged an order for a small bill of goods which were recovered.

FOREST JONES; City Court of Fulton County, October term, 1912; carrying concealed weapons; eleven months; commuted March 7, 1913, on recommendation of Associated Charities who certified that

investigation showed he had committed the crime in ignorance while taking a revolver to a pawn-shop to get money for his sick father.

JULIUS McBRAYER; Superior Court of Haralson County, January term, 1913; being drunk at church; one year; commuted March 7, 1913, to fine of \$100.00, on account of his youth (18 years).

B. B. Cox; Superior Court of Mitchell County, October term, 1912; violating prohibition law; \$50.00 fine and thirty days in jail or twelve months on the chaingang; commuted March 7, 1913, on recommendation of Judge on the ground that applicant had been adequately punished.

BOB DAVIS; Superior Court of Monroe County, August term, 1912; furnishing liquor to a minor; twelve months; commuted March 10, 1913, on recommendation of prosecutor.

JOHN SCARBORO; Superior Court of Bulloch County, Fall term, 1910; burglary; four years; commuted March 10, 1913, to present service on account of his youth and good conduct as a prisoner.

JIM STRICKLAND; Superior Court of Forsyth County, August term, 1912; violating prohibition law; twelve months; commuted March 19, 1913, because of his age (70 years) and the fact that it was established he was not an habitual violator of the law.

JOHN Cox; Superior Court of Bulloch County, October term, 1910; burglary; five years; commuted

March 10, 1913, on account of his youth and extenuating circumstances.

JEFF GRIER; City Court of Flovilla, October term, 1912; larceny; twelve months on chaingang; commuted March 21, 1913, on statement of the Judge that he was convinced that the sentence was excessive.

MARTIN WALKER; City Court of Carrollton; September term, 1912; disturbing divine worship; twelve months; commuted March 19, 1913, to fine of \$50.00, because of his youth and extenuating circumstances.

WALTER SEAGRAVES; Superior Court of Spalding County. January term, 1913; forgery; twelve months; commuted April 2, 1913, to \$125.00 fine on recommendation of the Judge who stated that if later developments had been known to the jury he doubted if applicant would have been found guilty.

WILL HARBIN; Superior Court of Douglas County, September term, 1912; making whiskey; \$200.00 fine or twelve months; commuted March 21, 1913, on recommendation of court officials who said there was doubt as to his guilt and that he had not been the principal in the transaction.

SHINE HAYDEN; City Court of Jefferson, July term, 1912; carrying concealed weapons, discharging pistol on Sunday and being drunk on highway; sentences aggregating two years; commuted April 17, 1913, to fine of \$150.00, on the Judge's recommendation to the effect that the heavy penalties had been imposed on information found later to be false.

RABUN AYERS; Superior Court of Haralson County, February term, 1913; drunk on public highway; four months; commuted April 17, 1913, on recommendation of the trial Judge and because of the youth of applicant who had served eight months for another offense.

ULEY BELLINGER; City Court of Sylvania, July term, 1912; carrying concealed weapon and carrying weapon without a license; twelve months and six months; the six months sentence remitted April 17, 1913, on the statement that the heavy combined penalty had been imposed on a misapprehension as to the boy's character.

FLETCHER WARE; Superior Court of Floyd County, October term, 1912; violating prohibition law; sixteen months on chaingang; commuted to \$150 fine April 17, 1913, on account of the bad health of the prisoner and the recommendation of the prosecutor and the Mayor of Rome.

FOREST CHESSEY; City Court of Floyd County, Spring term, 1912; gambling; eight months; commuted April 17, 1913, to fine of \$50.00, in order to carry out the original sentence of the court, the time having passed for paying the fine originally imposed.

TOM POWELL; Superior Court of Lowndes County, January term, 1911; involuntary manslaughter; two years; commuted April 19, 1913, on recommendation of Solicitor General who stated he was convinced the sentence was excessive.

ERNEST CARSON; City Court of Atlanta, February term, 1913; assault and battery; twelve months; com-

mutated April 17, 1913, to \$50 fine on statement of the Solicitor General that if new evidence had been known to jury boy would have been acquitted.

COLUMBUS LOWE; City Court of Spalding County, December term, 1912; violating prohibition law; commuted April 17, 1913; to fine of \$175.00, on the statement of Judge that he had intended to reduce the penalty to a fine but forgot to do so before adjournment of court.

STONEWALL DAVENPORT; Superior Court of Oconee County, January term, 1911; Robbery, ten years; commuted April 17, 1913. to present service on showing which proved clearly that the penalty was excessive.

DAN SHAW; Superior Court of Fulton County, February term, 1913; violating prohibition law; commuted April 22, 1913, to fine of \$700.00 on recommendation of the Solicitor General.

LEM STARR; Superior Court of Henry County, October term, 1912; violating prohibition law; twelve months; commuted May 6, 1913, to \$100.00 fine, as it was shown that he had sold only one drink of whiskey.

EARL ZUBER; City Court of Fulton County, 1913; assault and battery: two years (two cases); commuted May 9, 1913, to present service, it being shown that he was crazy and should be sent to the asylum for the insane.

JIM HENRY; Superior Court of Floyd County, October term, 1912; violating prohibition law; twelve-

months in chaingang and \$500.00 fine or six months in jail; commuted May 13, 1913, to fine of \$150.00 on recommendation of the officers of the court and other officials.

PERCY MARABLE; Superior Court of Oconee County, June term, 1912; misdemeanor (two cases); two years; commuted on recommendation of Judge and Solicitor and other officials, it being shown that the two crimes consisted of but one act, carrying a pistol concealed to church, May 16, 1913.

FEASTER MCCURRY; Superior Court of Floyd County, July term, 1912; violating prohibition law; six months; commuted May 22, 1913, to fine of \$150.00, on recommendation of court officials, new evidence indicating that he had been falsely convicted.

DALLAS RUSSELL; City Court of Fulton County, April term, 1913; larceny; \$50.00 fine or eight months; commuted May 23, 1913, to fine of \$40.00, to carry out sentence of court.

JAMES GARRETT; Superior Court of Paulding County, February term, 1913; violating prohibition law; twelve months; commuted June 7, 1913, to present service on account of his youth and recommendation of Judge and Solicitor.

THOMAS O'HANNIFEN; Superior Court of Floyd County, December term, 1912; violating prohibition law; twelve months; commuted June 14, 1913, to fine of \$150.00, on recommendation of officers of the

court and others on the ground that he had been adequately punished.

WASH DEAN: Superior Court Houston County, October term, 1912: murder; death sentence; commuted June 10, 1913, on recommendation of Judge and Solicitor county officers and many citizens on the ground that the crime was not of such nature as demanded the death penalty.

B. B. EDWARDS; Superior Court of Floyd County, January term, 1913; violating prohibition law; twelve months and \$250.00 fine: commuted June 14, 1913, to fine of \$250.00 on recommendation of court officials to the effect that he had been sufficiently punished.

W J COLLIER; Superior Court Richmond County, May term, 1907: car-breaking and burglary; two years (two cases); commuted June 21, 1913, because of applicant's youth and on the earnest plea of the Judge and Solicitor General who tried the case.

COMMUTATIONS AS THE RESULT OF PAROLES.

(These were reported to previous Legislatures in detail as paroles):

PRINCE McLIN; Hancock County; murder.

ANDREW PARKS; Madison County; murder.

JOHN SAXON; Oglethorpe County; murder.

W F CULPEPPER; Decatur County; manslaughter.

G. S. CORKEN; Houston County; burglary.

JOHN McDUGAL; Lowndes County; murder.

RESPITES.

WEBB GIBSON; Early County; murder; from June 28 to July 12, 1912, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency.

HARLES GIBBONS; Jefferson County; murder; from July 5 to July 19, 1912, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency.

JOHNSON WEBB; Early County; murder; from July 19 to August 9; from August 9 to September 6, from September 6 to September 20, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency.

JACK BALDWIN; Stewart County; murder; from October 11 to November 8, 1912, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency

AUS TOLLIVER; Miller County; murder; from August 6 to September 6, 1912, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency.

JOHN HAYGOOD; Habersham County; murder; from October 11 to November 8, 1912, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency.

W J. McNAUGHTON; Emanuel County; murder; from November 16, 1912, to February 28, 1913, from February 28 to May 9 and from May 9 to September 5, 1913, to afford time for the disposal of indictment against Mrs. Mattie Flanders, jointly accused with

McNaughton of the crime for which he was convicted, but who had not been brought to trial or the indictment dismissed, that he might be used as a witness at said trial of Mrs. Flanders and that such pertinent disclosures as made at said trial might be available for consideration in connection with application for executive clemency made by McNaughton.

J. EDWARD BRAZZELL; Richmond County; murder; from December 6, 1912, to January 3, 1913, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency

HENRY TAYLOR; Baldwin County; murder; from January 2 to January 17, from January 17, to January 31, 1913, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency.

JACK CRAWFORD; Putnam County; murder; from May 9 to May 23, 1913, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency.

WASH DEAN; Houston County; murder; from June 10 to June 13, 1913, to afford time for proper consideration of application for executive clemency.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to create, provide for and require the payment of taxes whenever property passes by the laws of inheritance or succession by will ordered—and for other purposes.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

By Messrs. Pope, J T. Hixon et al.—

A bill to put in force the Constitutional amendment ratified at the November election in 1912 of Article 7, Section 2, Paragraph 2, of the Constitution.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to provide for verdicts and judgments to be rendered at the appearance term of City and Superior Courts of this State on unconditional contracts in writing after legal service upon the defendant, and for other purposes.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to authorize and empower the Railroad Commission of Georgia to require of two or more railroads entering the same town, when practicable, in the interest of the public, the erection of joint union stations.

Referred to Railroad Committee.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to authorize and empower Judges of the Superior Courts of this State to grant charters to private companies in vacation.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to amend Section 4424 of the Code of 1910.
Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to amend the Constitution so as to provide
for the creation of the new County of Tate.

Referred to the Constitutional Audit Committee.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow
morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

Thursday, June 26, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following resolutions of the House:

A resolution providing for committee to arrange for inaugural ceremonies.

A resolution providing for a joint session of the House and Senate on June 26, 1913, for purpose of consolidating the vote for Governor and State House officers.

A resolution to appoint a committee to notify the Governor that the General Assembly has been organized.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has concurred in the following resolutions of the Senate, to-wit:

A resolution providing for a joint session Thursday, June 26, 1913, to canvass the vote for Governor and State House officers.

A resolution providing for a joint committee to arrange for the inauguration of Governor.

The Speaker has appointed the following members as committee on part of the House:

Messrs. Wheatley,
Hardeman,
Blackburn.

Mr President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor to deliver to the Senate a communication in writing, to which he respectfully invites your attention.

Mr President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor to deliver to your honorable body a sealed communication to which he invites your attention.

Executive Session.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to define who is able to contract marriage, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Hygiene and Sanitation Committee.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to prohibit any person, persons, firms or corporations from shipping spirituous or malt liquors in this State..

Referred to the Temperance Committee.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to purchase for another from a blind tiger any spirituous malt or intoxicating liquors in this State.

Referred to the Temperance Committee.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to give all courts of original jurisdiction in the State of Georgia authority in certain cases to mold their sentences as to allow defendants upon

rendition of a verdict of guilty to serve same outside the confines of the chaingang, jail or other places of detention under the supervision of the court.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 1, of Article 11, of the Constitution of this State creating the County of Evans.

Referred to the Constitutional Amendments Committee.

By Mr. Rushin—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to establish the City Court of Vienna in and for the County of Dooly

Referred to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Ford—

A bill to rearrange the Albany and Southwestern Judicial Circuits.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, approved July 16, 1903.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 1, of Article 11, of the Constitution so as to create the County of Hampton.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to amend an Act creating a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for Charlton County.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Athens, August 24, 1872, with regard to paving streets.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend Section 2878, of the Code of 1911 to define the term “other like associations,” therein referred to.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 3354 of Civil Code relative to mechanic’s liens.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to regulate the meshes of seines, nets and traps in the waters of this State.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Fitzgerald so as to provide for compensation of court stenographer.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to provide fees for the ordinary for issuing licenses and collecting the tax provided in Sections 982, 983, 984, 1763, 1764 and 1765 of the Code of Georgia for 1910.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to regulate and control the organization and operation of insurance companies in this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Bush and Searcy—

A bill to regulate the reading of the Holy Bible in the opening of the public schools of this State.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. Foster—

A bill to provide for the inspection of all county

jails, to abolish the chaingangs, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Penitentiary Committee.

By Mr. Pope—

A bill to provide for the payment of fees now allowed by law to ordinaries as compensation for pension work.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

The following resolutions were read first time:

By Mr. Longino—

A resolution to appoint a committee of three from the Senate and five from the House to investigate the best thing to do with the W & A. Railroad.

Referred to W & A. R. R. Committee.

The following resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Payton—

A resolution authorizing the Secretary of State to furnish High Rock lithia water for the use of the Senate.

Referred to the Committee on Halls and Rooms.

The hour of 11 o'clock having arrived the Senate repaired to the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of opening, counting and declaring the result of the election of Governor and other State House officers in the last general election.

The President of the Senate took the chair and called the General Assembly to order.

The President appointed the following gentlemen as tellers: Senators DuBose, Huie, Olliff; Representatives Sheppard, Wisdom, Garlington, Heath, Anderson, Wright, Ragland. After performing this duty the tellers submitted the following report in the form of a resolution, as follows:

By Mr. DuBose—

Resolved by the General Assembly of Georgia, this day lawfully convened in joint session, that upon consideration of the votes cast at the general election held throughout the State in October, 1912, for Governor and State House officers, the Hon. John M. Slaton of Fulton County received a majority of all the votes cast for Governor.

Hon. Philip Cook, of Lee County, received a majority of all the votes cast for Secretary of State.

Hon. W. A. Wright received a majority of all the votes cast for Comptroller-General.

Hon. Wm. J. Speer of Fulton received a majority of all the votes cast for Treasurer.

Hon. T. S. Felder of Bibb received a majority of all the votes cast for Attorney-General.

And said named persons are now therefore declared elected to said respective offices for the terms now next ensuing, and the Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House will enter this resolution

on their respective journals as evidence of the facts stated herein.

The foregoing report of the tellers was read and agreed to. The President of the Senate declared the officers therein named duly elected.

On motion the joint session was dissolved, and the Senate repaired to the Senate Chamber and was called to order by the President.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

Friday, June 27, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.		

Those absent were Messrs.—

Miller, B. S.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following report of the committee appointed to arrange for inaugural ceremonies was read and adopted by the Senate:

Your committee appointed to make arrangements and adopt a program for the inauguration of the Governor-elect beg leave to report as follows:

First—That the inaugural ceremonies shall take place in the Hall of the House of Representatives at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, June 28, 1913.

Second—That at 11:45 o'clock the House and Senate assembled in joint session in the Hall of the House of Representatives, the President of the Senate presiding.

Third—That the joint committee of the House and Senate will repair to the Governor's office, where they will meet the Governor-elect, the retiring Governor, Justices of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals, State House officers, elect and retiring, ex-Governors and Federal Judges, all of whom will be previously invited to be present at 11:50 A. M., for whom seats will be reserved immediately in front of the Speaker's stand.

That the order of proceedings by the joint session of the General Assembly will be as follows:

- (a) Invocation by the Rev. J. B. Robbins.
- (b) Presentation of the Governor-elect to the General Assembly by the President of the Senate.
- (c) Administration of the oath of office to the Governor-elect by the Hon. Wm. H. Fish, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.
- (d) Presentation of the Great Seal of the State by the Secretary of State to the Governor, who shall deliver the same to the Governor-elect, who in turn delivers it to the Secretary of State.

(e) Inaugural address by the Governor.

Fourth—Adjournment of the joint session of the General Assembly.

Respectfully submitted,

JNO. T. ALLEN,

M. E. RUSHIN, on part of Senate.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the report of the joint committee to make arrangements for the inauguration of the Governor-elect.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to provide that notice by the carrier shall be given to consignors of freight before undelivered goods may be sold.

Referred to the Railroad Committee.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 2626 of Civil Code of Georgia of 1910 so as to authorize the chairman as well as the Secretary of the Railroad Commission of Georgia to certify copies of reports, schedules of rates, orders and all other records of the Railroad Commission, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Railroad Committee.

By Mr. Jones—

A bill to prescribe a method giving notice in writing charges against members County Boards of Education. •

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. Anderson—

A bill to regulate the employment of young children in certain kinds of labor, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Labor.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to amend the Act incorporating the City of Colquitt, approved August 15, 1905, and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Watts—

A bill to amend Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution so as to authorize the qualified voters of this State to abolish the office of County Treasurer.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Messrs. Jones, Foster and Burtz—

A bill to amend Section 816 of the penal Code of Georgia, approved August 15, 1910.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to prohibit any person, firm or corporation engaged in the delivery of messages or packages from sending any minor under the age of sixteen years to any disreputable place.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Parrish, by request—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 1, Article 11, of the Constitution.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. McGregor, by request—

A bill to amend the Constitution providing how new counties shall be established in Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to amend Section 130, Volume 2, of the Code of Georgia, 1910, so as to give the Department of Commerce and Labor authority to designate where seats for females shall be placed.

Referred to the Committee on Immigration and Labor.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend Section 1229 of the Civil Code of

1910 by striking therefrom the word "December" and inserting in lieu thereof "November."

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend Section 1036 of the Penal Code of 1910, so as to provide that defendants in criminal cases shall be subject to cross examination, and for other purposes.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to require factories, work shops, machine shops and other industrial plants to report to the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Referred to the Committee on Immigration and Labor.

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to amend Section 2084 of the Code of 1911, relative to the Department of Agriculture.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to amend Section 3137 of the Code of Georgia, and the Act of the Legislature, approved August 21, 1911, regulating the hours of labor in cotton and woolen mills.

Referred to the Committee on Immigration and Labor.

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to require the holders of policies of insurance on their lives to return the cash surrender value for taxation.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 1036 of the Penal Code.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to make the State Superintendent of Schools member ex-officio of the Board of Trustees of the District Agricultural Schools.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to provide for the fencing of the right of way of all railway companies in Miller County for the protection of live stock, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to incorporate the City of Colquitt in lieu of the town of Colquitt, and confer additional powers, and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs Searcy and Smith—

A bill to amend Section 6134 of the Civil Code of 1910, fixing the salaries of the stenographers of the Supreme Court.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. W. J. Bush—

A bill to make it unlawful for any railroad company to receive and transport upon its trains passengers who are drunk or intoxicated, also for allowing or permitting the drinking of intoxicating liquors on passenger trains. To prescribe a penalty for violating this Act, and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to amend Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt, approved August 7, 1912, and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to be entitled an Act to confer upon the Railroad Commission of Georgia the power and duty to place a time limit, in orders hereafter issued by it, approving the issuance of stocks, bonds, securities or other evidences of debt, within which, if

the powers, privileges or authority therein approved or granted are not exercised, the said orders and all powers, rights, privileges and authority therein given or conferred shall become null, void and no longer of effect, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to require factories and workshops to provide proper ventilation and sufficient heat during the winter months, and to regulate toilets, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Immigration and Labor.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, approved July 16, 1903, so as to provide an official stenographer for said court, but at no expense to the County of Jackson, and for other purposes.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 1037 of Penal Code so as to provide that the husband may testify against his wife in certain criminal trials, etc.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Sweat—

A resolution to provide for the appointment of a commission to investigate and report upon the extension of the W & A. R. R.

Referred to the W & A. R. R. Committee.

The following resolutions were adopted:

By Mr. Elkins—

A resolution instructing the Secretary of the Senate to arrange for additional electric fans for the Senate.

By Mr. DuBose—

A resolution requesting the Secretary of State to procure Swift's mineral water for the use of the Senate.

By Mr. DuBose—

A resolution providing for a new standing committee to be known as Committee on Insurance.

The following communication from the Governor was read:

Special Message

To the General Assembly:

There is no subject of more weighty interest to the people of Georgia than that of the future disposition of the Western & Atlantic Railroad. It is not to be considered that the State will seriously entertain a proposition for the sale of this, its most important piece of property. It is most important not only as to its value as an asset, but also in its power for securing and maintaining competition in commercial lines for the people of the entire State.

A large portion of the people, while generally holding in mind the notable commercial worth of this railroad to the State, have not grasped the fact that it is in some respects the most potent of all factors in controlling reasonable rates of freight from other States into Georgia. In fact, in its potency as a rate-fixer and competition-securer, our fathers, in constructing it, builded wiser than they knew.

Running from Atlanta, which is unquestionably the South's chief distributing center of mercantile products, to the Tennessee River, at Chattanooga, in the State of Tennessee, the length of its line is so short that its rates, added to the western rates from Ohio and Mississippi River points, hold down the rates which otherwise might be excessive and,

in fact, might maintain serious discriminations against our people. The United States government has already opened the Muscle Shoals to boat navigation, and, within certainly a few years, will have opened the only other serious barrier, viz.: Colbert Shoals, below Decatur, Alabama. When the latter work is done steamboats can run every day in the year from St. Louis and other Mississippi and Ohio River points to Chattanooga. These river rates will inevitably cause the general rates from the West to Atlanta to be reduced and, as the competition between the transportation lines running from the eastern and western markets for the trade of interior Georgia is so acute, this will force down the eastern rates to interior points in Georgia.

Inasmuch as it has been for upwards of thirty years a cardinal rule in rate-making that the rates from Baltimore to Atlanta shall be the same as the rates from Cincinnati, Louisville, or other Ohio River points to Atlanta, and as the western rates to Macon, Columbus and other Georgia points are made almost the same as to Atlanta, the Western & Atlantic Railroad will always be able to prevent unreasonably high rates from being exacted out of the Georgia people by the interstate railroads, unless the Interstate Commerce Commission allows the rates from Chattanooga to Atlanta to be materially increased.

Much has been said for years past on the subject of extending the Western & Atlantic Railroad to the sea, for the purpose of controlling cheap rates.

into Georgia or for securing competition for the people of Georgia. My judgment, however, is that the fixed policy of the State as to her finances makes this a visionary scheme. In the first place the extension of the road from Atlanta to the sea would cost, when we include proper terminals, etc., undoubtedly more than fifteen millions of dollars. In fact, a report made to your honorable bodies, found on page 829, House Journal, 1909, estimated that the cost of the extension would be \$71,650 per mile, making the total cost, if it were about 275 miles long, almost \$20,000,00. If, however, the extension is to Savannah, Darien, Brunswick and St. Marys, the main line extension would be at least 125 miles more at a cost of upwards of \$3,000,000.00, it being understood that terminals, rolling stock and other extra items are probably charged in the original estimate per mile. Every dollar of this amount would have to be borrowed.

But, as the Constitution of the State forbids any increase of the public debt, it would first be necessary to amend the Constitution so as to saddle this enormous debt upon the people. At 4 per cent. the interest account on \$20,000,000 alone would be eight hundred thousand dollars annually. Inasmuch as the rates on through freight, both ways between Atlanta and the Georgia ports, are on a large proportion of the business quite thin, it is not at all likely that the extended part of the road from Atlanta to the sea could be leased for more than, if really as much as, eight hundred thousand dollars per annum. This

would only pay the interest on the vast debt, leaving nothing which could be set apart as a sinking fund.

But there is another very practical barrier in the way of this plan. It has been said, time and again, by the advocates of this extension of the Western & Atlantic Railroad to the sea that the Atlantic Ocean can not be syndicated; yet it is a proven fact that the steamship lines on the Atlantic Ocean can be and are syndicated. Hence, if the State, by adding enormously to her indebtedness, should extend her road to the sea she would have no assurance that she would get business for it when it reached a Georgia port. Of course, if she operated the road herself, she could not afford to spend millions of dollars building steamships of her own to run to New York, Philadelphia, Boston, etc., with the very great wharfage expense in those cities, and, certainly, she could not secure enough traffic to maintain the road from tramp ships which might come in once a week or once a month.

Therefore, whether the State would or would not undertake to run the road herself, it is manifest that she would be a very great loser, expressing it moderately, by spending many millions of dollars in extending the Western & Atlantic Railroad to the sea. And I will add that if she leased it, she could not do so to advantage if she required the lessees to receive less local rates on this road than were allowed by the Railroad Commission on competing lines. Therefore, as she has the power of fixing rates within her own borders, she can furnish ex-

actly the same rates for the roads now built as she would be able to furnish her own road after she built it.

If the United States Government does not assume control over intra-state rates (and it is doubtful whether that government could fix the rates in Georgia on a railroad owned entirely by the State) and if Georgia is really willing to increase her public debt and spend as much as three millions of dollars in making any kind of an extension of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, she could put herself absolutely in possession of the power to force competition which would forever protect her people, if she and Tennessee, by agreement, would change the boundary line between the two States along a portion of the northern border of Dade County.

At Shell Mound, in Tennessee, the Tennessee River runs within less than a mile of Nickajack Cave, in Georgia. If the two States would agree that the Georgia boundary line be deflected to the Tennessee River at or near Shell Mound and, after allowing Georgia a frontage of about a mile on the river, to deflect back to the present State line and, either adjoining that point or at some other locality, deflect the line inward so as to give to Tennessee an adequate portion of Dade County to compensate for the portion added to Dade County by the State of Tennessee, Georgia would, of course, have a landing on the Tennessee River. Then, if she would tunnel Lookout, Sand and Raccoon Mountains and extend a line to the Tennessee River from or near

Ringgold or Graysville, Georgia, this would enable her Railroad Commission at all times to hold down the rates from the Tennessee River to Atlanta, to which would be added the low water rates to Shellmound, and in this way make the State absolutely independent of railroad monopolies, inasmuch as a reduction in the rates to Atlanta would bring a reduction to all other cities in the State.

This extension, I am told, would call for five or six miles of tunnels, costing about \$250,000 per mile and possibly upwards of thirty miles of additional railroad costing from \$20,000 to \$25,000 per mile, making a total for these two items of, say, \$2,250,000. Therefore, it would appear that \$3,000,000 ought to cover the total cost of the suggested extension.

Now, it may be said that Tennessee would not consent to such an arrangement. I am frank to admit that I have no assurance that she will; but, from an experience of upwards of twenty years in handling railroad rates, I will assert that if Georgia would bind herself to build the extension indicated, Tennessee could do for herself no wiser act than to make exactly the arrangement I have indicated, because the reduction of the rates from the Georgia landing on the Tennessee River to Atlanta would assuredly result in the reduction of the rates from Chattanooga to Atlanta, inasmuch as the other railroad lines leading from Chattanooga to Atlanta would not tolerate the proposition that this Georgia port should have any lower rates than Chattanooga. And the benefit to Tennessee would not stop at Chat-

tanooga, because the lines leading from Knoxville to interior Georgia points would be forced to reduce the rates from Knoxville to interior Georgia points to prevent Chattanooga from securing the trade which properly belong to Knoxville.

All railroad officials and all the commercial men handling business from Tennessee points to Georgia points need no argument to convince them that I have stated the case correctly. It is readily admitted that the Georgia port I have referred to could not break down the trade of Chattanooga. Although all the boats coming up to Chattanooga would stop at or pass the Georgia port, this port would not handle probably one-tenth of the business from the river and none from the rail lines entering Chattanooga, and none of the local business of Chattanooga, but it would fix the rates upon which all the other traffic from Chattanooga and Knoxville would move into Georgia.

Furthermore, just across the State line at the Georgia port referred to a Tennessee city could be built on the river from which business would reach the Western & Atlantic Railroad by mere sidetracks, thus receiving the same rates into Georgia as those made from the Georgia port.

Hence, the exchange of territory which I have suggested would work out results of incalculable benefit to both States, if the Western & Atlantic Railroad were extended to the new landing on the Tennessee River.

The very few Tennessee people who, by the above indicated arrangement, would be annexed to Georgia, would come into a great and glorious State, and the very few Georgia people who would be annexed to Tennessee would also become citizens of one of the noblest States in the American sisterhood.

Now, as I have indicated, the expenses of extension to the Tennessee River would cost probably only about three millions of dollars, which is less than the amount estimated for terminals alone, at coast cities, for the proposed \$20,000,000 extension of the road to the sea; and the reduction of rates which would follow from the West to interior points in Georgia would force down the rates from Baltimore and other eastern cities, the rates from all the western cities being made the same as, or with fixed differentials above the Baltimore rates, and the rates from Philadelphia, New York, Boston, etc., being made but a few cents per hundred pounds higher than the rates from Baltimore.

Therefore, while the extension of the Western & Atlantic Railroad to the sea would result in an enormous increase of the State's debt, with no assurance of securing competitive traffic from syndicated lines of steamships, the rates from the Georgia port on the Tennessee River to Atlanta would inevitably reduce the rates to Georgia cities from Chattanooga, Knoxville, and all other points touched by the Tennessee, Ohio and Mississippi Rivers.

In the consideration of this subject, keep ever in mind that when water competition reduces the rates

from one Western center to Georgia cities the railroad lines reduce the rates correspondingly from all other western centers to the same cities so as to protect each in the power to hold its proper proportion of the general business.

There is another alternative method for practically putting the Tennessee River traffic at a landing place in Georgia. This can be done if Chickamauga Creek is widened, deepened and straightened from its mouth near Boyce Station to a point in Catoosa County, so as to allow boats from St. Louis and other western ports to come up the canal and cross the Georgia-Tennessee boundary line. The canal thus made would not be more than twelve miles long and should not cost \$1,000,000.

I will ask you to bear in mind that I am not recommending that the State increase her debt by making an extension of her railroad from either end; but I am indicating that if she decides to adopt this policy she will secure immensely greater benefits for her people by spending, at the most, three millions of dollars in extending it to the banks of the Tennessee River in her own borders than by spending some twenty millions extending it to the sea.

I will here observe that my judgment is clear that the State of Georgia should not seriously entertain the thought of curtailing the terminal facilities of the Western & Atlantic Railroad in either Chattanooga or Atlanta. Propositions have been made within the past few years for practically abandoning the terminals in the city of Chattanooga and, in

merely a less degree, the same subject has been mooted as to the Atlanta terminals.

As to Chattanooga, I will state that, while this proposition is being advocated by some of our own people, the Southern Railway, which is the most pronounced competitor of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, has been spending large sums of money in extending its line into the heart of Chattanooga, and it has already secured property within a few hundred feet of that which it is proposed that the Western & Atlantic Railroad shall abandon for transportation uses in the center of that city.

Although the State of Georgia has an absolute advantage over her competitors in Chattanooga, it is seriously proposed that she shall abdicate that advantage and allow her competitors to succeed to it. The plan advocated is to ground-rent a large portion of the track space in the center of Chattanooga, and enticing figures are shown as a reason why the State should do this.

Now, if the State proposes to go into the real estate renting business and for that purpose is willing to impair her power for conducting a great transportation line, she can probably look with favor upon the proposed plan to dismantle the road.

It is undoubtedly true that one mile of the road in Chattanooga is the means of securing more revenue than probably thirty or forty miles secure along the center of its line. The strength of the road lies in its superior facilities for receiving and distributing commerce. If the State withdraws from the

localities where the commerce is found and properly handled, she disastrously reduces the amount of commerce to handle. Hence, if Georgia wishes to own a great and well equipped railroad she will hold on to all of the terminal facilities she has at either end of it.

In this connection, I will state, that the plan has been proposed of withdrawing the passenger terminals in Atlanta from the Union Station, which has been the terminal for upward of seventy years, to the Forsyth Street Bridge. But, by one who will look at the terminal facilities at the present location and at the proposed location at the Forsyth Street Bridge it will be seen that, if we allow needed space for freight tracks, the latter area is entirely too narrow, and that in almost every respect the change would work to the serious detriment of the Western & Atlantic Railroad.

I will remark that, as to the freight terminals, the Central of Georgia Railway, the Southern Railway and the Georgia Railroad and allied companies have spent many hundreds of thousands of dollars in buying lands and extending their terminals into the very heart of Atlanta.

For many years the Western & Atlantic Railroad had almost a monopoly of the business in the center of the city, hence the owners of the above named roads went to the enormous expenditure referred to for the purpose of competing with the Western & Atlantic.

Therefore, the proposition that the State of Georgia remove its present passenger and freight terminals in Atlanta and Chattanooga from their points of vantage really seems a strange one. For the reasons above given, I am firmly convinced that the State should entertain no thought of dismantling her property and thereby putting herself at a disadvantage as compared with her transportation competitors.

In this connection, I will call your attention to the proposition which has been mooted to build a plaza over the railroad tracks, in Atlanta, extending from the Forsyth Street Bridge to the Washington Street Viaduct, with a commodious modern terminal station on the site of the present Union Passenger Station. This plan, if executed, would likely very greatly enhance valuations in the center of the city, hence should be encouraged by the State. And, unless this plaza plan is carried out, the State will disastrously damage her passenger terminals in Atlanta if she permits the city of Atlanta to build bridges over the Western & Atlantic Railroad on Pryor Street and Central Avenue. By no possibility can she prevent or escape very serious and permanent loss if she allows those bridges built with the general status remaining as it is at present.

Now, as to the future disposition of the Western & Atlantic Railroad, it is well known that the present lease will expire December 27th, 1919. It is not too soon, therefore, for the State to begin to con-

sider what steps she will take toward protecting her citizens in determining the future of her railroad.

I assume that practically very few people entertain any thought other than to lease the road again. Hence, the question hinges upon the most advantageous method of leasing it.

It has been proposed in some circles to lease it for a period of ninety-nine years, fixing the annual lease income on an ascending scale divided probably into a certain rate per month for the first thirty-three years, a certain higher rate per month for the next thirty-three years, and a still higher rate for the third period of thirty-three years.

I am quite clear, however, in my conviction that the State ought not to consent to a lease for a longer period than thirty years. No one knows what may be the conditions, commercially and otherwise, thirty years from now. There may be complications which would result in serious discriminations against her people and great loss to the State if she bound herself to a lease of practically a hundred years.

Therefore, she should hold it within her power to take back her road about once in the life time of each generation and adjust the new lease to the conditions then prevailing. By this means she could be reasonably sure of protecting her people in the power to hold their own with the people of other States within future decades, for bear in mind that

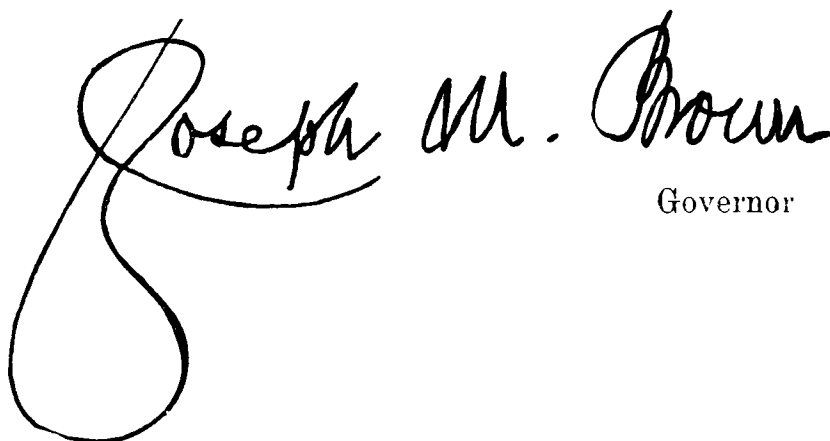
each generation is entitled to solve its own problems in its own way. We know not what complexities will confront our children and grandchildren in handling the affairs of the State, and should not handicap them.

I know that it will be stated that if the road be leased for a very long period of years the lessees would then double-track it and make all other improvements needed for holding it on a parity with its competitors; but there is little reason to doubt that a company leasing it for thirty years, beginning at the end of the present lease, would be justified in making such improvements as the property would need. It might, I grant, be proper in fixing the new lease to take a smaller amount of rental for five or seven years than would be fixed for the next twenty-three or twenty-five years, with the agreement that the new lessees would double-track the road by the end of seven years and make other corresponding improvements. This would be a matter of detail for consideration.

I recommend, therefore, that your honorable bodies provide for a commission consisting of three or five citizens of Georgia, to be appointed by the Governor, whose duty it shall be to formulate a plan for the future leasing of the Western & Atlantic Railroad. Yet, it may be best to defer action on this subject until your session in 1914. This will allow ample time for mature consideration, whereas, if all action were deferred for your successors, the

next General Assembly, the matter might not receive the careful thought it merits.

Respectfully submitted,

A large, stylized handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "Joseph M. Brown". The signature is written in black ink on a white background. The first letter "J" is particularly large and loops around the rest of the name.

Governor

On motion the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

Saturday, June 28, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock A. M., was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Brown, John W. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
DuBose, R. T.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Allen, John T. Miller, B. S.

Upon motion the reading of the Journal of yesterday's proceedings was dispensed with.

The following invitation was read and accepted:

Atlanta, Ga., June 28, 1913.

In behalf of the citizens of Gilmer County, I am authorized and requested to extend an earnest and urgent invitation to the President, Members and Of-

ficers of the Georgia State Senate to attend a barbecue to be given by the citizens of Gilmer County at Ellijay, Ga., July 4, 1913. I earnestly hope the invitation will be accepted and assure my colleagues of the Senate that their pleasure and comfort will receive the greatest consideration by the good citizens of Gilmer County, in whose behalf this invitation is extended.

A. H. BURTZ,
41st District.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to provide for the holding of a special election for Senator of the United States from the State of Georgia for the term beginning March 4, 1913, and ending March 3, 1919, to declare the result thereof, and for other purposes.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr President:

The House has adopted the following resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution inviting Hon. Herbert Myrick to address the General Assembly on July 15, 1913.

The following House Bill was taken up and read the first time, to-wit:

By Messrs. Wimberly, Fowler and Miller of Bibb—

A bill to provide for the holding of a special election for Senator of the United States from the State of Georgia for the term beginning March 4, 1913, and ending March 3, 1919, and to declare the result thereof, and for other purposes.

Ordered engrossed.

The following resolution was read the first time:

By Mr. Harrell—

A resolution to create a commission, the duties of which shall consist of investigating the farming interests of the State.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

The hour of 11:45 o'clock having arrived, the Senate repaired to the Hall of the House of Representatives for the purpose of inaugurating the Governor.

The President of the Senate took the chair and called the General Assembly to order.

The resolution convening the General Assembly in Joint Session was read by the Secretary

Prayer was offered by Rev. J. B. Robbins, D. D., of Atlanta.

The oath of office was administered to Governor-elect Slaton by Chief Justice Fish, of the Supreme Court. The retiring Governor Brown delivered to Governor Slaton the Great Seal of the State, and the Governor returned it to the Secretary of State for safe-keeping.

The President then introduced the Governor, Hon. John M. Slaton, who proceeded to deliver his inaugural address:

Inaugural Address

Mr President, Mr Speaker, and Gentlemen of the General Assembly:

The progress of the world has been accomplished by the optimist. He has discovered new countries, builded railroads, united continents, established cities, founded institutions of learning, and by his faith and courage has proved a benefactor of his fellow-man. Never have the people of Georgia had greater reason to be proud of her achievements, nor more sanguine of her future, than at present. In the exercise of its governmental functions it is rendering more service and contributing more to the happiness of her citizens than ever before.

Thirty years ago, struggling under the burdens of the civil war, our brave and patriotic fore-fathers could hardly provide more than the protection of

the courts, with a scanty allowance for the education of her youth.

For the year 1913, Georgia appropriated \$2,550,000.00 to her public schools, of which nearly \$2,000,000.00, comes directly from the Treasury. No larger amount is directly appropriated by any Southern State, and almost by no State in the Union. In those States which contributed much more than Georgia for educational purposes the money is raised by local taxation.

This State has adopted the wise and humane plan of working her convicts on the roads in lieu of hiring them to private parties and receiving the proceeds of their labor into her Treasury. Thus she has conferred on rural communities immeasurable benefits in rendering the markets accessible to their products, has made possible the establishment of easier intercourse with their neighbors, has caused the improvement of their schools, the facilitation of rural mail delivery, and has enhanced to an immeasurable extent the value of their lands. It is reported by the United States Government that, in 1911, more work was done on the roads of Georgia than in any other State, New York alone excepted.

She has established her College of Agriculture, and her Agricultural Schools in every District in Georgia, where the farmer boys may learn the dignity of their calling, and the high ability and education which its intelligent pursuit requires. By the instruction afforded along these lines her citizens are taught the scientific methods of multiplying the

products of the soil, and of eradicating those evils which have ever menaced farm life. In the increased production of corn, in soil examination and the scientific application of fertilizers, by the raising of meat instead of its purchase, stimulated by knowledge of the means for the eradication of diseases of hogs and cattle, our farms receive a greater charm, and our farmers a larger reward for their labors.

The State provides a Health Department, which supplies facilities for the prevention and cure of infectious and contagious diseases that have threatened our less populous sections. By means of its suggestions, those epidemics which have endangered our people have been checked, and their health improved and longevity increased by expenditure of the peoples' money.

And yet, in the enjoyment of all these benefits we have failed to bear in mind that for these blessings enjoyed by our citizens for the first time, money must be paid, and we have overlooked the fundamental principle, the disregard of which means financial dishonor, that our appropriations must not exceed our revenue. Whatever be the temptation to the wise citizen to spend more than his income he curbs his desires and limits his expenditures accordingly. He makes any sacrifices occasioned by the scantiness of his purse. A State which desires to maintain its credit and to command the respect of people at home and abroad, can not do otherwise than observe the course of every honest man. Besides

being just, it is befitting that the State should set that example to the citizen which is essential to his welfare.

STATE'S FINANCES.

I desire to impress upon you with all the force that a solemn duty commands, that it is imperative for you to make an investigation into the financial condition of the State, to consider the reasons occasioning the present situation and to take steps for the immediate correction of the evil. It is not the part of the patriot to shut his eyes to danger and to rush heedlessly to ruin. Our wise fore-fathers-statesmen who never departed from original principles—beneficiaries of the histories and fatal lessons of other peoples—endeavored by Constitutional provision to safeguard the expenditure of the peoples' money, and by the clearest constitutional mandate to prevent the incurrence of debt. They regarded the payment of public debt as a matter of public honor, and every Georgian has inherited that lofty conception of public duty.

In 1884, 1890, 1894, 1900, 1908, the people provided by Constitutional amendments for additional classes of pensioners, or Acts were passed in pursuance of such amendments. When the Constitutional amendment limiting the tax rate to five mills was passed in 1904, the sum appropriated to pensions was \$865,000.00. In that year the amount appropriated to Public Schools from *ad valorem* taxes, was \$1,000,000.00.

Now the amount appropriated to Public Schools directly from the Treasury, is approximately \$2,000,000.00.

While we are increasing the appropriations on the one hand, we have been cutting off revenue on the other hand.

In 1908, the State received from the hire of convicts the sum of \$380,709.44. In 1909 there was received from this source the sum of \$184,881.00, or a loss of revenue of \$195,818.39. Since 1909, nothing has been received into the Treasury from this source. Taking the amount received in 1908 as the basis of the value of the hire of convicts which, of course, is much less than they would bring now, the Treasury of the State will have lost from the beginning of the year 1908 to the end of the year 1913, the sum of \$1,718,696.15.

In calling your attention to any of the facts presented, I do not mean to criticise the legislative acts, or to doubt the wisdom of any of them. That is beside the question. The immense sum that would have been received into the State Treasury has been expended wisely upon the public highways, and aside from the moral aspect of the question, has enhanced the material prosperity and landed values many times the amount. The State has been splendidly repaid, morally and financially, by the change.

In fact, by calling the attention of the people to the causes of the financial deficit, they will readily support you in any wise measures to remedy the difficulty. When they are taken into your confi-

dence, and are informed how the public moneys were expended for their benefit, and the causes of the shrinkage in public revenue, they will cheerfully respond to every statesmanlike effort you may make to solve the problem.

In 1907 the liquor tax amounted to \$334,282.75. In 1908, on account of the Prohibition Law, the total sum received from the liquor tax from near beer licenses and from locker clubs, amounted to \$48,738.03, or a loss of \$285,544.42.

Since then, taking the report of the Comptroller General of 1913, as a measure, the sum received from near beer licenses, and from locker clubs, amounted to \$278,000.00 per annum, making a deficit of about \$50,000.00 per annum.

In 1912, the Legislature abolished the Dog Tax amounting to \$130,000.00 per year, being the amount which it would require the tax on \$26,000,000.00 of property to produce.

For many of the foregoing figures I am indebted to the able Chairman of the House Appropriation Committee of 1911-1912.

In 1904 the people adopted an amendment to the Constitution limiting the tax rate to five mills, thus declaring by their sovereign act in favor of economy in public expenditure and recording their judgment that such levy would be sufficient for the State's discharge of all public functions. The tax levy for the support of public schools for that year was 1-70/100 mills.

Yet, I am officially informed by the Comptroller

General that in 1912 the appropriations exceeded the anticipated revenue \$339,000.00, and the actual revenue \$202,000.00, and as you will find by the report of that same officer on your desks, the excess of expenditures over anticipated income in 1913 is \$231,562.00, requiring \$46,312,400.00 taxable property to produce it.

Thus you will perceive, that to meet the deficit of these two years alone, taking the anticipated revenue as a basis, an increase of the property of the State subject to *ad valorem* taxation must be \$114,112,400.

You will have observed that the same Legislature which appropriated \$339,000.00 in excess of its anticipated revenue, during the same session cut off \$126,000.00 thereof.

Statistics, to be read and digested, must not be voluminous and I do not burden you with them. Suffice it to say, that the appropriations of 1911 exceeded the revenues, and you will observe that while appropriations were being increased sources of revenue were being lessened and no provision was being made to supply the deficit. The candle was being burned at both ends.

LEGISLATIVE CONDITIONS.

Having been a member of the Legislature for seventeen years I can sympathize with the members of the General Assembly in yielding to the pressing claims made for appropriations. Every heart is responsive to the sentiment that our greatest wealth is in our children, and no one wishes to bear the

responsibility of shutting the door of opportunity to our boys and girls by denying them the privileges of education.

Every patriotic feeling is aroused by the suggestion that a great State should render comfortable the declining days of the old Confederate Veterans who had imperiled their all in her hour of desperate need.

And eloquent, irresistible appeals can be made for all the objects of expenditure which promise a rich harvest of return from every dollar granted by a meagre appropriation.

Your Appropriation Committees, carefully balancing the receipts and disbursements, and recognizing the primal duty of being just before being generous, report a bill appropriating all that the State's revenue will permit. Some gentleman arises in enthusiastic advocacy of an amendment to increase a quarter of a million dollars, or more, the allowance for some popular purpose, and woe to him who makes the prosaic suggestion that the State has not the money! He is stamped in the Legislature and at home as the enemy of the people, and he sits down, weakened in his influence and misconstrued by his constituents, for having performed his sworn duty.

THE SYSTEM WRONG.

The system is wrong. It is contrary to the theory of our government, which everywhere endeavors to provide a method of checks and balances. It is not so with the present state of our law.

Prior to the Constitutional Amendment of 1904, limiting the tax rate to five mills, the Governor and Comptroller General met and levied a tax sufficient to pay all appropriations. If the appropriations were large, the tax rate was increased, and the constituents at home being called upon for a heavier drain from their purses, taught a wholesome lesson to their representatives by refusing to re-elect them. The public expenditure was therefore a matter of constant public supervision. This acted as a check, and reminded the Legislators that heavy appropriations meant increased burdens on the people.

Now, the Legislature can appropriate what it pleases, and the tax rate remains the same. A million, more or less, does not mean a cent more from the tax-payer. The Legislator has made himself a favorite with his constituency by voting for every popular appropriation and nothing suffers but the State's credit. When the crisis arrives, no one can put his hand upon the one who caused it. He has yielded to the insistence of those who have pressed upon him the necessity for each appropriation, and has escaped the condemnation and misconstruction of an unpleasant refusal. This situation is unfair to the Legislator and to the State.

THE REMEDIES SUGGESTED.

In suggesting the remedies for these conditions, it is necessary to consider one marked injustice now placed upon one class of our public servants. The teachers of our State are not paid until nearly a year after their services are performed. The Governor

and the State House Officers are paid at appropriate season. The Legislator may draw his pay the first day of the session. Of all the public servants, the teachers, upon whose fidelity and efficiency depend the future of the children, who do more to shape their destinities than any influence save the parents, must wait nearly a year for their compensation, or be required to suffer the heavy discount of the money lender. I respectfully submit that this is wrong.

Up to the 15th day of June, 1913, not one dollar had been paid on the \$2,550,000.00 appropriated to Public Schools.

I believe that if you propose to the people a Constitutional Amendment providing for an extra assessment of one mill for one year, and a half mill for the succeeding year, in order that the teachers may be paid with greater promptitude and in order that the deficit in the Treasury may be relieved, such proposition will meet with popular approval.

This is the brave and fair way to solve the problem in dealing with the Treasury, and with the teachers, upon whom the future of the children of this State depends more than all the buildings that may house them or the money that may be given them.

To the tax payer who may demur, I submit that if the Constitutional Amendments limiting appropriations be adopted in accordance with my recommendation, the 1½ mills extra taxes to be divided between two years will be the most economical and the wisest investment he can make. If they be not approved, the State may expect a heavy increase of

the deficit until sheer necessity will require a burdensome tax levy or a drastic taxing law, resulting not only in a drain upon the people, but in injury to the reputation, enterprise and development of the State.

Should the Legislature deem it wise to submit an extra levy of one mill for only one year, the sum raised would approximate \$862,000.00 and would be of great aid in expediting the payment of teachers, although it would not permit their monthly payment, in view of the present deficit in the Treasury.

PENSIONS AND SCHOOLS.

The appropriation for Pensions for 1913 amounts to \$1,180,000.00. This is practically the largest sum ever granted to aid those to whom we are all debtors. The justice of their claims, their heroism, their sacrifice, and their valor, constitute the proud heritage of us all. With each succeeding year their number is diminishing, and each year this sum may be expected to decrease.

The direct appropriation for Public Schools for 1913 is \$1,962,251.00, which is supplemented by the special funds provided by the Constitution. In the report of the Comptroller General you will observe that excepting Public Schools and Pensions, one-third of one mill *ad valorem* tax added to the other revenues of the State would support every other State institution, including the entire civil establishment and the State Sanatorium, which alone annually demands nearly \$600,000.00.

You will observe by the Comptroller General's

report that a tax of $2\frac{1}{2}$ mills, supplemented by the Constitutional appropriations to education, will raise the amount allowed to the Public Schools for 1913, being the largest amount ever granted for the purpose. A direct tax of $1\frac{1}{2}$ mills will provide Pensions allowed for 1913, being likewise practically the largest sum ever appropriated.

RECOMMENDATION.

I recommend that you propose Constitutional Amendments which shall provide that the appropriation for schools shall not exceed $2\frac{1}{2}$ mills in addition to the Constitutional appropriation; and shall not exceed $1\frac{1}{2}$ mills, or exceed \$1,180,000.00, annually for Pensions.

In the event these amendments are ratified, you will have submitted to the people a practical plan for preserving the State's credit. You will have applied to the State's affairs the same plan now in force under the Constitution in reference to counties, which are required to specify the purposes for which levy is made. The diminution of the pension fund may be expected, because of the rapid diminution of the pensioners.

As the wealth of the State increases the $2\frac{1}{2}$ mills for schools will produce a larger sum, and if local taxation, which has been suggested by educational authorities as a wise solution of the educational question, should cover a larger territory, the amount could be diminished if it be deemed proper in future years. Thus a flexible system would have been adopted.

In addition, these funds to Schools and Pensions would be consecrated to their special purposes and their recipients would be relieved from the delays consequent upon other demands. Certainly, in the present condition of the Treasury, any larger appropriations would be futile, as their payments are being longer and longer delayed, and the lack of money would prevent the issuing or honoring of warrants.

The State must be like the father who educates his children according to his means, and certainly every one must pronounce you generous when the apportionment of the rate has been upon the basis of the highest appropriation yet made. And this generosity is emphasized by the fact that during the years for which the appropriations were made, the appropriations exceeded the revenue practically a half million dollars.

In this connection, it may be asked why a similar apportionment for every public purpose should not be made. The answer is obvious. In the case of the State Sanitarium, whose demands are next largest in amount to schools and pensions, the State must provide for the insane, and no Constitutional limit can rationally be made. The sinking fund, the interest on the public debt, the new provision to be made for refunding the bonded debt in 1915, cannot likewise be imperiled by the possible diminution of values through a panic or other financial distress. The same is true of the Legislative expenses, salaries of State House Officers, Judges, etc. Other items of expenditure are almost negligible, and the minute fraction of a mill could not appropriately be made

the subject of a Constitutional Amendment. In fact, the courts and the entire civil establishment could be maintained without the imposition of one dollar *ad valorem* tax.

REVENUE.

It will be apparent to those who have had legislative service, that unless some check of the nature proposed be made, the increase of revenue will be of no avail in preventing the financial embarrassment of the State. Under the enthusiasm of the moment one appropriation bill may exhaust it.

However, I deem it wise to call to your attention an appropriate source of enlarged revenue, without placing upon the people an unfair burden.

More than four-fifths of the States of the Union derive revenue from what is known as an inheritance tax. Practically every nation of the world regards this source of income as fair and easily paid. By inquiry from citizens of States where it is in force, I am informed that this tax is the subject of least complaint.

By common law the right to transmit property was a privilege granted by the State, and was not an inherent right of the citizen. The recipient of a legacy is a beneficiary of another's favor and when the tax is moderate and conservative, it is much less burdensome than a tax upon the industry and enterprise of the one whose labor has accumulated the property.

In some States the heritage left to members of the

immediate family is exempted, as for example—New Jersey, Texas and Tennessee. In a large number the tax is small upon that property left to the immediate family, but increases in proportion to the remoteness of the relationship, and is heaviest upon legacies left strangers. Charitable gifts and those of a similar nature are exempted, as is also a reasonable sum left to members of the family.

It may be well to suggest for your consideration the Constitutional provision of uniformity in the imposition of taxes. Eminent lawyers have given it as their opinion that in Georgia no exemption based on amount can be granted, nor can the taxes be increased in proportion to the size of the estate. While legacies or inheritances can be differently taxed in proportion to remoteness of relationship, because of reasonable classification, it is questionable whether a varying rate can be imposed on the same class, dependent upon amount. Upon this question of law I venture no opinion, but it is advisable to investigate this position, should you contemplate an inheritance tax law.

It must be admitted that the revenue to be anticipated from this source will be comparatively small for many years to come, and cannot be made the basis for appropriating money until tested by actual trial.

This form of tax has been approved by the highest authorities and is one of the easiest borne and subject to fewer hardships than any other. No practical method has been devised for forcing personal property to bear its just proportion of the expense of

government. The drastic suggestions proposed operate as such hindrances to commerce, become so inquisitorial in character, and are susceptible of so many means of evasion, that all efforts to collect taxes from this source have been unsuccessful. The inheritance tax is to some extent a corrective.

Thrift, enterprise and economy should be encouraged, but the small contribution suggested in the tax laws of other States, when made by those who enjoy the benefit of others industry and sacrifice, would not be the cause of just complaint among our people.

OCCUPATION TAX ON CORPORATIONS.

Prior to the year 1905, many efforts were made to collect an occupation tax from corporations, but in the judgment of the Legislature the exactions suggested were too severe and imposed a burden too oppressive. Governor Terrell, in his message of the year 1905, called attention to the fairness of a reasonable charge by the State for granting charters to corporations, with the privileges accompanying such corporate life. He suggested in his message, that a small contribution from each corporation could be legitimately imposed, and recommended a tentative privilege tax based on capital stock of \$100.00 per year on corporations having a capital of one million dollars, or over. He anticipated from this source more than \$100,000.00, a year, and thought that such sum could reasonably be expected without hardship. Governor Terrell stated at the time that if this sum

was not received the tax could be adjusted so as to produce it. The State, however, has not received one-half this sum, and during the year 1913, the estimated revenue from this source is \$48,000.00.

I recommend that the maximum occupation tax on corporations having one million dollars capital and over, be \$200.00 per annum, and the tax on corporations of less capital be adjusted accordingly.

EQUALIZATION OF TAXES.

The Democratic Platform of 1912, adopted at Macon, contains the following language:

“Among the most important matters affecting our State Government, which must be dealt with by the administration, is that of the State’s finances. The solution of this question demands the attention and co-operation of all patriotic citizens.

“The State is rich, and no period of its history has shown a greater ratio of growing wealth than the present. But the State government’s fiscal system has not developed with the times and the growth of our commonwealth. The period is approaching, if it has not already arrived, when the system must be reformed.

“Some method should be adopted whereby the State’s finances will be rehabilitated and precautions should be taken to guarantee that at no time the expenditures will be permitted to exceed the revenues. Our system of raising taxes has been improved but little since the present Constitution was adopted. General wealth and the concentration thereof, having

increased to such a great extent and our population becoming so diversified, the method of levying taxes has been reduced to the obsolete and inefficient. The burdens of government should be placed in equal proportions to the benefits conferred and the protection enjoyed. All property should bear in equal measure its share of taxes. None should be taxed excessively and none should be permitted to escape taxation.

“We recommend that the Legislature at its next session make provision for putting into practical effect the above undeniably correct principles of government.”

The foregoing extract from the Democratic creed must meet the approval of all. At this time, with the necessity upon this Legislature of providing for the refunding of over one-half of the State's entire bonded debt, no revolutionary plan of dealing with our financial system can be attempted. Whenever it is done, if such course should be deemed wise, every feature of the new scheme will be subjected to attack on Constitutional grounds in both State and Federal Courts. No radical experiment should be made at this time.

No objection, however, can be offered to a fair and conservative attempt to justly apportion governmental burdens, without imperilling the general income.

It can not be denied that injustice is done when one man pays taxes on ten per cent of the value of his property, while another pays on fifty per cent.

Equalization of taxes, either through the enforce-

ment of present laws, or now correctives, so that each may bear his proportionate burden, would not mean the increase of taxes upon any one now performing his duty, but would rather mean the lightening of his unfair portion of the load.

I commend this subject to your attention.

PUBLIC ECONOMY.

In closing this part of my message, I beg to call your attention to the fact that I have emphasized more than the raising of revenue the necessity of economy. The fundamental doctrine that the exaction of a larger sum from citizens than is necessary for the maintenance of government is tyranny, is often overlooked in legislative assemblies. But the function of government in contributing to the welfare and happiness of the citizen is constantly enlarging. With this broadening of the field of its activities within conservative limits is found not only an increasing elevation of citizenship, but an accompanying growth of material prosperity.

BONDED DEBT TO BE REFUNDED.

An additional reason for establishing and maintaining the State's finances on a sound basis, is the necessity of making provision for more than one-half of the entire bonded debt of the State, maturing in 1915. This is an imperative duty resting on this Legislature.

In order that your investigation of this subject

may be facilitated I give you the detailed statement of the history and amount of these bonds, which statement is supplied by the State Treasurer:

“Statement of Bonds, State of Georgia, maturing, 1915, quotation of Acts and Code bearing upon Sinking Fund, etc.

Ga. 4½% Bonds, Act 1884, issued	
1885, due July 1915-----	\$3,392,000.00
Ga. 3½% Coupon Bonds, Act 1894,	
issued 1895, due May 1915-----	287,000.00

Total -----	\$3,679,000.00
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“Act 1884-5, Folio 116, No. 60. Sec. 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of this State, and it is hereby enacted by authority of the same, That his Excellency the Governor be, and is hereby authorized and empowered to issue negotiable bonds of the State to the amount of \$3,455,135.00, and negotiate the same for the purpose of raising money to pay off that portion of the principal of the public debt which may fall due during the years 1885 and 1886, said bonds to be issued and negotiated at such times and in such amounts (not exceeding in the aggregate the sum of \$3,455,135.00) as the Governor in his discretion may see proper, in order to meet the wants of the State, etc.

“There were three deliveries made of bonds under Act 1884, namely:

July 1, 1885, 100 bonds \$1,000 each	\$100,000.00
Jan. 1, 1886, 250 bonds \$1,000 each	250,000.00
May 3, 1886, 3042 bonds \$1,000	
each -----	3,042,000.00

Principal -----	\$3,392,000.00
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Premium of 5/16 on entire issue—	10,600.00
Interest less amount of old bonds exchanged -----	49,927.50
Amount received, under resolu- tion Oct. 13, 1885 -----	1,730.19
	<hr/>
	\$3,454,257.69

“Act 1894, Folio 127, No. 149. The Act provides for the sale of the Northeastern Railroad; to make provision for the discharge of the liability of the State on the bonds of the said Railroad Company, and for this purpose to authorize the issue of bonds of the State, the par value of which shall be equal to the amount of the State's liability by reason of its endorsement upon the bonds of said Company; to authorize the exchange of said bonds with the holders of the indorsed bonds, and to provide for the sale of so many of said bonds as may be necessary to pay such of the indorsed bonds as shall not be thus exchanged, and on all accrued interest on said indorsed bonds, and for other purposes, etc.

Received from sale of 31½% bonds	\$287,063.80
31½% bonds and premiums not issued -----	3,000.00
From Receiver N. E. R. R.-----	2,800.00
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	\$292,864.46

“Sec. 914, Code. *Ad valorem* tax for payment of bonds. The Governor, by and with the assistance of the Comptroller General, is authorized and empowered annually, beginning in 1910, to levy and assess a tax on the *ad valorem* value of the taxable property of this State at such rate as may be sufficient to raise the net amount of \$100,000, as a sinking

fund to pay off and retire the valid, outstanding bonds of the State as they fall due as required by article 7, section 14, paragraph 1, of the Constitution. The tax above authorized shall be specially levied and collected, and separate accounts of same shall be kept by the treasurer, and the money arising therefrom shall be applied to paying off the valid bonds of the State as they may mature. The amount so raised in the year 1910 shall be applied to paying off and retiring the valid bonds of the State maturing in 1912, and so on continuously, etc.

CONSTITUTION OF GEORGIA.

“Sec. 6571. Code. The General Assembly shall raise by taxation, each year, in addition to the sum required to pay the public expenses and interest on public debt, the sum of \$100,000.00, which shall be held as a sinking fund to pay off and retire the bonds of the State which have not yet matured, and shall be applied to no other purpose whatever, etc.’

No sinking fund was provided by law to retire the bonds aggregating \$3,679,000.00 which are due in 1915, since it was the intention of the General Assembly to later make provision for the retirement of this large amount.

The entire State's debt is \$6,452,500.00, which does not include the obligations to the University, amounting to \$291,500.00, and the Landscript Fund of \$90,000.00.

All the debt of \$6,452,500.00 is provided for, or will be provided for by the sinking fund required to

be raised annually until the entire debt is paid off, except the \$3,679,000.00 which falls due in May and July 1915, and excepting the bonds issued under the Act of 1891 and due 1920 amounting to \$207,000.00, and those issued under the Act of 1895, and due in 1926, amounting to \$230,000.00. No provision is made for the payment of \$33,000.00 of bonds which mature in 1935, or of the University obligations.

It should be borne in mind that the fund from the sale of public property applicable only to the payment of the bonded debt, now in the Treasury, amounts to \$37,450.00, which will be increased \$107,000.00 in 1915 by the last payment due by the Southern Railway Company on the purchase of the North-eastern Railroad.

If refunding bonds were issued in 1915, making the first \$100,000.00 fall due in 1935, then the sinking fund could be made to run continuously and retire each year, until paid, \$100,000.00 of this series of 1915 refunding bonds.

This plan would seem advisable in order to relieve the Treasury and the people of the increased burden at this time, unless financial conditions at the time of the sale of the bonds should demand that their redemption begin at an earlier period in order to effectuate their more satisfactory disposition.

Many details have been suggested to me in reference to making the investment in these securities the more attractive. Leading bond men in financial centers have stated that if they were certified by some responsible Trust Company, thus assuring their genuineness, and guarding against their being

counterfeited, and if their validity were approved by attorneys who are specialists in this line, the expense would be more than repaid in the price that could be obtained. These are matters which you can determine upon appropriate investigation.

Certainly no safer investment can be afforded than these bonds. By our Constitution the issuance of any new bonds, excepting to refund old ones, is prohibited. Likewise the State is forbidden to incur any new debt. All the State's property, including the Western & Atlantic Railroad, is pledged as security for its bonds, and the Western & Atlantic Railroad is worth three times the entire debt of Georgia. If every bond of the State were paid today from the sale of its railroad alone over ten million dollars would be left in the Treasury.

No Southern State, and so far as I know can any State, make such a showing. By Constitutional provision whatever else may remain unpaid, the interest on the public debt and the Sinking Fund to retire its bonds, must first be provided.

Free from every tax, Federal, State County and Municipal, we can offer these obligations of a prosperous State as possessing every attraction that can be offered to the investor.

I recommend that through your appropriate Committees you consider at once the matter of re-funding the State's indebtedness above referred to.

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

“There is nothing of more importance than the protection of the purity of the ballot, for

upon the franchises of the citizens the liberties of all must depend for perpetuation. However, the citizen should be encouraged to exercise the privilege of voicing his opinion in the conduct of his government. Severe and unnecessary restrictions should not be countenanced.

“We believe the present registration law should be so amended that when a voter has once proven his qualification by registering and being enrolled, he shall remain a registered voter unless disqualified for cause due to himself. Permanent registration would stop the confusing difficulties now besetting the voter and provide a safe method for protecting the integrity of the ballot. We trust the next Legislature will amend the present law.”

The foregoing extract from the last platform upon which I was elected, expresses a principle which deserves universal acceptance. It contemplates no change of the Constitution which provides for the qualification of the voter. It recommends no amendment which would degrade the requisites of suffrage. It only endorses the passage of legislation that will render easy the exercise of the inalienable right to vote by the man entitled to vote.

The farmers of a neighborhood have duly registered, but the succeeding year when busy with their crops they can not send their taxes to the collector by some neighbor going to town, except on penalty of being disfranchised.

The traveling men who have registered one year can not send their remittances the next year to the

proper officer, and so it is with men in every calling who perform civic duties and who have overlooked the last day of registration, or have been prevented from registering anew by compelling reasons. The professional politician never forgets.

The registrars must in any event purge the list. If the citizen has moved into a new community and if he was not registered the year before, he may be required to register in accordance with the present law.

But I recommend that the present registration law be amended to correct the injustice indicated. It would always be assumed that the voter must have paid his taxes and not subjected himself to any of the disqualifications provided by law.

To place the present hardship upon the people is as indefensible as for Nero to have rendered it difficult for the people of Rome to learn its laws by placing them on a wall beyond their vision.

HIGHWAYS.

It is needless to impress upon you the importance of our highways. Their value is an asset of the entire State. The family that receives its daily mail, the farmer who hauls his product to market, the school with its improved facilities, are all debtors to good roads.

A student of the subject has declared that every hard rain in Georgia damages its roads more than one million dollars, due to unscientific construction. An intelligent Highway Commission, or Commissioner, clothed with proper authority, could be the

means of untold benefit in suggesting proper methods of building the road adapted to the locality, or in solving the problems of engineering which might arise in various sections. This proposition was embodied in the original Bill placing convicts on the roads, and was only defeated by one vote in the House. Its wisdom has been recognized by my predecessors and I concur in their recommendations.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

I call your attention to the Western & Atlantic Railroad, the lease of which terminates in 1919. The wise disposition of this property requires the most enlightened statemanship, and in view of its immense value, probably three times that of the entire State's debt, immediate consideration should be given to this splendid heritage of our Fathers.

Like any other proposition involving business judgment, this subject demands painstaking care and investigation. The suggestion has been made that at its terminals there is appurtenant much property unnecessary for railroad purposes, and which could be utilized by the State without damaging the railroad, at a largely increased revenue.

Whether this be true, and if true what arrangement should be made with such property, calls for accurate and detailed knowledge. The Western & Atlantic Railroad belongs to the entire State, and during the period of our darkest hours it supplied with funds our scanty Treasury and constituted the guarantee of our school fund.

No one, I apprehend, would or should consider its sale, but the problem of its disposition should be considered by a commission with directions to report its recommendations and its reasons therefor.

To delay this matter will mean to put the State at the inexcusable disadvantage of unpreparedness when the time arrives for imperative action.

CRIMINAL LAW.

One of the fundamental purposes of government is the protection of life and safety of the citizen. While our people are law abiding, the enforcement of law must depend upon the machinery provided by the Legislature. If the rules of evidence are so shaped as to prevent the discovery of the truth, and if the State is deprived of the means of sifting the facts, the judges and juries are not to be blamed if crimes are allowed to go unpunished.

In the reconstruction period, when antagonism existed between emancipated slaves and their former masters, it may have been essential that the white man, struggling for his existence, be allowed to make a statement possessing a value superior to all sworn evidence. This was a law of necessity, which grew out of the exigencies of the time.

But conditions have changed. It is an anomaly that a defendant should take the stand, make any statement that he sees fit, or that his shrewd lawyer has prepared, and being immune from cross-examination, demand that the judge shall charge the jury that they may accept his unsworn statement in preference to all the evidence in the case.

His carefully written statement may contain all manner of prejudicial assertions which constitute no defense, but the State is not allowed to disprove or to question them. The jury is by law instructed that they may consider them. Without introducing evidence, in order that his attorney may make the last speech, he declares that he can prove assertions by various witnesses, often disreputable men, and challenges the Solicitor-General to introduce them. This can not be done because the State can not vouch for their character.

This practice of making a statement under the provision of law now existing is scarce, if it be of force anywhere outside of Georgia. It's a provision which acquits guilty men and places almost insuperable obstacles in the way of their conviction. As a lawyer defending a guilty man, I should like the practice. From the standpoint of a legislator, seeking to render safe the life and property of the citizen, and charged with the obligation of making proper provision for the enforcement of the law, I believe it should be abolished.

Leading lawyers of this State, interested in the welfare of its citizenship, doing a large criminal practice, have urged upon me the wonderful corrective influence such an act would accomplish.

I, therefore, recommend that a law be passed abolishing the defendant's statement, and providing in its place that he be sworn as a witness, if he desires, but his failure to be so sworn be not subject to adverse comment by prosecuting counsel. This is in accordance with current Federal and State law.

PISTOLS.

The legislation in Georgia against carrying concealed weapons has in recent years been conspicuous. It has been suggested by the law of self-preservation. Daily we read of men who have shot others, and have been acquitted on the old statement that the deceased threw his hand on his hip-pocket, and the defendant shot in fear of his life. When searched, the dead man was found generally unarmed.

I do not believe in the severity, so much as the certainly and celerity, of punishment. It often-times happens that for the purpose of having a weapon repaired, or for other innocent reason, a man may technically violate the law. In such a case his punishment should be nominal. There are many who carry concealed weapons with the temptation to swiftly use them upon the slightest provocation.

If the carrying of concealed weapons were made a felony, subject to be reduced to a misdemeanor by either judge or jury, the deterrent effect of such a law would be the saving of many a life. I earnestly recommend to you the consideration of this question.

BANKING LAWS.

The banks of a State are necessary instrumentalities in the conduct of its commerce. They are important factors in the development of any community. Any measure which will stimulate economy and saving on the part of a citizen is wise, and to do this, confidence in our banking institutions should be established.

They perform public functions, and as such are properly subjected to governmental supervision. The bankers of the State, with the desire of maintaining a high standard of responsibility and of affording guarantees against improvident management that imperils the money of the people, recommend legislation looking to the accomplishment of these objects. I commend this subject as one worthy of your serious consideration.

AUDITOR.

My predecessors have recommended the creation of the position of State Auditor, and in this recommendation I heartily concur.

No business dealing with the annual disbursement of six million dollars, would fail to provide for such supervision of its expenditures. The Legislature constantly appropriates money to be used in a specific way, but no means are provided for seeing that the legislative mandate is complied with.

When the drain on the treasury is heaviest, it often happens that demands are made for warrants which could be delayed if the Governor had the adequate information from an auditor.

His services could be utilized in checking the cost of new buildings for which requests may be made by the various institutions. Those who have served on the Appropriation Committees are aware of the inadequate facilities of the State in arriving at the amount of the necessary expenditures.

Such an officer would many times repay the State the small amount of his salary.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

The Constitution is the expression of the supreme law of the land. It can only be changed by the people speaking in their sovereign capacity. In order that they may vote intelligently on any proposition it is essential that they understand it.

I have noticed a growing disposition to submit amendments for ratification or rejection by referring to the Article and Section of the Constitution, conveying no intimation to the voter of the question proposed. I recommend that in proposing Constitutional Amendments, you plainly indicate the proposition to the voter in such language that he may understand the meaning of the question submitted.

AGRICULTURAL SCHOOLS.

The Agricultural Schools are doing a magnificent work along the lines for which they have been organized. In this field of education is one of the most splendid opportunities of the State. The stimulation of interest in them and the desire to enjoy the opportunities they afford would be of inestimable value.

My predecessor has called attention to the fact that some of the Schools are well attended, while others receive little patronage, whether due to the matter of location, or lack of interest, or from what cause, I am unable to say. Each obtains the same appropriation from the State for maintenance. I recommend that you investigate their condition, and apply the proper remedies.

GENERAL APPROPRIATION BILL.

Allow me to suggest that the Constitution places upon the Executive as well as the Legislature, the duty of squaring the expenditures with the income. When the Appropriation Bill is submitted to him on the last days of the session he must either approve it, or call an extra session. If he disapproves an item it must be passed over his veto, or be re-introduced as a new bill. I trust you may find it expedient to transmit to me the General Appropriation Bill ten days before your adjournment, in order that it may be considered in the light of the State's resources. By co-operation we may be enabled to arrive at some plan of solving financial difficulties that would be helpful to the State.

CONCLUSION.

In concluding what I have had to say in the way of recommendations, it is needless repetition to recount the many blessings enjoyed by Georgians today, which their State never possessed before. And yet, within the last few years her citizens, through Constitutional Amendments and Legislative Acts have added heavily to her expenditures. Their Representatives, with the approval of their constituents, have diverted from the Treasury, the enormous sum of approximately two million dollars. This has been since the limitation of the taxing rate.

Shall Georgia deprive her children of their educational opportunities? Shall the schools which teach her girls the domestic accomplishments and render

home attractive be closed? Shall she be forced to call on distant States for trained intellects to solve her agricultural, her technical and scientific problems? Shall work on her roads, with all its blessings, be lessened? I apprehend no Georgian will permit a backward step.

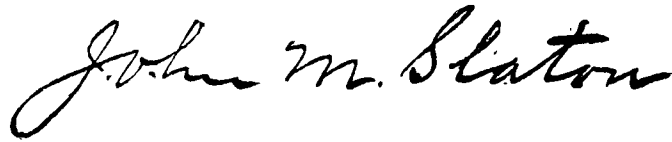
It is, however, absolutely necessary that we recognize the principle of economy, and resolutely decline to appropriate more than our income.

Character is as essential as knowledge, and is preferable to generosity, and to limit our debts to our income is a fundamental requisite of the State. Even if it means sacrifice for a season, it will be a wholesome lesson to our citizens, and will emphasize the homelier virtues that make a strong, provident and self-reliant people. The passing of an appropriation bill without the means to pay it is of no aid to the beneficiary, and is not a credit to the Representatives who pass it.

To no detail or plan am I wedded. Those remedies I have suggested have largely been a development of the thought of others. My long legislative experience and observation have approved them. They are not spectacular, but practical. If other plans which accomplish the same result occur to you, I should gladly accept them. I am wedded to no specific corrective.

Georgia is your State and mine. Within her borders I was born and by her schools was I educated. With you, I love her people and every acre of her broad domain. I am ready to unite with every one

of you in any endeavor to maintain and advance her unexampled prestige as the fairest in the sisterhood of States.

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "John M. Slaton". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the title "Governor.".

Governor.

On motion of Senator Harrell the joint session was dissolved, and the Senators returned to the Senate Chamber.

The Senate was called to order by the President.

Leaves of absence were granted Mr. Harrell for several days on account of important business, and to Mr. McGregor for Monday's session.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until Monday at 11 o'clock A. M.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

Monday, June 30, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock A. M., and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon motion the call of the roll was dispensed with.

Upon motion the reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

The following Senate Bills were read the first time, to-wit:

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to provide for the teaching of agriculture in the public schools of Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend an Act creating a system of public schools for the City of Oglethorpe.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to provide for the appointment of stenographic reporters for the Grand Juries of this State.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Olliff and Pope—

A bill to change the time of meeting of the General Assembly so as to provide for biennial sessions.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person, firm or corporation owning any newspaper, magazine, etc., to advertise for themselves or others any alcoholic liquors, the sale of which is prohibited by law.

Referred to the Committee on Temperance.

The following resolution was read the first time, to-wit:

By Mr. Tarver—

A resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to investigate the necessity of a State sanitarium for “dope fiends” and inebriates.

Referred to the Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation.

The following House Resolution was read and tabled, to-wit:

By Mr. Garlington—

A resolution inviting Hon. Herbert Myrick to address the General Assembly on July 15, 1913.

The following House Bill was read the second time, to-wit:

A bill to provide for the holding of a special election for Senator of the United States from the State of Georgia for the term beginning March 4, 1913, and ending March 3, 1919.

The following communication was read:

Athens, Ga., June 27, 1913.

President, Senate, Atlanta, Ga.

Athens, through it's Mayor, invites the State Legislature to come to Athens for a day as our guests. Chamber of Commerce joins me in this invitation.

H. J. ROWE, Mayor.

Upon motion of Mr. Longino, the invitation was unanimously accepted for Saturday, July 12, 1913.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11:30 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

July 1, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11:30 o'clock A. M., and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the Roll the following Senators answered to their names:

Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W E.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W M.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,	

Those absent were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Harrell, G. Y.	Miller, B. S.
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Upon motion the reading of the Journal of yesterday's session was dispensed with.

The following House Bill was read the third time and put upon its passage, to-wit:

By Messrs. Wimberly, Fowler and Miller of Bibb—

A bill to provide for the holding of a special elec-

tion for Senator of the United States from the State of Georgia for term beginning March 4 1913, and ending March 3, 1919.

This was an engrossed bill, and upon its passage the ayes were 36, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

The bill was ordered immediately transmitted to the House of Representatives.

The following resolution was read the first time and referred to the Committee on Rules. to-wit:

By Mr. Kea—

A resolution changing the name of the Standing Committee on Immigration and Labor to the Committee on Commerce and Labor.

The following is the list of Standing Committees for the ensuing two years:

Standing Committees of the Senate.

ACADEMY OF BLIND.

JONES, S. E., Chairman.

KELLY, Vice-Chairman.

Dickey,
Perry.

Foster,

AGRICULTURE.

CHENNAULT, Chairman.

PERRY, Vice-Chairman.

Brown,	McGregor,
Bush,	Moore,
Dickey,	Peyton,
Hixon,	Pope,
Huie,	Rushin,
Jones, S. E.,	Searcy,
Jones, W W.,	Watts.

APPROPRIATIONS.

STARK, Chairman.

CONVERSE, Vice-Chairman.

Allen,	Parrish,
Bulloch,	Peyton,
Burtz,	Richardson,
Ford,	Smith,
Huie,	Taylor,
Irwin,	Turner.
Moore,	

AUDITING.

TAYLOR, Chairman.

MCGREGOR, Vice-Chairman.

Bulloch,	Jones, W W.,
Pope.	

BANKS.

HUIE, Chairman.

STARK, Vice-Chairman.

Brown,	Johnson,
Chennault,	Jones, S. E.,
Converse,	Perry.
Irwin,	

COMMERCE AND LABOR.

FORD, Chairman.

KEA, Vice-Chairman.

Converse,	Turner,
Longino,	Watts.
Perry,	

CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE RE-
APPORTIONMENT.

SWEAT, Chairman.

ELKINS, Vice-Chairman.

Converse,	Tarver.
DuBose,	

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

HARRELL, Chairman.

BURTZ, Vice-Chairman.

Bush,	Kelly,
DuBose,	Searcy,
Elkins,	Spinks,
Hixon,	Sweat,
Kea,	Tyson.

CORPORATIONS.

BURTZ, Chairman.

IRWIN, Vice-Chairman.

Olliff,
Perry,
Rushin,Tyson,
Watts.

COUNTY AND COUNTY MATTERS.

RUSHIN, Chairman.

MOORE, Vice-Chairman.

Dickey,
Foster,
Jones, W. W.,
Pope,Taylor,
Tyson,
Watts.

EDUCATION.

FOSTER, Chairman.

SMITH, Vice-Chairman.

Bush,
Chennault,
Converse,
Hixon,
Irwin,
Jones, S. E.,
Longino,McGregor,
Richardson,
Searcy,
Sweat,
Turner,
Parrish.

ENGROSSING.

OLLIFF, Chairman.

POPE, Vice-Chairman.

Bulloch,	Moore.
Jones, W W.,	

ENROLLMENT.

TYSON, Chairman.

TAYLOR, Vice-Chairman.

Kelly,	Kea,
Foster,	Searcy.

FINANCE.

MILLER, Chairman.

CHENNAULT, Vice-Chairman.

Brown,	Miller.
Bush,	Perry,
Converse,	Richardson,
DuBose,	Rushin.
Jones, S. E.,	Spinks,
McNeil,	Tarver.

HALLS AND ROOMS.

BULLOCH, Chairman.

FORD, Vice-Chairman.

Dickey,	Elkins.
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JOURNAL OF THE SENATE,
HYGIENE AND SANITATION.

JOHNSON, Chairman.

RICHARDSON, Vice-Chairman.

DuBose,
Hixon.

Longino,

INSURANCE.

DuBOSE, Chairman.

BUSH, Vice-Chairman.

Chennault,
Harrell,
Johnson,

Jones, S. E.,
McNeil,
Rushin.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

JONES, W W., Chairman.

HIXON, Vice-Chairman.

Kelly,

Longino.

JOURNALS.

KELLY, Chairman.

RUSHIN, Vice-Chairman.

Foster,
Irwin.

McGregor,

TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1913.

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GENERAL JUDICIARY.

McNEIL, Chairman.

ALLEN, Vice-Chairman.

Burtz,	Sweat,
Elkins,	Smith,
Ford,	Stark,
Harrell,	Spinks,
Irwin,	Tarver,
Kea,	Turner,
Miller,	Tyson.
Olliff,	

SPECIAL JUDICIARY

ELKINS, Chairman.

TARVER, Vice-Chairman.

Ford,	Olliff,
Foster,	Searcy,
Irwin,	Stark,
Kea,	Tyson,
Miller.	

MANUFACTURES.

BUSH, Chairman.

TURNER, Vice-Chairman.

Bulloch,	Burtz.
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JOURNAL OF THE SENATE,
MILITARY AFFAIRS.

CONVERSE, Chairman.

McGREGOR, Vice-Chairman.

Elkins,	Smith,
Longino,	Taylor,
McNeil.	Tyson,
Richardson,	

MINES AND MINING.

MOORE, Chairman.

WATTS, Vice-Chairman.

Tarver.	Tyson,
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PENITENTIARY.

TARVER, Chairman.

BULLOCH, Vice-Chairman.

Burtz,	Parrish,
Johnson,	Peyton,
Jones, W. W.,	Pope.
Moore,	Rushin,
Olliff,	Taylor,

PENSIONS.

McGREGOR, Chairman.

SEARCY, Vice-Chairman.

Miller,	Perry,
McNeil,	Stark,

PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS.

KEA, Chairman.

JONES, W. W., Vice-Chairman.

Harrell,

Peyton.

PRIVILEGES OF FLOOR.

RICHARDSON, Chairman.

FORD, Vice-Chairman.

Brown,

Johnson.

PUBLIC LIBRARY

PARRISH, Chairman.

FOSTER, Vice-Chairman.

Huie,

Moore.

PUBLIC PRINTING.

DICKEY, Chairman.

OLLIFF, Vice-Chairman.

Bush.

Foster,

PUBLIC PROPERTY

WATTS, Chairman.

JONES, S. E., Vice-Chairman.

Burtz,
Chennault,DuBose,
Spinks.

PUBLIC ROADS.

TURNER, Chairman.

DICKEY, Vice-Chairman.

Brown.
Burtz,
Parrish,Rushin,
Sweat,

RAILROADS.

PEYTON, Chairman.

HARRELL, Vice-Chairman.

Elkins,
Ford,
Jones, S. E.
Spinks,Sweat,
Tarver,
Watts,

RULES.

THE PRESIDENT, Chairman *ex-officio*.

MILLER, Vice-Chairman.

Allen,
McNeil,
Smith,Spinks.
Stark,

TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1913.

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SCHOOL FOR DEAF.

POPE, Chairman.

HIXON, Vice-Chairman.

Smith,

Taylor.

STATE OF REPUBLIC.

PERRY, Chairman.

MCNEIL, Vice-Chairman.

Harrell.
Hixon,

Miller,

STATE SANITARIUM.

LONGINO, Chairman.

JOHNSON, Vice-Chairman.

Brown,
Foster,
Huie,
Irwin.
McGregor,

Olliff,
Kelly,
Richardson,
Rushin,
Taylor,

TEMPERANCE.

HIXON, Chairman.

SEARCY, Vice-Chairman.

Allen,
Bulloch,

Bush,
Converse,

Dickey,
Elkins.
Ford,
Kelly,
McNeil,

Miller,
Parrish,
Stark,
Sweat,

UNIVERSITY OF GEORGIA.

ALLEN, Chairman.

DuBOSE, Vice-Chairman.

Huie,
Johnson,
Longino.

Miller.
Peyton,

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

BROWN, Chairman.

SPINKS, Vice-Chairman.

Allen,
Chennault,
DuBose,
Harrell,
Huie,
McNeil,

Miller,
Parrish.
Smith,
Stark,
Sweat,
Tarver,

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to amend Section 5010 of the Code of 1910, providing for appeals in forma pauperis so that the affidavits so filed may be disproved.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to provide a permanent registration for voters of this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend Sections 38 and 60 of the Civil Code of 1910, so as to provide that Tax Collectors shall not close their voters' books until 30 days before an election.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Ware.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to amend Sections 80 and 111 of Volume 1, of Civil Code of 1910, in relation to elections, how and when held, for members of the General Assembly and county officers.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to require the Clerks of Courts of this State having jurisdiction to forfeit bonds, to keep a docket of all such forfeited bonds, etc.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to amend Section 961 of the Code of 1910, relative to proceedings to forfeit recognizances.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to amend Section 1037, Paragraph 4, of the Penal Code of 1910, relating to the competency of husband and wife as witnesses in criminal proceedings.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to amend Article 7, Section 2, Paragraph 3, of the Constitution of Georgia, relative to poll tax.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to repeal Section 388 of the Penal Code of 1910, relating to the jurisdiction of prosecutions for using abusive or obscene language.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to provide for the publication of the reports of the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals.

Referred to the Committee on Public Printing.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 1, Article 11, of the Constitution, so as to create the new County of Trentlen.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 4252, of Volume 1, of the Code of 1910, relative to attorneys' fees.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to provide for an Agricultural School in the 12th Congressional District.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to amend Section 340 of the Penal Code of 1910, so as to make malicious oral defamation a libel.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to provide for the registration of births and deaths in this State.

Referred to the Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation.

The following resolution was read the first time, to-wit:

By Mr. McNeil—

A resolution providing for a new Great Seal of the State.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow at 11 o'clock A. M.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

July 2, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock A. M. and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the Roll the following Senators answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Miller, B. S. Harrell, G. Y.

The Journal of yesterday's proceedings was read and confirmed.

Mr. Ford, Vice-Chairman of the Committee on Halls and Rooms, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Halls and Rooms beg leave to report that we have so far, been able to arrange for

the following rooms in the Capitol Building: 120, 324 and 314, and the Historical Room in the Library (by courtesy of Mrs. Cobb), for the use of Standing Committees of the Senate.

Respectfully submitted,

L. L. FORD,
Vice-Chairman.

The following resolution was read the first time and tabled, to-wit:

By Mr. Sweat—

A resolution providing for joint meetings of the Senate and House Committees on Constitutional Amendments to hear and report upon all bills proposing to create new counties.

The following resolution was read the first time, to-wit:

By Mr. Peyton—

A resolution providing for a joint commission of five members of the present General Assembly to receive offers for sale or exchange of the present Executive Mansion.

Referred to Committee on Public Property.

The following bills were read the first time, to-wit:

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to create the Department of Public Roads and Highways.

Referred to the Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend Section 1207 of 2d Volume of new Code of Georgia, in reference to felony convicts.

Referred to Committee on Public Roads.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to prevent the sale of boots and shoes as of leather construction, when other material is substituted therefor in the manufacture.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend Section 1 of an Act passed by the General Assembly in 1911 to regulate and control the sale of fertilizers.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

By Messrs. Watts and Smith—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 1, Article 11, of the Constitution of Georgia, so as to create the new County of Griggs.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to require publication of monthly and quar-

terly statements of receipts and disbursements of public funds by municipal and county officers.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, of Section 1, of Article 11, of the Constitution of Georgia, so as to create the new County of Atkinson.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to prohibit the erection of obstructions, in such proximity to railroad tracks, as to make them dangerous.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to prohibit sale of pistols or revolvers in this State.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code, prohibiting running of freight trains on the Sabbath, etc.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to make it unlawful for any farm laborer to unlawfully abandon his contract.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to define and regulate the treatment and control of dependent and delinquent children.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. McGregor until next Tuesday.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow at 10 o'clock A. M.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

July 3, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock A. M., and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the Roll the following Senators answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.

Those absent were Messrs.—

McGregor, C. E. Miller, B. S.

The Journal of yesterday's proceedings was read and confirmed.

The following joint resolution was read and adopted, to-wit:

By Mr. Stark—

A resolution providing that when the General As-

sembly adjourns today it be until Monday, July 7, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The following resolution was read and tabled, to-wit:

By Mr. Huie, by request—

A resolution tendering the use of the Senate Chamber to Mrs. S. E. Cunningham, Mrs. H. H. Felton and others on the evenings of July 9 and 10, for the purpose of delivering addresses on "The Scope of the Elective Franchise."

An invitation was read and accepted from Dr. George Brown inviting the Senate to be his guests at the Grand Opera House on the evening of July 3, to witness Edison's talking pictures.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following resolution of the Senate, to-wit:

A resolution that when the General Assembly adjourns today the same will stand adjourned until Monday, July 7, 1913, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The following bills were read the first time, to-wit:

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, of Section 1, of Article 11, of the Constitution of Georgia, so as to create the new County of Warner.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to fix the salaries of county treasurers.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to amend Section 612, Code of 1910, relative to fishing in certain waters.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to appoint members of Board of Trustees of Branch Colleges from the Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia in rotation.

Referred to Committee on University of Georgia.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to require school attendance or instruction of children of specified ages, for a minimum period.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to amend an Act providing for a system of draining and reclaiming swamp lands.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to make the President of the Board of Trustees of South Georgia Normal College ex-officio a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Education.

The following House resolution was taken from the table, to-wit:

By Mr. Garlington of Richmond—

A resolution inviting Hon. Herbert Myrick, of Springfield, Ill., to address the General Assembly July 15, 1913.

Mr. Allen offered the following amendment: Add after the word 1913, in twelfth line, the words “at 12 o’clock M.”

The amendment was adopted and the resolution as amended was adopted.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Ford until next Thursday, and to Mr. Searcy for today’s session.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until Monday at 11 o’clock A. M.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

July 7, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock, and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the Roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

Those absent were Messrs.—

Ford, L. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Turner, S. M.
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The Journal of last Thursday was read and approved.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Messrs. Huie and Anderson—

A bill to amend Paragraph 1, Section 2, Article 3,

of the Constitution, so as to increase the number of State Senators.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to provide for the relief of Wm. B. Kent, as practicing attorney in this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to amend Section 2945 of the Code of 1910, relative to grounds for divorce.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend Act approved August 17, 1908, to require all railroad companies of this State to equip their locomotives with electric lights.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 7, Article 6, of the Constitution.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to repeal Section 31 of the General Insur-

ance Act, known as House Bill 752, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. Dickey—

A bill to amend Section 2798 of the Code of 1910 relative to suits against railroads.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to provide for the establishment of kindergartens in this State.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By unanimous consent the following bill was withdrawn from the General Judiciary Committee, and referred to the Penitentiary Committee:

A bill to give all courts of original jurisdiction in this State authority in certain cases to so mold their sentences as to allow defendants upon, a rendition of a verdict of guilty, to serve same outside of the confines of the penitentiary.

Mr. McNeil moved to take from the table the following resolution, which was tabled last Thursday:

By Mr. Huie—

Resolved, that the use of the Senate Chamber be tendered to Mrs. S. E. Cunningham and others on the evening of July 9 and 10.

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered,
and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Irwin, M. D.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Hixon, J. T.	Miller, B. S.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Moore, J. H.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Smith, E. L.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Stark, W. W.
Chennault, N. B.	Olliff, W. M.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Peyton, J. T.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Johnson, J. F.	Richardson, C. H.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Rushin, M. E.
Ford, L. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Perry, Grant D.	

The motion was lost.

The following message was received from the
House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has adopted the following resolution
of the House, to-wit:

A resolution accepting an invitation extended by
the City of Augusta to the General Assembly to visit
that city July 16, 1913.

The House has concurred in the Senate amend-
ment to the following resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution inviting Hon. Herbert Myrick to address the General Assembly July 15, 1913.

The following resolution of the House was read and concurred in:

By Messrs. Garlington, Olive and Picquet:

A resolution accepting an invitation of the City of Augusta to the General Assembly to visit that city on Wednesday, July 16, 1913.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Kea—

Resolved, by the Senate, that the Standing Committee known as the Immigration and Labor Committee be changed to the name of Commerce and Labor.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Mr. Longino—

A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in this State.

Referred to the Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation.

The following bill of the Senate was withdrawn from the Finance Committee and referred to the Insurance Committee:

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to require the holders of insurance policies

to return the cash surrender value of such policy for taxation.

The following Senate bill was withdrawn from the General Judiciary Committee and referred to the Insurance Committee:

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to regulate and control the organization and operation of insurance companies in this State.

Leave of absence was granted Mr. Turner for to-day's session on account of urgent business.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

July 8, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock, and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the Roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Irwin, M. D.		

Those absent were Messrs.—

Ford, L. L.

Mr. Tarver gave notice that at the proper time he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in accepting invitation to visit the City of Augusta on July 16.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Tarver moved to reconsider the action of the

Senate in adopting the following joint resolution on yesterday:

By Messrs. Garlington, Olive and Picquet—

A resolution accepting an invitation from the City of Augusta to the General Assembly to visit that city on July 16, 1913.

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Elkins, O. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Foster, A. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Harrell, G. Y.	Moore, J. H.	Stark, W. W.
Hixon, J. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Tarver, M. C.
Huie, G. M.	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Johnson, J. F.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Kea, Fred,	Pope, Le.	Watts, J. N.
Longino, J. T.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Dickey, R. L.	Miller, B. S.
Brown, John W. L.	DuBose, R. T.	Peyton, J. T.
Bulloch, R. O.	Irwin, M. D.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, S. E.	Smith, E. L.
Bush, W. J.	Jones, W. W.	Sweat, J. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Tyson, C. M.
Converse, W. L.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Ford, L. L.	Spinks, W. E.
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Ayes 22, Nays 19.

The resolution was reconsidered.

On motion of Mr. DuBose the following joint resolution of the House was adopted as amended:

By Messrs. Garlington, Olive and Picquet—

A resolution accepting the invitation of the City of Augusta to the General Assembly to visit the city on July 16, 1913.

The amendment is as follows:

Amend by striking out the words Wednesday July 16th and inserting in lieu thereof the words Saturday, July 19, 1913. Further amend by adding the following words after July 19, 1913, that the General Assembly shall stand adjourned for that day, and the same be declared *dies non*.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to declare it a misdemeanor to draw and utter any check, draft or order when the drawer has not at the time sufficient funds to meet same.

Referred to the Committee on Banks.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend the Act reapportioning the several Congressional districts by adding Clayton County to the Fifth Congressional District.

Referred to the Committee on Congressional Reapportionment.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to fix the salary of the Solicitor-General of the several courts of this State.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to provide for holding monthly meetings of the Board of County Commissioners of Stewart County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to amend an Act to more thoroughly carry into effect the provisions of an Act to prevent the adulteration of foods.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to create and authorize the appointment of notaries public for the State at large.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to amend Section 12, of Article 7, of the Constitution by adding thereto the words "Or for the purpose of enabling the State to pay promptly when due the salaries of teachers in the public schools."

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to provide for the sanitation of bakeries, canneries, restaurants, meat markets, etc., in this State.

Referred to the Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to require all firms or corporations offering to sell mixed paints in this State to label the contents showing the per cent. of minerals contained therein.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 5298 of Volume 1, of the Code of 1910, relating to garnishments.

Referred to the Committee on Banks.

By unanimous consent Senator Miller of the 24th District was added to the Committee on Education.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Wednesday, July 9th, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Irwin, M. D.		

Those absent were Messrs.—

Ford, L. L.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has adopted the following joint resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution inviting Senator Hoke Smith to address the General Assembly

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following joint resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution to authorize the payment of the earned salary of the Insurance Clerk under Section 248 of the Code of 1910.

Mr President:

I am instructed by his Excellency the Governor, to deliver a sealed communication in writing to which he respectfully invites your attention in executive session.

The following invitation was extended the Senate:

The Senate of Georgia is cordially invited to attend the sessions of the Georgia Woman's Suffrage Association's Annual Convention. The opening session will be held tonight at eight o'clock at a place not yet determined. Also another session tomorrow night. The business session will be held at the Labor Temple, 112 Trinity Ave., Thursday, beginning at ten o'clock. To all these meetings the presence of the members of the Senate is desired.

MARY L. McLENDON, Pres.

KATHERINE KOCH, Sec.

On motion to accept the above invitation, the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows.

Before the roll call was completed Mr. Miller moved to table the motion to accept the invitation.

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote is as follows. Before the roll call was completed Mr. Miller moved to withdraw his motion to table the invitation. This motion prevailed.

Mr. Stark moved to table the invitation, and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as followsa

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Converse, W. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Spinks, W. E.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Stark, W. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Peyton, J. T.	Sweat, J. L.
Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le,	Taylor, G. W.
Jones, W. W.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Perry, Grant D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Longino, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Diekey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Tarver, M. C.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Turner, S. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Moore, J. H.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Chennault, N. B.	Ford, L. L.	Jones, S. E.
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Ayes, 22; nays, 18.

The invitation was tabled.

Mr. Chennault, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to more thoroughly carry into effect the provisions of an Act to prevent the adulteration of food for man and beast, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

N. B. CHENNAULT, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Athens, approved August 24th, 1872, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Huie, Chairman of the Committee on Banks, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Banks has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit:

A bill to declare it a misdemeanor to draw and utter any check, draft, or order, where the drawer has not at the time, sufficient funds to meet the same, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

G. M. HUIE, Chairman.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters have had under consideration the following Senate bills, which they instruct me to report with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

No. 15. A bill to amend Act creating Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Charlton County

No. 73. A bill amending Act creating Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Ware County.

The Committee has also had under consideration

the following Senate bill, which they instruct me to report with the recommendation that it do not pass, to-wit:

No. 91. A bill to amend Section 612 of Code of 1910 relative to fishing.

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. RUSHIN, Chairman.

The following resolution was read:

By Mr. McNeal—

A resolution extending the use of the Senate to the Georgia Woman's Suffrage Association at night on July 9th and 10th.

On this resolution the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Mr. Stark moved to table the resolution and the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Pepe, Le,
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Sweat, J. L.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Harrell, G. Y.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Elkins, O. H.	Hixon, J. T.
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Irwin, M. D.	Miller, B. S.	Spinks, W. E.
Kelly, O. L.	Moore, J. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Longino, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
McGregor, C. E.	Richardson, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
McNeil, W. D.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	DuBose, R. T.	Ford, L. L.
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Ayes, 22; nays, 18.

The motion prevailed and the resolution was tabled.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Smith (by request)—

A bill to amend Section 1, Paragraph 2, Article 11, so as to provide for the creation of Hansell County.

Referred to Committee on Amendments to Constitution.

By Mr. Dickey—

A bill to amend Section 4828 of the Code of 1910.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Pope and Olliff—

A bill to amend Section 112 of the Civil Code of Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to make it unlawful for any officer to deliver any prisoner to another person not authorized by law to extort testimony.

Referred to Committee on Penitentiary.

The following Senate resolutions were read first time:

By Mr. Foster—

A resolution to appoint a committee from the Senate and House to secure certain information as to the sale of the A. B. & A. R. R.

Referred to Committee on W & A. R. R.

By Mr. Tarver—

A resolution providing that all applications for use of the Senate be referred to the Committee on Halls and Rooms.

This resolution was adopted.

The following joint resolution of the House was read and adopted:

By Mr. Miller of Bibb—

Resolved, that the Hon. Hoke Smith be invited to address the General Assembly Committee on part of the Senate are Senators Huie and Hixon.

By Messrs. Hardeman and Moore—

A resolution to authorize the payment of the

earned salary of the Insurance Clerk under Section 248 of the Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

Upon motion the Senate adjourned until 11 o'clock A. M. tomorrow.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

Thursday, July 10, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

On motion the reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has concurred in the Senate amendments to the following joint resolution of the House.

A resolution to accept an invitation to visit the City of Augusta.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The Speaker has appointed the following members as Committee on part of the House to confer with Senator Hoke Smith relative to arranging a date on which he will address the General Assembly, to-wit:

Messrs. Miller,
Slade,
Adams of Hall.

Mr. Sweat, Chairman of the Committee on Congressional and Legislative Reappointment, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Congressional and Legislative Reappointment have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to Reapportion the various Congressional Districts of this State so as to take Clayton County from the Sixth Congressional District and place said county in the Fifth Congressional District.

Respectfully submitted,

J. L. SWEAT, Chairman.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Appropriations has had under consideration the following House resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A resolution to authorize the payment of the earned salary of the Insurance Clerk under Section 248 of the Code of 1910.

Respectfully submitted,

W W STARK, Chairman.

Mr. Foster, Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

A bill to regulate the reading of the Holy Bible in opening the public schools.

A bill to amend an Act creating a system of public schools for the City of Oglethorpe.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. FOSTER, Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Special Judiciary Committee, submits the following report:

Mr President:

The Special Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with a recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

Senate Bill No. 16, to amend the City Court of Jefferson so as to change the terms of said court.

And Senate Bill No. 42, to amend the City Court of Jefferson so as to provide for a stenographer.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

At 11.15 o'clock the Senate went into Executive Session.

On motion the following bill was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill declaring it a misdemeanor to draw and utter a check or draft when the drawer has not sufficient funds to pay said check or draft.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to amend the Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Charlton County.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Athens, approved August 24th, 1872, in regard to paving the streets.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to regulate the reading of the Bible in opening the public schools of this State.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, approved July 16, 1903.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to carry into effect an Act to prevent the adulteration, misbranding and imitation of food for men and beast.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, approved July 16, 1903, so as to provide an official Stenographer for said Court.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend the Act creating a system of public schools for the City of Ogleshorpe.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to amend the Act creating a Board of Com-

missioners of Roads and Revenue for Ware County, approved August 19, 1912.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend the Act Reapportioning the several Congressional Districts of this State so as to place Clayton County in the Fifth Congressional District.

The following joint resolution of the House was read second time.

By Messrs. Hardeman and Moss—

A bill to authorize the payment of the earned salary of the Insurance Clerk.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to provide for the vacation of the Judges of the Superior Courts of this State.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Parish—

A Bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McNeal—

A Bill to require all railroads in this State to erect sign boards at certain points along the line.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Jones of 21st—

A bill to transfer Wilkinson County from the Ocmulgee to the Dublin circuit.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Elkins, Kea and Peyton—

A bill to create the new County of Lamar.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Perry—

A bill to require taxes to be paid by all corporations, companies and associations in the County in which they are by law required to be returned.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to revise the school laws of Georgia and provide for three additional supervisors.

Referred to Committee on Education.

The following Senate bill was withdrawn from the Penitentiary Committee and referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to give all courts of original jurisdiction

authority in certain cases to allow defendants convicted to serve term outside of chaingang.

The following Senate bill was withdrawn from the Public Printing Committee and referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Elkin—

A bill to provide for the publication of the reports of the Supreme Court and Court of Appeals.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Friday, July 11th, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Diekey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

Mr. Huie gave notice that at the proper time he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in recommitting Senate Bill No. 107 to the General Judiciary Committee.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitu-

tional majority the following bills of the House to wit:

A bill to create the office of City Recorder for the City of LaGrange.

A bill to create the new County of Barrow

A bill to provide upon what conditions and in what manner a foreign fire insurance company may withdraw securities on deposit with State officials.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Athens.

The following communication was received from His Excellency the Governor through his Secretary, Mr. Perry

Mr President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor to deliver to your honorable body a sealed communication in which he invites the consideration of your honorable body in executive session.

Mr. Huie moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in recommitting the following bill of the Senate from the Committee on Banks to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr.—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to draw a check or draft on any bank if he has not sufficient funds to meet said check or draft.

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Burtz, A. H.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Bush, W. J.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Chennault, N. B.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Foster, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Hixon, J. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Huie, G. M.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Irwin, M. D.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Harrell, G. Y.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.
DuBose, R. T.		

Ayes 35, nays 4.

The motion prevailed.

Mr. Foster, Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

A bill to prescribe a method of giving notice in writing of charges against members of County Boards of Education.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. FOSTER, Chairman.

Mr. Harrell, Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended to-wit:

A bill to amend Paragraph 1, Section 2, Article 3 of the Constitution of Georgia, so as to provide for an increase in the number of Senatorial Districts in the General Assembly, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

G. Y. HARRELL, Chairman.

Mr. Miller, Chairman of the Committee on Finance submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Finance has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 1229 of the Civil Code of 1910, by striking the word "December" wherever the same occurs and inserting in lieu thereof the word "November" and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Chairman.

Mr. Johnson, Chairman of the Committee on Hygeine and Sanitation, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Hygeine and Sanitation have had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in this State.

A bill to provide for the sanitation of bakeries, creameries, restaurants, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

J F JOHNSON, Chairman.

Mr. Ford, Chairman of the Committee on Commerce and Labor, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Commerce and Labor has had under consideration the following Senate bills which

I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to require Factories, Workshops and other Industrial Plants to make certain reports to the Department of Commerce and Labor.

A bill to amend Section 130 of Volume 2 of the Code of 1910 so as to give the Department of Commerce and Labor authority to designate where seats for females shall be placed in manufacturing and mercantile establishments.

A bill to require factories and workshops to provide proper ventilation and sufficient heat during winter months and for other purposes.

A bill to amend Section 3137 of the Code of Georgia and the Act of the Legislature approved August 21st, 1911, amendatory thereof, regulating the hours of labor in cotton and woolen manufacturing establishments.

Respectfully submitted,

L. L. FORD, Chairman.

At 11:45 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. Ford —

A bill to amend Section 2135 and 2136 of the Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor.

By Mr. Watts—

A bill to amend the Act of the General Assembly approved August 21, 1911, creating the department of Commerce and Labor and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor.

By Messrs. Rushin and Anderson—

A bill to provide for maintaining in proper condition crossways and other approaches to public bridges between counties.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Perry—

A bill to provide for monthly payments of school teachers and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

The following joint resolution was read first time.

By Messrs. Johnson and Moon, by request—

A resolution directing the Governor of Georgia to investigate and give direction to differences between citizens of this State and certain Copper Companies.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

The following House bills were read the 1st time.

By Mr. Cook of Chattahoochee and Mr. Wohlwender of Muscogee—

A bill to provide upon what conditions and in what manner a foreign fire insurance company or association doing business in this State which re-insures all its policies and contracts in force in this State may retire and withdraw from the State including any and all securities on deposit with State officials and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

By Messrs. Lipscomb and Rhodes of Clarke—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Athens, Ga., and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Moon and Hines of Troup County—

A bill to create the office of City Recorder for the City of LaGrange; to provide for the election of a City Recorder, to fix his compensation and bond, to define his powers, duties and liabilities and for other purposes.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Adams of Hall County—

A bill to propose to the qualified electors of this State an amendment to Paragraph 2 of Section 1, Article 11 of the Constitution of the State of Georgia as amended by the ratification by the qualified voters

of this State of the Act approved July 19, 1904, to create the new County of Barrow and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

The following Senate bills were read second time.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to amend Section 3137 of the Code of Georgia of 1910.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to require factories and work shops to provide proper ventilation and sufficient heat during the winter months.

By Mr. Jones—

A bill to prescribe a method for giving notice in writing charges against members of County Boards of Education.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to amend Section 130 of Volume 2 of the Code of 1910, relative to Department of Commerce and Labor.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to require factories, work shops, machine shops and other industries to report to the Department of Commerce and Labor.

By Mr. Huie —

A bill to declare it a misdemeanor to draw and utter a check or draft when the drawer has not sufficient funds to meet same.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to provide for the sanitation of bakeries, canneries, restaurants, etc., in this State.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to amend the Constitution providing how new counties shall be established.

By Messrs. Huie and Anderson—

A bill to amend Paragraph 1, Section 2, Article 3 of the Constitution so as to increase the number of Senatorial Districts in this State.

By Mr. Longino—

A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in this State.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was recommitted to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to amend Section 612 Code of 1910 relative to fishing in certain waters.

The following resolution of the House was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Messrs. Hardeman and Moss—

A resolution to authorize the payment of the salary of the Insurance Clerk as provided for in Section 248 of the Code of 1910.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Perry, Grant D.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Spinks, W. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

McGregor, C. E.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Foster, A. H.	Richardson, C. H.
Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.

Ayes 36, nays 1.

The resolution having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

On motion the Senate adjourned until Monday next at 12 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Monday, July 14, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 12 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W E.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Oliff, W M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The Journal of Friday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bills of the House. to-wit:

A bill to change the time of holding Superior Court in Johnson County

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Ben Hill County so as to abolish certain commissioner districts.

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Ben Hill County so as to provide for a Commissioner of Roads and Bridges.

The following resolutions were read and adopted

By Mr. Watts—

A resolution extending the thanks of the Senate to the Mayor and Council and Chamber of Commerce of the City of Athens for the hospitable manner in which they so highly and cordially entertained us on Saturday last.

By Mr. Huie—

A joint resolution extending an invitation to the Hon. T. Sambola Jones of Louisiana, to address the General Assembly on July 15, 1913.

The following Senate bills were read first time:

By Mr. Bulloch—

A bill to amend an Act to establish a State Board of Embalming, approved December 20, 1899.

Referred to Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to require all dealers in garden and agricultural seed to have written or printed on the original packages as sold a prescribed guarantee.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to protect and encourage the reproduction, growth and conservation of the pine forests of this State.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Alma.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Bush, Foster and Searcy—

A bill to prohibit any person from enveigling any female under 14 years of age into any house of ill fame, and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Bush, Foster and Searcy—

A bill to amend Section 93 of the Penal Code, and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Paulk—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act prescribing the duties of the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Ben Hill County

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Paulk—

A bill to amend the Act approved August 22, 1907, by repealing the provisions calling for three commissioner districts, regulating term of office, and for other purposes.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Meyer—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Johnson County, and for other purposes.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend the Act creating a system of public schools for the City of Oglethorpe.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 36; nays, 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to amend the Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Charlton County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 36; nays, 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, approved July 16th, 1903, so as to change the time of holding the sessions of said Court, and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 37; nays, 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson so as to provide for a stenographer for said court.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 38; nays, 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Tuesday, July 15, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Irwin, M. D.		

Those absent were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following Senate bills, which I

am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to incorporate the City of Colquitt, in lieu of the town of Colquitt.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Colquitt.

The Committee has had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Athens.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing report that they have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Charlton County

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, approved July 16, 1903.

A bill to amend the Act creating a system of public schools for the City of Oglethorpe, Ga.

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson so as to change the time of holding the sessions of said court.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submits the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass by substitute.

A bill to provide for verdicts and judgments to be rendered at the appearance term of the City and Superior Courts of this State, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

W. D. McNEIL, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Dougherty

County to contribute to the support of the hospital operated in Albany by the Albany Hospital Association.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has concurred in the following resolution of the Senate, to-wit:

A resolution to invite Hon. T. Sambola Jones to address the General Assembly Tuesday, July 15th, 1913.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has adopted the following joint resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution, that the House and Senate meet in joint session on Friday, July 18th, 1913, at 12 o'clock M., for the purpose of hearing the address of Senator Hoke Smith.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Special Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following Senate bills which

I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act creating City Court of Fitzgerald, so as to provide for compensation of court stenographers in criminal cases, etc.

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro.

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to give all courts of original jurisdiction in the State of Georgia authority in certain cases so to mold their sentences as to allow defendants, upon rendition of a verdict of guilty, to serve same outside the confines of the chaingang, jail, or other places of detention, under the supervision of the court, and for other purposes.

The committee has also had under consideration the following Senate resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass by substitute, to-wit:

A resolution in regard to a new Great Seal of State.

The committee has also had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to

report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to change the time of holding Superior Court of Johnson County

A bill to amend an Act approved August 22, 1907, by repealing the provisions calling for three commissioner districts, regulation, term of office, and for other purposes, Ben Hill County

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to prescribe the duties and powers of the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for Ben Hill County.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

Mr. Watts, Chairman of the Public Property Committee, submits the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Public Property has had under consideration the following resolution of the Senate which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass:

A resolution to appoint a committee of the Senate and House to receive offers for the sale of the Executive Mansion.

Respectfully submitted,

J N. WATTS, Chairman.

On motion, the following Senate bill was re-committed to the Education Committee:

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to regulate the reading of the Holy Bible in the public schools of this State.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Jones of 39th Dist.—

A bill to prescribe a method of giving notice in writing of charges against members of County Boards of Education.

Report of the Committee was agreed to as amended.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32; nays, 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended, and the amendments are as follows:

Amend by striking from the 8th and 9th lines of Section 1 the words “of Education.”

Senate bill No. 34 was tabled.

The following Senate bill was re-committed to the Hygiene and Sanitation Committee:

By Mr. Longino—

A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in this State.

The following joint resolution of the House was read and adopted:

By Mr. Miller—

A resolution convening the Senate and House in joint session at 12 o'clock noon, Friday, July 18.

The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived for the joint session of the General Assembly to listen to addresses of Hon. Hubert Myrick of Springfield, Ill., and Hon. T. Sambola Jones of Louisiana, representing Panama Pacific Exposition, the Senate repaired to the Hall of the House of Representatives, and was called to order by the President.

At the conclusion of the addresses, the joint session was dissolved, and the Senate returned to the Senate Chamber and was called to order by the President. The hour of adjournment having arrived, the Senate stood adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Wednesday, July 16, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names.

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.		

Those absent were Messrs.—

Johnson, J. F.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing report that they have examined and found properly engrossed and

ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate Bill to-wit:

A bill to prescribe a method of giving notice in writing of charges against members of County Boards of Education.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Harrell, Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to amend Paragraph, 2 Section 1, Article 11, of the Constitution of Georgia, so as to create the County of Milledge.

Respectfully submitted,

G. Y. HARRELL, Chairman.

Mr. Chennault, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report.

Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture has had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am

instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to put in force the constitutional amendment ratified at the November election in 1912, of Article 7, Section 2, Paragraph 2, of the Constitution of this State so as to exempt from taxation, farm products.

A bill to require all dealers in garden and agricultural seeds to have written or printed on the original packages as sold, a prescribed guarantee.

The committee has also had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the meshes of seines, nets and traps in the waters of this State.

A bill to amend Section 1, of an Act entitled an Act to regulate and control the sale of fertilizers in this State.

Respectfully submitted,

N. B. CHENNAULT, Chairman.

Mr. Richardson, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Hygeine and Sanitation submitted the following report.

Mr. President:

The Committee on Hygeine and Sanitation have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate

with recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to define who is able to contract marriage and prescribe how marriage license may be obtained.

The Committee have also had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in Georgia.

Respectfully submitted,

C. H. RICHARDSON, Vice Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Railroads, have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed as its Chairman to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code adopted August 15th, 1910, prohibiting the running of freight trains on the Sabbath and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House to-wit:

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Griffin.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Oglethorpe.

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the town of Unadilla.

A bill to amend the charter of Norwood.

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Tunnel Hill.

A bill to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Miller County

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Chattahoochee County.

A bill to amend the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Greensboro.

A bill to amend an Act creating a new Charter for the city of Jackson.

A bill to amend an Act to amend the Charter of the town of Bluffton.

A bill to amend an Act creating Commissioners for McIntosh County.

A bill to re-arrange the Albany and Cordele Judicial Circuits.

A bill to authorize the Mayor and Town Council of Lithonia to issue bonds.

A bill to incorporate the town of Clermont.

The House has adopted the following joint resolution to-wit:

A resolution to invite United States Senator Bacon to address the General Assembly in joint session.

The Speaker appointed as a Committee on the part of the House under the above resolution the following members.

Messrs. Pickett,
Connor,
Wimberly.

On motion the following bill was taken from the table and put upon the calendar.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to amend Section 130 of Volume 2, of the Code.

On motion the following Senate bill was recommended to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 5298, of Volume 1, of the Code.

The following resolution was read and adopted.

By Mr. Anderson—

Resolved that the Committee on Rules be authorized to revise the rules of the Senate as the same appear in the Legislature manual of 1911-12 and submit the revision to the Senate for its approval.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to amend the act of the General Assembly approved August 17th, 1908, creating the State Board of Veterinary Examiners for this State.

Referred to Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City of Edison relative to paving the sidewalks.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to create a system of public schools for the Town of Alma.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill for the relief of T. B. Sicks of Laurens County

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Longino—

A bill to regulate the employment of children in certain kind of labor.

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor.

The following House bills were read 1st time.

By Mr. Grimes—

A bill to amend the Act approved August 7th, 1912, creating a Board of County Commissioners of Miller County

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to authorize the Mayor and town Council of Lithonia to call and have held an election by the qualified voters of said town for the purpose of determining whether bonds shall be issued for the purpose of erecting a City Hall and Jail for said town.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Berry—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Tunnel Hill.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs Foster, Wright and Nunnally of Floyd—

A bill to amend an Act entitled “An Act to amend, consolidate and supersede the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome, Floyd County, State of Georgia, to create a new charter and municipal government for said city ”

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Connor of Spalding—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City Court of Griffin.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Adams of Hall—

A bill to incorporate the town of Clermont, Hall County, to provide for a Mayor and Council and other officers and electors of same.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Warren of Turner, Clements of Irwin and Paulk of Ben Hill—

A bill to rearrange the Albany and Cordele Judicial Circuits of the State of Georgia.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Clark of Dougherty—

A bill to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of the County of Daugherty from the treasury of said county to contribute toward the support of the hospital operated by the Albany Hospital Association in the City of Albany

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Atwood of McIntosh—

A bill to amend the Act creating Commissioners for McIntosh County, so as to make them elective by the qualified voters for terms of two years and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Mills of Butts—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 14, 1909 creating a new charter of the city of Jackson.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Cook of Chattahoochee—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for the County of Chattahoochee.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. McWhorter of Greene—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Greensboro.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Hart of Warren—

A bill to amend the Charter of Norwood, Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. DeVaughn of Macon—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Oglethorpe, Macon County, Georgia, etc.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Duncan of Dooly—

A bill to amend an Act of the Legislature incorporating the town of Unadilla in the County of Dooly, approved, December 24, 1890, so as to authorize the Mayor and Council to exercise the right of eminent domain generally and for condemning property for opening and laying out streets.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

Mr. Bell of Clay—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to amend the Charter of the town of Bluffton in the county of Clay

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Wimberly of Bibb, Pickett of Terrell and
Connor of Spalding—

A resolution to invite United States Senator
Bacon to address the General Assembly in joint
session.

Above resolution was concurred in.

Committee on part of Senate are:

Messrs. McNeil,
Moore.

The following Senate bills were read second time.

By Mr. Bush—

A Bill to amend the Act incorporating the City of
Colquitt, approved August 7th, 1912.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to incorporate the City of Colquitt and for
other purposes.

By Mr. Tarver—

A Bill to give all courts of original jurisdiction in
this State authority in certain cases to so mold
their sentences as to allow defendants to serve their
sentence outside of the chaingang.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Fitzgerald so as to provide stenographer for said court.

By Messrs. Pope, Hixon and others—

A bill to put into force the Constitutional amendment ratified November election 1912, of Article 7, Section 2, Paragraph 2, of the Constitution of this State.

By Mr. Parish—

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro.

By Mr. Parish, by request—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 1, Article 11, of the Constitution so as to create the County of Milledge.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to require all dealers in garden and agricultural seed to have written or printed on their original packages a prescribed guarantee.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to define who is able to contract marriage and prescribe how marriage license may be obtained.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to provide for verdicts and judgments to be

rendered at the appearance terms of City and Superior Courts of this State in certain suits.

The following Senate resolution was read second time.

By Mr. McNeil—

A resolution in regard to a New Great Seal of this State.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to require factories and workshops to provide proper ventilation and sufficient heat during the winter months.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to amend Section 3137 of the Code, which regulates the hours of labor in cotton and woolen mills.

Mr. Turner moved to table the bill.

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows.

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Bush, W. J.	McNeil, W. D.	Stark, W. W.
Chennault, N. B.	Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Dickey, R. L.	Parrish, C. H.	Turner, S. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Perry, Grant D.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Ford, L. L.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Foster, A. H.	Longino, J. T.	Smith, E. L.
Hixon, J. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Tarver, M. C.
Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

DuBose, R. T.	Johnson, J. F.	McGregor, C. E.
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Ayes 28, nays 12.

The motion prevailed and the bill was tabled.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to amend Section 130 of Volume 2, of the Code.

On agreeing to the report of the Committee the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Foster, A. H.	Miller, B. S.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Smith, E. L.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Kea, Fred,	Peyton, J. T.	Tyson, C. M.
Longino, J. T.	Pope, Le,	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Ford, L. L.	Perry, Grant D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Huie, G. M.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Irwin, M. D.	Spinks, W. E.
Bush, W. J.	Jones, S. E.	Stark, W. W.
Chennault, N. B.	Jones, W. W.	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Taylor, G. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Turner, S. M.
DuBose, R. T.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Johnson, J. F.	McGregor, C. E.	Rushin, M. E.
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Ayes 15, nays 25.

The report of the Committee was disagreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 8, nays 22, the bill was lost.

The door keeper was granted leave of absence for the balance of the week.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Thursday, July 17, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.		

Those absent were Messrs.—

Johnson, J. F.

Mr. Olliff gave notice that at the proper time he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in recommitting Senate Bill No. 110 to the General Judiciary Committee.

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Olliff moved that the action of the Senate in

recommitting the following bill to the General Judiciary Committee be reconsidered.

A bill to amend Section 5298 of Volume 1, of the Code relating to garnishment.

The motion was lost.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submits the following report.

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass.

A bill to authorize and empower the judges of the Superior Courts of this State to grant Charters to private companies in vacation.

The committee also recommend that the following bill of the Senate do pass by substitute as amended.

A bill to amend Section 4424 and 4425 of the Code of 1910, relative to recovery of damages.

Respectfully submitted,

W. D. McNEIL, Chairman.

Mr. Oliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing report that they have examined and found properly engrossed and

ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate bill to-wit:

A bill to require factories and workshops to provide proper ventilation and sufficient heat during the winter months.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Huie, chairman of the Committee on Temperance, makes the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Temperance has had under consideration Senate Bill No. 8, and instruct me as their chairman to report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass by substitute as amended.

J T. HIXON, Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report.

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate, with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to create the office of City Recorder for the City of LaGrange, to provide for the election of a City Recorder, to fix his compensation and bond, to

define his powers, duties and liabilities and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters, has had under consideration the following Senate bills, which it instructs me to report back, with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

Bill No. 26, to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Vienna.

Bill No. 127, to be entitled an Act to provide for maintaining in proper condition crossways and other approaches to public bridges between counties in this State and to provide a remedy where any county refuses or fails to do so.

Bill No. 115, to be entitled an Act to amend Civil Code, Section 113, to provide for the terms of County officers including Sheriffs, Clerks of Superior Courts, Tax Collectors, Tax Receivers, County Treasurers, County Surveyors and Coroners.

Bill No. 114, provide for holding monthly Sessions of Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenue of Stewart County.

The Committee has also had under consideration

the following Senate bills which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do not pass, to-wit:

Bill No. 91, with amendment to be entitled an Act to amend Section 612, Code of 1910, relative to fishing in certain waters with certain devices.

Bill No. 84, an Act to require the publication in a newspaper of monthly and quarterly itemized statements of the receipts and disbursements of public funds.

M. E. RUSHIN, Chairman.

Mr. Harrell, Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 1, Article 2, of the Constitution of the State of Georgia, so as to create the County of Barrow.

Respectfully submitted,

GEO. Y. HARRELL, Chairman.

Mr. President:

We the undersigned members of the Constitutional Amendment Committee respectfully dissent

from the majority report upon House Bill No. 14, being a bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 1, Article 2, of the Constitution of Georgia, so as to create the County of Barrow and file this our minority report and give as our reason for opposing said bill: First, We do not believe from the facts submitted that it is to the best interest of the State that said County be created.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ,

C. M. TYSON.

Mr. Chennault, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture has had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate without action by said committee, as it involves the appropriation of money and should originate in the House of Representatives, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 2084 of the Code of 1910, which Section makes an appropriation for the support of the Department of Agriculture, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

N. B. CHENNAULT, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeiullet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act authorizing Board of County Commissioners of Bibb County to issue certain bonds.

A bill to rearrange the Augusta and Middle Judicial Circuits.

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Abbeville.

A bill to change the time of holding Superior Court of Irwin County.

A bill to amend Section 5645 of the Code of 1910 relative to manner of verifying petitions.

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Miller County.

A bill to authorize the County Commissioner of Gwinnett County to pay certain Court costs.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Darien.

A bill to provide for the holding of four terms each year of Wilcox Superior Court.

A bill to incorporate the town of Box Springs.

A bill to repeal an Act to create the Board of County Commissioners for Irwin County

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Sharpsburg.

A bill to authorize the Board of County Commissioners for Bibb County to issue certain bonds.

The following amendments to the rules of the Senate were offered by the Rules Committee and the same were adopted by the Senate.

July 17th, 1913.

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Rules submits the following report:

Resolved, That the Rules of the Senate, as the same appear in the Legislative Manual of 1911-1912, be revised and amended as follows, to-wit:

Rule 16. Amend by inserting the following proviso at the end of the first sentence on line 6. "Provided that if, at the time, the Senate is acting under the previous question, such question of order, and other proceedings referred to, shall not be taken up for decision until after the previous question and the main question have been disposed of; or until such further time as may then be ordered by the Senate.

Insert New Rule to be numbered 21, as follows: No Senator shall address the Senate, nor interrogate a Senator who is speaking except through the President, and if the Senator speaking declines to be interrupted, the President shall cause the Senator desiring to interrogate him to be silent.

Rule 22. Change number to No. 23; and add the

following: "Except as to the final section taken by the House in any pending matter.

Insert New Rule to be numbered 34, as follows: No smoking shall be allowed in the Senate Chamber during the Sessions of the Senate, nor shall conversation be permitted within the Chamber.

Insert New Rule to be numbered 25, as follows: In nominating candidates for any office no laudatory remarks shall be allowed, nor shall any other candidate be disparaged.

Rule 26. Change number to No. 28. Repeal old rule and substitute the following: "On all questions, except such as are not debatable, any Senator on the call of the ayes and nays, shall be allowed five minutes as a matter of right in which to explain his vote. Where the vote on any question is not taken by ayes and nays no Senator shall be allowed to explain except by unanimous consent. No motion or request shall be entertained to vary this rule, nor to extend a Senator's tie for explaining."

Insert New Rule to be numbered 31, as follows: "No Senator shall be allowed to address himself to any question, and then move to table the bill, resolution or motion, or move the previous question thereon without relinquishing the floor.

Rule 31. Change Number to No. 34. Amend last proviso to read as follows: Provided that the General Appropriation Bill and the General Tax Bill shall have precedence on third reading over all other

matters, even special Orders, until the said Bills shall have been finally disposed of.

Insert New Rule to be numbered 35, as follows: "The President shall not recognize any Senator at any time for the purpose of asking unanimous consent to place any general bill on its passage, out of its regular order. Neither shall he recognize any request for unanimous consent for the introduction of new matter, or to read any bill or resolution the second time or to place any local bill or resolution on its passage except during the first 30 minutes after the confirmation of the Journal. The President shall entertain but one unanimous consent at any one time.

Rule 33. Change number to No. 36: Amend Rule to read as follows: Every motion or request to take up general bills or resolutions out of their regular order, and every motion or request for special orders shall be submitted in writing and reported upon by the Committee on Rules before being submitted to the Senate.

Rule 33. Change number to Number 37 Substitute following: No debate shall be admitted upon any bill at the first reading. Upon the introduction of any bill or resolution or other matter, requiring reference to a committee, the President shall as a matter of course and without debate commit the same to the proper committee, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate. In case of Engrossment of any Bill or other matter the entry thereof shall be made by the Secretary and the bill or other matter

shall not be amendable thereafter unless subsequently committed.

Insert New Rule to be numbered 38, as follows: Where report of a Committee is favorable to the passage of a bill, etc., the same shall be read a second time and passed to a third reading without question, unless re-committed. Where the report of a committee is adverse to the passage of a bill, etc., on the second reading thereof the question shall be on agreeing to the report of the committee. If the report of the committee is agreed to, the bill, etc., shall be lost. If the report of the committee is disagreed to the bill, etc., shall be passed to a third reading, unless recommitted; provided that no bill, etc., adversely reported shall be taken up for a second reading except by motion of some Senator. Any bill, etc., may be withdrawn at any stage thereof by consent of the Senate.

Insert New Rule to be numbered 43, as follows: The Committee on Rules, during the last seven legislative days of each Session shall arrange and fix the Calendar of business for each day, and such Calendar shall be a standing and continuing Special Order during said period; and no matter shall be taken up or acted on otherwise than in the order and manner fixed by such Calendar, except by a three-fourths vote of those present.

Rule 40. Change number to No. 46. Add the following to the rule: "And is amendable as to the day or time proposed."

Rule 46. Change number to No. 52. Add the fol-

lowing to the rule: "And when so taken from the table, it is thereby restored to its appropriate place on the Calendar."

Rule 56. Change number to 62. Change first 3 lines to read "In all cases where a minority report has been submitted on any matter, if the previous question is ordered," etc., etc., as in old rule.

Rule 64. Change number to No. 70: Add the following clause to the rule: "This motion can not be renewed or made a second time to the same measure on the same day."

Insert New Rule to be numbered No. 71, and to read as follows: "The motion to postpone to a day certain can not be applied to subordinate or incidental questions, but only to the whole measure. It is amendable by substituting one day or time for another. If a day proposed is known to be beyond the limits of the session the motion shall be treated as one to indefinitely postpone.

Rule 86. Change number to No. 93. Amend by striking out words on second line "the confirmation of the Journal" and substitute "the time for Universal Consents."

Rule 104. Change Number to No. 111: Repeal Rule and substitute the following: "The hours of the morning sessions of the Senate shall be from ten o'clock a. m. to one o'clock p. m.; when the Senate shall stand adjourned until ten o'clock a. m. of the next succeeding day, Sundays excepted; unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

Rule 116. Change number to No. 123. Strike out present rule and substitute following. "Every motion for information from the Executive or other Departments of the State shall lie on the table for one day unless referred to a committee by vote of the Senate.

Rule 118. Change number to No. 125. Add the following proviso: "Provided that when any matter is pending before the Senate, no question of personal privilege shall be acted on until the pending question is disposed of."

Rule 126. Change number to No. 133. Change name of "Committee on Investigation and Labor" to "Committee on Commerce and Labor."

Insert "Committee on Insurance."

Rule 127 Change number to No. 134.

Substitute the following order of business.

1. Prayer by the Chaplain.
2. Call of the Roll.
3. Report of Committee on Journals.
4. Notices of Motions to Reconsider.
5. Reading the Journal.
6. Confirmation of the Journal.
- 7 Unanimous Consents.
8. Motions to Reconsider.
9. Reports of Standing Committees.

10. Reports of Select Committees.
11. Messages from the Governor.
12. Unfinished business.
13. Special Orders.
14. Messages from the House of Representatives.
15. Introduction of Bills, etc., the first time on Mondays, Wednesdays and Thursdays.
16. Reading House Bills, etc., the first time for reference.
17. Reading Bills, etc., second time favorably reported from Committees.
18. Consideration of Bills, etc., adversely reported; on Tuesdays and Fridays.
19. Reading for third time of Bills, etc., ready for passage.
20. Motions, resolutions and petitions.

Rule 128. Change number to No. 135. Add the following: "And messages from the Governor or from the House of Representatives may be received under any order of business.

Rule 129. Change number to 136. Strike out and substitute the following: No change of or addition to these rules shall be made unless such proposed change or addition be submitted in writing and referred to the Committee on Rules and reported back to the Senate.

Insert New Rule to be numbered No. 137, and to be as follows: The rules of the Senate shall in no case be suspended or changed, or the order of business changed except by a three-fourths vote, a quorum of the Senate being present and voting.

Rule 130. Change number to No. 138. Strike out and substitute the following: The auditing Committee, before auditing the account of any Senator for expenses as a Committeeman, or incurred in discharge of any duty as a member of the Senate shall require of him an itemized statement of such account supported by proper vouchers for each item, whenever the same is practicable.

Insert New Rule to be numbered 139, and to read as follows: "When any question arises which is not provided for in the foregoing rules, the same shall be controlled by the rules usually governing parliamentary bodies.

Change the number of all other old rules to make them correspond and be consecutive.

B. S. MILLER, Vice Chairman.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Friday, July 18, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills and resolution of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Americus.

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Quitman. -

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Springfield.

A bill to amend an Act establishing the City Court of Monroe.

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Irwin County

A resolution to appoint a joint committee of the House and Senate to inquire into the advisability of purchasing the A. B. & A. R. R.

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to your honorable body a sealed communication to which he respectfully invites your consideration in executive session.

Mr. Ford, Chairman of Committee on Commerce and Labor, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Commerce and Labor has had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to require factories, work shops, machine

shops, etc., to report to the Department of Commerce and Labor, and for other purposes.

A bill to amend an Act creating the Department of Commerce and Labor, so as to change the title of stenographer to that of chief clerk and stenographer at \$1,500.00 per annum, and providing that said department shall receive a contingent fund of \$1,800.00 per annum, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

L. L. FORD, Chairman.

Mr. Chennault, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Agriculture have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to make it unlawful for any farm labor to unlawfully abandon his contract.

The Committee has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to prevent the sale of boots and shoes as of leather construction, when other material is substituted therefor in the manufacture.

Respectfully submitted,

N. B. CHENNAULT, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 2878 of the Code of 1910.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Edison.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Alma.

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Colquitt, approved Aug. 15th, 1905.

The Committee has had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of City of Greensboro.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Unadilla, in the County of Dooly, approved December 24, 1890.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Jackson.

A bill to amend the charter of Norwood, Ga.

A bill to authorize the Town Council of Lithonia to hold an election upon the question of issuing bonds.

A bill to incorporate the town of Clermont, in the County of Hall.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Rome.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Griffin.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Oglethorpe.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Tunnel Hill.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Bluffton, in the County of Clay

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Johnson, Chairman of Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia approved August 17th, 1908, entitled "An Act to create a State Board of Veterinary Examiners in this State."

The Committee has also had under consideration the following Senate resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A resolution to provide for the appointment of a commission to investigate the necessity of a sanitarium for "dope fiends" and inebriates.

Respectfully submitted,

J. F. JOHNSON, Chairman.

Mr Smith, Vice-Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Education have had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to require school attendance or instruction of children of specified ages for a minimum period, etc.

A bill to provide for the establishment of kindergartens as a part of the common school system of Georgia.

The committee has had under consideration the following Senate Bill, which I am instructed to re-

port back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit:

A bill to provide for the establishment of an agricultural school in the 12th Congressional District.

Respectfully submitted,

E. L. SMITH, Vice-Chairman.

On motion all House and Senate local bills were put upon their passage.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend the Act creating City Court of Fitzgerald so as to provide compensation for the stenographer for said Court.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to amend Act incorporating the City of Colquitt, approved August 7, 1912.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 36, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to incorporate the City of Colquitt in lieu of the town of Colquitt, and to confer additional powers, and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 34, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Parish—

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to amend the Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Ware County, approved August 19, 1912.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended, and the amendments are as follows:

Amend by adding after Section 4 the following:

Section 5. Be it further enacted, that until the

members of the General Information Board are elected as prescribed in the preceding section, and shall qualify and be commissioned on the first of January thereafter, the following named persons shall constitute said Board, and be commissioned, qualified and serve as such, to-wit:

From the Waycross District—W E. Steedley.

From the Jamestown District—B. F Bryans.

From the Bolen District—D. C. Kirkland.

From the Beach District—George Taylor.

From the Bickley District—G. H. Roberts.

From the Millwood District—J. W Starling.

From the Wareboro District—W B. Thigpen.

From the Manor District—D. C. Carmichael.

From the Glenmore District—D. N. McQuaig.

From the Brazanza District—Edward Griffin.

Amend further by changing the numbers of Sections 5 and 6 to Sections 6 and 7, respectively.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to authorize the execution of a lost or destroyed deed to be proved as to land in any county in this State, wherein the said deed was never recorded, by a certified copy of the record from any other county therein in which it was recorded.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to require all street railway companies to separate the white and colored passengers.

Referred to the Railroad Committee.

By Mr. Watts—

A bill to require purchasers of fertilizers offered for sale in this State to report to the Commissioner of Agriculture any failure to brand same, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Parish—

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Bulloch County, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Messrs. Jones and Hallberg of Coweta—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Sharpsburg, in the County of Coweta.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Shadburn of Gwinnett—

A bill to authorize and direct the County Commissioners of Gwinnett County to pay out of the County

funds of said County, raised by taxation, for paying expenses of court to the officers of the City Court of Buford.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Reiser of Effingham—

A bill to amend Section 12 of an Act creating the City Court of Springfield in Effingham County.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Atwood of McIntosh—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Darien so as to allow cash to be deposited in lieu of bond in police court cases.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Edmondson of Brooks—

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Quitman.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Wheatley of Sumter—

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend an Act, etc., incorporating the City of Americus in the County of Sumter.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Miller of Bibb—

A bill to repeal the Act authorizing the Board of County Commissioners of Bibb County to issue and sell county bonds for certain specified purposes, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act to create Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Irwin County, approved August 11, 1908, and amendment thereto.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Miller of Bibb—

A bill to be entitled an Act to authorize the Board of Commissioners for Bibb County to issue and sell bonds for the following purposes, to-wit: For remodeling of County Court House and the construction of school buildings in said county

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Ragland of Talbot—

A bill to incorporate the town of Box Springs in Talbot County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Olive of Richmond—

A bill to amend Section 5645 of the Code of 1910, relative to the manner of verifying petitions, and for other purposes.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Paulk of Ben Hill—

A resolution to appoint a joint committee from both Houses to investigate the advisability of purchasing the A. B. and A. R. R., and report at this session.

Referred to Committee on W & A. R. R.

By Br. Burnett of Walton—

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend, alter, modify and change certain portions of an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia, approved August 17, 1905, establishing the City Court of Monroe in Walton County, Georgia.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Irwin County, to provide for compensation, term of office, and appointment of said Commissioner, to define his powers, etc.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. McRae of Wilcox—

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Abbeville, in and for the County of Wilcox.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court in Irwin County, in the Cordele Circuit, and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Grimes of Miller—

A bill to amend an Act of the City Court of Miller County, approved August 6, 1909, and for other purposes.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee

By Mr. McRae of Wilcox—

A bill to be entitled an Act to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Wilcox County.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Brinson of Jenkins —

A bill to rearrange the Middle and Augusta Judicial Circuits by taking from the Middle Circuit the County of Jenkins and adding said county to the Augusta Judicial Circuit.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. Watts—

A bill to amend an Act of the General Assembly, approved August 21, 1911, creating the Department of Commerce and Labor so as to increase the salary of the Stenographer of said Department.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to amend Sections 4424 and 4425 of the Code relating to recovery for homicide, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to authorize Judges of the Superior Courts of this State to grant charters to private corporations in vacation.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend Section 2878 of the Code so as to define the term “other like Association.”

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to amend the Act of the General Assembly, approved August 17, 1908, creating a Board of Veterinary Examiners for the State of Georgia.

By Mr. Rushin—

A bill to repeal the Act establishing the City Courts of Vienna, in Dooly County.

By Messrs. Rushin and Anderson—

A bill to provide for maintaining in proper condition causeways and other approaches to public bridges between counties of this State.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Colquitt, approved August 15, 1905, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Edison so as to provide for paving sidewalks.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the town of Alma.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to prohibit any person, firm or corporation from shipping malt and intoxicating liquors into this State.

By Messrs. Pope and Olliff—

A bill to amend Section 112 of the Civil Code, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to provide for holding monthly sessions of

the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues
for Stewart County

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to require school attendance or instruction
of children of a specified age for a minimum length
of time.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to make it unlawful for any farm laborer to
unlawfully abandon his contract before complying
with it with intent to defraud.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to provide for the establishment and main-
tenance of an Agricultural District School of Me-
chanical Arts in the 12th Congressional District.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to provide for the establishment of kinder-
gartens as part of the common school system of this
State.

The following Senate resolution was read second
time:

By Mr. Tarver—

A resolution to provide for the appointment of a
commission to investigate the necessary needs of a
sanitarium for “dope fiends.”

The following House bills were read second time:

By Messrs. Moon and Hines—

A bill to create the office of City Recorder for the City of LaGrange, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Hart—

A bill to amend the charter of Norwood, Ga.

By Mr. Adams—

A bill to incorporate the town of Clermont in Hall County, and to provide for a mayor and council for same.

By Mr. McWhorter—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Greensboro.

By Mr. Moye—

A bill to change the time for holding the Superior Court of Johnson County.

By Mr. Paulk of Ben Hill—

A bill to amend the Act prescribing the duties of the Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Ben Hill County

By Mr. Paulk of Ben Hill—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 22, 1907, by repealing the provisions calling for three Commissioner Districts, regulating term of office, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Mills—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 14, 1909, creating a new charter for the City of Jackson.

By Mr. Field—

A bill to authorize the mayor and council of Lithonia to call an election to determine whether said town of Lithonia shall issue bonds for the purpose of equipping a city hall and jail.

By Messrs. Foster, Wright and Nunnally—

A bill to amend, consolidate and supercede the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome so as to extend the corporate limits of said city

By Mr. DeVaughn—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Oglethorpe, in Macon County

By Mr. Duncan—

A bill to amend the Act incorporating the town of Unadilla, in Dooly County

By Mr. Connor—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Griffin, so as to provide for the election of members of Board of Education by qualified voters of said city.

By Mr. Lipscomb—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Athens.

By Mr. Anderson—

A bill to propose to the qualified voters of this State an amendment to Paragraph 2, of Section 1, of Article 11, of the Constitution, so as to create the County of Barrow.

By Mr. Berry—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Tunnel Hill, and for other purposes.

The following resolution was read:

By Mr. Huie—

A resolution, Resolved, that the revised Rules of the Senate, as adopted July 17, be amended as follows, by striking out of the new Rule 137 the words three-fourths and substituting two-thirds.

Referred to Committee on Rules.

The following resolution was read:

By Mr. DuBose—

A resolution, Resolved, that House Bill No. 14, to create the new County of Barrow, be made the special and continuing order for next Wednesday, immediately after unanimous consents.

Referred to the Committee on Rules.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to provide for verdicts and judgments to be rendered at the appearance terms of the City and Supreme Courts of this State upon suits on unconditional contracts in writing, and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Mr. Harrell moved to table the bill, and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Longino, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.
Chennault, N. B.	McGregor, C. E.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Pope, Le,	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Smith, E. L.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Kea, Fred.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Hixon, J. T.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Huie, G. M.	Olliff, W. M.	Watts, J. N.
Irwin, M. D.	Perry, Grant D.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	DuBose, R. T.	Rushin, M. E.
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Ayes 11, nays 29.

The motion was lost.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered, and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Smith, E. L.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Spinks, W. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Sweat, J. L.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Huie, G. M.	Olliff, W. M.	Watts, J. N.
Irwin, M. D.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Hixon, J. T.	Pope, Le,
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.
Foster, A. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Searcy, W. E. H.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

DuBose, R. T.	Peyton, J. T.	Rushin, M. E.
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Ayes 28, nays 12.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed by substitute.

Mr. Harrell gave notice that at the proper time he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the foregoing bill.

The hour of 12 o'clock having arrived the Senate repaired to the Hall of the House of Representatives to listen to an address by Hon. Hoke Smith. After the speech the Senators returned to the Senate and were called to order by the President.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the Senate adjourned until Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Monday, July 21, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names.

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Jones, W W	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W E.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W W
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Irwin, M. D.		

Those absent were Messrs.—

Converse, W L.

The Journal of Friday was read and approved.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeinllet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitu-

tional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill for the relief of Rev. S. J. Cartledge.

A bill to incorporate the town of Meansville.

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Douglas.

A bill to provide for holding four terms of Coffee Superior Court each year.

A bill to repeal an Act to provide for the payment of certain insolvent criminal costs in the Augusta Judicial Circuit so far as same applies to Columbia County.

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the Town of Comer.

A bill to amend an Act amending the charter of the City of Americus.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Augusta.

A bill to add an additional judge of the Superior Court for the Atlanta Circuit.

A bill to repeal an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Coffee County.

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Glennville.

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Lincoln County.

A bill to transfer Wilkinson County from the Ocmulgee to the Dublin Judicial Circuit.

A bill to repeal an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for White County

A bill to incorporate the town of Kramer.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Griffin.

A bill to create a new Charter for the City of Lithonia.

The House has adopted the following joint resolution of the House.

A resolution providing for a joint session of the House and Senate to consolidate the vote cast in the special election for United States Senator held July 15th, 1913.

Mr. Harrell, Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Paragraph 2, Section 7, Article

6, of the Constitution of Georgia, relative to jurisdiction of Justice Courts.

Respectfully submitted,

G. Y. HARRELL, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to incorporate the Town of Box Springs.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Darien.

A bill to create a new Charter for the Town of Sharpsburg.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to be entitled an Act to relieve T. B. Hicks,

of Dublin, from liability upon a bond given for the appearance of John Walker, to answer to the charge of shooting at another to the Superior Court of Laurens County, Georgia.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate bills, to-wit:

A bill to provide for verdicts to be rendered at the appearance term of the City and Superior Courts upon suits on unconditional contracts in writing and verified accounts.

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Fitzgerald.

A bill to incorporate the City of Colquitt in lieu of the town of Colquitt and confer additional powers and for other purposes.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt.

A bill to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Ware.

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

By unanimous consent the following House bills were read third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Paulk—

A bill to amend an Act, approved August 22, 1907, by repealing the provisions calling for three Commissioner Districts, regulating their term of office.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 37, nays —, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Berry—

A bill to amend the town of Tunnell Hill, and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 37, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

Amend by adding a new Section to be properly numbered as follows:

Section 4. Be it further enacted that all laws

and parts of laws herewith conflicting are hereby repealed.

By Mr. Paulk of Ben Hill—

A bill to prescribe the duties and powers of the Commissioners of Roads and Revenue of Ben Hill County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 37, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Adams of Hall—

A bill to incorporate the Town of Clemont in Hall County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Foster, Wright and Nunnally—

A bill to amend, consolidate and supercede the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Connor—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Griffin, to provide that the members of the Board of Education of the City of Griffin be elected by the qualified voters of the City of Griffin.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Moon and Hines—

A bill to create the office of City Recorder for the City of LaGrange.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. McWhorter—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Greensboro.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. DeVaughn—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Oglethorpe.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Mills—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 14th, 1909, creating a new Charter for the City of Jackson.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority **was passed.**

By Mr. Duncan—

A bill to amend the Act of the Legislature incorporating the town of Unadilla in the County of Dooly, approved December 24, 1890, so as to authorize the Mayor and Council to exercise the right of eminent domain.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Hart—

A bill to amend the Charter of Norwood, Georgia.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Lipscomb and Rhodes—

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Athens and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to authorize the Mayor and Town Council of Lithonia, in the County of DeKalb, to have held an election by the qualified voters of said town to determine whether or not bonds shall be issued by said town for the purpose of equipping a City Hall and Jail.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of this bill the ayes were 37, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Rushin—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to establish the City Court of Vienna, in Dooly County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the Town of Alamo.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 34, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to provide for holding monthly sessions of the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenue for Stewart County, Georgia.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Colquitt approved August 15, 1905, and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30,

nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

The following Joint Resolution of the House was read and concurred in:

By Mr. Miller—

A resolution to hold a joint session on July 22, for the purpose of consolidating the vote for United States Senator in the special election of July 15, 1913.

The following Senate bills were read 1st time.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Sections 3321 and 3324 of the Code of 1910.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to authorize the Railroad Commission to fix the rate of speed a railroad train may run through incorporated towns or cities.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Burtz—

A bill to amend Article 7, Section 1, Paragraph 1 of the Constitution, relating to pensions.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Searcy—

A Bill to amend Sections 2721 and 2722 of the Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Payton—

A bill to prohibit unfair commercial discrimination between different Sections, communities and localities.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 838 of the Penal Code.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following report of the Rules Committee was read and adopted.

Atlanta, July 21st, 1913.

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Rules having had under consideration Senate Resolution No. 29, recommending a modification of Rule No. 137 as adopted by the Senate on July 17th, and having had their attention called to certain other changes suggested as being advisable beg leave to submit the following report for the consideration of the Senate, to-wit:

1. That the new Rule No. 137 be amended by striking out the words “three fourths” where the

same occur in said Rules and substituting the words "two-thirds."

2. That a new Rule be adopted to be numbered No. 39 and to read as follows: "When a bill, etc., favorably reported by a Committee is on its third, or last, reading, if the report of the Committee is disagreed to by the Senate the bill or measure shall be lost, unless the action of the Senate in disagreeing to the Committee report is reconsidered, within the proper time.

3. That the numbers of all the remaining Rules shall be changed so as to make them correspond and be consecutive.

4. That Rule No. 61 as adopted July 17th (being old Rule No. 55 of the Legislative Manual of 1911-12) be repealed and the following substituted, viz: "After the main question has been ordered, a motion to reconsider this action will, if adopted have the effect to repeal the ordering of both the main question and the previous question, and will leave the pending measure again open to debate, and amendment. This motion to reconsider the ordering of the main question can be made only once; and if lost, or if the main question is again subsequently ordered on the pending measure, no second motion to reconsider the ordering of the main question shall be entertained.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Vice Chairman.

Adopted.

The following resolution was read first time.

By Mr. Longino—

A resolution Fixing Senate bill No. 104 a special and continuing order for Tuesday, July 22, 1913 immediately after unanimous consent.

Referred to Committee on Rules.

Mr. Harrell moved that the following bill of the Senate which was passed last Friday be reconsidered.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to provide for verdicts and judgments to be rendered at the appearance term of the City and Superior Courts.

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Longino, J. T.	Pope, Le,
Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Kea, Fred,	Peyton, J. T.	Tyson, C. M.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Stark, W. W.
Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.
Huie, G. M.	Moore, J. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Irwin, M. D.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, C. W.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	Dickey, R. L.	Turner, S. M.
Chennault, N. B.	Foster, A. H.	Watts, J. N.
Converse, W. L.		

Ayes 12, nays 24.

The motion was lost.

The following House Bills read first time.

By Messrs. Smith, Blackburn and Cochran of
Fulton—

A bill to be entitled an Act to add an additional Judge of the Superior Court for the Atlanta Circuit, to regulate the manner in which the Judges of said Atlanta Circuit shall dispose of the business thereof, etc.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Piquet and Olive of Richmond—

A bill to amend the City Charter of Augusta so that certain members of the police and fire department may be retired and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Lee of Wilkinson—

A bill to be entitled an Act to transfer Wilkinson County from the Ocmulgee to the Dublin Circuit and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Tootle of Tattnall—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Glennville.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By My Ballard of Columbia—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to provide for the payment of insolvent criminal costs in the Augusta Judicial Circuit.

Referred Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—

A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Comer in Madison County and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Adams of Pike—

A bill to incorporate the town of Meansville in the County of Pike.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Stewart of Coffee—

A bill to repeal an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for Coffee County, Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Jackson of White —

A bill to repeal an Act entitled “An Act” to create a board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for White County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Messrs. Wheatley and Sheppard of Sumter.

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend an Act approved August 18th, 1906, amending Section 29 of the Charter of the City of Americus as provided in the Act approved November 11, 1889, with reference to paving said streets of said City and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Stewart of Coffee—

A bill to provide for holding four terms Coffee Superior Court each year, to prescribe the time for holding same and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Stewart of Coffee—

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Douglas in and for the County of Coffee and all laws amendatory of and to abolish said Court, etc.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Rhodes and Lipscomb of Clarke—

A bill for the relief of S. J. Cartlege, authorizing County Commissioners to pay claims.

Referred to special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Estes of Lincoln—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Lincoln County and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Connor of Spalding—

A bill to amend an Act to create a charter for the City of Griffin.

Referred to Committee on Corporation.

By Mr. McRae of Wilcox—

A bill to incorporate the town of Kramer in Wilcox County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Messrs. Field and Smith of DeKalb—

A bill to create a new Charter for the City of Lithonia, Georgia, to fix the incorporate limits, etc.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

Senate bill No. 2 was made special order for tomorrow.

100 copies of Senate bill No. 90 was ordered printed for the use of the Senate.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

Tuesday, July 22, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W E.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

On motion the reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to abolish the City Court for Pulaski County.

A bill to provide for holding four terms of Pulaski Superior Court each year.

A bill to amend an Act to establish a public school system for the town of Eastman.

A bill to amend an Act to create the City Court for Houston County

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Coffee County

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following joint resolution, to-wit:

A resolution to authorize the Committee on the School for the Deaf to visit said institution in the interim between the sessions of 1913 and 1914.

One hundred copies of the substitute to Senate Bill No. 8 was ordered printed for the use of the Senate.

The following resolution was read and unanimously adopted:

By Mr. Allen—

A resolution, Whereas, the Senate has learned with profound sorrow of the death of Miss Ruth Burwell, the sister of our distinguished and esteemed Speaker of the House of Representatives. Therefore, be it resolved, that the Senate extends to him and his family its sincere sympathy. Be it further resolved,

that a copy of this resolution be furnished to Mr. Burwell, Speaker, by the Secretary of the Senate.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to empower the Governor to declare positions of trustees or directors of State institutions vacant under certain circumstances, and to fill the vacancies.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was read third time, and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Edison, and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended, and the amendments are as follows:

Mr. Smith proposes to amend Senate Bill No. 137 as follows:

By adding the following paragraphs to said bill before the repealing clause, such paragraphs and the repealing clause to be numbered consecutively, to-wit:

Section 10. Be it further enacted, that the Act

approved August 20, 1906, creating the City of Edison be and the same is hereby amended by striking the word "January" in the second line of the fourth paragraph of said Act, and inserting in lieu thereof the word "December," so that hereafter the mayor and councilmen of said city shall be elected on the first Saturday in December in each year instead of in January

Section 11. Be it further enacted, that Section 6 of said aforesaid Act be and the same is hereby amended by striking the words "on Monday" in the first line of said section and inserting in lieu thereof the words "on the first Monday in January," so that the newly elected officers aforesaid will begin their term of service hereafter on the first Monday in January of each year, or as soon thereafter as practicable, as provided in said Section 6.

Section 12. Be it further enacted, that Section 8 of the aforesaid Act approved August 20, 1906, be and the same is hereby amended by striking the word "October" in the third line of said Section 8 and inserting in lieu thereof the word "September," so that hereafter the registration book or books mentioned in said section shall be opened on the first of September in each year instead of October.

Section 13. Be it further enacted, that Section 8 of the aforesaid Act be further amended by striking from said Section 8 wherever it appears therein the word "December" and inserting in lieu thereof the word "November," so that hereafter said registration book or books shall be closed annually on the

first of November, and that objections to the list of registered voters delivered to the mayor, as provided in said section, shall be made to any one or more persons so registered by the fifteenth of November instead of December, as heretofore provided in said Section 8.

Amend the repealing clause by numbering same Section 14.

Amend the caption of said bill by adding before the words "and for other purposes," the following: to change the time for holding the annual election of mayor and councilmen of said City of Edison, to change the time for opening the registration books for the registration of voters, and the closing of said books.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate bills, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Vienna.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt.

A bill to provide for holding monthly sessions of the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Stewart County

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Alamo.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on General Judiciary has under consideration the following Senate bills, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to be entitled an Act to create and authorize the appointment of notaries public for the State at large, etc.

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend Section 1037, Paragraph 4, of the Penal Code of 1910, relative to the competency of husband and wife as witnesses in criminal proceedings by making them competent, but not compellable to testify for or against one another, and for other purposes.

A bill to be entitled an Act to authorize the execution of a lost or destroyed deed to be proved, as to land in any county in this State, wherein the said deed was never recorded, by a certified copy from the record of any other county therein in which it was recorded.

The committee has also had under Consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to

report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to be entitled an Act to revise jury lists.

The committee has also had under consideration the following Senate bills, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate, with recommendation that the same do not pass.

A bill to provide for the appointment of a stenographer for the grand juries of the counties of the State, etc.

A bill to amend Section 2945 of the Civil Code of 1910, by providing that the only grounds for total divorce in said State shall be adultery.

A bill to provide for the rotation of Judges of the Superior Court of this State, to prescribe the manner of their assignment, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

W D. McNEIL, Chairman.

Mr President:

Your Committee on Penitentiary has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate, and instruct me as their chairman to report the same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

Senate Bill No. 118. To make it unlawful for any person having any person in charge under arrest to deliver such person into the custody of any other

person not authorized to receive him, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

TARVER, Chairman.

Mr. Miller, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Finance have had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to provide upon what conditions and in what manner a foreign fire insurance company or association doing business in this State, which reinsures all its policies may withdraw from the State.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Chairman.

Mr. Harrell, Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments have had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, towit:

A bill to amend the Constitution providing how new counties shall be established in Georgia.

Respectfully submitted,

G. Y. HARRELL, Chairman.

The following Senate bill was read 3rd time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to amend Section 4424 and 4425, of Volume 1, of the Code of 1910, relating to recovery for homicide and for other purposes.

On the substitute offered by Mr. Miller the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	DuBose, R. T.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Elkins, O. H.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	McNeil, W. D.	Tyson, C. M.
Converse, W. L.	Miller, B. S.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	Kelly, O. L.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Longino, J. T.	Smith, E. L.
Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	Spinks, W. E.
Hixon, J. T.	Moore, J. H.	Stark, W. W.
Huie, G. M.	Olliff, W. M.	Sweat, J. L.
Irwin, M. D.	Parrish, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.	Taylor, G. W.
Jones, W. W.	Pope, Le,	Turner, S. M.
Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.	Watts, J. N.
Kea, Fred,		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Chennault, N. B.	Ford, L. L.	Foster, A. H.
Dickey, R. L.		

Ayes 11, nays 28.

The substitute was lost.

The following amendments were adopted.

Mr. Tarver of the 43rd moves to amend as follows:

Amend substitute by inserting immediately before the words "so that said Section when amended shall read as follows: in lines 11 and 12 of Section 2 of the substitute as printed, the words; and by inserting after the words, "from the deceased" in line 8 of said Section the words "and in the event of a recovery by a child or children, he or they shall hold the amount of the recovery subject to the law of descents as personal property descending to the heirs-at-law of the deceased."

Amend further by inserting the last preceding sentence beginning with the words "and in the event" immediately after the words "from the deceased" in line 23 of Section 2 of the substitute as printed.

Mr. Smith proposes to amend the printed committee substitute for Senate Bill No. 2 as follows:

By striking from the fifth line of Section 1, the words "Minor or sui juris" and inserting in lieu thereof the words "if no minor child or children then child or children sui juris if any "

Mr. Smith proposes to amend the printed committee substitute for Senate Bill No. 2, as follows:

By striking the words "minor or sui juris" ap-

pearing in line 17 of Section 1, and inserting in lieu thereof the words "if no minor child or children, then child or children sui juris if any "

Report of the Committee was agreed to as amended. Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Harrell, G. Y.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Hixon, J. T.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Huie, G. M.	Moore, J. H.	Sweat, J. L.
Irwin, M. D.	Olliff, W. M.	Tarver, M. C.
Jones, S. E.	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Jones, W. W.	Pope, Le,	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Miller, B. S.	Richardson, C. H.
Converse, W. L.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Peyton, J. T.	Tyson, C. M.
McNeil, W. D.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Dickey, R. L.	Ford, L. L.
Chennault, N. B.	DuBose, R. T.	Foster, A. H.

Ayes 27, nays 10.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended. Mr. Miller gave notice that at the proper time he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the above bill.

The hour for the joint session of the General

Assembly having arrived to consolidate the vote for United States Senator, the Senate repaired to the Hall of the House of Representatives, and was called to order by the President of the Senate.

The President appointed the following as tellers to count and declare the result of the election held July 15 for United States Senator from Georgia for a term of 6 years from March 4, 1913:

Senate: Jones,
Tarver,
Turner,
Bush,
Taylor,

House: Miller,
McCrory,
Edmundson,
Smith of Fulton.
Culpepper of Meriwether.

The tellers appointed to canvass the returns, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

We the undersigned tellers respectfully report, that upon the consideration of the votes of the several counties cast in the special election held on July 15th, 1913, for a United States Senator from the State of Georgia for the term ending March 3, 1919, it appears that the Honorable Augustus O. Bacon, of the County of Bibb, received 25,529 votes,

the same being a majority of all the votes cast at said election.

Respectfully submitted,

JONES,

TARVER, -

TURNER,

BUSH,

TAYLOR,

Tellers on part of Senate.

MILLER,

MCCROBY,

EDMONDSON,

SMITH,

of Fulton,

CULPEPPER,

of Meriwether,

Tellers on part of House.

It appearing that the Hon. Augustus O. Bacon having secured a majority of all the votes cast for United States Senator from Georgia, for a term of six years, from March 4, 1913, the Hon Augustus O. Bacon was declared duly elected United States Senator from Georgia for a term of six years from March 4, 1913 by the President of the Senate. On motion the joint session was dissolved and the Senate returned to the Senate Chamber and was called to order by the President.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Anderson—

Resolved by the Senate that the House of Repre-

sentatives is respectfully requested to amend its rules, so that its order of business may provide a place on at least two days in the week for the passage of Senate bills.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Wednesday, July 23, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Diekey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Miller, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Rules submits the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Rules recommends that House Bill No. 14, the Barrow County Bill, be made the special and continuing order for Thursday, July 24, 1913.

The Committee also recommends that Senate Bill 104, known as the Medical Practice Bill be made the special and continuing order for Tuesday, July 29, 1913.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Vice Chairman.

The above report was adopted by the Senate.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Valdosta.

A bill to repeal an Act to establish a public school system for Ocilla.

A bill to provide quarterly terms of Walker Superior Court.

A bill to provide for four terms of Troup Superior Court.

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Woodbury.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Camilla.

The House has passed by the requisite Constitu-

tional majority the following resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution authorizing and directing the Governor of Georgia to investigate certain differences between citizens of this State and certain copper companies located in the State of Tennessee.

Mr. Moore, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on County and County Matters has had under consideration the following Senate Bill, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to-wit:

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend an Act creating Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Bulloch County

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House Bills, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill to authorize certain contributions from the Treasury of Dougherty County, to the Albany Hospital Association.

A bill to create Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Chattahoochee County

A bill amending Act creating Commissioners of Miller County.

A bill amending Act creating Commissioners of McIntosh County.

A bill to repeal Act authorizing issue and sale of certain bonds of Bibb County

A bill to authorize Bibb County to issue and sell bonds for certain purposes.

A bill to authorize Commissioners of Gwinnett County to pay certain costs.

A bill repealing Act creating Board of Commissioners for Irwin County

A bill creating office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Irwin County

A bill to incorporate the Town of Kramer in Wilcox County.

Respectfully submitted,

MOORE, Vice Chairman.

Mr. Smith Vice Chairman of the Committee on Education submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education have had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the reading of the Holy Bible in opening the public schools of this State.

Respectfully submitted,

E. L. SMITH, Vice Chairman.

Minority report of the Educational Committee on Senate Bill No. — for the regulation of the reading of the Holy Bible in the opening of Public Schools.

Mr President:

The undersigned members of the Educational Committee offer the following Minority report to Senate Bill No. — the Same being a bill providing for the reading of the Holy Bible in the opening of Public Schools and for other purposes.

We favor the reading of the Holy Bible as provided for in said Bill and believe it should pass and not be rejected by the Senate.

We ask that this dissenting report of the minority be substituted for that of the majority.

W J. BUSH,
C. E. MCGREGOR,
C. H. RICHARDSON,
W E. H. SEARCY.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to create a new charter for City of Lithonia.

A bill to incorporate the Town of Meansville.

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Comer.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Griffin.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Augusta.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Glennville.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Railroads has had under consideration the following Senate Bill which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to confer upon Railroad Commission authority to require union depots in certain cases.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON, Chairman.

Mr. Hixon, Chairman of the Committee on Temperance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Temperance, have had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to purchase for another, from a blind tiger any spirituous or malt liquors, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. HIXSON, Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary, has had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend, alter, modify and change, certain portions of an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia, approved August 17, 1905, establishing the City Court of Monore in Walton County, Georgia.

A bill to amend an Act of the City Court of Miller County, approved August 6th, 1909, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

O. R. ELKINS, Chairman.

Minority report of the General Judiciary Committee on Senate Bill No. 119, providing for the rotation of Judges:

Mr President:

The undersigned members of the General Judi-

ciary Committee offer the following minority report to Senate Bill No. 119, the same being a bill providing for the rotation of Judges of the Superior Courts of Georgia, and for other purposes:

We favor the rotation of Judges of the Superior Courts as provided for in this bill, and believe the measure one that will largely correct the evil that has grown up out of the election of the Judges by the people, and that the measure will conserve the more impartial administration of the law, as well as to divorce the judiciary from political influences which tends to destroy the confidence of the people in the impartial administration of the law. We therefore recommend that the bill as amended do pass.

W W STARK,
M. C. TARVER,
A. H. BURTZ,
FRED KEA,
M. D. IRWIN,
S. M. TURNER.

Minority report from the Committee on General Judiciary on Senate Bill No. 72.

Mr President:

The undersigned members of the Committee on General Judiciary, respectfully submit the following minority report upon Senate Bill No. 72, to amend Section 1037, Paragraph 4 of the Penal Code of 1910, relative to the competency of husband and wife

as witnesses in criminal proceedings, by making them competent but not compellable to testify for or against one another, and for other purposes. Under the present law of this State neither the husband or wife are competent or compellable to give evidence in any criminal proceeding for or against each other except that the wife shall be competent but not compellable to testify against her husband upon his trial for any criminal offense committed or attempted to have been committed upon her person. She is also a competent witness to testify for or against her husband in cases of abandonment of his child.

To amend the law as proposed would in our opinion be a prolific source of perjury. The close intimate relation existing between husband and wife would it is believed exert a greater influence over them as witnesses in criminal cases than the sancity of an oath.

Moreover, the brutal, criminal husband would invariably compel his wife to testify for and in his behalf or he would make life to her a burden.

For these and other reasons we might give, we are against the proposed bill and recommend that it do not pass.

Respectfully submitted,

J. L. SWEAT,
5th District.

O. H. ELKINS,
15th District.

W. E. SPINKS,
38th District.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed, and ready for transmission to the House the following Resolution and Bills, to-wit:

A resolution in reference to the Order of Business of the House of Representatives.

A bill to amend Sections 4424 and 4425 of Volume 1, of Code of 1910 relating to recovery for homicide.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Edison.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

The following communication was read from the Governor through his Secretary, Mr. Perry.

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency the Governor, to deliver to your honorable body a sealed communication to which he respectfully invites your consideration in executive session.

The following House Bills were read second time.

By Mr. Miller of Bibb—

A bill to be entitled an Act to authorize the Board of Commissioners for Bibb County to issue and sell

bonds for the following purposes, to-wit: For remodeling of County Court House and the construction of school buildings in said County.

By Mr. Miller of Bibb—

A bill to repeal the Act authorizing the Board of County Commissioners of Bibb County to issue and sell County Bonds for certain specified purposes and for other purposes.

By Mr. Grimes of Miller—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 7th, 1912, and entitled an Act to create a Board of County Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Miller and for other purposes.

By Mr. Tootle of Tattnall—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Glennville.

By Messrs. Jones and Hollberg of Coweta—

A bill to create a new Charter for the Town of Sharpsburg in the County of Coweta.

By Mr. Cook of Chattahoochee—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for the County of Chattahoochee, Ga., to provide for the appointment and qualifications of the Commissioners who constitute

said Board and to prescribe their duties, fix their qualification and for other purposes.

By Mr. Clark of Dougherty —

A bill to authorize and empower the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of the County of Dougherty from the treasury of said County to contribute toward the support and maintenance of the hospital operated by the Albany Hospital Association in the City of Albany and for other purposes.

By Messrs. Cook of Chattahoochee and Wohlwender of Muscogee—

A bill to provide upon what conditions and in what manner a foreign fire insurance company or association doing business in this State, which reinsures all its policies and contracts in force in this State may retire and withdraw from the State including any and all securities on deposit with State officials and for other purposes.

By Messrs. Picquet and Olive of Richmond—

A bill to amend the City Charter of Augusta so that certain members of the police and fire departments may be retired and for other purposes.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—

A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Comer in Madison County and for other purposes.

By Mr. Atwood of McIntosh—

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend the Charter of the City of Darien so as to allow cash to be deposited in lieu of bond in police court and for other purposes.

By Mr. Atwood of McIntosh—

A bill to amend the Act creating Commissioners for McIntosh County, so as to make them elective by the qualified voters for terms of two years and for other purposes.

By Mr. Ragland of Tolbert—

A bill to incorporate the town of Box Springs in Tolbot County

By Mr. Burnett of Walton—

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend, alter, modify and change certain portions of an Act of the General Assembly approved August 17, 1905.

By Mr. Grimes of Miller—

A bill to amend an Act of the City Court of Miller County approved August 6th, 1909 and for other purposes.

By Mr. Adams of Pike—

A bill to incorporate the Town of Meansville in the County of Pike.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Irwin County, to provide for their compensation, term of office, etc., and for other purposes.

By Mr. McRae of Wilcox—

A bill to incorporate the town of Kramer in Wilcox County.

By Mr. Connor of Spalding—

A bill to amend an Act to create a Charter for the City of Griffin.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A Bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act to create Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Irwin County, approved August 11th, 1908, and amendment thereto and for other purposes.

By Mr. Shadburn of Gwinnett—

A bill to authorize and direct the County Commissioners of Gwinnett County to pay out of the county funds of said county, raised by taxation, for paying expenses of court, etc., and for other purposes.

By Messrs. Field and Smith of DeKalb—

A bill to create a new Charter for the City of

Lithonia, Ga., to fix the incorporate limits, etc., and for other purposes.

The following resolution was read and referred to the Rules Committee.

By Mr. McGregor—

A resolution, Resolved that Senate Bill No. 51, be made special order for Thursday, immediately after the reading of the Journal.

The following Senate bills were read second time.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to confer upon the railroad Commission the power to require of two or more railroads entering the same town or city where practicable to erect union depots.

By Messrs. Jones of 39th, Foster and Burtz—

A bill to revise jury lists in this State.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to purchase for another from a blind tiger any spiritous liquors in this State.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to authorize the execution of a lost or destroyed deed to be proved as to land in another County.

By Mr. Parrish—

A bill to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Bulloch County.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to Create and authorize the appointment of Notaries Public for the State at large.

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to amend Section 1037, Paragraph 4, of the penal Code relative to competency of husband and wife as witnesses.

By Mr. Kea, by request—

A bill for the relief of T. B. Hicks of Dublin, in Laurens County

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to make it unlawful for any officer in this State to allow a prisoner in his charge to be subjected to any cruel process to extort testimony

The following House Bills were read first time.

By Messrs. McGehee and Culpepper of Meriwether

A bill to be entitled an Act to create a new Charter for the town of Woodbury.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Griffin and Jones of Lowndes—

A bill to be entitled to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Valdosta.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Stewart of Coffee—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for the County of Coffee.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Farris of Walker—

A bill to provide quarterly terms of the Superior Court of Walker County, and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Pulaski; and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to abolish the City Court of Pulaski, to provide for disposition of books, etc., and for other purposes.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Moon of Troup—

A bill to be entitled an Act to provide for four terms of the Superior Court of Troup County in the Coweta Circuit and for other purposes.

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Camilla in and for the County of Mitchell and for other purposes.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Methvin of Dodge—

A bill to amend an Act to establish a system of public schools for the town of Eastman and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act approved December 17th, 1902, to establish a public school system for the City of Ocilla in Irwin County and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Messrs. Greene of Houston and Holtzclaw of Houston—

A bill to amend an Act to create the City Court of Houston and for other purposes.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Wright of Floyd and Hendrix of Union—

A resolution authorizing and directing the Governor of Georgia to investigate and give direction to differences between citizens of the State of Ga. and certain copper companies located in the State of Tennessee and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

On motion the following House bill was read 2nd time and recommitted to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to repeal an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Coffee County

The following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to repeal the Act creating the City Court of Douglass in Coffee County

The following House resolution was read and concurred in.

By Mr. Foster—

A resolution to authorize the Committee on the school for the deaf to visit said institution between sessions.

Mr. Miller moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following bill of the Senate on yesterday.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to amend Section 4424 and 4425 of the Code.

The motion was lost

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. McGregor by request—

A bill to extend the powers of the Pension Commissioner and to define his duties.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to authorize the granting of free passes to sheriffs and deputy sheriffs of this State.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend Section 3016 of the Code of 1910, relative to Children's Court.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend Section 895 of the Penal Code relative to Children's Court.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to prescribe the amount of cost in cases involving \$100.00 or less in the City Court of Dublin.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend Section 3955 of the Code so as to permit any Trust Companies of this State to be appointed County administrator where it has its principal office.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Irwin—

A bill to make it compulsory upon Railroads to provide and keep a telephone in ticket offices.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Allen by request —

A bill to fix the status of every resident of this State whose spouse residing in another State or foreign country.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to authorize and empower the Judges of the Superior Courts of this State to grant Charter to private Companies in vacation.

The following amendment was adopted:

Amend Section 1, by inserting in the 4th line of said Section after the words "in vacation," the words "at chambers."

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended.

By Messrs. Pope, Hixon and others—

A bill to put into force the Constitutional Amendment ratified at the November election in 1912, of Article 7, Section 2, Paragraph 2, of the Constitution.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 3; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to prohibit any person firm or corporation from shipping any malt or intoxicating liquors into this State for illegal sale.

The following amendment was offered by Mr. Dickey by striking in excess of three gallons and substituting in excess of one gallon.

On this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows.

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	Jones, S. E.	Peyton, J. T.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Pope, Le,
Dickey, R. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Richardson, C. H.
Foster, A. H.	Longino, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	Smith, E. L.
Hixon, J. T.	Moore, J. H.	Spinks, W. E.
Irwin, M. D.	Perry, Grant D.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Stark, W. W
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W	Sweat, J. L.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Tarver, M. C.
Chennault, N. B.	McNeil, W. D.	Taylor, G. W
Converse, W. L.	Miller, B. S.	Turner, S. M.
DuBose, R. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Ford, L. L.	Rushin, M. E.	MR. PRESIDENT.

Ayes 20, nays 23.

The amendment was lost.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 3; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed, by substitute as amended, and the amendment is as follows:

Amend by inserting between the word same and to in the fifth line of Section 2, the words “if in excess of three gallons.”

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Thursday, July 24th, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names.

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Parrish—

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Bullock.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 39, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing, have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to authorize Judges of the Superior Courts of this State to grant charters to private companies in vacation and for other purposes.

A bill to put in force the Constitutional amendment ratified at the November election, 1912, to exempt farm products from taxation.

A bill to prohibit any person or private carrier from shipping malt and intoxicating liquors into this State.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Railroads have had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am in-

structed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 2626 of Civil Code relative to duties of Chairman of Railroad Commission.

A bill to provide that notice by the carrier shall be given to consignees of freight.

A bill to confer upon the Railroad Commission the power to place a time limit in orders issued approving issuance of stocks, bonds, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

J T. PEYTON, Chairman.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters has had under consideration the following House bill which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Lincoln County

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. RUSHIN, Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on General Judiciary have had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation do pass, to-wit:

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Irwin County

A bill to create an additional Judge of the Superior Court of the Atlanta Judicial Circuit.

The Committee have had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, towit:

A bill to amend Section 1036 of the Penal Code.

A bill to amend Section 1036 of the Penal Code so as to provide that defendants shall be subject to cross examination.

A bill to change the time of meeting of the General Assembly

A bill to provide a permanent registration of voters.

The committee recommends that the following Senate Bill be read a 2nd, time and recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee, to-wit:

A bill to fix the salary of the Solicitors General of the several circuits of this State.

Respectfully subimtted,

W D. McNEIL, Chairman.

Mr President:

The General Judiciary Committee having reported unfavorably upon Senate Bill No. 56, providing for Biennial Sessions of the General Assembly, we the undersigned members of said committee herewith file a minority report, and think that for the following reasons the said bill should pass.

1. There is enough law upon the statute book of Georgia.

2. The annual sessions have tendency to disorganize business, and an eternal amending of laws therefore confusing and leaving the public in state of uncertainty of what is the law

3. It is too expensive when same work, passing same laws could be accomplished every two years.

4. Too frequent elections which disturb the public mind and local conditions and many other good and valid reasons here unnecessary to set out.

JOHN T. ALLEN,
W M. OLLIFF,
S. M. TURNER,
W E. SPINKS.

Mr Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following House Bills which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill amending Act incorporating City of Americus.

A bill amending Sec. 29 of Charter City of Americus.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet the Clerk thereof.

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bills of the House to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Danielsville.

A bill to incorporate the City of Comer.

A bill to incorporate the City of Chickamauga.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Buford.

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Sycamore.

A bill to require the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Sumter County to work the county chain gang on the streets of the City of Americus.

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Charlton County.

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Jefferson so as to change the time of holding its sessions.

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, so as to provide for an official stenographer.

The House has concurred in the Senate amendment to the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Tunnel Hill.

By unanimous consent the following House bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Grimes—

A bill to amend an Act creating and establishing the City Court of Miller County and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Adams—

A bill to incorporate the town of Meansville, in the County of Pike.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Grimes—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 7th, 1912, and entitled an Act to create a Board of County Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Miller.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the Bill the ayes were 36, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to incorporate the town of Kramer in Wilcox County.

The Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 34, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Picquet and Olive of Richmond—

A bill to amend the City Charter of Augusta so that certain members of the police and fire departments may be retired and for other purposes.

Report of the committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Tootle—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Glennville.

Report of the committee was agreed to

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Connor—

A bill to amend an Act to create a charter for the City of Griffin.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the Bill the ayes were 34, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Atwood—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Darien.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 37, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Ragland—

A bill to incorporate the Town of Box Springs in Talbot County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 39, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Clark—

A bill to authorize and empower the commissioners of Roads and Revenues of the County of Dougherty from the Treasurer of said County to contribute toward the support of the hospital operated by the Albany Hospital association in the city of Albany.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the Bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Cook—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Chattahoochee County.

Report of committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Atwood—

A bill to amend the Act creating Commissioners for McIntosh County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 34, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Burnett—

A bill to amend, alter, modify and change certain portions of an Act of the General Assembly of Ga., approved August 17, 1905, establishing the City Court of Monroe in Walton County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 34, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Shadburn—

A bill to authorize the county commissioners of Gwinnett County to pay out of the county funds of said county raised by taxation for paying expenses of court, to the officers of the City Court of Buford, etc.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to create a new Charter for the City of Lithonia.

Report of Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 36, nays, 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Miller —

A bill to authorize the Board of Commissioners in Bibb County to issue and sell bonds for the following purpose, to-wit: For remodeling of County Court House and construction of school buildings.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to repeal the Act authorizing the Board of County Commissioners of Bibb County to issue and sell County Bonds for certain specified purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Irwin County, etc.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 34, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Jones and Hollberg of Coweta—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Sharpsburg in the County of Coweta.

Report of committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to repeal an Act to create Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Irwin County, approved August 11th, 1908, and amendment thereto.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 34, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Thompson—

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the Town of Comer in Madison County.

Report of Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage which was special order for today.

By Mr. Adams of Hall—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2 of Section 1, Article 2, of the Constitution so as to provide for the creation of the County of Barrow.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows.

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Jones, W. W.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Tarver, M. C.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Taylor, G. W.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Turner, S. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Watts, J. N.
Ford, L. L.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Peyton, J. T.
Burtz, A. H.	Longino, J. T.	Pope, Le,
Foster, A. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Spinks, W. E.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Stark, W. W.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Perry, Grant D.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Richardson, C. H.

Ayes 25, nays 17

The bill not having received the requisite Constitutional majority was lost.

Notice was given that at the proper time a motion would be made to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the above bill. The Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Friday, July 25, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 1 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names.

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The reading of the journal was dispensed with.

On motion when the Senate adjourns today it will stand adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. DuBose moves to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following bill of the House on yesterday

By Mr. Adams—

A bill to amend Paragraph 2 of Section 1, of

Article 2 of the Constitution so as to create the County of Barrow.

The motion prevailed and the bill was reconsidered.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate Bill, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Bulloch.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Foster, Chairman of the Committee on Education submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bills:

Senate Bill No. 41. An Act to make the State Superintendent of Schools a member *ex-officio* of the Board of Trustees of the District Agricultural Schools.

Senate Bill No. 95. A bill to be entitled an Act to make the President Board of Trustees of the

South Georgia Normal College a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia.

House Bill No. 449. A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act approved December 17th, 1902, to establish a public school system for the City of Ocilla in Irwin County and for other purposes. I am instructed to recommend that these bills do pass.

A. H. FOSTER, Chairman.

Minority report of the Committee on appropriations to Senate Bill No. 128.

Mr President:

The undersigned members of the Committee on Appropriations, offer the following minority report to Senate Bil No. 128, providing for the monthly payment to school teachers.

We are opposed to said bill for the reason that the condition of the State Treasury renders it impracticable and impossible to carry out the provisions of said bill.

M. D. IRWIN,
W W STARK,
S. M. TURNER,
G. M. HUIE,
C. H. PARRISH,
JOHN T. ALLEN.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, submits the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration Senate Bill No. 128, providing for monthly payment of school teachers and for other purposes, and I am instructed to report the same back with a recommendation that the same do pass by substitute.

W W STARK, Chairman.

Mr. Brown, Chairman of the Committee on W & A. R. R., submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Western & Atlantic Railroad have had under consideration the following House Resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that same do not pass, to-wit:

A resolution to appoint a joint committee to investigate the advisability of purchasing the Atlanta, Birmingham & Atlantic Railroad.

Respectfully submitted,

J. W L. BROWN, Chairman.

Minority report of the General Judiciary Committee on Senate Bill No. 68, to provide for permanent registration in Georgia.

Mr. President:

The undersigned members of the General Judiciary Committee offer this their minority report on

Senate Bill No. 68, providing for permanent registration and for other purposes.

We favor the passage of this bill as amended, and believe the measure a good one, and one that will prevent a great many voters from being disfranchised. We therefore recommend that the bill do pass as amended.

W W STARK,
B. S. MILLER,
W M. OLLIFF,
A. H. BURTZ,
J L. SWEAT,
W E. SPINKS,
CHAS. M. TYSON,
JNO. T. ALLEN,

The following House bills were read first time.

By Mr. Warren of Turner—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Sycamore, in the County of Turner State of Georgia, and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—

A bill to create and incorporate the City of Comer in the County of Madison and to grant a Charter to that municipality under that corporate name, and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Shadburn of Gwinnett—

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend the Charter of the City of Buford in Gwinnett County

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—

A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Danielsville, in the County of Madison, and for other purposes.

Referred to committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Farris of Walker—

A bill to incorporate the City of Chickamauga in the County of Walker, Ga., and for other purposes.

Referred to committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Wheatley of Sumter—

A bill to authorize and require the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of County of Sumter to work county chain gang force upon streets of city of Americus and for other purposes.

Referred to committee on Counties and County matters.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills, to-wit:

A Bill to change the County site of Murray County.

A bill to incorporate the City of Danielsville.

A bill to amend an Act abolishing the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Wilkes County.

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Early County

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Ocilla.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Unadilla.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Valdosta.

The House has adopted the following joint resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution endorsing Hon. Walter P Andrews for the post of Consul-General to Paris, France.

The following House Bills were read second time.

By Mr. Wheatley of Sumter—

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend an Act, etc., incorporating the city of Americus in the County of Sumter.

By Messrs. Wheatley and Sheppard of Sumter—

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend an Act ap-

proved August 18, 1906, amending Section 29 of the Charter of the City of Americus.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to repeal an Act approved, December 17th, 1092, to establish a public school system for the City of Ocilla in Irwin County and for other purposes.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court in Irwin County in the Cordele Circuit and for other purposes.

By Messrs. Smith, Blackburn, Cochran of Fulton—

A bill to be entitled an Act to add an additional Judge of the Superior Court for the Atlanta Circuit.

The last named bill was recommitted to the Committee on General Judiciary

The following Senate bill was taken up with adverse report from the Committee and the Committee report was agreed to and bill lost.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to prevent the sale of boots and shoes as of leather construction when other material is substituted therefor.

The following resolution was read.

By Mr. Smith—

Resolved by the Senate that beginning with next

Monday, July 27, inst. that the Senate hold afternoon sessions from 3 p. m. to 5 p. m. until after the appropriation bill and General Tax Act is disposed of.

Referred to Committee on Rules.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to authorize and require the several County Boards of Education of the several counties of this State to borrow money to pay teachers.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 2166 of the Code so as to extend the life of Railroad Charters.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to play games with cards or dice on Sunday

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to fix the time of residence in Georgia of ex-confederate soldiers and widows of ex-confederate veterans who enlisted in the confederate army.

Referred to Committee on Pensions.

The following Senate bills were read second time.

By Mr. Perry—

A bill to provide for monthly payments of school teachers of this State.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to make the President of the Board of Trustees of the South Georgia Normal College ex-officio, a member of the Trustees of the University of Ga.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 2626 of the Civil Code of Georgia.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to provide that notice by the carriers shall be given to consigner of freight before undelivered goods may be sold.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to make the State superintendent of schools a member ex-officio of the Board of Trustees of the District Agricultural Schools.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to confer upon the Railroad Commission of Georgia the power and duty to place a time limit in orders hereafter issued approving the issuing of bonds.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to fix the salary of the Solicitors General of the State of Georgia.

This bill was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bills were read first time.

By Messrs Sweat, Converse and others—

A bill to remove the Experiment Station from Griffin to South Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Kelly—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Augusta

Referred to Committee on Corporation.

By unanimous consent the following House bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Messrs. Cook and Wohlwender—

A bill to provide upon what condition and in what manner foreign Fire Insurance Companies doing business in this State may withdraw from the State.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

On motion action on the following Senate bills was postponed until next Wednesday and 100 copies were ordered printed for the use of the Senate.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to provide who may contract marriage in this State.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to give courts of original jurisdiction authority in certain cases to so mould their sentences so that defendant may serve sentence outside of the penitentiary

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to confer upon the Railroad Commission of Georgia, the power and authority to require of two or more Railroads entering the same town or city in this State when practicable the erection of a union passenger station.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to pur-

chase intoxicating liquors from a blind tiger for another person.

Mr. Harrell moved to indefinitely postpone the bill and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Elkins, O. H.	Kea, Fred,
Brown, John W. L.	Harrell, G. Y.	McNeil, W. D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Turner, S. M.
Chennault, N. B.	Johnson, J. F.	Tyson, C. M.
Converse, W. L.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Moore, J. H.	Smith, E. L.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Spinks, W. E.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Stark, W. W.
Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le,	Sweat, J. L.
Kelly, O. L.	Richardson, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Longino, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Watts, J. N.
McGregor, C. E.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Parrish, C. H.	

Ayes 16, nays 19.

The motion was lost.

Mr. McNeil moved to table the bill and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Harrell, G. Y.	McNeil, W. D.
Brown, John W. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Miller, B. S.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Jones, W. W.	Turner, S. M.
Converse, W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Tyson, C. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Kea, Fred,	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Olliff, W. M.	Smith, E. L.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Spinks, W. E.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Stark, W. W.
Kelly, O. L.	Pope, Le,	Sweat, J. L.
Longino, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
McGregor, C. E.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Moore, J. H.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.
Dickey, R. L.	Huie, G. M.	Taylor, G. W.
DuBose, R. T.		

Ayes 18, Nays 19.

The motion was lost.

Mr Sweat offered the following amendment to the bill.

Amend the substitute by adding at the end of Section 1, the following proviso:

Provided that this Act shall not apply to any one who shall make a purchase for the purpose of obtaining evidence against the seller.

By SWEAT of the 5th District.

On this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows.

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.
Foster, A. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Spinks, W. E.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Sweat, J. L.
Huie, G. M.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Burtz, A. H.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.
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Ayes 10, nays 30.

The amendment was lost.

Mr. McNeil moved to postpone consideration of this bill until next Monday and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Converse, W. L.	Jones, S. E.
Brown, John W. L.	Elkins, O. H.	Johnson, J. F.
Bulloch, R. O.	Huie, G. M.	Kea, Fred,
Chennault, N. B.	Irwin, M. D.	McNeil, W. D.

Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.	Tyson, C. M.
Rushin, M. E.	Turner, S. M.	Watts, J. N.
Spinks, W. E.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Moore, J. H.	Smith, E. L.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Stark, W. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Taylor, G. W.
Kelly, O. L.	Pope, Le,	MR. PRESIDENT.
Longino, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.
DuBose, R. T.	Jones, W. W.	

Ays 19, nays 20.

The motion was lost.

On agreeing to the report of the Committee the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Moore, J. H.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Smith, E. L.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Stark, W. W.
Kelly, O. L.	Perry, Grant D.	Tarver, M. C.
Longino, J. T.	Pope, Le,	Taylor, G. W.
McGregor, C. E.	Richardson, C. H.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Converse, W. L.	Huie, G. M.
Brown, John W. L.	DuBose, R. T.	Irwin, M. D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Elkins, O. H.	Jones, S. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Ford, L. L.	Johnson, J. F.
Chennault, N. B.	Harrell, G. Y.	Kea, Fred,

McNeil, W. D.	Spinks, W. E.	Turner, S. M.
Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.	Tyson, C. M.
Rushin, M. E.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Jones, W. W.	Peyton, J. T.
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Ayes 18, nays 22.

The report of the Committee was disagreed to and the bill was lost.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was read first time.

By Mr. McNeil by request—

A bill to amend the Act creating a new Charter for the City of Macon, approved November 21, 1893.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

On motion when the Senate adjourned today it will stand adjourned until Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

On motion the Senate adjourned.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Monday, July 28, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock and was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names.

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.		

Those absent were Messrs.—

Tyson, C. M.

Mr. Hixon gave notice that at the proper time he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating Senate Bill No. 9 on last Friday

On motion the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Hixon moved to reconsider the action of the

Senate in defeating the following bill on last Friday

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to make it unlawful for any person to purchase any intoxicating liquors from a blind tiger.

The motion prevailed and the bill was reconsidered.

On motion the following bill of the Senate was recommitted to the Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill providing for the inspection of bakeries and canneries in this State.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was read 3rd time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to make the President of the Board of Trustees of the South Georgia Normal College ex-officio a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By unanimous consent the following House bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Americus.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Wheatley and Sheppard—

A bill to amend the Act approved August 18, 1906, amending Section 29, of the Charter of the City of Americus.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act approved December 17th, 1902, to establish a public school system for the city of Ocilla in Irwin County,

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Moye—

A bill to change the time of holding Superior

Court in Johnson County, Georgia, in the Dublin Judicial Circuit.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court in Irwin County in the Cordele Circuit and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

Mr. DuBose, Chairman of the Committee on Insurance, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Insurance, has had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to regulate and control the organization and operation of insurance companies.

Respectfully submitted,

DUBOSE, Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on General Judiciary have had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend sections 80 and 111 of Vol. 1 of Civil Code, so as to change the time of electing State and County officers and members of the General Assembly

A bill to require Clerks of Courts to keep a docket of forfeited bonds.

The committee has had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit:

A bill to amend Sections 38 and 60 of the Civil Code relative to the time of closing registration books.

The committee has had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to prohibit any person or firm engaged in the delivery of messages or packages from sending

any minor under sixteen years to any disreputable place.

A bill to repeal Section 388 of the Penal Code of 1910, relating to jurisdiction of prosecutions for using abusive or obscene language.

The committee has had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A Bill to provide an additional Judge of the Superior Court for the Atlanta Circuit.

The committee has had under consideration the following House Resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass by substitute, to-wit:

A Resolution authorizing and directing the Governor to give direction to differences between citizens of the State of Georgia and certain copper companies located in the State of Tennessee.

Respectfully submitted,

W. D. McNEIL, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following Bill of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to confer upon the Railroad Commission of Georgia, the power to require two or more railroads entering the same town, to erect joint passenger depots and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

W M OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Ford, Chairman of the Committee on Commerce and Labor, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The committee on Commerce and Labor has had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to be entitled an Act to regulate the employment of young children in certain kinds of labor.

A bill to amend Sections 2135 and 2136 of the Code of 1910.

Respectfully submitted,

L. L. FORD, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to regulate the manner in which the State Militia may be called out and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the Circuit Court of Oglethorpe.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to repeal the act approved August 16, 1912 amending Section 1434, Volume 2, of the Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to regulate the sale of tobacco and cigarettes in this State.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Smith, by request—

A bill to amend the penal Charter of the town of Arlington, Ga.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Turner—

A bill to provide for the amendment of indictments of criminal cases and for other purposes.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

The following resolution was read first time and laid over.

By Messrs. Foster and Hixon—

A resolution endorsing the great work being done in this State by Dr. Soule.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Colquitt, approved August 15th, 1905.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt in lieu of the Town of Colquitt, approved August 11th, 1905.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt, approved August 7th, 1912.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the Town of Alamo.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Edison.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following Bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to incorporate the Town of Cotton.

A bill to establish a public school system for the City of Ocilla.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Columbus.

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Ocilla.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Toccoa.

A bill to amend an Act creating a new charter for the city of Eastman.

A bill to incorporate the town of Mauk.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Oakfield.

A bill to amend an Act to provide a Board of Commissioners for the County of Elbert.

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of roads and Revenues for Newton County.

A bill to create a board of Civil Service Commission for the City of Augusta.

A bill to authorize the establishment of a public school system for the town of Canton.

A bill to provide for an extra or an additional levy of a tax by the County Commissioners of Catoosa County

A bill to repeal an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Dooly County.

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Pavo.

A bill to repeal an Act and all amendments thereto creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Jones County.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Lawrenceville.

A bill to establish the City Court of Irwin County.

A bill to make the Clayton Board of Education the legal successor to the Trustees of Clayton Academy

A bill to provide for the holding of primary elections in the City of Savannah.

A bill to amend an Act creating the Charter of the Town of Lumber City

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Plainville.

A bill to amend the several Acts incorporating the City of West Point.

The following message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary Mr. Perry.

Mr President:

I am directed by His Excellency, the Governor, to deliver to the Senate a communication in writing to which he respectfully invites your attention.

The following Senate bills were read second time.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to amend Sections 80 and 111 of Volume 1 of the Civil code of Georgia.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to require the Clerks of the Courts of this State having jurisdiction to forfeit bonds to keep a docket of such forfeited bonds.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to regulate and contract the organization and operation of insurance companies in this State.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend Section 38 and 60 of the Civil Code of 1910.

By Mr. Anderson—

A bill to regulate the employment of young children in the factories of this State.

By Mr. Ford—

A bill to amend Section 2135 and 2136 of the Code of 1910.

The following Communication was read from the Governor:

Special Message

TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

By appropriate action, the Constitution of the United States has been amended to provide for the election of United States Senators by the people. The amendment adopted reads as follows:

“The Senate of the United States shall be composed of two Senators from each State, elected by the people thereof, for six years; and each Senator shall have one vote. The electors in each State shall have the qualifications requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the State Legislature.

“When vacancies happen in the representation of any State in the Senate, the executive authority of such State shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies; provided, That the legislature of any State may empower the executive thereof to make temporary appointments until the people fill the vacancies by election as the legislature may direct.

“This amendment shall not be construed as to effect the election or term of any Senator chosen before it becomes valid as part of the Constitution.”

The provisions of the amendment are such, that the Legislatures of each State must provide for filling vacancies, and should a vacancy in the United States Senate, from Georgia, occur without the Legislature having acted, this State, would, to that extent, be without representation in the Senate.

I, therefore, recommend that you provide by appropriate legislation for the filling of vacancies contemplated by the amendment to the Federal Constitution upon this subject.

I recommend the immediate passage of an Act covering this subject.

In the absence of action by this Legislature, there would be no authority in the Governor to make a temporary appointment of Senator, in the event of a vacancy.

BORROWING POWER.

The Legislature in 1911 submitted a proposition to amend the Constitution of the State with reference to its borrowing power, which amendment was adopted by the people.

This amendment not only substituted the sum of \$500,000 for \$200,000 but also amended the constitutional provisions in other particulars. The amended section had not been considered, and in view of the acute condition of the Treasury, I deemed it important that an official constitution thereof be obtained from the Attorney General for the guidance both of the Legislature and the Governor.

Therefore, on the day of I wrote the Attorney General a letter (copy of which is attached) asking his construction of the amendment, and also the difference between the practical application of the former provision of the Constitution and its consideration as amended. I beg to submit the reply of the Attorney General of July 21st, 1913:

July 21st, 1913.

HON. JOHN M. SLATON,

Governor,

Capitol.

Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your communication requesting a construction of the provision of the

Constitution fixing the borrowing power of the State, as the same was amended by the people at the last general election, and I note your desire for a construction of the old as well as the new law

The old law reads as follows:

“No debt shall be contracted by or on behalf of the State, except to supply casual deficiencies of revenue, to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, and defend the State in time of war, or to pay the existing public debt; but the debt created to supply the deficiencies in revenue shall not exceed, in the aggregate, two hundred thousand dollars.” (Constitution, Article 7, Section 3, Paragraph 1.)

By the amendment the words, “casual deficiencies of revenue” were stricken and in lieu thereof were inserted the words “such temporary deficit as may exist in the Treasury in any year from necessary delay in collecting the taxes of that year”; the paragraph was further amended by striking “two hundred thousand dollars” and inserting in lieu thereof the words. “five hundred thousand dollars, and any loan made for this purpose shall be repaid out of the taxes levied for the year in which the loan is made.”

Beyond the difference in amounts you ask:

“1st. Does the amendment enlarge or restrict in its general effect the borrowing power of the State? If so, in what respects?”

The evident purpose of the General Assembly in proposing the amendment was to enlarge the borrowing power of the State, and I think its adoption by the people has the general effect of accomplishing this purpose. The particular evil which it was sought to remedy was the delay in the payment of appropriations to the common schools and to pensions by anticipating in any year the collection of

the ad valorem taxes. (See Inaugural Address of Governor Smith, House Journal 1911, p. 212-a).

In 1909, a bill was introduced proposing to enlarge the borrowing power of the State by simply increasing the amount. The measure brought forth a discussion of the meaning of "casual deficiencies." It was contended by Legislators of experience and legal ability that to leave these words in the paragraph would be to so restrict the power to borrow as to prevent the accomplishment of the very purpose of making a change in the law; that the Supreme Court had since the adoption of the Constitution of 1877 defined the expression "casual deficiencies," and that its meaning was no longer an open question.

"The word 'casual' means that which happens by accident or is brought about by an unknown cause; and we think the framers of the Constitution, in using this language, meant some unforeseen or unexpected deficiency, or an insufficiency of funds to meet some unforeseen and necessary expense." *Lewis vs. Lofley*, 92 Ga. 804; *Hall vs. County of Greene*, 119 Ga. 253.

It was urged that under this definition money could not be borrowed to pay an appropriation which had been made by the General Assembly; that an obligation of this character could not be classed as unforeseen or as having happened by accident. To meet this objection the bill of 1911 struck the words "casual deficiencies" and inserted in lieu thereof the words heretofore stated. "Temporary deficit" is a broader term and may include casual deficit. The State now in borrowing money is not limited to borrowing it for the purpose of meeting a deficit which has happened by accident and which could not be foreseen, but it may do so to meet any deficit in the Treasury of a temporary nature, pro-

vided the same is caused from necessary delay in collecting the taxes of the year, and provided that the loan is repaid out of the taxes of that year.

“2nd. Prior to the amendment could the State have borrowed for the purpose of supplying the deficiency arising because the appropriations exceeded the revenues? Can it do so now?”

Since the adoption of the amendment the State can unquestionably borrow for the purpose of supplying a deficiency arising because the appropriations exceed the revenues, provided, of course, the deficiency is caused by the necessary delay in collecting the taxes of the year, and that the loan made for the purpose of meeting the deficiency is repaid out of the taxes levied for the year in which the loan is made. Prior to the adoption of the amendment it was very questionable whether a borrow could be made for the purpose of supplying a deficiency of the character you mention. We know, of course, that it was done, and while this was the executive construction of the Constitution, it is extremely doubtful if the judicial department of our government would have followed such construction had the question been presented to it.

“3rd. Prior to the amendment could the State have borrowed money to be paid from taxes levied for other years than that in which the loan was made? Can it do so now?”

The first part of this question I answer in the affirmative; the second part in the negative.

“4th. What is the meaning of the expression contained in the amended Section: ‘Except to supply such temporary deficit as may exist in the Treasury in any year from necessary delay in collecting the taxes of that year? What effect does it have on the borrowing

power of the State and what practical difference does it create between the former Constitutional provision and the present provision as amended?"

The calendar year is the fiscal year of the State. Under our system of taxation the ad valorem tax is levied in the summer and its collection is begun in the fall, but the tax-payer has until the 20th day of December before the collection of the tax can be enforced. The Tax Collectors have until the 20th day of April of the succeeding year to make their final accounting with the State. The practical effect of the system is that a large part of the revenue derivable from taxes is not available until near the close of the year, some not being collected until the succeeding year, and this "necessary delay" in the collection of the State's revenue causes yearly a temporary deficit in the Treasury. Of interest on this point is the opinion of Justice Evans rendered in the case of Butts County vs. Jackson Banking Company, 129 Ga. 801. 809. As the provision now reads the borrowing power may be used to obtain money to meet a deficit which is temporary in its nature and which is brought about from the fact that the taxes for the year have not yet come into the Treasury.

Under the Constitution as it stood before the amendment was adopted funds could not be borrowed except to meet "casual deficiencies."

"5th. If there be a deficit in the Treasury from preceding years would the Governor be authorized to borrow under the existing Constitutional provision for the purpose of operating the institutions of the State where the funds were exhausted because of said deficit? Could the Governor have done so prior to the adoption of said amendment?"

Under the Constitution as amended I think money can be borrowed to meet appropriations which have been made for the institutions of the State, if at the time there is a deficit in the Treasury caused from the necessary delay in the collection of the taxes of the particular year in which it is proposed to make the borrow, and that the loan so made can be re-paid out of said taxes when collected. In other words, if it would be legal at the time to pay a particular appropriation were the funds then actually in the Treasury from the collection of the taxes levied for the particular year, then the collection of the taxes may be anticipated and the money borrowed to meet the deficit.

Under the Constitution as it stood before the amendment the loan could not be made for any purpose except to meet a casual deficiency.

“6th. Generally in view of the authority usually given the Governor by the Legislature to borrow under this Section of the Constitution, what practical effect would the passage of the amendment have upon the exercise of the borrowing power by him, and what precautions should he observe, if any, different from those imposed by the Constitution prior to the adoption of said amendment?”

I think the answers to the preceding questions make a specific answer to this question unnecessary.

With assurances of highest respect, I am,

Very truly yours,

T. S. FELDER,

Attorney General.

You will observe, from the opinion of the Attorney General, that any money borrowed in pursuance of this amended Section of the Constitution must be re-paid out of the taxes levied for the year in which

the loan is made, and further that the deficiency authorizing the money must be caused by the necessary delay in collecting the taxes of the year.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT.

I am informed by the Commissioner of Agriculture that by the Act of 1912, the sum of \$500.00 was appropriated for the payment of expenses of that office, but in fact this service required the expenditure of a sum in excess of \$9,000.00 and by necessity the Agricultural Department was forced to retain a sufficient fund to meet the expenses.

Such action creates a discrepancy between the books of the Agricultural Department and those of the State Treasury, and I am informed that Legislation is now pending to meet the conditions. I submit this matter for information as well as for the purpose of providing a record in the event of future investigations.

FINANCES.

I beg to further submit for your information the sum total of the appropriations carried by the general appropriation bill which has passed the House. The Comptroller General, at my request, has calculated this amount and the general appropriation bill, which has been transmitted to the Senate, carries appropriations amounting to \$5,953,634.00.

For the year 1912, the Legislature appropriated, both by special bills and by the general appropriation bill, \$6,071,578.00.

For the year 1913 the Legislature appropriated, both by special bills and by the general appropriation bill, \$5,994,612.00.

You will, therefore, observe that without the passage of any special bills your general appropriation bill carries \$5,953,634.

In this connection I beg to refer you to page 5 of the Comptroller General's report, in which he states the estimated revenue of 1913 to be \$5,673,005.00.

The returns of fifteen counties received up to date show a loss of \$130,015.00.

I attach hereto the tabulated report made by the Comptroller General of the appropriations covered by the general appropriation act which has been transmitted to the Senate.

It is my purpose to keep you advised of the facts which come to my attention with reference to the State's finances, since such information will enable you to so legislate as to meet the actual conditions.

This situation is not a matter of speculation, but of facts which any one of you may verify from the office of the Comptroller General or of the State Treasurer.

Unless, therefore, some means for obtaining increased revenue be adopted your general appropriation bill alone will carry an appropriation of \$280,-629.00 more than the revenue, estimating the revenue to be the same as that of the year 1913.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN M. SLATON,
Governor.

(COPY)

July 7th, 1913.

HON. T. E. FELDER,
Attorney General,
Capitol.

Dear Sir: Paragraph 1, of the Third Section of Article 7, of the Constitution of Georgia was amended by the people in accordance with the proposal by the General Assembly, found on page 49 of the Acts of 1911, so that said paragraph as amended reads as follows:

No debt shall be contracted by or on behalf of the State, except to supply such temporary deficit as may exist in the Treasury in any year from necessary delay in collecting the taxes of that year, to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, and defend the State in time of war, or to pay the existing public debt; but the debt created to supply deficiencies in revenue shall not exceed, in the aggregate, Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, and any loan made for this purpose shall be repaid out of the taxes levied for the year in which the loan is made.

By said amendment the words, "Casual Deficiencies of Revenue," were stricken and in lieu thereof were substituted the words, "Such temporary deficit as may exist in the Treasury in any year from necessary delay in collecting the taxes of that year," and by said amendment there were stricken the words, "Two Hundred Thousand Dollars," and in lieu thereof were substituted the words, "Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, and any loan made for this purpose shall be repaid out of the taxes levied for the year in which the loan is made."

Beyond the difference in amounts will you please give me your opinion on the following matters:

1st. Does the amendment enlarge or restrict in its general effect the borrowing power of the State? If so, in what respects?

2nd. Prior to the amendment could the State have borrowed for the purpose of supplying the deficiency arising because the appropriations exceeded the revenues? Can it do so now?

3rd. Prior to the amendment could the State have borrowed money to be paid from taxes levied for other years than that in which the loan was made? Can it do so now?

4th. What is the meaning of the expression contained in the amended Section: "Except to supply such temporary deficit as may exist in the Treasury in any year from necessary delay in collecting the taxes of the year?" What effect does it have on the borrowing power of the State and what practical difference does it create between the former Constitutional provision and the present provision as amended?

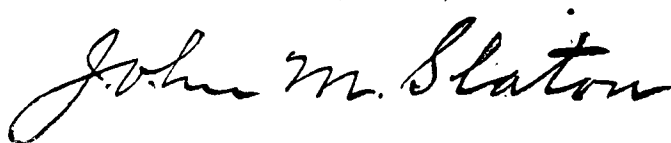
5th. If there be a deficit in the Treasury from preceding years would the Governor be authorized to borrow under the existing Constitutional provision for the purpose of operating the institutions of the State where the funds were exhausted because of said deficit? Could the Governor have done so prior to the adoption of said amendment?

6th. Generally in view of the authority usually given the Governor by the Legislature to borrow under this Section of the Constitution, what practi-

cal effect would the passage of the amendment have upon the exercise of the borrowing power by him, and what precautions should he observe, if any, different from those imposed by the Constitution prior to the adoption of said amendment?

I desire to obtain for my guidance your interpretation of the Constitutional provision as amended and to have pointed out the practical difference between the paragraph of the Constitution as now existing and as existed heretofore and if the answer to one of the questions be also an answer to another query, it may be disregarded.

Yours very truly,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "John M. Slaton". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned below the text "Yours very truly,".

Governor.

APPROPRIATIONS.

For	1912	1913	1914
Academy for Blind.....	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
Agricultural School.....	110,000	110,000	110,000
Binding Journals.....	550	550	550
Board of Health.....	30,500	30,500	30,500
Civil Establishments.....	231,000	231,000	231,000
Clerks Cost Court of Appeals (estimated).....	none	500	1,000
College for Colored.....	8,000	8,000	8,000
Compiler of Records.....	656	contract	
		3,120	3,120
Contingent Fund.....	15,000	15,000	25,000
Contingent Fund R. R. C.....	3,000	3,000	3,000
Contg. Fund Crt. Appeals.....	1,000	1,000	1,000
Contg. Fund Supreme Court.....	1,200	1,200	1,200
Dept. Commerce & Labor.....	5,338	6,000	6,000
Department Agriculture.....	58,732	58,732	53,750
Game Protec. Fund.....	7,416(est)	5,600	5,600
Geological Fund.....	10,000	10,000	10,000
Ga. Normal & Ind.....	52,500	52,500	52,500
Ga. Normal & Ind. (Special).....	1,294		
Ga. Experiment Station.....	800	800	800
Horticultural Fund.....	23,000	23,000	23,000
Incidental Exp. G. A.....	150	150	150
Indexing Journals.....	150	150	150
Indian Springs P. C.....	110	110	110
Inspector of Oils.....	1,470	1,470	1,470
Ins. Department Fund.....	2,625	7,500	7,500
Ins. Pub. Building.....	37,500	37,500	1,000
Law Scrip Fund.....	6,310	6,310	6,310
Legislative Pay Roll.....	75,993	67,500	67,500
Library Fund.....	3,000	3,000	3,000
Library Fund Court Appeals.....	1,000	1,000	1,000
Military Fund.....	42,500	25,000	25,000
North Ga. A & M.....	21,500	21,500	21,500
Overpayment taxes.....	11,400(est)	12,000(est)	12,000
Pension Fund.....	1,194,000	1,180,000	1,070,000
Printing Fund.....	40,000	40,000	35,000
Printing Fund Geol. Dept.....	2,500	2,500	2,500
Printing Fund R. R.....	2,000	2,000	22,000
Prison Fund.....	85,000	80,000	80,000
Public Bldg. & Grds.....	36,800	26,800	26,800
Publishing Ga. Reports.....	10,000	10,000	7,500
Pub. Ga. Records (Col. & Cond.).....	2,050	2,000	2,000
Public Debt.....	387,945	383,445	378,945
Rate Expert.....	4,000	4,000	4,000
Reward Fund.....	3,243	3,975	3,975
School for Deaf.....	60,000	50,000	45,000
School Fund.....	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,550,000
School Technology.....	80,000	80,000	80,000
Soldiers Home.....	30,000	30,000	30,000
Solicitor Gen. Fund.....	7,150	7,000	7,000
Special App. Misc.....	8,109(est)	1,000	1,000
Spec. Appr. 1st Dist. Agr. College.....	7,500	-----	-----
Spec. Appr. 3rd Dist. Agr. College.....	6,000	-----	-----

APPROPRIATIONS.—Continued.

For	1912	1913	1914
Spec. Appr. 7th Dist. Agr. College--	5,000	-----	-----
Spec. Appr. 10th Dist. Agr. Col.---	3,387	-----	-----
Spec. Appr. Johnston Monument--	2,500	-----	-----
State Normal School -----	47,000	47,000	47,000
State Sanatorium -----	530,000	530,000	540,000
State University-----	52,500	52,500	52,500
State University Agr. College-----	100,000	100,000	100,000
State Univ. Farmers Inst.-----	2,500	2,500	-----
State University Summer School----	5,000	5,000	5,000
So. Ga. Agr. College, Valdosta ----	30,000	25,000	25,000
State University Med. College-----	none	none	30,000
Stationery Gen. Assembly-----	700	700	700
Tuberculosis San.-----	30,000	30,000	20,000
Temporary Loan Refunded not figured-----			
Total-----	6,071,578	5,994,612	5,953,634

The following House bills read first time.

By Mr. Duncan of Dooly—

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Unadilla.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Anderson of Murray—

A bill to change the County site of Murray County from Spring Place to Chatsworth.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—

A bill to incorporate the town of Danielsville.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Jones and Griffin of Lowndes—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Valdosta so as to provide for the registration of the qualified voters of said City.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Ocilla.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Green of Wilkes—

A bill to amend an Act abolishing the Board of commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Wilkes County

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Bryan of Catoosa—

A bill to be entitled an Act to provide for an extra or additional levy of a tax by the County Commissioners of Catoosa County on taxable property in said county

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Messrs. Slade, Swift and Wohlwender of Muscogee—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Columbus.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. McCarthy, Shuptrine and Myrick of Chatham—

A bill for the holding of primary elections in the City of Savannah, for the election of Mayor and Aldermen.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Moon and Hines of Troupe—

A bill to amend, consolidate and supersede the several Acts incorporating the city of West Point.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Neal of Gordon—

A bill to amend the Charter of Plainville, Ga.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Pharr of Gwinnett—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Lawrenceville, Ga.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Reese of Thomas—

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Pavo in the Counties of Thomas and Brooks, approved August 21st, 1911.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Duncan of Dooly—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Dooly.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to establish the City Court of Irwin County

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Simpson of Cherokee—

A bill to be entitled an Act approved August 13th, 1914, authorizing the establishment of public schools system for the town of Canton.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the Town of Cotton in Mitchell County

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Hayes of Stephens—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Toccoa in the County of Stephens.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. McCants of Taylor—

A bill to incorporate the Town of Mauk in the County of Taylor.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Picquet of Richmond—

A bill to create a Board of Civil Service Commission for the City of Augusta.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Loyd of Newton—

A bill to create the office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in Newton County

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Messrs. Stovall and Wall of Elbert—

A bill to amend an Act to provide Board of Commissioners for the County of Elbert, approved Feb. 27 1875, and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 6th, 1909, to establish City Court of Ocilla.

By Mr. Sumner of Worth—

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Oakville.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin County—

A bill to establish a public school system for Ocilla in Irwin County.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Methvin of Dodge—

A bill to amend an Act creating a new Charter for the city of Eastman in the County of Dodge.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Smith of Rabun County—

A bill to declare and make the Clayton Board of Education of the City of Clayton the legal successor of and to the Trustee of Clayton Academy.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Henderson of Jones—

A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act and all amendments thereto approved December 12, 1894, creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Jones and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. McRae of Telfair—

A bill to amend an Act creating the charter of Lumber City in the County of Telfair.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

The following House Resolution read first time.

By Messrs. Bullard, Hardeman, et al—

A resolution to appoint the Hon. Walter P Andrews as Consul-General to Paris, France.

Referred to Committee on Rules.

The following House Resolution read second time.

By Messrs. Wright of Floyd, Hendrix of Union—

A resolution authorizing and directing the Governor of Georgia to investigate and give direction to differences between citizens of the State of Georgia and certain copper companies located in the State of Tennessee.

The following Senate resolutions were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Tarver—

A resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to investigate the necessity of a State Sanitarium for dope fiends.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27,

nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

Senate resolution No. 15 was recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend Section 2878 of the Code of 1910, so as to define “other like associations.”

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29; nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 2626 of the Civil Code of 1910, relative to Railroad Commission.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29; nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to provide that notice by the carrier shall be given to consignees of freight before undelivered goods may be sold.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows.

Amend Section 1, by striking in the 7th line after the words consignee or consignees the words "when known."

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to make the superintendent of schools member ex-officio of the Board of Trustees of District Agricultural Schools.

Report of Committee was disagreed to and bill was lost.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to confer upon the Railroad Commission of Georgia the power and duty to place a time limit in orders hereinafter issued by it approving the issue of stock, bonds and securities.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Tuesday, July 29, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names.

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Pepe, Le.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Enie, G. M.		

The journal of yesterday was read and approved.

By unanimous consent the following House bill was withdrawn from the Special Judiciary Committee, read second time and recommitted.

By Mr. Anderson of Murray—

A bill to change the county site of Murray County from Spring Place to Chatsworth.

The following Senate bills and resolutions were read 1st time.

By Mr. Anderson—

A bill to amend Section 2571 of the Code of 1910, as to the number of directors required for navigation companies.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Kea, by request—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Dublin in the County of Laurens.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to amend Section 4968 of the Code of 1910, relative to reinstating attorneys.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend the laws of this State regulating the business of fire, marine and inland insurance Companies in this State.

Referred to Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to incorporate the City of Lavonia in Franklin County

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend Section 469 of Volume 1, after Civil Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 1036 of Penal Code of 1910.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Anderson—

A resolution to authorize the Governor upon request of the Sheriff of Chatham Co., to order out a portion of the National Guard.

Laid on table for one day.

By unanimous consent the following House bill was taken up with adverse report from the Committee; the report was agreed to and the bill was lost.

By Mr. Estes—

A bill to create the office of commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Lincoln County.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet the Clerk thereof.

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitu-

tional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to authorize the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Bibb County to contribute to the support of the hospital operated by the Macon Hospital Association.

A bill to authorize the Trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church South of Perry Georgia to sell certain real estate.

A bill to amend an Act to create a new Charter for the City of Camilla.

A bill to amend an Act to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Telfair County

A bill to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Putnam County

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Macon.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Dooly County

A bill to create a new Charter for the Town of McCaysville.

A bill to make an appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Government.

The following special order was taken up read third time and put upon its passage.

By Longino—

A bill to establish a Composite Board of Medical Examiners for the State of Georgia and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee as amended was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows.

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Johnson, J. F	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Kea, Fred,	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Kelly, O. L.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Converse, W L.	McGregor, C. E.	Smith, E. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Spinks, W E.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Stark, W W.
Foster, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Sweat, J. L.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W M.	Taylor, G. W
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Turner, S. M.
Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.	Tyson, C. M.
Jones, W W.	Peyton, J. T.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W J.	Huie, G. M.	Tarver, M. C.
Dickey, R. L.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bartz, A. H.	Ford, L. L.	Irwin, M. D.
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The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

By W. D. McNeil of 22nd District—

Sec. 5, line 4. The words “registered or” to be inserted before the word “licensed.”

Sec. 13, line 2. To be amended by striking the words “or may revoke.” To be amended further by striking all of the Section after the words “Sexual Organs” and substituting the following:

Said Board may upon satisfactory proof made that any licentiate has been guilty of any of the offenses above enumerated suspend said licentiate from the practice of medicine and call in the license of said licentiate upon a majority vote of said Board, provided, however, that said suspended physician shall have a right to appeal to a jury in the Superior Court of the County of his residence, and it shall be the duty of said Board to prefer in writing the charge or charges against said physician which shall be tried by a jury regularly empaneled and sworn. Said physician, the defendant in said proceedings, shall be entitled to an appeal to the Supreme Court. In the event of conviction by the jury of any of the charges preferred the license of said physician shall be revoked. However, at any time after six months from date of said conviction said Board, may by a majority vote, issue a new license, or grant a license to the person affected, restoring or conferring all the rights and privileges of and pertaining to the practice of medicine as defined and regulated by this Act. Any person to whom such rights and privileges have been so restored shall pay to the Secre-

tary-Treasurer a fee of \$20.00 on the issuance of a new license.

By Stark of 33rd—

Amend Section 10 by striking the word “Where” in the 3rd line of said Section following the word “qualifications.” And further amend by adding the word “Shall” between the words “Boards shall require” in the fourth line of said Section.

Mr. Dickey asked unanimous consent that his vote on the bill just passed be changed from no to yes but this was objected to.

Mr. Miller, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Finance have been made consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended: To be entitled an Act to amend an Act providing for a system of draining and reclaiming the wet swamp and overflowed lands of the State, approved August 19, 1911, by authorizing a higher rate of interest on bonds in certain cases.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass:

To be entitled "An Act to provide fees for the Ordinary for issuing licenses and collecting the tax provided in Sections 982, 983, 984, 1763, 1764 and 1765 of the Code of Georgia for 1910.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report.

Mr President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to prescribe the amount of costs in cases involving \$100.00 or less, in the City Court of Dublin, and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on General Judiciary has had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 4828 of the Code of 1910.

A bill to amend Sections 3321 and 3324 of the Civil Code.

A bill to amend Section 895 of Penal Code of 1910, relative to Children's Courts.

A bill to amend Section 3016 of the Code of 1910, relative to Children's Courts.

A bill to amend Section 3955 of the Code of Georgia for 1910.

A bill to fix the status of every resident of this State whose spouse, residing in another State or foreign country, has heretofore or may hereafter obtain a total divorce in such other State or country so as to declare relieved and released such resident of this State from the obligations and disabilities of the marriage so dissolved or annulled.

The committee has also had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendations that the same do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 6134 of the Civil Code of 1910.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass by substitute as amended, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 5298 of Volume 1, of the Code of 1910.

The committee has also had under consideration

the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 93 of the Penal Code.

A bill to transfer Wilkinson County from the Ocmulgee to the Dublin Circuit.

The committee has also had under consideration the following Senate Resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass.

A resolution to empower the Governor of Georgia to make an investigation into the merits of the claims of citizens of Georgia and of the Tennessee Copper Mines.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Pulaski.

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Wilcox County.

The committee has also had under consideration the following House Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to transfer Wilkinson County from the Ocmulgee to the Dublin circuit.

Respectfully submitted,

W D. McNEIL, Chairman.

The undersigned members of the General Judiciary committee, submit the following minority report on Senate Bill No. 110 and recommend that same be enacted into law for the following reasons, to-wit:

This bill does not make a radical change in the garnishment law. It simply makes subject to garnishment a portion of the wages of the day laborer—all of which are now exempt. The amendment will continue to give every reasonable protection against want or oppression. It will subject to garnishment only one-half of wages in excess of thirty dollars per month. Certainly merchants and others who extend credit, ought to be permitted to subject to the payment of their claims, at least one-half of earnings above thirty dollars a month, a sum sufficient to provide the necessities of life.

Not only are the retail merchants of Georgia, (who are themselves subject to garnishment) entitled, in common justice, to have this amendment enacted into law, but the proposed amendment is just and fair from the standpoint of the wage-earner, and will prove a positive benefit to him. The amendment proposed will check to an extent professional and wholesale deadbeating under color and protection of law, but on the other hand it will increase legitimate

credit to the honest laborer. **Unlimited exemption** of a favored class is a curse rather than a blessing to those whom the law is intended to favor or protect. Under the present law, the laborer, who must always credit his employer for his wages, is often forced to resort to the money shark in order to obtain immediate cash with which to supply the necessities of life, because the present law exempting his wages altogether, prevents him from obtaining that credit which would naturally be extended to him in commercial life if a portion of his wages were made subject to garnishment. In some occupations the employees have to wait for thirty to fifty days after beginning work before collecting their wages, and unless they can obtain credit for the necessities of life in the meantime, they are forced to go to the loan shark and make assignments at high and exorbitant rates of discount in order to obtain cash to supply their immediate necessities.

The proposed amendment will benefit all parties directly concerned and the general public. It is folly to argue that credit need not or ought not to be extended to the wage-earner. Credit is absolutely necessary in business and in commercial life, it is, in fact, essential to present day society. Certainly if credit is necessary for the bank and the manufacturer, it is more necessary for the wage earner.

If this amendment is enacted into law, however, it will tend to check foolish and unnecessary credit, for when a man can be forced to part with his earnings to pay his debts, he will be more careful in

creating debt. The locomotive engineer who is reckless in his expenditures and in his financial matters under the present law, will become a judicious spender and "saver" under this amendment, and at the same time the merchant will become a more willing creditor to the honest laborer because of the more reasonable protection given him under the law.

The brick mason and locomotive engineer earn from four to seven dollars per day, and their wages are entirely exempt, while on the other hand, the conductor who earns less than the engineer, and the school teacher or the bookkeeper or the cashier, who earn not more than fifty or sixty dollars per month, are subject to garnishment. No one can subject any part of the engineer's wages to the payment of any of his debts. All of the wages of the conductor are subject to garnishment by any of his creditors. This condition of affairs cannot be defended. It is absolutely unfair, unjust and unwise, and the law which creates or allows such a condition to exist ought to be amended, at least to the extent proposed in this bill. The injustice of the present law is manifest, and the necessity for the proposed amendment is apparent.

The retail merchants, and other such creditors, have no effective method of collecting their just debts unless they are given the right to subject wages by garnishment. It is only fair that small retail merchants whose earnings are, in many cases, less than those whom he credits, should have an effective remedy for collecting his debts. The law

gives the landlord protection through the levy of a distress warrant. It provides the laborer a summary and effective remedy for collecting his wages by the laborers lien. Simple justice would require that the small merchant be given the right to collect his grocery and clothing bill by process of garnishment. There is no equality in placing landlords on a higher basis than the retail merchants. The law ought to give the merchant who places clothes on the back of the debtor and food in his mouth as much protection as it does the landlord who provides shelter. The landlord is protected; the laborer is protected; this bill merely proposes a partial protection for those not now protected at all. It does not go to the extent of seeking equal justice before the law. It details most liberally and fairly with the wage-earner, giving him more than he ought to ask and all he ought to be willing to accept.

In practical operation the amendment will benefit most of all the retail merchant in assisting him to collect his grocery bills and other just claims of such character. The Retail Merchants Association, with a membership of approximately six thousand, have unanimously endorsed the bill and requested its passage. From data collected by this association it is estimated that the retail merchants of Georgia lost eighteen million dollars during 1912, in uncollectible accounts. These accounts for the most part are for groceries, clothing and other such necessities of life. These claims for the most part are owing by wage earners who are protected under the present garnishment law. The amendment will assist

the retail merchant somewhat in reducing his losses and will assist him somewhat in collecting his just debts out of debtors who are able to pay and who in simple justice ought to be made to do so.

The most serious opposition to this measure does not come from the high class laborer, but from the railroads, large manufacturers, large corporations and other special interests. The reason urged by them for opposing the bill is that it will put them to some additional trouble in answering garnishments. This is not true because the proposed amendment would tend to reduce rather than increase the number of garnishments issued and answers required, for by subjecting a portion of his wages, it will make the wage earner realize the necessity of paying his just debts without the expense and delay incident to litigation. At present he is indifferent, and the ambiguous construction placed upon the garnishment law by the Supreme Court which exempts some occupations and subjects others, makes it uncertain whether a particular laborer is or is not subject to garnishment, and the uncertainty of this law promotes and fosters litigation.

The real reason for the objection of these special interests is that the present law assists the employee to live without paying his full living expenses, and the employer is the one who really profits, because he is thereby enabled to obtain labor at a lower figure than he would if the wage earner could be forced to pay in full for his living expenses. The employee who can deadbeat his grocery and clothing bill can

afford to work at a lower wage than the employee who is forced to pay same. The large employers of labor know this, and know that the passage of this law will result in a demand for and an increase in wages in the exempted employments. Under the present law the small merchant is helping support the employees of the railroads and other corporations. If this law is passed the eighteen million dollars which last year was taken out of the pockets of the retail merchants for the benefit of the employers of labor will be paid next year, but by those who receive the benefit, to-wit, the railroads and other large corporations. It is time that Georgia remedy this great inequality of the law as it exists today and this is the purpose and will be the plain result of the proposed bill.

JNO T. ALLEN,
W M. OLLIFF,
FRED KEA,
S. M. TURNER.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, submitted the following report

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following Resolutions and Bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to investigate the necessity of a State Sanitarium for “dope fiends” and inebriates.

A bill to make the President of the Board of Trustees of the South Georgia Normal College ex-officio a member of the Board of Trustees of the University of Georgia.

A bill to confer upon the Railroad Commission the power to place a time limit in orders hereafter issued approving the issuance of stocks, bonds and other securities.

A bill to amend Section 2878 of the Code of 1910, to define the term "other like associations" therein referred to, and for other purposes.

A bill to amend Section 2626 of the Civil Code of 1910 so as to authorize the chairman as well as the Secretary of the Railroad Commission to certify copies of reports, schedules, orders and other records.

A bill to provide that notice by the carrier shall be given to consignors of freight before undelivered goods may be sold.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The committee on Railroads has had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act approved August 17, 1908, to require all railway companies in the State to equip and maintain each and every locomotive used with a sufficient electric headlight.

A bill to authorize the granting of free passage to sheriffs and deputy sheriffs.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON, Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The committee on Railroads has had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to require all street railway companies to separate the white from the colored race in the transportation of passengers.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON, Chairman.

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Penitentiary, have had under consideration Senate Bill No. 21, entitled: "An Act to provide for the inspection of all county jails, to provide for an indeterminate sentence in both felony and misdemeanor cases, and for other purposes," and instruct me as their Chairman to report the

same back with the recommendation that it do pass by substitute.

Respectfully submitted,

TARVER, Chairman.

By unanimous consent the following House Resolution was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Wright and Hendrix—

A resolution to authorize and direct the Governor to investigate and direct differences between citizens of the State of Georgia and Tennessee Coal Copper Company.

The following House bill was read first time.

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to make appropriations for the ordinary expenses of the Legislature, Executive and Judicial Departments of the State of Georgia and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Wednesday July 30, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Chennault, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Agriculture have had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

To be entitled an Act to provide for the removal of the Georgia Experiment Station to a point in South Georgia.

To be entitled an Act to protect and encourage the reproduction, growth and conservation of the pine forest of the State.

To be entitled an Act to require purchasers of fertilizers offered for sale in this State to report to the Commissioner of Agriculture any failure of the seller to brand and tag such fertilizers.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following Senate resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass.

A resolution to create a Commission to investigate the farming interests of the State.

Respectfully submitted,

N. B. CHENNAULT, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate Bill, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in this State and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to create and incorporate the city of Comer, in the County of Madison.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters has had under consideration the following bill, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill to fix the salaries of County Treasurers.

A bill to repeal Act creating Board of Commissioners for White County.

A bill to repeal Act creating Board of Commissioners for Coffee County

A bill to amend Act abolishing Board of Commissioners of Wilkes County

A bill to create office of Commissioner for Newton County.

A bill authorizing chaingang of Sumter County to work in Americus.

A bill to repeal Act creating Commissioners of Jones County.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House Bill which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass by substitute, to-wit:

A bill providing for the levy of an extra tax by Catoosa County.

The Committee has had under consideration the following House bill which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners for Coffee County

M. E. RUSHIN, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The committee on Corporations has had under

consideration the following House Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act creating a new charter for the City of Eastman in the County of Dodge and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to create a new Charter for the Town of Woodbury.

A bill to incorporate the City of Danielsville.

A bill to incorporate the Town of Mauk in the County of Taylor.

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Oakfield.

A bill to incorporate the City of Chickamauga.

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the Town of Danielsville.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Lawrenceville.

A bill to amend the Charter of Town of Pavo.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the Town of Unadilla.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Columbus.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Valdosta.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Ocilla.

A bill to incorporate the Town of Cotton.

A bill to create a Board of Civil Service Commission for the City of Augusta.

A bill to amend the Charter of Plainville.

A bill to amend the Charter of town of Lumber City

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Toccoa.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Sycamore.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Buford.

A bill to amend, consolidate and supersede the several Acts incorporating the City of West Point.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following Senate Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Macon.

A bill to amend the Charter of Town of Arlington.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Dublin.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Lavonia.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Johnson, Chairman of the Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Hygiene and Sanitation have had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to establish a State Board of Embalming, approved December 20th, 1899, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

J. F JOHNSON, Chairman.

Mr. Tyson, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Enrollment report as duly enrolled and ready for the signature of the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, the following Acts, to-wit:

An Act to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Charlton County.

An Act to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson.

An Act to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, approved July 16, 1903.

An Act to amend an Act incorporating the City of Colquitt.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt, Approved August 7th, 1912.

An Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt in lieu of the Town of Colquitt.

Respectfully submitted,

CHAS M. TYSON, Chairman.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration House Bill No. 389, known as the General Appropriation bill for the support of the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Government, and for other purposes, and I am instructed to report the same back to the Senate with a recommendation

that it be read the second time, and re-referred to the Appropriation Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

W W STARK, Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following House Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass to-wit:

A bill to change the County site of Murray County from Spring Place to Chatsworth.

The committee has also had under consideration the following House Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Douglas in and for the county of Coffee and all laws amendatory of, and to abolish said court.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

Mr. Foster, Chairman of Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under con-

sideration the following bills and I am instructed to report same back favorably with recommendation that they do pass:

House Bill No. 575. An Act to declare and make the Clayton Board of Education of the City of Clayton, Georgia, the legal successor of and to the Trustees of Clayton Academy

House Bill No. 341. An Act amending an Act approved, August 13, 1904, establishing a public school system for the town of Canton.

House Bill No. 450. An Act to establish a public school system for Ocilla in Irwin County.

House Bill No. 431. An Act to amend an Act establishing a system of public schools for the town of Eastman.

H. H. FOSTER, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeiullet the Clerk thereof.

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to incorporate the Davisboro School District.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Wheeler County

A bill to create a new Charter for the City of Carnesville.

A bill to create the office of County Commissioner of Jones County.

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Ludowici.

A bill to amend the Constitution of Georgia so as to increase the salary of the Judge of the Superior Court of Bibb County

By unanimous consent the following House bill was read second time and recommitted to the appropriation Committee.

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to make appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the State Government and for other purposes.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was recommitted to the Constitutional Amendments Committee.

By Mr. Parrish—

A bill to amend paragraph 2, Section 1, Article 11 of the Constitution so as to create Milledge County.

By unanimous consent the following House bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Anderson of Murray—

A bill to change the County site of Murray County from Spring Place to Chatsworth.

Report of the committe was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows.

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W W.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Olliff, W M.	Tarver, M. C.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W
Harrell, G. Y.	Perry. Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Huie, G. M.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Moore, J. H.	Watts, J. N.

Ayes 37, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

The following communication was received from His Excellency, the Governor through his Secretary, Mr. Perry.

Mr President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor, to deliver to your honorable body a sealed communication to which he respectfully invites your consideration in executive session.

Mr. Tyson, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Enrollment report as duly signed by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives and delivered to the Governor, the following Acts, to-wit:

An Act to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Charlton County

An Act to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson.

An Act to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson approved July 16, 1903.

An Act to amend an Act incorporating the City of Colquitt.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt, approved August 7th, 1912.

An Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt in lieu of the Town of Colquitt.

Respectfully submitted,

CHAS. M. TYSON, Chairman.

The following special order was taken up read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to define who is able to contract marriage in this State and to prescribe how marriage license may be obtained.

Mr. Harrell moved to indefinitely postpone action on this bill and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Chennault, N. B.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Dickey, R. L.	Kea, Fred.	Spinks, W. E.
Elkins, O. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le.	Watts, J. N.
Irwin, M. D.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Kelly, O. L.	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	McNeil, W. D.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Tarver, M. C.
Foster, A. H.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Peyton, J. T.	Tyson, C. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.
DuBose, R. T.	Jones, W. W.	Moore, J. H.

Ayes 19, nays 18.

The motion prevailed.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Tarver—

A bill to give all courts of original jurisdiction in the State of Georgia, authority in certain cases to allow defendants to serve sentence outside of penitentiary and for other purposes.

The previous question was called and sustained.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to provide a punishment for desertion and non support of wife and children.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend the Act incorporating the Town of Forest Park in Clayton County.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Oglethorpe County.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend an Act establishing the City Court of Lexington in Oglethorpe County.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to prohibit the sale of cotton seed meal with cotton seed hulls in same and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to provide for election of U. S. Senators by the people.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the City of Blackshear in Pierce County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Rushin—

A bill to amend Section 1249 of Volume 1 of the Code.

Referred to the Book Committee—

By Mr. Olliff—

A bill to authorize and empower the Atlantic,

Waycross & Northern Railroad Company to condemn certain land and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Railroads.

The following House Bills read second time.

By Messrs. Slade, Swift, Wohlwender of Muscogee—

A bill to amend Charter of City of Columbus.

By Mr. McCants—

A bill to incorporate the town of Mauk in the county of Taylor.

By Messrs. McGehee and Culpepper—

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Woodbury

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Pulaski.

By Mr. McRae of Wilcox—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Wilcox.

By Mr. McRae of Telfair—

A bill to amend an Act creating the Charter of the town of Lumber City in the County of Telfair.

By Mr. Warren of Turner—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Sycamore.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Ocilla in Irwin County.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—

A bill to incorporate the city of Danielsville.

By Messrs. Moon and Hines of Troupe—

A bill to amend, consolidate and supersede the Acts incorporating the City of West Point in the County of Troupe.

By Messrs. Jones and Griffin of Lowndes—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Valdosta.

By Mr. Duncan of Dooly—

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Unadilla.

By Mr. Henderson of Jones—

A bill to repeal an Act and all amendments thereto approved December 12, 1894, creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Jones.

By Mr. Jackson of White—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled “An Act to create a Board of commissioners of Roads and Revenues White County.”

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the town of Cotton in Mitchell County.

By Mr. Simpson of Cherokee—

A bill to be entitled an Act, approved August 13th 1904, authorizing the establishment of a public school system for the town of Canton and for other purposes.

By Mr. Bryan of Catoosa—

A bill to provide for an extra or additional levy of a tax by the County Commissioners of Catoosa County on taxable property

By Mr. Wheatley of Sumter—

A bill to authorize and require the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of County of Sumter to work county chain gang force upon streets of City of Americus.

By Mr. Methvin of Dodge—

A bill to amend an Act creating a new Charter for the city of Eastman.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—

A bill to create and incorporate the City of Comer.

By Mr. Loyd of Newton—

A bill to create the office of Roads and Revenues for the County of Newton.

By Mr. Smith of Rabun—

A bill to declare and make the Clayton Board of Education the legal successor of and to the Trustees of Clayton Academy

By Mr. Green of Wilkes—

A bill to amend an Act abolishing the board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues.

By Mr. Clements of Irwin—

A bill to establish a public school system for Ocilla in Irwin County.

By Mr. Pharr of Gwinnett—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Lawrenceville, Ga.

By Mr. Picquet of Richmond—

A bill to create a Board of Civil Service Commission for the City of Augusta to have control and management of the police and fire departments of said city.

By Mr. Thompson of Madison—

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Danielsville in the County of Madison.

By Mr. Farris of Walker—

A bill to incorporate the City of Chickamauga in Walker County.

By Mr. Stewart of Coffee—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for the county of Coffee

By Mr. Haves of Stephens—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Toccoa in the County of Stephens.

By Mr. Reese of Thomas—

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Pavo in the Counties of Thomas and Brooks.

By Mr. Shadburn of Gwinnett—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Buford in Gwinnett.

By Mr. Methvin of Dodge—

A bill to amend an Act to establish a system of Public schools for the town of Eastman.

By Mr. Neal of Gordon—

A bill to amend the Charter of Plainville, Georgia

By Mr. Sumner of Worth—

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Oakfield and for other purposes.

The following Senate bills were read second time.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Lavonia in Franklin County.

By Messrs. Sweat, Rushin and others—

A bill to provide for the removal of the Georgia Experiment Station from Griffin to South Georgia.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend an Act to Create a new Charter of the City of Macon, approved November 21, 1893 and for other purposes.

By Mr. Watts—

A bill to require purchasers of fertilizer offered for sale in this State to report to the Commissioner of Agriculture any failure to brand said fertilizer.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to fix the salaries of County Treasurers, and for other purposes.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 5298 of Volume 1 of the Code of 1910, relating to garnishment.

By Mr. Allen—

A bill to fix the status of every resident of this state whose spouse residing in another State or foreign Countries.

By Mr. Dickey—

A bill to amend Section 4828 of the Code.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 17, of 1908, to require all railway companies in the State to equip their engines with electric head lights.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to protect and encourage the reproduction growth and conservation of the pine forests of this State.

By Mr. Bullock—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the State Board of Entomology, approved December 20th 1899.

By Mr. Foster—

A bill to provide for the inspection of all county jails and for other purposes.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 3321 and 3324 of the Civil Code.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to amend an Act providing for a system of draining the wet swamp lands of this State.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to authorize the granting of free passes to sheriffs and deputy sheriffs and for other purposes.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend Section 895 of the Penal Code relative to Children's Court.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to prescribe the amount of costs in cases involving \$100.00 or less in the city Court of Dublin.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to amend Section 6134 of the Civil Code of 1910 fixing the salaries of the Stenographers of the Superior Court.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend Section 3016 of the Code of 1910, relative to Children.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend Section 3955 of the Code.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend the present Charter of the town of Arlington.

By Mr. Kea by request—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Dublin.

The following House bills read first time.

By Mr. Duncan of Dooly—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Dooly and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Dorrough of Franklin—

A bill to create a New Charter for the City of Carnesville in Franklin County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Taylor of Washington—

A bill to incorporate the Davisboro School District in Town of Davisboro, County of Washington.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Johnson of Montgomery—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Wheeler to

define their powers and duties and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Miller of Bibb—

A bill to amend Paragraph 1 of Section 13, of article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Henderson of Jones—

A bill to create the office of County Commissioner of Jones County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. McRae of Telfair—

A bill to amend an Act entitled “An Act to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for the County of Telfair, Georgia, to provide for an appointment to fill said office until January 1, 1911, and for other purposes.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Smith of Fannin—

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of McCaysville, in Fannin County

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Davidson of Putnam—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Putnam.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Messrs Wimberly, Miller, Fowler of Bibb—

A bill to amend an Act authorizing the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of the County of Bibb to contribute from the county treasury to the support operated by the Macon Hospital Association.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Parker of Liberty—

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Ludowici, Liberty County, Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Holtzelaw of Houston—

A bill to authorize and empower the trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, of Perry, Georgia, and their successors in office to sell certain real estate situated in the City of Perry

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Wimberly, Fowler and Miller of Bibb—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Macon.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. McLendon of Early—

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Early.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to amend an Act entitled “An Act to create a new Charter for the City of Camilla and for other purposes.”

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. McGregor by request—

A bill to amend the Constitution providing how new Counties shall be established in Georgia.

The previous question was called and sustained.

On agreeing to the report of the committee the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Ford, L. L.	Huie, G. M.
Burtz, A. H.	Foster, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.
Bush, W. J.	Harrell, G. Y.	Kea, Fred.
Converse, W. L.	Hixon, J. T.	Longino, J. T.

McGregor, C. E.	Pope, Le,	Spinks, W. E.
McNeil, W. D.	Richardson, C. H.	Stark, W. W.
Olliff, W. M.	Rushin, M. E.	Turner, S. M.
Parrish, C. H.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Tyson, C. M.
Perry, Grant D.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Tarver, M. C.
Dickey, R. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
DuBose, R. T.	Peyton, J. T.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Chennault, N. B.	Irwin, M. D.	Miller, B. S.
Elkins, O. H.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.

Ayes 25, nays 12.

The report was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Kea, Fred,	Pope, Le,
Burtz, A. H.	Longino, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Foster, A. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Spinks, W. E.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Stark, W. W.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Turner, S. M.
Huie, G. M.	Perry, Grant D.	Tyson, C. M.
Johnson, J. F.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Elkins, O. H.	Peyton, J. T.
Bulloch, R. O.	Ford, L. L.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Jones, S. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Dickey, R. L.	Jones, W. W.	Tarver, M. C.
DuBose, R. T.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Irwin, M. D.	Miller, B. S.	Watts, J. N.

Ayes 22, nays 15.

The bill not having received the requisite Constitutional majority was lost. Notice was given that at the proper time a motion would be made to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the foregoing bill.

The Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Thursday, July 31, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the Call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

By unanimous consent the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Allen moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in indefinitely postponing the following bills on yesterday

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to define who is able to contract marriage in this State.

The motion prevailed.

Mr. McGregor moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following bill of the Senate on yesterday.

By Mr. McGregor, by request—

A bill to amend the Constitution providing how new counties shall be established.

The motion prevailed and the bill was reconsidered.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to amend the present Charter of the town of Arlington, Ga.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend an Act to create a new Charter for the City of Macon, approved Nov. 21, 1893, and amendments thereto.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Kea, by request—

A bill for the relief of T. B. Hicks of Dublin, Laurens County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend the Act incorporating the City of Lavonia in Franklin County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 39, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following House Bills read third time and put on their passage.

By Mr. Shadburn—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Buford in Gwinnett County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Thompson—

A bill to create and incorporate the City of Comer in Madison County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows, by inserting in Section 42, line 18, the word "reasonable" between the words "any" and "location" in said line so as to make the line read to any reasonable location designated by the Mayor and Council.

By Mr. Bryan of Catoosa—

A bill to provide for an extra or additional levy of a tax by the County Commissioners of Catoosa County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

By Mr. Simpson—

A bill authorizing the establishment of a public school system in the town of Canton.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Green —

A bill to amend an Act abolishing the Board of

Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Wilkes County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the Town of Cotton in Mitchell County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 21, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Warren—

A bill incorporating the City of Sycamore in Turner County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for Coffee County.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30

nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. McGehee and Culpepper—

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Woodbury.

Report of Committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the Bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Moon and Hines—

A bill to amend, consolidate and supersede the several Acts incorporating the City of West Point in Troup County.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Jones and Griffin—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Valdosta.

Report of the committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr .McCants—

A bill to incorporate the town of Mauk in Taylor County

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to make the Clayton Board of Education of the City of Clayton the legal successor of and to the Trustees of Clayton Academy.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Hayes—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Toccoa.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Sumner—

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Oakfield.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Slade, Swift and Wohlwender--

A bill to amend Charter of Columbus.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Duncan—

A bill to incorporate the town of Unadilla.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Reese--

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Pavo in the Counties of Thomas and Brooks.

Report of the committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Henderson—

A bill to repeal an Act and all amendments thereto

approved December 12, 1894, creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Jones County.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to establish a public school system for Ocilla in Irwin County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Fariss—

A bill to incorporate the City of Chickamauga in Walker County

Report of Committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Ocilla.

Report of Committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Pharr—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Lawrenceville, Ga.

Report of committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Methvin—

A bill to amend an Act creating a new Charter for the City of Eastman.

Report of the committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to authorize and require the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of County of Sumter to work county chain gang upon streets of City of Americus.

Report of Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Neal—

A bill to amend the Charter of Plainsville.

Report of committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Methvin—

A bill to amend an Act to establish a system of public schools for the Town of Eastman.

Report of committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; and the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Thompson—

A bill to repeal an Act incorporating the town of Danielsville, Ga.

Report of committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Jackson—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled “An Act” to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for White County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; and the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Coffee County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows.

The Committee amends as follows: By striking out Section two and inserting in lieu thereof, the following: Be it further enacted, That the Board of Commissioners of said County of Coffee for the year of nineteen hundred and fourteen shall be as follows: A. J. Meeks, Chairman of said Board, D. Kirkland, of Tanner District, Perry Strickland, Wooten District, George F. McCranie, Willacoochee District, D. A. Smith, Pearson District, J. C. Ellis, Pickren District, J. B. Harper, Ambrose District, Timothy Tanner, McDonald District, J. A. O. Steen, Douglas District. Said Commissioners shall serve during the year of nineteen hundred and fourteen, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Further amends by striking out Section fifteen and inserting in lieu thereof the following: For the year of nineteen hundred and fourtee, the Chairman of said Board of Commissioners, shall receive for his

services nine hundred dollars and shall devote his entire time to the affairs of said office. The other eight Commissioners shall receive for their services \$3.00 per day for each day while attending Commissioners Court at Douglas, and \$2.00 per day for each day of actual service rendered by them in their respective Districts. For the year of nineteen hundred and fifteen and for each year thereafter, each of said Commissioners shall receive for their services the sum of three dollars per day, for each day of actual service rendered, not to exceed thirty-six days in any calendar year.

Further amends by adding to Section Seven the following: after "Calendar year," for the year of nineteen hundred and fifteen and each year thereafter.

Further amended by striking out "two dollars" wherever it appears in Section Fifteen and inserting in lieu thereof "three dollars."

Mr. Moore, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters has had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill repealing Act creating Commissioners of Dooly County.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Dooly County

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House bill which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended to-wit:

A bill to amend Act providing board of Commissioners of Elbert County.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN H. MOORE, Vice Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing, have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate Bill, to-wit:

A bill to give all courts of original jurisdiction authority in certain cases so to mould their sentences as to allow defendants, upon rendition of a verdict of guilty to serve same outside the confines of the chaingang, jail or other places of detention, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President :

The Committee on General Judiciary have had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit :

A bill to amend Section 1030 of Penal Code.

A bill to provide for the election of U S. Senators by the people.

A bill to provide for the amendment of indictments and accusations in criminal cases.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit :

A bill to prohibit any person from inveigling any female under 14 years of age into any house of ill fame.

The committee has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass by substitute, to-wit :

A bill to require taxes to be paid by all persons, companies, etc., in the county where they are by law required to be returned to the Comptroller General and to provide for the ascertainment of the county entitled to payment where there is a disputed case.

The committee have had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to re-

port with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to require all persons, firms, etc., who sell any paints, white lead, etc., to label the containers.

A bill to amend Section 147 of the Penal Code.

A bill to prevent unfair commercial discrimination between different sections of the State.

A bill to empower the Governor to declare positions of trustees or director of State institutions vacant under certain circumstances.

The committee has had under consideration the following House Resolution which I am directed to report to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, by substitute, to-wit:

A resolution directing the Governor to give direction to differences between citizens of the State of Georgia and certain copper companies located in the State of Tennessee.

The committee has had under consideration the following House bill which they direct me to report to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit:

A bill to transfer Jenkins County from the Middle to the Augusta Judicial Circuit.

The committee have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to transfer Turner County from the Albany Judicial Circuit to the Cordele Judicial Circuit.

Respectfully submitted,

W. D. McNEIL, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Macon.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Camilla.

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Ludowici.

A bill to create a new Charter for the City of Carnesville.

The committee have had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am instructed to report to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Charter of Town of Forest Park.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Blackshear.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

We the undersigned members of the General Judiciary Committee beg leave to submit this our minority report on the passage of Senate Bill Number 177

Mr President:

The undersigned minority from the committee on General Judiciary are against the passage of Senate Bill No. 177, to amend Section 1036 of Volume 2 of the Code of Georgia of 1910, which gives the defendant in trial of a criminal case the right to make to the court and jury such statement as he may deem proper in his own defense by striking therefrom all of the words of said Section except those contained in the first line thereof and substituting in lieu of said stricken words other words allowing such defendant the right either to make a statement or to be sworn in his own defense, and in the event he exercises his right to be sworn, to give the State's counsel the right to cross-examine him with reference to the matters testified about by him in his direct examination and for other purposes. In our opinion such a change in the law would be unwise as it would encourage perjury and would tend to prejudice the rights of the defendant before the jury. We trust therefore that the bill will not pass.

Respectfully submitted.

J L. SWEAT, 5th District,

W E. SPINKS, 38th District,

E. L. SMITH, 9th District,

FRED KEA, 16th District,

G. Y HARRELL, 12th District.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was recommitted to the Education Committee.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to provide for the establishment and maintenance of an Agricultural College in the 12th Congressional District.

The following resolution was read.

By Mr. Ford—

A resolution: Resolved that Senate Bill No. 129 be taken from the table and made special order for tomorrow morning immediately after the reading of the journal.

Referred to Committee on Rules.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act establishing a new Charter for the City of Atlanta and the several Acts amendatory thereof.

A bill to increase the salary of the Judge of the City Court of Macon.

The House has passed by the requisite Constitu-

tional majority the following bills of the Senate to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to create the City Court of Fitzgerald.

A bill to provide for holding monthly sessions of the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Stewart County

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro.

The following House bills were read first time.

By Messrs. Cochran, Smith and Blackburn—

A bill to amend the Act establishing a new Charter for the City of Atlanta, approved February 28, 1874, and the several acts amendatory thereof.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Miller of Bibb—

A bill to increase the salary of the Judge of the City Court of Macon.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By unanimous consent the following House bill was recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to repeal the Act establishing the City Court of Douglas in Coffee County.

The following House bills read second time:

By Mr. Dorrough of Franklin—

A bill to create a new Charter for the City of Carnesville.

By Messrs. Stovall and Wall of Elbert—

A bill to amend an Act to provide Board of Commissioners for the County of Elbert.

By Mr. Parker of Liberty—

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend the Charter of the Town of Ludowici.

By Mr. Brinson of Jenkins—

A bill to rearrange the middle and Augusta Judicial circuits by taking from the middle circuit the County of Jenkins and adding said county to the Augusta Circuit.

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to amend an Act entitled “An Act to create a new Charter for the City of Camilla.”

By Messrs. Wimberly, Fowler and Miller of Bibb—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Macon.

By Mr. Duncan of Dooly—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Dooly

By Mr. Duncan—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to create a

Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Dooly.

The following House Resolution was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Messrs. Wright and Hendrix—

A Resolution authorizing the Governor of Georgia to investigate and give direction to differences between citizens of the State of Georgia and Certain Copper Companies located in the State of Tennessee.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes were 28, nays 0; the resolution having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend by inserting at the end of second Paragraph on page one, the following, The State of Georgia recognizing that Tennessee Copper Company has been and is endeavoring to control the gases generated in the treatment of its ores and being willing that said company shall have an extension of time for opportunity to demonstrate the efficiency of its acid plant and acid making appliances and to make all necessary improvements to maintain said plant and appliances to the highest known standard of efficiency is therefore willing to extend the time as hereinafter mentioned and specifically set out, and

This bill was ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

The following Senate bills were read first time.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to provide for the registration of voters in the State of Georgia.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to provide for the protection of the Oyster industry in this State.

Referred to Committee on Agriculture.

The following Senate resolutions were read first time.

By Mr. Watts—

A Resolution to create a Commission for the purpose of disposing of the Governor's Mansion.

Referred to Committee on Public Property

By Mr. Tarver—

A Resolution to provide for the disposition of the State's Executive Mansion.

Referred to Committee on Public Property.

The following Resolution was read second time and adopted; ayes 29, nays 0.

By Mr. Anderson—

A Resolution to authorize the Governor to call out a portion of the National Guard on request of the Sheriff of Chatham County

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Messrs. Bush, Foster, et al—

A bill to prohibit any person from enticing any female under the age of 14 years into a house of ill fame.

By Mr. Turner—

A bill to provide for amendment of indictment and accusations in criminal cases.

By Mr. Perry—

A bill to require taxes to be paid by all persons, companies and corporations in the county in which they are by law required or directed to be returned in cases when the returns are made to the Comptroller General as now provided by law

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend the Charter of Forrest Park.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 1036 of the Code.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to amend the act incorporating the City of Blackshear in Pearce.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to provide for the election of United States Senators by the people.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Foster—

A bill to provide for the inspection of all County Jails and abolish chaingangs in this State and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

By Mr. Bush—

A bill to regulate and control the organization and operation of insurance companies of this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 36, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

By Messrs. Searcy and Smith—

A bill to amend Section 6134 of the Code, fixing salaries of stenographers of the Superior Court.

Report of the committee was agreed to as amended.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 11; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows:

Amend Section 1 by striking out two thousand in the 6th line and inserting in lieu thereof the words eighteen hundred and also striking in the 9th line and inserting eighteen hundred.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to require factories, work shops, machine shops and other industrial plants to report to the Commerce and Labor Department.

This bill was tabled.

By Messrs. Jones and Foster, et al—

A bill to revise jury lists in this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

The following request was read from the Penitentiary Committee:

Mr. President:

We, a majority of the Penitentiary Committee, request that Senator Chennault be added to said Committee.

TURNER, Chairman,
W W JONES,
LE POPE,
A. H. BURTZ,
JOHN H. MOORE,

G. W. TAYLOR,
J. T. PEYTON,
C. H. PARRISH,
R. O. BULLOCH,
M. F. RUSHIN.

The President added Senator Chennault to said Committee.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER Atlanta, Ga.,

Friday, August 1st, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Cheunnault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

Notice was given that at the proper time a motion would be made to recommend the action of the Senate on House bills Nos. 318, 340.

On motion, the reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

On motion, the following bills of the House were reconsidered, which were passed on yesterday by the Senate.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to repeal an Act creating a Board of Commission of Roads and Revenues for Coffee County.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Coffee County

The motion prevailed and the bills were remitted to Counties and County Matters Committee.

By unanimous consent, the following Senate bill was recommitted to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to empower the Governor to declare positions of Trustees or Directors of the State Institutions vacant in certain cases.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Augusta so as to create a commission form of government.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills and resolution of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to regulate and control the organization and operation of insurance companies.

A bill to amend Section 6134 of the Civil Code of 1910, fixing the salaries of the stenographers of the Supreme Court.

A bill to prescribe the amount of costs in certain cases in the City Court of Dublin.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Macon.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Arlington.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Lavonia.

A bill to revise the jury lists of this State.

A resolution to authorize the Governor upon request of the Sheriff of Chatham County, to order out such of the National Guard as may volunteer for the purpose of carrying out certain orders of the County Commissioners.

A bill for the relief of T. B. Hicks of Dublin, Laurens County.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters has had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Act authorizing Commissioners of Bibb County to contribute to the support of the Macon Hospital Association.

A bill to create Board of Commissioners for Wheeler County

A bill to amend Act creating office of Commissioner of Telfair County

A bill to amend Act creating Commissioners of Putnam County

A bill to create office of Commissioners of Jones County

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. RUSHIN, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same be read a second time and recommitted to the Committee on Corporations.

A bill to amend an Act establishing a new charter for the City of Atlanta approved Feb. 28, 1874, and the several Acts amendatory thereof and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

The following message was received from His Excellency, the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Perry, to-wit:

Mr President:

His Excellency, the Governor, has approved and signed the following Acts and Resolution, to-wit:

An Act to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Charlton County

An Act to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson so as to change the time of holding the sessions of said Court.

An Act to amend an Act incorporating the City of Colquitt.

An Act to amend the Act creating the City Court of Jefferson, approved July 16, 1903, so as to provide an official stenographer for said Court.

An Act to amend the Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt in lieu of the town of Colquitt and confer additional powers, etc.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Colquitt, approved August 7, 1912.

Mr. Elkin, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass:

To repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Douglas in and for the County of Coffee.

Respectfully submitted,

ELKIN, Chairman.

The following report from the Rules Committee was read and adopted:

August 1st, 1913.

Mr President:

Your Committee on Rules has had under consider-

ation various resolutions, referred to it for Special Orders, and after considering the State of the business before the Senate deems it advisable to clear the Calendar of certain classes of bills before the General Appropriation bill is reported back to the Senate. Your Committee therefore recommends the adoption of the following Special Order of Business for today to be taken up immediately after Unanimous Consents, to-wit:

1. Senate Bill No. 129, being legislation necessary to be passed before the opening of the Cotton Season.

2. All Local, Senate and House bills ready for 3d reading.

3. All City Court bills.

4. All bills changing terms of Superior Courts.

5. All bills transferring counties from one Judicial Circuit to another.

6. All bills creating new Judicial Circuits or providing for the creation of new Superior Court Judgeships.

B. S. MILLER, Vice-Chairman.

Mr. Brown, Chairman of the Western & Atlantic Railroad Committee, submits the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Western and Atlantic Railroad, have had under consideration Senate resolution No.

10, and instructs me to report same back with the recommendation that it do pass by substitute offered by Senator Sweat of the 5th District, the same being:

A Joint Resolution providing for the appointment of a Commission to investigate and report upon certain matters affecting the Western & Atlantic Railroad, as amended by the Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

J. W. L. BROWN, Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following House bills, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to provide for the payment of insolvent criminal costs in the Augusta Judicial Circuit.

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Ocilla, in Irwin County

A bill to establish the City Court of Irwin County.

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Valdosta.

A bill to increase the salary of the Judge of the City Court of Macon.

A bill to empower the Trustees of the M. E. Church South, of Perry, Ga., to sell certain real estate in Perry, Georgia.

The Committee has had under consideration the following Senate bills, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Oglethorpe.

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Oglethorpe County

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Lexington.

The Committee have had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act establishing the City Court of Quitman.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to make it unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to barter, sell, lease, rent, exchange, or otherwise dispose of for value any pistol or revolver to any person, firm or corporation.

The Committee have also had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill for the relief of S. J. Cartledge of Clarke County.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

We the undersigned members of the General Judiciary Committee hereby submit the following minority report on Senate Bill No. 109, which passed for labeling of all paints and publication on the cartons, cans and vessels containing any paint, the true per cents of all ingredients.

We favor the passage of the bill for the reason that there is now no law in this State which protects the people in the purchase of paints and which prevents the sale of spurious and worthless paints.

We believe the passage of the bill will give the people true information with regard to what each paint is composed of. No honest manufacturer need have any fear of putting a label upon his paints, and will afford the people an opportunity to learn when they buy paint, whether the paint is made largely of dust material and worthless products.

G. Y. HARRELL,

W. M. OLLIFF,

W. M. STARK,

C. M. TYSON

By unanimous consent, the following Senate bill was read first time.

By Mr. Spinks—

A bill to increase the number of terms of the Superior Court of Paulding County, Georgia.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following House bill was read 2d time.

By Messrs. Cochran, Smith and Blackburn—

A bill to amend an Act establishing a new charter for the City of Atlanta approved February 28, 1874 and the several Acts amendatory thereof:

This bill was recommitted to the Corporation Committee.

The following Senate bills were read the second time.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend the Act to establish the City Court of Lexington in Oglethorpe County.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Oglethorpe County.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the County Court of Oglethorpe.

The following Senate resolution was read the second time:

By Mr. Sweat—

A resolution to provide for the appointment of a Commissioner to investigate the report upon the extension of the W & A. R. R.

Mr. Harrell moved to disagree to the report of the Committee on the following bill of the Senate:

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to require all firms and corporations who manufacture or sell in this State, any paints, shall label the contents of said paint.

On the motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Peyton, J. T.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Pope, Le,
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Richardson, C. H.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Foster, A. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Moore, J. H.	Sweat, J. L.
Hixon, J. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, G. W.
Jones, S. E.	Parrish, C. H.	Turner, S. M.
Jones, W. W.	Perry, Grant D.	Tyson, C. M.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Rushin, M. E.
Dickey, R. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Smith, E. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Spinks, W. E.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L. Converse, W. L. Watts, J. N.

Ayes, 27; nays, 13.

The motion prevailed.

This bill was read the second time.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority, the following bills and resolution of the House, to-wit:

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Tift County.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of East Lake.

A bill to amend an Act to create a new charter for the town of Cochran.

A bill to create a new charter for the City of Hawkinsville.

A bill to amend an Act to establish a public school system of the City of Waycross.

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Flovilla.

A bill to amend an Act to create the City Court of Madison.

A bill to amend an Act to create a new charter for the City of Moultrie.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Lavonia.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Pineview.

A bill to change the time of holding Hart Superior Court.

A bill to amend the City charter of Athens.

A bill to amend an Act to provide for the election of the Solocitor of the County Court of Putnam County.

A resolution to endorse Hon. J Lindsay Johnson for the post of Consul General to the Orient.

The House has concurred in the Senate Substitute as amended to the following resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution to authorize the Governor to investigate the differences between certain citizens of this State and certain copper companies located in the State of Tennessee.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Vienna.

A bill to amend an Act creating a public school system for the City of Oglethorpe.

Mr. Stark moved to disagree to the report of the Committee which is unfavorable to the passage of the bill.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to provide permanent registration for voters of this State.

The motion prevailed, and the bill was read the second time.

The following Senate resolution was recommitted to the Committee on Public Property.

By Mr. Peyton—

A resolution providing for a joint Commission to receive offers for the sale of the Executive Mansion.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Ford—

A bill to amend Sections 2135 and 2136 of the Code.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill, the ayes were 31, nays, 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend the charter of Forest Park.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to amend the Act to incorporate the City of Blackshear in Pierce County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By unanimous consent, the following House bill was tabled:

By Mr. McRea—

A bill to amend the Act creating the charter of the town of Lumber City

The following House bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Messrs. Stovall and Watts—

A bill to amend the Act to provide for a Board of Commissioners for the County of Elbert, approved February 27, 1875.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows:

Amend Section 6 by striking the figures \$750.00 in said section and inserting in place thereof the figures \$840.00.

By Messrs. Wimberly, Fowler and Miller—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Macon.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Duncan—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Dooly

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26,

nays 0; the bill having received a requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Dorrough—

A bill to create a new charter for the City of Carnesville in Franklin County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Picquet—

A bill to create a Board of Civil Service Commission for the City of Augusta.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Duncan—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Dooly.

Report of Committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Pulaski.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Spence—

A bill to amend an Act entitled "an Act to create a new charter for the City of Camilla."

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Parker—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Ludowici in Liberty County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Wilcox County

Report of Committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr Brinson—

A bill to rearrange the Middle and Augusta Judicial Circuits by taking Jenkins County from the Middle Judicial Circuit and adding to the Augusta Circuit.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

Amend by adding to Section 2 and at the end thereof the following:

Provided that the provisions of this Act shall not go into effect until the same shall have been submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of Jenkins County and ratified by them in the manner hereinafter provided for, to-wit: At the next general election to be held in Jenkins County the qualified voters of said county shall vote upon the question as to whether this act shall go into effect or not. Those favoring the provisions of this Act shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "in favor of transferring Jenkins County from the Middle to the Augusta Circuit" and those opposed to the Act going into effect shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "against transferring Jen-

kins County from the Middle to the Augusta Circuit." The returns of said election as relate to this question shall be made to the Ordinary of Jenkins County, who shall proceed to canvas the vote and declare the result, and if it appears that a majority of those voting at said election have voted in favor of the Act going into effect the Ordinary shall so declare, and thereupon the Act shall go into effect, but if a majority have voted for the contrary the Ordinary shall so declare and the Act shall not go into effect.

Amend the title by adding between the words Augusta Circuit on the last line of the title and the words "and for other purposes the following words to provide for the submission to the qualified voters of Jenkins County the question as to whether the contemplated change shall be made."

Amend Section one by adding the following language to the end thereof: Provided this Act does not effect the rights of the Solicitor General of the Middle Circuit during the present term of office and he is still authorized to discharge the duties of said office during said term as though this Act had not been passed.

By Messrs. Smith, Blackburn and Cochran—

A bill to add another additional Judge of the Atlanta Judicial Circuit and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24.

nays 4; the bill having received the requisite constitutional majority, was passed.

The following House bills read the first time.

By Mr. Dorrough of Franklin—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the City of Lavonia.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Mills of Butts—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to establish the City Court of Flovilla.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to amend Act, provide and create a new charter for the town of Cochran in Pulaski County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley of Ware—

A bill to amend an Act establishing a system of public school for the City of Waycross.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Mr. Davidson of Putnam—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to provide for electing the Solicitor of the County Court

of Putnam County by the qualified voters of said county, when election shall be held, etc.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. McCurry of Hart County—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Courts in and for Hart County, from the second Mondays in April and October of each year, to the fourth Mondays in February and August of each year.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to amend an Act to create a new charter for the City of Hawkinsville.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. McRae of Wilcox—

A bill to amend the Act approved on December 10, 1902, entitled an Act to incorporate the town of Pineview in Wilcox County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Lipscomb of Clarke—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Athens.

Referred to Committee on Corporation.

By Burney—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 15, 1910, to abolish the City Court of Madison in Morgan County

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Field and Smith of DeKalb—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of East Lake.

Referred to Committee on Corporation.

By Mr. Ellis of Tift—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Tift.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Carlton of Colquitt—

A bill to amend an Act approved November 20 1901, entitled an Act, to create a new charter for the City of Moultrie.

Referred to Committee on Corporation.

By Mr. Nunnally of Floyd—

A resolution to request the President of the United States to appoint J. Lindsay Johnson, Consul General to the Orient.

Referred to Committee on Rules.

The following request was read from the Committee on Appropriations:

July 1st, 1913.

Hon. J. Randolph Anderson,
President Senate of Georgia,
Atlanta, Ga.

Dear Sir:

We, a majority of the members of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate, respectfully and unanimously request that Senator W. D. McNeil of the 22d District be added to our committee, and we sincerely trust you will immediately appoint him.

W. W. STARK, *Chair.*,
G. W. TAYLOR,
E. L. SMITH,
JOHN H. MOORE,
S. M. TURNER
C. H. PARRISH,
JNO. T. ALLEN,
C. H. RICHARDSON.
M. D. IRWIN,
R. O. BULLOCH,
B. S. MILLER,
G. M. HUE,
A. H. BURTZ,
L. L. FORD,
J. T. PEYTON.

The President added Senator McNeil to the Appropriation Committee.

The following House bills were read the second time.

By Mr. Ballard—

A bill to repeal an Act to provide for the payment of insolvent Criminal Costs in Augusta Circuit.

By Mr. Edmondson of Brooks—

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Quitman.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to establish the City Court of Irwin County

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to repeal the Act approved August 6th, 1909 to establish the City Court of Ocilla.

By Messrs. Wimberly, Miller and Fowler—

A bill to amend the Act authorizing the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Bibb County to contribute from the County Treasury to support the Macon Hospital.

By Messrs. Griffin and Jones—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Valdosta.

By Mr. Holtzclaw—

A bill to authorize the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, to sell certain real estate in Perry, Georgia.

By Mr. Davidson—

A bill to amend the Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Putnam County

By Mr. McRea—

A bill to amend the Act creating the office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Telfair County.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to increase the salary of the judge of the City Court of Macon.

By Mr. Johnson—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Wheeler County

By Mr. Henderson—

A bill to create the office of County Commissioners of Jones County.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning at 11 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Monday, August 4, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 11 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searey, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

On motion the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Mr. McNeil, Acting Chairman of the Rules Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Rules having had under consideration the state of business before the Senate beg leave to submit the following recommendation, and report, to-wit:

1. That beginning with today the Senate shall hold both morning and afternoon sessions and that the afternoon sessions shall be from 3 to 5 o'clock.

2. That the following general bills with local application be taken up and put on their passage immediately after the time for motions to reconsider, viz.: Senate Bills Nos. 89, 123, 169, 181, 184.

3. That all Senate and House Local Bills, City Court Bills and Bills changing terms of Superior Courts be taken up for passage.

4. That following the above the General Appropriation Bill be put on its passage.

Respectfully submitted,

W. D. McNEIL, Acting Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bills and resolutions of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act relative to killing squirrels in certain counties.

A bill to provide secret ballot in Augusta for members of council.

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Lakeview.

A bill to incorporate the Camilla School District.

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Kirkwood.

A bill to abolish the County Court of Jeff Davis County.

A bill to amend the charter of the city of Dublin

A bill to amend an Act to establish a City Court in the Town of Pelham.

A bill to amend an Act establishing the City Court of Dublin.

A bill to put into effect a Constitutional amendment in the City of Atlanta, abolishing Justice Courts.

A bill to abolish the Board of Roads and Bridges Commissioners for Appling County.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Royston.

A bill to amend an Act providing a Charter for the City of Athens.

A bill to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Terrell County.

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Pembroke.

A bill to create a County Court of Bryant County

A bill to amend Section 17 of the Charter of the City of Waycross.

A bill to amend an Act to establish a new Charter for the City of Waycross.

A bill to authorize working of streets of towns in Macon County by the county chaingang.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Hartwell.

A bill to repeal an Act creating Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Washington County

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Washington County.

A bill to amend the charter of the Town of East Ellijay

A bill to incorporate the Town of Olive.

A bill to repeal an Act to create a County Court for the County of Jones. .

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of LaGrange.

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Heard County

A bill to amend an Act to abolish the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues of Forsyth County

A bill to repeal an Act providing for a County Board of Commissioners for Heard County.

A resolution to authorize the Governor to grant permission to the National Guard in Chatham County to volunteer services to the Sheriff during the automobile races in November.

The House has adopted the following resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution relative to ungranted lands in Chatham County

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bill of the Senate by substitute.

A bill to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Ware County

The House has concurred in the Senate Amendment to the following Bill of the House:

A bill to incorporate the City of Comer.

Mr. Huie, Chairman of the Committee on Banks, submitted the following report.

Mr. President:

The committee on Banks has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 1249 of Volume 1 of the Code.

Respectfully submitted,

G. M. HUIE, Chairman.

Mr. Allen, Vice Chairman of the Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The committee on General Judiciary has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the author be allowed to withdraw same, to-wit:

A bill to rearrange the Albany and Southwestern Judicial Circuits.

Respectfully submitted,

JNO. T. ALLEN, Vice Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report.

Mr. President:

The committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an act to establish the City Court of Camilla.

A bill to report An Act to establish the City of Abbeville.

A bill to amend an Act to create the City Court of Houston.

The committee has also had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to increase the number of terms of the Superior Court of Paulding County.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

Mr. Pope, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to provide for the inspection of all county jails, to provide for the indeterminate sentence in felony and misdemeanor cases and for other purposes.

A bill to amend Sections 2135 and 2136 of the Code of 1910, in reference to quarantine on shipments of certain articles from territory infested with Mexican boll weevil.

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Forest Park.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Blackshear.

Respectfully submitted,

LE POPE, Vice Chairman.

The foregoing report of the Rules Committee was read and adopted by the Senate.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Sweat—

Bill to amend an Act providing for a system of draining and reclaiming the wet swamp lands of this State, approved August 19, 1911, so as to provide a higher rate of interest.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows.

Amend by inserting between the words "bonds" and "issue" in 5th line of first Section the following "Heretofore and hereafter" also amend by striking from the second line of the second Section the words, "shall be" and inserting in lieu thereof the following: "Heretofore and hereafter."

By Mr. Perry—

A bill to require taxes to be paid by all persons, companies, corporations and associations in the county in which they are by law required or directed to be returned in all cases where they are required to make returns to the Comptroller General.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 1; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Lexington in Oglethorpe County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Oglethorpe.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 34, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. DuBose—

A bill to change the time for holding the Superior Court of Oglethorpe County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bill was withdrawn by its author.

By Mr. Ford—

A bill to rearrange the Albany and Southwestern Judicial Circuits by taking Dougherty County from the Albany Circuit and placing it in the Southwestern Circuit.

The following House bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to establish the City Court of Irwin County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Griffin and Jones—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Valdosta.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to amend the act to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Telfair County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 33, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to increase the salary of the City Court of Macon in and for Bibb County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Davidson—

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Putnam County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays

0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Wimberly, Miller and Fowler—

A bill to amend an Act authorizing the Commissioner of Roads and Revenues of Bibb County to contribute from the County Treasury funds for the support of the Macon Hospital.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Ballard—

A bill to repeal an Act to provide for the payment of insolvent criminal costs in the Augusta Judicial Circuit.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 6, 1909, to establish City Court of Ocilla in Irwin County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Holtzclaw—

A bill to authorize and empower the Trustees of the Methodist Episcopal Church South to sell certain real estate in Perry, Ga.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Henderson—

A bill to create the office of County Commissioner of Jones County and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Edmondson—

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Quitman.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed, as amended and the amendments are as follows :

House Bill No. 249. Amend by striking Section six and in lieu thereof substitute the following:

“Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,

That this Act shall not take effect until a majority of the duly qualified voters of Brooks County, as duly registered according to law, as shown by the registration list of said County, shall so affirmatively vote at an election to be called by the Ordinary of Brooks County to be held on the Fourth Wednesday October, 1913, said call to be advertised once a week for four weeks prior thereto, in like manner as sheriff sales are advertised in said County. Said special election shall be held under like rules and regulations as are prescribed by law for holding elections for county officers, except that the returns of the election shall be made to the Ordinary who shall determine the question as to whether a majority of the duly qualified registered voters of said county as shown by the registration list, have affirmatively voted in favor of this Act taking effect, and if he so finds he shall declare the result accordingly, and thereupon this Act shall become effective on the 31st day of December 1913; but if a majority of the said qualified voters do not so vote, then this Act shall not go into effect. Those desiring to vote in favor of this Act going into effect shall have written or printed upon their ballots the following words: "In favor of the Act to abolish the City Court", and those to the contrary shall have written or printed upon their ballots the following words: "Against the Act to abolish the City Court."

Amend the above amendment by striking the word "fourth" in the 6th line of said amendment and inserting in lieu thereof the word 5th, said line having

been so amended shall read as follows: Of Brooks County to be held on the 5th Wednesday in October.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the following report.

Mr. President:

The Committee on Appropriations has had under consideration House Bill No. 389, known as the General Appropriation bill, to make appropriations for the expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Government, and for other purposes, and I am directed to report the same with a recommendation that the same do pass, as amended.

W W STARK, Chairman.

The following House bill was recommitted to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Rhodes and Lipscomb—

A bill for the relief of S. J. Cartledge, authorizing County Commissioners to pay claims.

The following special order was taken up.

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to make appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the State of Georgia.

On motion the Senate adjourned until 3 o'clock p. m.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock p. m. and on motion the roll call was dispensed with.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report

Mr President:

The Committee on General Judiciary has had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Paragraph 2571 of the Code of 1910, as to the number of directors required for navigation companies.

The committee has also had under consideration the following bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to empower the Governor to declare positions of trustees or directors of State institutions vacant under certain circumstances.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendations that the same do pass by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 2166 of the code.

The committee has also had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to

report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill relating to tobacco and cigarettes, prohibiting the sale and giving away of tobacco, cigarettes and cigarette papers in Georgia. etc., and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

W D. McNEIL, Chairman.

The following unfinished business was taken up.

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to make appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the State of Georgia.

Mr Smith proposes to amend by striking out Paragraph 13 of Section 5, and on this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, W J.	Longino, J. T.	Pope, Le,
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Smith, E. L.
Huie, G. M.	Perry, Grant D.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Harrell, G. Y.	McNeil, W. D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Hixon, J. T.	Miller, B. S.
Burtz, A. H.	Irwin, M. D.	Moore, J. H.
Chennault, N. B.	Jones, S. E.	Olliff, W. M.
Converse, W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Parrish, C. H.
DuBose, R. T.	Johnson, J. F.	Richardson, C. H.
Foster, A. H.	Kelly, O. L.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.

Spinks, W. E.	Tarver, M. C.	Tyson, C. M.
Stark, W. W.	Taylor, G. W.	Watts, J. N.
Sweat, J. L.	Turner, S. M.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.
Elkins, O. H.	Kea, Fred,	Rushin, M. E.

Ayes 8, nays 29.

The amendment was lost.

Mr. Olliff proposed to amend the committee amendment to Paragraph 17, Section 5, by striking out \$2,371,500 and inserting in lieu thereof \$2,500,000.00 on this amendment; the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Longino, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Jones, W. W.	Olliff, W. M.	Smith, E. L.
Johnson, J. F.	Parrish, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Kea, Fred,	Perry, Grant D.	Taylor, G. W.
Kelly, O. L.	Pope, Le,	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Foster, A. H.	Moore, J. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Hixon, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Irwin, M. D.	Spinks, W. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Jones, S. E.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Turner, S. M.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Tyson, C. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Harrell, G. Y.	Pexton, J. T.
Elkins, O. H.	Huie, G. M.	Rushin, M. E.
Ford, L. L.		

Ayes 15, nays 21.

The amendment was lost.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, Atlanta, Ga.,

Tuesday, August 5, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

On motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

On motion, the reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Jackson.

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Newbern.

A bill to establish the City Court of Hazlehurst.

A bill to amend an Act to establish a new charter for the town of Decatur.

A bill to amend Section 951 of the Code of 1910 relative to the occupation tax of foreign corporations.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Sylvania.

A bill to amend Section 950 of the Code of 1910 relative to occupation tax of domestic corporations.

A bill to amend Section 96 of the Code of 1910 relative to tax on the bottling of beverages.

A bill to establish a Park and Tree commission for the City of Waycross.

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of Franklin Superior Court.

A bill to amend Section 1249 of the Code of 1910 so as to add the City of Boston to the list of State Depositories.

A bill to abolish the City Court of Blakely.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Lexington.

A bill to change the time of holding Oglethorpe Superior Court.

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Appling Superior Court.

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Baxley.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Franklin County.

A bill to amend Section 1249 of the Code of 1910 so as to add the town of Cochran to the list of State Depositories.

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Rossville.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Appling County.

The House has adopted the following joint resolution, to-wit:

A resolution inviting Hon. Harvey Jordan to address the General Assembly, Thursday, August 7th at 8:30 o'clock P M.

The House has concurred in the Senate amendment to the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to provide for an additional tax levy by the County Commissioners of Catoosa County

The House has adopted the following resolution of the Senate, to-wit:

A resolution to authorize the Governor upon request of the Sheriff of Chatham County to order out such of the National Guard in said county as may volunteer for police duty during the automobile races.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to wit:

A bill to provide for a system of equalization of assessments of property for taxation.

The following unfinished business was taken up, read the third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to appropriate money for the ordinary expenses of the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Departments for the State of Georgia and for other purposes.

On the amendment reducing the appropriation for Confederate Soldiers from \$385,000 to \$310,000.00 the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Smith, E. L.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Spinks, W. E.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Stark, W. W.
Chennault, N. B.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Turner, S. M.
Dickey, R. L.	Miller, B. S.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Moore, J. H.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Perry, Grant D.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Kea, Fred,	Peyton, J. T.	Tarver, M. C.
Longino, J. T.	Pope, Le,	Taylor, G. W.
Olliff, W. M.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

DuBose, R. T.	Ford, L. L.	Foster, A. H.
Elkins, O. H.		

Ayes, 29; nays, 10.

Report of the Committee was agreed to as amended.

On the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W E.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Kea, Fred,	Olliff, W M.	Parrish, C. H.
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Those not voting were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	Foster, A. H.	Peyton, J. T.
Elkins, O. H.		

Ayes, 36; nays, 3.

The bill having received the requisite constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

House Bill No. 389; the Committee moves to amend as follows:

(1) Amend Section 4 by adding to the second Paragraph of said Section the following:

And the further sum of \$450.00 is hereby appropriated to the said School of the Deaf for the payment of the insurance on said school property, which sum is now due.

(2) Amend the second Paragraph of Section 5 by striking from the third line of said paragraph the sum of \$52,500.00 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of \$48,725.00.

(3) Amend the sixth Paragraph in Section 5 by striking from the third line of said Section the sum of \$80,000.00 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of \$74,400.00.

(4) Amend the seventh Paragraph of Section 5 by striking from the fifth line of said section the sum of \$52,500.00 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of \$48,725.00.

(5) Also amend Section 3 by striking out the words and inserting 4 relative to door keeper of House. Amend by adding the following to Section 36, provided however, that the funds herein appropriated shall be paid out or itemized statement made when vouchers are issued, showing the amount and for what purpose the monies were expended and this provision shall apply to traveling expenses, protection of live stock, cattle tick eradication and the development of the live stock industry, and such

itemized statement shall be preserved in the office of Commissioner and shall be embodied in his annual report.

(6) Amend the ninth Paragraph of Section 5 by striking from the fourth line of said section the sum of \$47,500.00 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of \$44,175.00.

(7) Amend the tenth Paragraph of Section 5 by striking from the third and fourth lines of said paragraph the sums of \$100,000.00 and \$40,000.00 and inserting in lieu aforesaid sum of \$100,000.00 the sum of \$93,000.00 and inserting in lieu of said sum of \$40,000.00 the sum of \$37,200.00. And further amend said paragraph ten of Section 5 by striking from the ninth line of said section the sum of \$40,000.00 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of \$37,200.00. And further amend said paragraph of said Section 5 by adding at the end of line 9 of said paragraph the word "department."

(8) Amend the eleventh Paragraph of Section 5 by striking from the 4th line of said paragraph the sum of \$25,000.00 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum \$23,250.00.

(9) Amend the thirteenth Paragraph of Section 5 by striking from the 4th line of said paragraph the sum of \$30,000.00 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of \$27,900.00.

(10) Amend the seventeenth Paragraph of Section 5 relating to Common Schools by striking from

the 4th line of said paragraph the sum of \$2,550,000 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of \$2,371,500.00.

(11) Further amend the paragraph of Section 7 relating to the payment of pensions to ex-Confederate Soldiers and the widows of ex-Confederate Soldiers (married prior to January 1, 1870) by striking from the 6th and 7th lines of said paragraph of said section the sum of \$385,000.00 and inserting in lieu thereof the sum of \$310,100.00.

Mr. Watts, Chairman of the Committee on Public Property, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Public Property has had under consideration the following Senate resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A resolution to create a Commission for the purpose of making disposition of the executive mansion and providing for the erection of an executive mansion and annex to the State Capitol.

Respectfully submitted,

J. N. WATTS, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and

found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 1079 of Vol. 1 of the Code of 1910.

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court in Oglethorpe County

A bill to amend the Act to establish the City Court of Lexington.

A bill to amend the Act to establish the City Court of Oglethorpe.

A bill to amend an Act providing for a system of draining wet swamp and overflowed lands.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Railroads has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Sections 2721 and 2722 of the Code of Georgia of 1910.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Railroads has had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 2798 of the Code.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON, Chairman.

Mr. Harrell, Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments have had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution of this State, so as to authorize the abolition of the office of County Treasurer.

Respectfully submitted,

G. V. HARRELL, Chairman.

The following House bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Lipscomb—

A bill to provide for a system of equalization of assessments of property for taxation in the State of Georgia.

Referred to the Finance Committee.

The following Senate bills were read the first time :

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to provide for the adoption of the Torrens Land Title System by the several counties of this State.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend the Act approved August 21, 1906, to incorporate the town of Marshalville.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 2584 of the Code of 1910.

Referred to the Committee on Railroads.

By Mr. Kelly—

A bill to make all free rural delivery routes now established and those hereafter established by the Post Office Department in the various counties of Georgia public highways.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

The following House bill was recommitted to the Committee on Counties and County Matters:

By Mr. Johnson—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Wheeler County.

The following House resolutions were read the first time:

By Messrs. Wheatley and Henderson—

A resolution inviting Hon. Harvie Jordan to address the General Assembly Thursday, August 7th.

This resolution was adopted.

By Mr. Myrick—

A resolution relative to the ungranted lands in Chatham County and approving Acts February 1st, 1788, December 21, 1829 and March 1st, 1856.

This resolution was laid on the table.

By Mr. Myrick—

A resolution to authorize the Governor to call out volunteers on the request of the Sheriff of Chatham County for certain purposes.

This resolution was tabled.

The following Senate bills were read the second time:

By Mr. Watts—

A bill to amend Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution so as to authorize the abolishment of County Treasurer.

By Mr. Searcy—

A bill to amend Sections 2721 and 2722 of the Code of Georgia.

By Mr. Dickey—

A bill to amend Section 2798 of the Code.

By Mr. Anderson—

A bill to amend Section 2571 of the Code of 1910.

By Mr. Rushin—

A bill to amend Section 1249 of the Code.

By Mr. Spinks—

A bill to increase the number of terms of the Superior Court of Paulding County.

The following Senate resolutions were read the second time:

By Mr. Watts—

A resolution to create a Commission for the pur-

pose of making disposition of the Executive Mansion.

By Mr. Irwin—

A resolution to appoint a Commission to revise the Civil and Criminal procedure of this State.

The following House bills were read the second time:

By Messrs. Green and Holtzclaw—

A bill to create the City Court of Houston County.

By Mr. McRea of Wilcox—

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Abbeville in Wilcox County

By Mr. Spencer—

A bill to amend the Act to establish the City Court of Camilla in Mitchell County.

The following House bills read the first time:

By Mr. Slater of Bryan and Aiken of Glynn—

A bill to amend Section 950 of Vol. one of the Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Farris of Walker—

A bill to establish a new charter for the town of Rossville in Walker County

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley of Ware—

A bill to establish a park and tree commission for the City of Waycross.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Moore of Jeff Davis—

A bill to establish the City Court of Hazlehurst in Jeff Davis County.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Blackburn, Smith and Cochran of Fulton and Field and Smith of DeKalb—

A bill to carry into effect the constitutional amendment to Paragraph 1, Section 7 of Article 6 of the Constitution and to create a Municipal Court in the City of Atlanta.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Evans of Screven—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Sylvania.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Carter of Appling—

A bill to create a Board of Roads and Revenues for Appling County

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Aiken of Glynn—

A bill to amend Section 96 of the Civil Code.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Dorrough of Franklin—

A bill to amend an Act to create the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Franklin County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Cooper of Ware—

A bill to amend an Act to amend Section 17 of the charter of the City of Waycross.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Garlington and Olive of Richmond—

A bill to provide secret ballot for Augusta in elections for members of Council.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Henderson of Jones—

A bill to repeal an Act to create a County Court in each county in the State of Georgia except certain counties therein mentioned.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Rhodes of Clarke—

A bill to amend the Act of 1872 providing a charter for the City of Athens in Clarke County

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Mills of Butts—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to establish the City Court of Jackson.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to amend Section 1249 of Vol. 1 of the Code of Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Banks.

By Messrs Field and Smith of DeKalb—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 17, 1909, creating a new charter for the town of Decatur.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Whitaker of Heard—

A bill to repeal an Act approved October 6th, 1885 as amended August 22d, 1907, to provide for a County Board of Commissioners for Heard County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Slater of Bryan—

A bill to be entitled an Act to repeal an Act creating City of Pembroke.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Slater of Bryan—

A bill to create and establish the County Court of Bryan County.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to incorporate the Camilla School District in the City of Camilla.

Referred to Committee on Education.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley of Ware—

A bill to provide for a new charter for the City of Waycross.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Harrington of Emanuel—

A bill to incorporate the town of Olive in Emanuel County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Taylor and Harris of Washington—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Washington County

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Arnold of Oglethorpe—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Oglethorpe County

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McClendon of Early—

A bill to abolish the City Court of Blakely in the County of Early.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. McCurry of Hart—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Hartwell.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Taylor and Harris of Washington—

A bill to repeal an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Washington County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Aiken of Glynn—

A bill to amend Section 951 of the Civil Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Arnold of Oglethorpe—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Lexington.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Field and Smith of DeKalb—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the town of Lake View in DeKalb County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Taylor of Laurens—

A bill to amend the City Court of Dublin.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Brookshear of Lumpkin—

A bill to amend the Act of 1912 as set forth on page 494 of the Acts of 1912 and which was approved August 19, 1912.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Whitaker of Heard—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Heard County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Wisdom of Forsyth—

A bill to amend Section 3 of an Act entitled an Act to abolish the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues in Forsyth County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. James of Gilmer—

A bill to amend the charter of East Ellijay in Gilmer County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Moon of Troupe—

A bill to amend an Act abolishing the City Court of LaGrange, approved December 19, 1899.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. DeVaughn of Macon—

A bill to authorize the working of streets of towns in Macon County by County chaingang.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Carter of Appling—

A bill to abolish the Board of Road and Bridge Commissioners for Appling County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to establish a City Court in the town of Pelham in Mitchell County

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Messrs. Taylor and Coleman of Laurens—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Dublin approved August 15th, 1910.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Loyd of Newton—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Newborn.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Hopkins of Thomas—

A bill to amend Section 1249 of the Political Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Banks.

By Messrs. Smith and Field of DeKalb—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Kirkwood in DeKalb County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Davis of Jeff Davis—

A bill to abolish the County Court of Jeff Davis County

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Carter of Appling—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Appling County.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Pickett of Terrell—

A bill to amend Act approved September 21, 1883, creating Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Terrell County

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Dorough of Franklin—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Franklin County

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Carter of Appling—

A bill to repeal an Act approved December 1st, 1897, entitled an Act to establish the City Court of Baxley, in Appling County.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Dorough of Franklin—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 24th, 1905, entitled an Act to incorporate the City of

Royston in the Counties of Franklin, Hart and Madison.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

On motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

By unanimous consent, the following Senate bills were read the second time:

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to empower the Governor to declare positions of trustees or directors of State institutions vacant under certain circumstances.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 2166 of the Code so as to extend the life of Railroad Charters.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Anderson—

A bill to regulate the employment of young children in certain kinds of labor in this State.

The substitute was lost.

Mr. Tarver moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the substitute and on this motion

the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Converse, W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Sweat, J. L.
Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	Tarver, M. C.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Richardson, C. H.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Stark, W. W.
Bush, W. J.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, G. W.
Chennault, N. B.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Irwin, M. D.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

DeBose, R. T.	Foster, A. H.	Miller, B. S.
Elkins, O. H.	Kea, Fred.	Peyton, J. T.
Ford, L. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Smith, E. L.

Ayes, 15; nays, 19.

The motion was lost.

On motion the original bill was tabled.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend Section 38 and 60 of the Civil Code of 1910, relative to closing registration books.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill, the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Brown, John W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Burtz, A. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Irwin, M. D.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Jones, S. E.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Richardson, C. H.
Dickey, R. L.	Kea, Fred.	Rushin, M. E.
Ford, L. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le.	Watts, J. N.
Jones, W. W.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Elkins, O. H.	Peyton, J. T.
Chennault, N. B.	Foster, A. H.	Smith, E. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	

Ayes, 16; nays, 19.

The bill not having received the requisite constitutional majority was lost.

Notice was given that at the proper time a motion would be made to reconsider the action of Senate in defeating the above bill.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.

Wednesday, August 6th, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

On motion the roll call was dispensed with.

On motion the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Stark moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following bill of the Senate on yesterday

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to amend Section 38 and 60 of the Civil Code of 1910, relative to the time of closing the registration books.

The motion prevailed and the bill was reconsidered.

The following House bills were read second time and recommitted.

By Messrs. Slater and Akin—

A bill to amend Section 950 of Volume 1. of the Code of 1910.

By Mr. Lipscomb—

A bill to provide for a system of equalization of assessments of property for taxation.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend Section 951 of the Civil Code of 1910.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend Section 96 of the Civil Code of 1910.

Mr. Huie, Chairman of the Committee on Banks, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Banks has had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 1249 of the Policital Code of 1910.

A bill to amend Section 1249 of Volume 1, of the Code of Georgia.

Respectfully submitted,

G. M. HUIE, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to provide a new Charter for the city of Waycross.

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of McCaysville.

The Committee have had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Waycross.

A bill to establish a Park and Tree Commission for the City of Waycross.

The Committee have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Rossville in the County of Walker.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Moore, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters has had under consideration the following House bill which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to-wit:

A bill to repeal Act creating Board of Commissioners for Coffee County

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House bill, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners for Coffee County

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN H. MOORE, Vice Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Railroads has had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to require all persons, corporations, operating Railroads in State of Georgia to create sign boards at certain points along right of way, etc.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON, Chairman.

Mr. Tarver, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to carry into effect the Constitutional amendment to Paragraph 1, Section 7, of Article 6 of the Constitution.

A bill to amend Section 12 of an Act creating the City Court of Springfield.

The Committee has had under consideration also the following House Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act approved December 1st, 1897, entitled an Act to establish the City Court of Baxley, in Appling County

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Appling County.

Respectfully submitted,

M. C. TARVER, Vice Chairman.

Mr. DuBose, Chairman of the Committee on Insurance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Insurance have had before it

the following bills and instruct me to report that Senate Bill No. 38, requiring the holders of life insurance policies to return the cash surrender value of their policies for taxation, be returned to the Senate without action as it is a revenue measure.

I am instructed to report Senate Bill No. 99, to repeal Section 31 of the General Insurance law with the recommendation that it do pass.

We have also had under consideration Senate Bill No. 176, amending the laws of the State regulating the business of Fire, Marine and Inland Insurance Companies. I am instructed to report that this bill do not pass.

Respectfully submitted,

TOOMBS DuBOSE, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House Bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Hartwell.

A bill to authorize County Chaingang of Macon County to work streets of the towns in said County

A bill to incorporate the Town of Aline.

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Kirkwood.

A bill to amend the Charter of Town of Decatur.

A bill to create a new Charter for the Town of Newborn.

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the Town of Lakeview.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Athens.

A bill to amend the Charter of City of Royston.

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Moultrie.

A bill to create a new Charter for the City of Hawkinsville.

A bill to amend the Charter of Town of Pineview.

A bill to amend the Charter of Town of East Lake.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Lavonia.

A bill to create a new Charter for the Town of Cochran.

The Committee has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the Town of Marshallville.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority, the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to prevent the pollution of the waters of the Ocmulgee River.

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Harlem.

A bill to create the City Court of Gray

A bill to amend the Acts incorporating the City of Marietta.

A bill to incorporate the City of Robertstown.

A bill to incorporate the town of Helen.

A bill to repeal all laws and amendments to laws incorporating the City of Manchester.

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Athens.

The House has concurred in the Senate amendment to the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to provide Board of Commissioners for the County of Elbert.

The following House bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Spence—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Camilla in and for Mitchell County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Green and Holtzelaw—

A bill to amend the Act creating the City Court of Houston County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Abbeville in Wilcox County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following House bills were taken up with adverse report from the committee and the report was agreed to and bills were lost:

By Mr. Carter —

A bill to provide for holding four terms each year in Appling County.

By Mr. Carter—

A bill to repeal an Act approved December 1st, 1897, establishing the City Court of Baxley.

The following Senate bill was read first time:

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to be entitled an Act to fix the prima facie right to the custody of children of tender age.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

The following Senate bills were read second time:

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to repeal Section 31 of the General Insurance Act known as House Bill No. 752.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend an Act of August 21, 1906, to incorporate the town of Marshalville in Macon County.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to require all persons or Corporations operating Railroads to erect sign boards on right of ways.

The following House bills were read first time:

By Mr. Jackson—

. A bill to incorporate the town of Helen.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Ballard—

A bill to create and establish a new Charter for the Town of Helena.

By Mr. Jackson—

A bill to incorporate the City of Robertstown.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Henderson—

A bill to create the City Court of Gray for the County of Jones.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to repeal all laws and amendments to laws incorporating the City of Manchester, to incorporate the City under the name of College Park.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs Wimberly, Fowler and Miller—

A bill to prevent the pollution of the water of the Ocmulgee River.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Lipscomb—

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Athens.

Referred to Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Cheney—

A bill to amend the Acts incorporating the City of Marietta, so as to provide that no franchises shall be granted except they be ratified by a vote of the people.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

The following House resolution was read second time and adopted.

By Mr. Myrick—

A resolution relative to the ungranted lands in Chatham County and approving Acts of February 1st, 1788, December 21, 1829 and March 1, 1856.

The following Senate resolution was read second time and adopted:

By Mr. Irwin—

A resolution appointing a commission to consider the revision of the criminal and civil procedure in this State.

The following House bills were read second time:
By Messrs. Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—

A bill to carry into effect the Constitutional

amendment to Paragraph 1, Section 7 of Article 6, of the Constitution so as to create a municipal Court for the City of Atlanta.

By Mr. Loyd—

A bill to create a new Charter for the Town of Newborn.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to create a new Charter for the Town of McCaysville in Fannin County.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 17th, 1909, creating and establishing a new Charter of the Town of Decatur.

By Mr. Moon—

A bill to establish the City Court of Hazlehurst in Jeff Davis County This bill was recommitted.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley—

A bill to establish a Park and Tree Commission for the City of Waycross.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to amend the Act creating a new Charter for the City of Hawkinsville and for other purposes.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to amend the Act approved on December 10, 1902, incorporating the town of Pineview.

By Mr. Rhodes—

A bill to Amend the Act of 1872 providing for the Charter of the City of Athens and for other purposes.

By Mr. DeVaughn—

A bill to authorize working of streets of towns in Macon County by County Chaingang.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to provide and create a new Charter for the Town of Cochran.

By Mr. Hopkins—

A bill to amend Section 1249 of the political Code of 1910.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to amend Section 1249 of Volume 1 of the Code.

By Mr. Dorrough—

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Royston.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Kirkwood.

By Mr. McCurry—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Hartwell.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley—

A bill to amend an Act to provide and establish a new Charter for the City of Waycross.

By Mr. Carlton—

A bill to amend an Act to create a new Charter for the City of Moultrie.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of East Lake.

By Mr. Dorough—

A bill to amend the Act to incorporate the City of Lavonia.

By Mr. Herrington of Emanuel—

A bill to incorporate the Town of Aline.

By Mr. Cooper—

A bill to amend an Act to amend Section 17 of the Charter of City of Waycross.

By Mr. Moore—

A bill to abolish the County Court of Jeff Davis County. This bill was recommitted.

By Mr. Reiser of Effingham—

A bill to amend Section 12 of an Act creating the City Court of Springfield in Effingham County.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled “An Act to incorporate the Town of Lakeview.”

The following resolution was unanimously adopted

By Mr. Miller of 24th—

WHEREAS, It has come to the knowledge of this Senate that the wife, son and daughter of our distinguished President is at present in the gallery of the Senate; and

WHEREAS, It is the wish and desire, of the Senate, that our distinguished visitors be extended a more cordial welcome.

Be it therefore Resolved, That the wife, son and daughter of our distinguished President be, and they are hereby, extended a cordial welcome, and that they be, and are hereby, extended the privilege of the floor of the Senate.

Mr. Tarver, Chairman of the Penitentiary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Penitentiary has inspected the Prison Farm at Milledgeville and beg leave to submit the following report:

The condition of the crops on the farm is very good, considering the poor character of the land. The corn crop of 1,000 acres is remarkably good. The Prison Commissioners expect to make about 15,000 bushels of corn and 400 bales of cotton this year. Considering the fact that they work almost entirely the crippled and diseased, we consider this showing remarkably good.

We found the main dormitory for white males a model prison building and properly kept. The prisoners are well treated. This building was originally constructed with the view of adding a second ell later to house the negro males in the same manner as the whites, which would result in a considerable saving in the employment of guards. We believe the time has arrived*for this work to be done. We found the negro males sleeping in an old barn some distance from the main dormitory. In this insanitary place the cots for prisoners are placed touching each other, and although jammed together in this way 123 prisoners sleep on 106 cots. We recommend the expenditure of the amount needed for the building of the negro ell to the main dormitory, \$7,000.00.

We found the tubercular hospital and womans building properly maintained and in good condition

except as hereinafter stated. Plumbing for these buildings is badly needed, and we recommend the installation of the same, the estimated cost being \$100.00.

In the women's building we found a sixteen-year old white girl who had been sentenced to the reformatory confined. She was in the same room with two or three murderesses and other women criminals. We cannot see any likelihood of reformation in such a place, and since there is no place for girls in the present reformatory and the judges of the State are daily experiencing the need of a reformatory for girls in dealing with girl criminals, we recommend the establishment of such an institution. We do not think it should be established at Milledgeville, but should be as separate as possible, from the Prison Farm.

We found the reformatory for white boys in good condition and doing a great work. The little inmates sang and recited for us and many of them appeared to be unusually bright boys who simply needed a chance in life. The work done by them in their workshop particularly impressed us, and we recommend that the inmates of the negro boys reformatory be provided with a workshop where they can be taught proficiency in some of the forms of skilled and unskilled labor.

We found two insane persons confined at the State Farm. One violently insane, under our law they cannot be removed to the State Sanitarium and there are no reasons of caring for them at the

farm. We recommend provision being made for the criminal insane by appropriate legislation.

We found that the sewage from the main dormitory empties into a cess-pool two or three hundred yards from the building and is thrown out from the cess-pool over the adjoining lands from which it drains into the stream which supplies the City of Milledgeville with water. It is as well extremely unhealthful for the inmates of the Prison Farm. We recommend the building of an adequate sewage disposal plant, which we estimate to cost, labor being supplied by the farm, approximately \$2,000.00.

Until recent years the proceeds of the Farm were used for betterments, but the law now requires that they be paid into the State Treasury. We recommend that the proceeds of the Farm or enough to make the necessary improvements be allowed the prison commission for one year as formerly.

Respectfully submitted,

M. C. TARVER, Chairman.

The following communication was received from His Excellency the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Perry:

Mr. President:

I am directed by his Excellency the Governor to deliver to your honorable body a sealed communication to which he respectfully invites your consideration in Executive Session.

On request of the W & A. R. R. Committee,

Senator Le Pope was added to that Committee by the President.

The following Senate bills and resolutions were read third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Sweat—

A resolution to provide for the appointment of a Commission to investigate and report upon the extension of the W & A. R. R.

On the passage of the resolution the ayes were 18, nays 23; the resolution was lost.

Mr. Harrell moved that the Senate adjourn until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	McGregor, C. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Miller, B. S.	Smith, E. L.
Cheunault, N. B.	Moore, J. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Converse, W. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, G. W.
Dickey, R. L.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
DeBose, R. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Ford, L. L.	Richardson, C. H.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Harrell, G. Y.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, W. W.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Spinks, W. E.
Hixon, J. T.	Kelly, O. L.	Stark, W. W.
Huie, G. M.	Longino, J. T.	Sweat, J. L.
Irwin, M. D.	McNeil, W. D.	Turner, S. M.
Jones, S. E.	Peyton, J. T.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Elkins, O. H. Foster, A. H.

Ayes 21, nays 20.

The motion was lost.

Mr. Howell moved that the Senate do now adjourn. On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Harrell, G. Y.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Irwin, M. D.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Turner, S. M.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Tyson, C. M.
Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Johnson, J. F.	Pope, Le,
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Longino, J. T.	Smith, E. L.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Spinks, W. E.
DuBose, R. T.	Moore, J. H.	Stark, W. W.
Hixon, J. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Sweat, J. L.
Huie, G. M.	Parrish, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.	Taylor, G. W.
Jones, W. W.	Peyton, J. T.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Elkins, O. H. Foster, A. H.

Ayes 14; nays 27

The motion was lost.

Mr. Converse, Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Military affairs have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 16th 1912, relative to the duty of Governor in calling out the Militia.

The Committee have had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the manner in which the State Militia may be called out.

Respectfully submitted,

W. L. CONVERSE, Chairman.

At 1:45 the Senate went into executive session.

Mr. Tarver moved that the Senate adjourn until tomorrow morning at 9:30 o'clock.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the Senate adjourned until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock p. m., and was called to order by the President.

On motion the roll call was dispensed with.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. Stark—

A bill to provide permanent registration for voters who have once qualified and who have been legally registered.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 2; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

Amend section one by adding at the end thereof the following proviso:

“Provided that in case said registered voter removes from said County the Board of Registrars or the clerk of the superior court thereof shall from the completed list of registered voters on file in his office as provided by Section 58 of the code of Georgia, 1910, issue and deliver to said registered voter a certificate of registration which certificate when presented to the tax collector or registrars of the county into which said registered voter has removed shall entitle him to like registration therein on his first taking the oath now required of all voters before they can register with the tax collectors of this State.”

Amend by striking from lines six and seven of section one the following words ‘entitled to permanent registration and be’ and substituting in lieu

thereof the following words “permanently registered and.”

Provided further that no voter shall be entitled to permanent registration unless he registered under the provisions of subsections one or two, paragraph four of Section 36 of the Code of 1910.

Add following proviso to Committee amendment:

Provided further no such certificate of registration shall be issued as herein provided, in the judgment of said clerk or registrars the said voter is excluded from the right to vote under the provisions of the Constitution of this State in regard to qualification of electors.

The following joint resolution was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Watts—

A resolution to create a Commission to dispose of the Executive Mansion and for other purposes.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Ford, L. L.	Stark, W. W.
Bulloch, R. O.	Huie, G. M.	Sweat, J. L.
Burtz, A. H.	Irwin, M. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Chennault, N. B.	Miller, B. S.	Turner, S. M.
Converse, W. L.	Richardson, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Dickey, R. L.	Spinks, W. E.	Watts, J. N.
DuBose, R. T.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Perry, Grant D.
Harrell, G. Y.	Longino, J. T.	Peyton, J. T.
Hixon, J. T.	McGregor, C. E.	Pope, Le,
Jones, S. E.	McNeil, W. D.	Rushin, M. E.
Jones, W. W.	Moore, J. H.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Johnson, J. F.	Olliff, W. M.	Smith, E. L.
Kea, Fred,	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Elkins, O. H.	Foster, A. H.
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Ayes 19, nays 21.

The resolution was lost.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Watts—

A bill to amend Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution of this State so as to authorize the qualified voters in each of the several counties of this State to abolish the office of County Treasurer.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	DuBose, R. T.	Jones, W. W.
Bulloch, R. O.	Ford, L. L.	Johnson, J. F.
Burtz, A. H.	Harrell, G. Y.	Kea, Fred,
Bush, W. J.	Hixon, J. T.	Kelly, O. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Huie, G. M.	Longino, J. T.
Converse, W. L.	Irwin, M. D.	McGregor, C. E.
Dickey, R. L.	Jones, S. E.	McNeil, W. D.

Miller, B. S.	Richardson, C. H.	Sweat, J. L.
Moore, J. H.	Rushin, M. E.	Tarver, M. C.
Olliff, W. M.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Taylor, G. W.
Parrish, C. H.	Smith, E. L.	Turner, S. M.
Perry, Grant D.	Spinks, W. E.	Tyson, C. M.
Pope, Le,	Stark, W. W.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Foster, A. H.	Peyton, J. T.
Elkins, O. H.		

Ayes 39, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed and the bill is as follows:

An Act to amend Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution of this State so as to authorize the qualified voters in each of the several counties in this State to abolish the office of county treasurer.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia that Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution of this State be amended by adding at the end of said Section the following: “The office of county treasurer may be abolished in each of the several counties in this State by the qualified voters thereof at an election to be held at such time, in such manner and upon such conditions as the General Assembly may prescribe. If a majority of the qualified voters voting in any such election in any county of this State shall vote to abolish the office of county treasurer, immediately upon the declaration of the result of the election as may be provided by law, the said office shall be abolished and the incumb-

ent thereof shall deliver to such person or agency as is designated by law as his successor, all money and property of the county in his hands. The General Assembly shall at its next session after the ratification of this amendment, provide for carrying the provisions thereof into effect.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, that whenever the above proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be agreed to by two thirds of the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly and the same has been entered on the journals, with the yeas and nays taken thereon, the Governor shall, and he is hereby authorized and instructed to cause said amendment to be published in at least two newspapers in each Congressional district in this State for at least two months next preceding the time for holding the next general election.

Section 3. Be it further enacted that the above proposed amendment shall be submitted for ratification or rejection to the electors of this State at the next General Election to be held after publication as provided for in the second Section of this Act in the several election districts of this State at which election every person shall be qualified to vote who is entitled to vote for members of the General Assembly. All persons voting at said election in favor of adopting the proposed amendment to the Constitution shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "For ratification of the amendment to Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution of this State so as to authorize the qualified voters in each

of the several counties in this State to abolish the office of county treasurer''; and all persons opposed to the adoption of said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "Against the ratification of the amendment to Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution of this State so as to authorize the qualified voters in each of the several counties of this State to abolish the office of county treasurer''; and if a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the General Assembly voting thereon shall vote for said amendment then said amendment shall become a part of the Constitution of this State.

Section 4. Be it further enacted that the Governor be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to provide for the submission of the amendment proposed in the first Section of this Section of this Act to a vote of the people as required by the Constitution of this State in Paragraph 1 of Section — of Article 13 and by this Act and if ratified the Governor shall when he ascertains such ratification from Secretary of State to whom the returns shall be referred in the manner as in cases of election of members of the General Assembly, to count and ascertain the result, issue his Proclamation and cause the same to be inserted one time in one of the daily papers of this State announcing such result and declaring such amendment ratified.

Section 5. Be it further enacted that all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to amend Section 1037, Paragraph 4 of the Penal Code, relative to competency of husband and wife as witnesses.

The previous question was called.

The hour of adjournment having arrived the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, Atlanta, Ga.,

Thursday August 7, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

On motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

Notice was given that at the proper time a motion would be made to reconsider the resolution appointing a Commission to dispose of the Executive Mansion.

Notice was also given that at the proper time a motion would be made to reconsider Senate bill No. 10.

The Journal of yesterday was read and approved.

Mr. Stark moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in defeating the following resolution of the Senate on yesterday:

By Mr. Watts—

A resolution to create a Commission for the purpose of making disposition of the Executive Mansion and for other purposes.

On the motion to reconsider the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.

Brown, John W. L. Bulloch, R. O.

Burtz, A. H.	Huie, G. M.	Stark, W. W.
Chennault, N. B.	Irwin, M. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Dickey, R. L.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
DuBose, R. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Smith, E. L.	Tyson, C. M.
Foster, A. H.	Spinks, W. E.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Pope, Le,
Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Hixon, J. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Rushin, M. E.
Jones, S. E.	Moore, J. H.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Jones, W. W.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, G. W.
Johnson, J. F.	Parrish, C. H.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Kea, Fred,		

Those not voting were Messrs —

Ford, L. L.

Ayes, 21; nays, 21.

The motion was lost.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority, the following bills of the Senate:

A bill to prescribe the amount of costs in cases involving \$100.00 or less in the City Court of Dublin.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Lavonia.

The House has concurred in the Senate amendment No. 3, and has disagreed to Senate amend-

ments No. 1 and No. 2 of the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to rearrange the Middle and Augusta Judicial Circuit.

The House has disagreed to the Senate amendments to the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Quitman.

The House has passed by the requisite constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to create a new charter for the City of Talbotton.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Springfield.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Meigs.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Scotland.

A bill to provide four terms of Madison Superior Court.

A bill to amend an Act creating a new charter for the City of Cordele.

A bill to amend an Act amending the charter of the City of Cordele.

Mr. Sweat moved to reconsider the action of the

Senate in defeating the following resolution of the Senate on yesterday:

By Mr. Sweat—

A resolution to provide for the appointment of a Commission to investigate and report upon the extension of the W. & A. R. R.

The motion prevailed and on motion, the resolution was recommitted to the W. & A. R. R. Committee.

Mr. Tarver, Vice-Chairman of the Special Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Special Judiciary Committee have had under consideration the following House bills, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act creating the City Court of Athens.

A bill to amend an Act to establish a City Court in the town of Pelham.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of LaGrange.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Dublin.

A bill to provide for holding primary elections for Mayor and Aldermen of Savannah.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Sylvania.

A bill to abolish the City Court of Pulaski.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Dublin.

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Oglethorpe County

A bill to establish the City Court of Hazlehurst.

A bill to create the City Court of Gray.

A bill to abolish the County Court of Jeff Davis County

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Pembroke.

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of Franklin County Superior Court.

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court for Hart County.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Madison.

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Flovilla.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Lexington.

The Committee have had under consideration the following Senate resolution, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, by substitute, to-wit:

A resolution in regard to the Great Seal of the State.

The Committee have also had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, as amended, to-wit:

A bill to establish the County Court of Bryan County.

Respectfully submitted,

M. C. TARVER, Vice-Chairman.

Mr. Hixon, Acting Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Education have had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to incorporate the Camilla School District.

The Committee has had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to establish a system of public schools for the town of Alamo.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. HIXON, Acting Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate resolution and Senate bills, to-wit:

A resolution providing for the appointment of a Commission to revise the Civil and Criminal procedure of the State.

A bill to provide for a permanent registration of voters of this State.

A bill to amend Section 2 of Article 11 of the Constitution of this State so as to abolish the office of County Treasurer.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Miller, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Finance has had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 951 of the Civil Code of 1910.

A bill to amend Section 964 of the Civil Code of 1910.

A bill to amend Section 950 of Vol. 1 of the Code of 1910.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Chairman.

Mr. Tyson, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Enrollment report as duly enrolled and ready for the signature of the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, the following Acts, to-wit:

An Act to amend an Act creating the City Court of Fitzgerald.

An Act to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Vienna.

An Act to amend the Act creating a system of public schools for the City of Oglethorpe.

An Act to provide for holding monthly sessions of Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Stewart County.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Alamo.

An Act to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro.

An Act to amend the charter of the City of Edison.

A resolution to authorize the Governor upon request of the Sheriff of Chatham County, to order out such of the National Guard in said county as may volunteer for the purpose of carrying out the orders of the County Commissioners.

Respectfully submitted,

CHAS. M. TYSON, Chairman.

Mr. Tyson, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Enrollment report as duly signed by the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives, and delivered to the Governor the following Acts, to-wit:

An Act to amend an Act, creating the City Court of Fitzgerald.

An Act to repeal an Act, to establish the City Court of Vienna.

An Act to amend the Act creating a system of public schools for the City of Oglethorpe.

An Act to provide for holding monthly sessions of Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Stewart County.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Alamo.

An Act to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro.

An Act to amend the charter of the City of Edison.

A resolution to authorize the Governor upon request of the Sheriff of Chatham County, to order out such of the National Guard in said county as may volunteer for the purpose of carrying out the orders of the County Commissioners.

Respectfully submitted,

CHAS. M. TYSON, Chairman.

Mr. Harrell, Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Constitutional Amendments has had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Paragraph 1 of Section 13 of Article 6 of the Constitution of Georgia.

Respectfully submitted,

G. Y. HARRELL, Chairman.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters have had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Act 1912, page 494, so as to include Lumpkin County.

A bill to prevent pollution of the waters of the Ocmulgee River.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Wheeler County.

A bill to abolish the Board of Road and Bridge Commissioners of Appling County.

A bill to amend Act creating Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Tift County.

A bill to amend Act providing for electing Solicitor County Court of Putnam County.

A bill to repeal Act creating Commissioners of Washington County

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners for Washington County.

A bill to repeal Act providing for Board of Commissioners of Heard County.

A bill to create office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Heard County.

A bill to amend Act creating Board of Commissioners for Franklin County

A bill to amend Act to abolish the office of Commissioner of Forsyth County.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill amending Act creating Board of Commissioners of Early County.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners for Appling County.

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. RUSHIN, Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to provide secret ballot in Augusta in all elections for members of Council.

Respectfully submitted,

W D. McNEIL, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House bills, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass:

To incorporate the town of Helen.

To repeal all laws and amendments to laws incorporating the City of Manchester.

To amend the Acts incorporating the City of Marietta.

To be entitled an Act to create and establish a new charter for the town of Harlem in the County of Columbia.

To incorporate the City of Robertstown.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Johnson, Chairman of the Committee on Hygeine and Sanitation, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Hygeine and Sanitation have had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to provide for the sanitation of bakeries canneries, restaurants, etc., in this State.

Respectfully submitted,

J. F. JOHNSON, Chairman.

Mr. Chennault, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Agriculture have had under consideration the following Senate bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to provide for the protection of the Oyster Industry and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

N. B. CHENNAULT Chairman.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters has had under consideration the following Senate bill, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to-wit:

A bill to make all free rural routes public highways.

The Committee has also had under consideration

the following Senate bill, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 469 Vol. 1 of the Code of 1910.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House bill, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Act creating Board of Commissioners for Terrell County

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. RUSHIN, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to repeal Section 2624 of the Code of 1910.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend the Act for the protection of game birds and animals, and for other purposes.

Referred to the Agricultural Committee.

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to create the office of Pardon Attorney and for other purposes.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

The following House bill was taken up with Senate amendments, in which the House refuses to concur in amendments Nos. 1 and 2, which submits the provision of this Act to the qualified voters of the County of Jenkins; the Senate recedes from amendments Nos. 1 and 2.

By Mr. Brinson—

A bill to rearrange the Middle and Augusta Judicial Circuits by adding Jenkins County to the Augusta Circuit.

The unfinished business of yesterday was taken up, read the third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Tyson—

A bill to amend Section 1037 of Paragraph 4 of the Penal Code.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 6; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following resolution was read the 1st time:

By Mr. Huie—

A resolution authorizing the State Board of Education to renew contracts for text-books for 5 years.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

The following House bills were read the 1st time:

By Mr. Ragland—

A bill to create a new charter for Talbotton, Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the town of Scotland.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Thompson—

A bill to provide for four terms of the Superior Court of Madison County.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Gower—

A bill to amend an Act creating a new charter for the City of Cordele.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Gower—

A bill to amend an Act amending the charter of Cordele.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Hopkins and Reese—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Meigs.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Reiser—

A bill to amend the charter of Springfield.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

The following Senate bills were read the second time:

By Mr. Elkin—

A bill to establish a system of public schools for the town of Alamo.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to regulate the manner in which the State Militia may be called out.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 16, 1912, relative to the Governor calling out the State Militia.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill for the protection of the Oyster Industry and for other purposes.

By Mr. Kelly—

A bill to make all free rural delivery routes in Georgia public highways.

The following Senate bill was read the third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend an Act of August 21, 1906, to incorporate the town of Marshalville in the County of Macon.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following House bills were read the second time:

By Mr. Lipscomb of Clarke—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Athens.

By Mr. Jones—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Ellijay.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to amend Paragraph 1 of Section 13 of Article 6 of the Constitution.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to repeal all laws and amendments to laws, incorporating the City of Manchester, to incorporate the City under the name of College Park.

By Mr. Moon—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of LaGrange.

By Messrs. Taylor and Harris—

A bill to repeal an Act creating Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Washington County.

By Mr. Dorrough—

A bill to amend an Act to create the Board of Commissioners of Boards and Revenues for Franklin County

By Mr. Wisdom of Forsyth—

A bill to amend Section 3 of an Act entitled an Act to abolish the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues of Forsyth County.

By Mr. Arnold—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Oglethorpe County.

By Messrs. Taylor and Harris—

A bill to create a Board of Roads and Revenues for Washington County

By Messrs. Wimberly, Fowler and Miller—

A bill to prevent the pollution of the waters of the Ocmulgee River.

By Mr. Whitaker—

A bill to create the Board of Roads and Revenues for Heard County

By Mr. Spence—

A bill to amend an Act, entitled an Act, to establish a City Court in the town of Pelham.

By Messrs. Taylor and Coleman—

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Dublin; Approved August 15, 1910.

By Mr. Jackson—

A bill to incorporate the City of Robertstown.

By Mr. McCurry—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Courts in Hart County

By Messrs. Garlington and Olive—

A bill to provide secret ballot in Augusta Georgia in all election for members of Council.

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Tift County.

By Mr. Henderson—

A bill to create the City Court of Gray in Jones County.

By Mr. Spence—

A bill to incorporate the Camilla School Districts in the City of Camilla.

By Mr. Ballard—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Harlem.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to repeal an Act, entitled an Act, to establish the City Court of Flovilla in Butts County

By Mr. Cheney—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the City of Marietta.

By Mr. Jackson—

A bill to incorporate the town of Helen.

By Mr. Arnold—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Lexington.

By Mr. Dorrough—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Franklin County.

By Mr. Lipscomb—

A bill to amend an Act creating City Court of Athens.

By Mr. Brookshear—

A bill to amend the Act of 1912 as set forth on Page 494 of the Acts of 1912, and which was approved August 19, 1912 so as to add to it the provisions of the County of Lumpkin.

By Mr. Carter—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Appling County.

By Messrs. McCarthy, Shuptrine and Myrick—

A bill for the holding of primary elections in the City of Savannah.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to abolish the City Court of Pulaski.

By Mr. Evans—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Sylvania.

By Mr. Whitaker—

A bill to repeal an Act approved October 6th, 1885 as amended August 22, 1907, entitled an Act to provide for a County Board of Commissioners for the County of Heard.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to amend the City Court of Dublin, so as to

provide for the payment of fines and forfeitures into the County Treasury.

By Mr. Burney—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 15, 1910, establishing the City Court of Madison.

By Mr. Slater—

A bill to create and establish the County Court of Bryan County

By Mr. Carter—

A bill to abolish the Board of Road and Bridge Commissioners for Appling County.

By Mr. Slater—

A bill to repeal Act creating the City Court of Pembroke.

By Mr. Davidson—

A bill to amend an Act to provide for electing the Solicitor of the County Court of Putnam County by the qualified voters of said county.

By Mr. Pickett—

A bill to amend the Act approved September 21, 1883, creating Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Terrell County.

The following House bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Loyd—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Newborn.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to amend an Act, approved August 17th, 1909, creating and establishing a new charter for the town of Decatur.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Moore—

A bill to abolish the County Court of Jeff Davis County and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Moon—

A bill to establish the City Court of Hazlehurst in Jeff Davis County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Reiser—

A bill to amend Section 12 of an Act, creating the City Court of Springfield in Effingham County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Johnson—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Wheeler County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Blackburn, Smith and Cochran—

A bill to carry into effect the Constitutional amendment to Paragraph 1, Section 7 of Article 6 of the Constitution, so as to create a Municipal Court for the City of Atlanta.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31.

nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to amend Act, to provide and create a new charter for the town of Cochran, in Pulaski County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Cooper—

A bill to amend Section 17 of the charter of the City of Waycross relating to the power and authority vested in the Mayor and Council.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McCurry—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Hartwell and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Dorough—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act, to incorporate the City of Lavonia in Franklin County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Dorough—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 24, 1905, incorporating Royston.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Field—

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Lake View in DeKalb County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Cooper—

A bill to establish a Park and Tree Commission for the City of Waycross.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley—

A bill to amend the Act to establish a new charter for the City of Waycross, approved August 17, 1909.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend by striking the words twenty-five and inserting in lieu thereof twenty-one.

By Messrs. Slater and Aiken—

A bill to amend Section 950 of the Code so as to provide occupation tax for corporations beginning 1914.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend the caption and when ever it occurs in the bill so as to make it read, Code of 1910 instead of 1911.

By Mr. Aiken—

A bill to amend Section 964 of the Civil Code of 1910.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 36, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Aiken of Glynn—

A bill to amend Section 951 of the Code of 1910.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Herrington of Emanuel—

A bill to incorporate the town of Olive.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Hawkinsville.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Rhodes—

A bill to amend the Act of 1872, providing a charter for the City of Athens.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to amend the Act approved on December 10, 1902, to incorporate the town of Pineview.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Field and Smith of DeKalb—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of East Lake.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Field and Smith—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Kirkwood.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Hopkins—

A bill to amend Section 1249 of the Political Code of 1910.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to amend Section 1249 of Vol. 1 of the Code of Georgia.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Stewart—

A bill to repeal an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in Coffee County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend by striking

the word "fourteen" at the end of Section 2 and in fourth line thereof, and inserting in lieu of same the word "fifteen."

By Mr. DeVaughn—

A bill to authorize the working of streets of towns in Macon County by the chaingang.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Provided this Act shall not become effective till satisfied by the majority of the qualified voters of Macon County at the next General election.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of McCaysville.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended, and the amendments are as follows:

The Committee amends by adding the word "have" between the words shall and powers in line 7 of Section 1 of said bill.

The Committee amends House Bill No. 378 by striking Section 32 from said bill and inserting in

lieu thereof the following, to be known as Section 32: Be it further enacted that the corporate limits begin at the center of Fightingtown Creek, where State line crosses between the State of Georgia and the State of Tennessee; thence up said creek to the mouth of Kingtown Branch; thence due south to the original land line between lots of lands No. 33 and No. 40, running east and west; thence east with said line to Oconee River; thence a northern direction to the top of first little knoll just southeast of railroad bridge; thence a northern direction to the top of first hill southeast of Parristown; thence in a northern direction to the original corner on the State line between Georgia and Tennessee; thence said State line to the beginning point, at the center of Fightingtown Creek.

The following Senate bill was read the third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to provide for election of United States Senator by the people.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Messrs. Huie and Anderson—

A bill to amend Paragraph 1, Section 2, Article 3 of the Constitution of this State, so as to increase the number of State Senators.

On motion the Senate adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

On motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

The following unfinished business was taken up:

By Messrs. Huie and Anderson—

A bill to amend Paragraph 1, Section 2, Article 3 of the Constitution of the State, so as to increase the number of State Senators.

On motion, this bill was tabled.

The following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Messrs. Miller, McNeil and Tarver—

A bill to amend the Constitution of Georgia, as to provide for pro rata advalorem tax levy for Pensions of the State.

Referred to the Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to amend an Act, to consolidate and super-

sede the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome in Floyd County.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Miller, McNeil and Tarver—

A bill to amend the Constitution of Georgia, so as to provide for pro rata ad valorem tax levy for Common Schools of Georgia.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code of 1910, relative to running freight trains on Sunday.

Mr. Miller moved to table the bill and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Parrish, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Turner, S. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Moore, J. H.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Chennault, N. B.	Hixon, J. T.
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Jones, W. W.	Perry, Grant D.	Spinks, W. E.
Kelly, O. L.	Pope, Le,	Tarver, M. C.
Longino, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Taylor, G. W
Olliff, W. M.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

DuBose, R. T.	Harrell, G. Y.	Richardson, C. H.
Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.	Watts, J. N.
Foster, A. H.		

Ayes, 23; nays, 13.

The bill was tabled.

The following message was received from His Excellency the Governor through his Secretary, Mr. Perry:

Mr President:

His Excellency, the Governor, has approved and signed the following Acts and Resolutions, to-wit:

An Act to amend the charter of the City of Edison, so as to provide for the pavements of sidewalks in certain parts of the City and for other purposes.

An Act to be entitled an Act, to amend an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the town of Alamo.

An Act to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Vienna.

An Act to amend an Act creating the City Court of Fitzgerald, so as to provide for compensation of Court Stenographers in criminal cases, etc.

An Act to amend an Act creating the City Court of Statesboro.

An Act to amend the Act creating a system of Public Schools for the City of Oglethorpe, Georgia.

An Act to provide for holding monthly sessions of Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Stewart County.

A resolution to authorize the Governor upon request of the Sheriff of Chatham County, to order out such of the National Guard in said county as may volunteer for the purpose of carrying out the orders of the County Commissioners.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Messrs. Rushin and Anderson—

A bill to provide for maintaining in proper condition crossways and other approaches to public bridges between counties.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to authorize the execution of a lost or destroyed deed to be proved as to land in any court in this State when the deed was never rendered and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Bush, Foster and Searcy—

A bill to prohibit any person from inveigling any female of previous chaste, character or child under fourteen years of age into any home of ill fame.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend the last line of Section 1 so that it shall read as follows: Imprisoned in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than ten years.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Friday, August 8, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

On the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W E.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

On motion the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary has had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to relieve S. J. Cartledge, authorizing County Commissioners to pay claims.

A bill to repeal an Act to create a county court in each county in the State except certain counties therein mentioned, approved January 18, 1872.

The committee has also had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, by substitute.

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to establish the City Court of Jackson.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following Bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 1037, Paragraph 4 of the Penal Code of 1910, relating to the competency of husband and wife as witnesses in criminal proceedings.

A bill to amend the Charter of the Town of Marshallville.

A bill to provide for election of U. S. Senators by the people.

A bill to provide for maintaining causeways and approaches to public bridges between counties.

A bill to authorize the execution of lost deeds to be proved as to land in any county where the said lost deed was never recorded.

A bill to prohibit any person from inveigling any female into any house of ill fame.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to amend the Charter of the City of Atlanta.

Respectively submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Foster, Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration House Bill No. 598.

A bill amending an Act establishing a system of public schools for the City of Waycross and for

other purposes. I am instructed to report same back with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. FOSTER, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations has had under consideration the following Senate Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to amend the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome, to create a new charter and municipal government, etc., approved August 17, 1909, by providing a commission form of government.

The committee has also had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same to pass, to-wit:

A bill to create a new charter for Talbotton.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Athens.

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the town of Scotland.

A bill to amend the charter of Springfield.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Meigs.

A bill to amend the charter of Cordele.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Brown, Chairman of the Committee on W & A. Railroad, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on W. & A. Railroad has had under consideration the following Senate bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass, by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to provide for a joint committee on the lease of the W & A. Railroad.

Respectfully submitted,

J. W. L. BROWN, Chairman.

By unanimous consent the following Senate bills were read second time and recommitted.

By Messrs. Miller Tarver and McNeil—

A bill to so amend the Constitution of Georgia as to provide for pro rata ad valorem tax levy for pensions of the State.

By Messrs. Miller, Tarver and McNeil—

A bill to so amend the Constitution of Georgia as to provide the pro rata ad valorem tax levy for the common schools of the State.

By unanimous consent the following resolution was read second time and recommitted:

By Mr. Huie—

A resolution to authorize the State Board of Education to renew the contract for said books for a term of five years.

By unanimous consent the following House bills were read second time and recommitted.

By Messrs. Taylor and Harris—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the City of Washington.

By Messrs. Taylor and Harris—

A bill to repeal the Act creating the Commission of Roads and Revenues of Washington County.

By Mr. McLendon—

A bill to abolish the City Court of Blakely in Early County

By Mr. Mills—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act establishing the City Court of Jackson in Butts County.

By Mr. Henderson—

A bill to repeal the Act creating the County Court of Jones County.

By Messrs. Rhodes and Lipscomb—

A bill for the relief of S. J. Cartledge and for other purposes.

The following resolutions were read first time.

By Messrs. McGregor & Allen—

A resolution requesting the State Board of Education to investigate the advisability of using the Webster Blue Back Speller in the public schools of Georgia.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. Olliff—

A resolution recommending the preservation by the U. S. Government of Fort Frederica, St. Simons Island.

Laid on table for one day.

The following Senate bill was taken up with House substitute, and the substitute was concurred in with Senate amendment.

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to amend the Act creating the Board of County Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Ware County

The amendment is as follows: Amend the House substitute by striking Section 4 of same and then numbering the remaining Sections thereof so as to make same correspond consecutively therewith.

Amend Section 5 of said substitute by inserting after the word "Waycross" when the same occurs in the fourth and fifth lines thereof the following words: "Connecting with the public highways of the county," also amend said Section by striking from the fifth line thereof the word "Exceeding" and inserting in lieu of same the words "less than."

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk of the House.

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amended an Act to incorporate the City of Swainsboro.

A bill to amend an Act to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Dodge County.

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the City of Osierfield.

A bill to amend an Act to regulate the numbering of automobiles in this State.

A bill to amend an Act to create a new charter for the City of Macon.

A bill to establish a System of Public Schools in the town of Scotland.

A bill to incorporate the town of Wesley

A bill to incorporate the town of Reno.

A bill to abolish Justice Courts in the City of Macon.

The Senate insists on its amendment to the following bill of the House, to-wit:

By Mr. Edmondson—

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Quitman.

The following Senate bill was read the second time:

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to amend an Act to amend and consolidate the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome.

The following House bills were read the second time:

By Mr. Ragland—

A bill to create a new charter for Talbotton in Talbot County

By Mr. Gower—

A bill to amend the Act amending the charter of Cordele in Crisp County

By Mr. McRea—

A bill to amend the Act incorporating the town of Scotland.

By Messrs. Hopkins and Reese—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Meigs.

By Mr. McLendon—

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Early County.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the System of Public Schools for the City of Waycross.

By Mr. Reiser—

A bill to amend the charter of Springfield.

The following House bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Messrs. Cochran, Smith and Blackburn—

A bill to amend an Act establishing a new charter for the City of Atlanta, approved February 28th, 1874, and the several Acts amendatory thereof.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

Amendment to House Bill No. 282, amending the charter of the City of Atlanta, etc., by incorporating therein the following:

Sec. 234(a). That the tax assessors and receivers, acting jointly, or in case of difference of opinion, acting by a majority thereof, shall be the head of the tax office of the City of Atlanta and said tax assessors and receivers shall have the authority to nominate a chief clerk for the tax office, together with the assistants therein, subject to confirmation by the tax committee of the general council and same shall thereafter be submitted to the general council and be finally subject to confirmation by said general council. Said tax assessors and receivers shall have authority to receive returns of taxes, administer oaths to those making returns, in connection with the chief clerk and the assistants in the tax office, and said tax assessors and receivers shall have general supervision of the tax office, being the office where returns are made to the City of Atlanta for taxation and assessments entered thereon. The provisions of Section 2 of an Act to amend the charter of the City of Atlanta, approved August 19th, 1912, providing that the tax committee of the general council shall elect a chief clerk for the tax office, is hereby stricken, and the same provision is stricken from Section 51 of the Act to which this amendment is offered, and furthermore, the provisions of said Section 2 of the amendment approved aforesaid and the Section 51 above noted, providing that the chief clerk shall have charge of tax returns in connection with such assistants as the tax committee or the general council may provide, are likewise stricken.

The provisions of this amendment shall become effective and shall be enforced by the Mayor and General Council of the City of Atlanta when passed by the General Assembly and approved by the Governor and shall not be submitted to a vote of the people with the other provisions of said charter, but shall be a law without regard to the vote at the election held under the provisions of the pending bill by which same were referred to a vote of the people.

Sec. 234(b). The Mayor and General Council of the City of Atlanta are hereby authorized to provide by ordinance for the inspection of freight and passenger elevators used in the different buildings of the City and also to provide for the inspection of steam boilers wherever used within the limits of said city and to give the officers in charge of such inspection authority to enter on the premises where such elevators or boilers are located for the purpose of making such inspections. Said Mayor and General Council are likewise authorized to provide, by ordinances, regulations concerning the use of such elevators and steam boilers and to take any other steps necessary to secure the safe operation of said elevators and boilers and the prevention of the use of defective or dangerous elevators or boilers, within the limits of said city. Said Mayor and General Council are likewise authorized to provide, by ordinance, for punishment by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars or by sentence upon the public works of the city for not exceeding thirty days, either or both penalties to be inflicted in the

discretion of the Recorder, for a violation by any person, firm or corporation of said ordinances and the regulations established thereunder. The provisions of this section shall become a law when this Act is approved by the Governor and shall not be submitted to a vote of the people as provided with reference to the other provisions of this Act.

Further, by striking Section 201 of said bill and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

Sec. 201. The Mayor and General Council of the City of Atlanta are hereby vested with authority and power to require all social, locker or other clubs in which lockers or similar arrangements are maintained wherein intoxicants of any kind are kept for the use of members, to secure a permit for the operation of such clubs from the Mayor and General Council before beginning to operate or maintain or continue to operate and maintain same, if now operating, and furthermore said Mayor and General Council are hereby authorized and empowered to impose a license fee or charge against such clubs of not exceeding five hundred dollars per annum, payable in such manner as may be provided by ordinance. Said Mayor and General Council are further authorized and empowered to provide by ordinance for the punishment of any person or persons violating the provisions thereof as herein provided, by a sentence to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars or to work upon the public works of said city for not exceeding sixty days, either or both in the discretion of the Recorder.

RECORDED

Further, by adding to Section 215 the following:

“Provided first, the result of said election shall not effect the several provisions of this Act which provide that the provisions of said Act shall become a law when approved by the Governor; second, that the result of said election shall not effect the provisions of Section 215 (a), which submits to a vote of the people the question of vesting in the Recorder’s Court of said city the power to impose a fine of five hundred dollars or a sentence to imprisonment or labor upon the public works for not exceeding sixty days, and Sec. 215(b), which provides for the submission to the people the question of incorporating into the charter of said city the principles of the initiative, referendum and recall.”

Further, by adding to said bill the following sections:

Sec. 215(a). At the same time that the other provisions are submitted to a vote of the people as provided in Sec. 215, there shall likewise be separately submitted to a vote of the people the following provisions:

RECORDER’S COURT.

“That the Mayor and General Council are hereby authorized to provide by ordinance for the punishment of offences against the ordinances of the city, on conviction in the Recorder’s Court, by a sentence to work on the public works for a term not exceeding sixty days, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding sixty days, or by a fine not exceeding five

hundred dollars, either one or two or all of said sentences to be inflicted in the discretion of the Recorder.”

Those voting in favor of this provision shall have printed or written on their ballots the following words:

“(1) For vesting in the Recorder’s Court power to sentence for a term of labor and imprisonment not exceeding sixty days and by a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars.”

Those opposed thereto shall have printed or written on their ballots the following words:

“(2) For vesting in the Recorder’s Court power to sentence for a term of labor and imprisonment not exceeding thirty days and by a fine not exceeding two hundred dollars.”

If a majority of the votes cast in said election is in favor of vesting in the Recorder’s Court the power set out in the ballot marked (1) as aforesaid, then the provisions of this section hereinbefore set out under the title “Recorder’s Court” shall thereupon become a law.

If a majority of the votes cast in said election is in favor of vesting in the Recorder’s Court the power set out in the ballot marked (2) as aforesaid, then the provisions of this section hereinbefore set out under the title “Recorder’s Court” shall be changed as follows: The words “sixty days,” in both instances shall be stricken and “thirty days” insert-

ed in lieu thereof. The words "five hundred dollars" shall be stricken and "two hundred dollars" inserted in lieu thereof and as so amended, same shall thereupon become a law.

Said election shall be held and the result declared in the same manner as provided in Section 215 of this Act with reference to the other provisions of this Act.

INITIATIVE.

Sec. 215(b). Whenever ten per cent. of the registered voters, as disclosed by registration sheets of the last preceding general municipal election, shall request, in a petition filed in the office of the Clerk of Council of said City, the submission of an ordinance or resolution, the substance of which is incorporated in said petition, for adoption by vote of the people, an election shall be called therefor within thirty days after same has been read in Council. If at said election, said resolution or ordinance receives a majority of the votes cast, it shall become operative and cannot be thereafter repealed except by an election similarly called. Provided, however, if the Mayor and General Council adopt the resolution or ordinance, so petitioned for, then no election shall be called.

REFERENDUM.

Whenever fifteen per cent. in number of the registered voters, as disclosed by the registration sheets of the last preceding general municipal election shall so request, in a petition filed with the Clerk of

Council, any ordinance or resolution which may have already been adopted by the Mayor and General Council shall thereafter be submitted to the qualified voters of said city at the first regular election following the filing of said petition. Provided, said request is filed within sixty days after the approval of such ordinance or resolution. If a majority of the votes in said election are cast against such resolution or ordinance, same shall be thereby repealed and revoked and shall not thereafter be of any effect nor shall same thereafter be adopted by the Mayor and General Council until re-submitted to and adopted by the qualified voters of said city in the same manner as originally submitted. If same receives a majority vote of the people, when so submitted, then said resolution or ordinance shall stand and be effective in the same manner as other ordinances of the city.

Provided, however, that no ordinance or resolution shall be submitted to the people by referendum, as herein provided, at a date earlier than sixty days after the date of its approval, nor shall same be submitted at any other time than at the general city election held on the first Wednesday in December of each year, but same can be submitted at each annual general election if a petition is filed therefor by the voters of the city as herein authorized.

The voting on questions submitted to the people at the general elections herein provided for under what is known as the initiative and referendum, shall be held in the same manner as the ordinary city elec-

tions, by the same manager and at the same time and under the same methods, and the result thereof shall be canvassed in the same manner and declared and reported to the General Council for confirmation as the city elections are now held, declared and reported.

The Mayor and General Council of said city shall be authorized to submit to the qualified voters of said city at any regular municipal election, any ordinance or resolution which they may deem proper and in the event a majority of such voters shall vote for such ordinance or resolution, the same shall be adopted. If a majority of the votes so cast are against such resolution or ordinance, same shall be defeated and shall not thereafter be adopted by the Mayor and General Council until re-submitted to and adopted by the qualified voters of said city. If same receive a majority vote of the people and become effective, then same can only be repealed by a majority vote of the qualified voters at a regular municipal election.

RECALL.

The Mayor, Aldermen, Councilmen, officers elected by vote of the people, heads of departments and members of boards shall be subject to removal during their several terms of office in the following manner:

Whenever twenty-five per cent. in number of the registered voters, as disclosed by the registration sheets of the last preceding general municipal elec

tion, shall so request, in a petition filed in the office of the Clerk of Council, an election shall be called and held within thirty days from the date of the filing of said petition on the subject only of the recall or non-recall of such officials. It shall be the duty of the Clerk of Council to check the names on said list and report to the General Council the number of registered voters thereon in order to see that the required number have signed the said petition. This report shall be submitted to the General Council with the petition, which petition must be filed with the Clerk of Council at least five days before the meeting of the General Council to which same is reported in order that it may be checked up as here-in provided. When so reported, with this certificate, the General Council shall order an election to be held within thirty days as above mentioned. Such election shall be held under the same rules and regulations as govern regular city elections. At this election the ballots shall be as follows: With the names of such officer and office inserted in the blanks.

“For the recall of _____ Holding the office to _____”

“Against the recall of _____ Holding the office of _____”

If a majority of the votes cast in said election are for the recall of such officer, his office is declared vacant at the moment these votes are canvassed by the General Council and the result announced. A meeting of the General Council shall be called and held for this purpose, if no regular meeting inter-

venes, within not less than five days of the election so held at this meeting and the election managers shall make a return of the votes cast in said election by report of same to the General Council, and the General Council shall examine this return and declare the result. If a majority of the votes so cast is for the recall of the official, his office is vacated at the time the result is so declared by the General Council as herein provided and a vacancy immediately exists. This vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as vacancies are otherwise filled for such offices.

Provided, however, that the provisions of this section shall not become a law until submitted to the people as follows:

At the same time that the other provisions of this Act are submitted to a vote of the people, the foregoing provisions of this section shall also be submitted to a vote of the people as follows:

Those in favor of the provisions of this section shall have printed or written on their ballots the following words:

“For the initiative, referendum and recall, as provided by Act of the General Assembly of 1913 amending the charter of the City of Atlanta.”

Those opposed to the provisions of this section shall have printed or written on their ballots the following words:

“Against the initiative, referendum and recall, as provided by Act of the General Assembly of 1913 amending the charter of the City of Atlanta.”

If a majority of the votes cast in said election on this question is in favor of the initiative, referendum and recall, then the provisions of this section shall become a law.

If a majority of the votes cast in said election on this question is against the initiative, referendum and recall, then the provisions of this section shall not become a law.

The election shall be held and the result declared in the same manner as provided in Section 215 for holding an election upon the other provisions of this charter.

Sec. 215(c). That Section 215 be amended by adding after the words "No other matter shall be voted on," the following: "Except the several matters set out in Sections 215(a) and 215(b) of this Act."

By Messrs Myrick, McCarthy and Shuptrine—

A bill to provide for holding primary elections in the City of Savannah.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

By Mr. Davidson of Putnam—

A bill to amend the Act providing for the election of the Solicitor of the County Court of Putnam County by the qualified voters of said county.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Henderson of Jones—

A bill to create the City Court of Gray for the County of Jones and to prescribe its jurisdiction.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Jackson—

A bill to incorporate the town of Helen.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Carter—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Appling County and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Con-

stitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

By Senator Taylor of the 3d Senatorial District---

An amendment to House Bill No. 557 providing for the creation of a Board of County Commissioners:

Section 1. To omit the repealing clause of said bill as Section 32 and to add in lieu thereof, the following: "Section 32. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Ordinary of said County when presiding as Chairman, or while acting as a member of said Board, shall be paid the sum of two dollars per day for the time actually engaged."

Section 2. By adding the following Sections to said bill: Section 33. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That before the provisions of this Act shall become operative, it shall be first submitted to the qualified voters of Appling County for ratification at an election to be called for that purpose by the Ordinary of said County at some date not later than October 10th, nor earlier than September 20th, 1913, and if a majority of the votes at said election are cast in favor of the ratification of the provisions of this Act the same shall become operative as therein provided. At said election those desiring to vote in favor of said Act shall have printed or written on their ballots, "For ratification of Board of Commissioners" and those desiring to vote

against said Act shall have written or printed on their ballots "Against the ratification of Board of Commissioners." Said election shall be held as now provided by law for holding elections except that the returns thereof shall be made to the Ordinary of said County, and the said Ordinary shall declare the result of said election.

Section 34. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

By Mr. Spence—

A bill to amend an Act establishing a City Court in the town of Pelham in the County of Mitchell and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Loyd—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for the County of Newton and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Garlington and Olive—

A bill to provide secret ballot in Augusta, Georgia in all elections for members of Council.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Evans—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Sylvania in and for the County of Screven.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Taylor and Coleman—

A bill to amend the charter of Dublin.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Brookshear—

A bill to amend the Act of 1912 as set forth on Page 494, approved August 19, 1912, as to add to the provisions the County of Lumpkin.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Lipscomb—

A bill to amend the charter of Athens.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Carter—

A bill to abolish the Board of Road and Bridge Commissioners for Appling County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Burney—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Madison.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Wimberly, Fowler, Miller—

A bill to prevent the pollution of the waters of the Ocmulgee River.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Mills—

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Flovilla.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to abolish the City Court of Pulaski.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Ballard—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Harlem.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Pickett—

A bill to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Terrell County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McCurry—

A bill to change the time of holding of the Superior Court in Hart County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Ellis—

A bill to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Tift.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Slater—

A bill to repeal an Act to create the City Court of Pembroke.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Slater—

A bill to create the County Court of Bryan County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Jackson—

A bill to incorporate the town of Robertstown.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Whitaker—

A bill to repeal an Act to provide for a County Board of Commissioners for the County of Heard.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Whitaker—

A bill to create the office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Heard County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Cheney—

A bill to amend the Act incorporating the City of Marietta.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Dorrough—

A bill to provide for holding four terms a year of the Superior Court of Franklin County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Arnold—

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Lexington.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Arnold—

A bill to change the time of holding the Superior Court of Oglethorpe County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Smith—

A bill to repeal all laws incorporating the City of Manchester, to incorporate the City under the name of College Park.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Spence—

A bill to incorporate the Camilla School District in the City of Camilla.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Wisdom of Forsyth—

A bill to amend Section 3 of an Act entitled an Act to abolish the office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in Forsyth County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Lipscomb—

A bill to amend an Act creating City Court of Athens.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Moon—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of LaGrange.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29,

nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to amend Paragraph 1 of Section 13 of Article 6 of the Constitution of Georgia regulating the salary of Judges of the Superior Courts of this State.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Perry, Grant D.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Ford, L. L.	Rushin, M. E.	Watts, J. N.
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Ayes, 41; nays, 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed and the bill is as follows:

A bill to be entitled an Act to amend Paragraph 1, of Section 13, of Article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Georgia regulating the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme and Superior Courts by providing for the payment from the County Treasury of Bibb County to the Judge of the Superior Court of the Circuit of which said County is a part of additional compensation.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, That Paragraph 1, of Section 13, of Article 6 of the Constitution of the State of Georgia, as amended by the Act of the General Assembly approved August 3rd, 1910 and duly ratified by the people according to law, be and the same is hereby amended by inserting the word "Bibb" in the proviso contained in said amendment between the words "the Counties of" and the word "Chatham" so that said proviso so amended by this amendment shall read as follows:

Provided, however, that the Counties of Bibb, Chatham, Fulton and Richmond shall pay from their respective County Treasuries to the Superior Court Judges of the Circuit of which they are a part, and the County of Fulton to the Judge of the Stone Mountain Circuit, or the Judge of such other Circuit as may hereafter be required to regularly preside therein, for additional services rendered in the Superior Court of Fulton County, such sums as will with the salaries paid each Judge from the State Treasury, make a salary of \$5,000.00 per annum to each Judge, and said payments are de-

clared to be a part of the Court expenses of such Counties, such payments to be made to the judges now in office as well as their successors.

Section 2. Be it further enacted, That if this Constitutional amendment shall be agreed to by two-thirds of the members of the General Assembly of each House, the same shall be entered on each Journal with the ayes and nays taken thereon, and the Governor shall cause the amendment to be published in one or more of the newspapers in each Congressional District for two months immediately preceding the next general election, and the voters thereat shall have written or printed on their ticket, "For ratification of amendment to Paragraph 1, Section 13, Article 6 of the Constitution" (providing for additional compensation of the Superior Court Judge in Bibb Superior Court) or "against ratification of amendment to Paragraph 1, Section 13, Article 6 of the Constitution" (against providing additional compensation for the Superior Court Judge in Bibb Superior Court) as they may choose, and if a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the next General Assembly shall vote in favor of ratification, then said amendment shall become a part of Article 6, Section 13, Paragraph 1 of the Constitution of this State, and the Governor shall make proclamation thereof.

Be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

The following House bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Collins—

A bill to incorporate the town of Reno in Grady County.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Wood—

A bill to amend the Act approved December 6th, 1900 to incorporate the City of Swainsboro.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Wimberly and Miller—

A bill to amend an Act to create a new charter of Macon, approved November 21, 1893.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Herrington—

A bill to incorporate the town of Wesley in Emanuel County

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to establish a system of public schools for the town of Scotland.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

By Mr. Myrick—

A bill to repeal an Act to assist the Georgia Infirmary, approved December 13, 1871.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to abolish the Justice Courts and Offices of Justices of the Peace and Notaries Public and Ex-Officio Justices of the Peace in the City of Macon, and create in lieu thereof a Municipal Court.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Neal—

A bill to amend the several Acts, approved Feb. 26, 1874, Oct. 22, 1889, and July 24, 1909 creating the Board of Commissioners of Gordon County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend the Act approved August 13th, 1910 regulating the running of automobiles in this State.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. Martin—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 19, 1912 creating the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues of Dodge County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 19th, 1913 to incorporate the City of Osierfield in Irwin County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

The following Senate bill was taken up as unfinished business, was read the third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to empower the Governor to declare positions of Trustees or Directors of State Institutions vacant under certain circumstances.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 33, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows: Amend by striking out three-fourths of the Trustees of the Board and inserting in lieu thereof the words, a majority of the Board; amend by adding at the end of Section 1 the following proviso, that before removing any such member he shall be given notice by the Governor and an opportunity to be heard in his defense.

By unanimous consent, the following Senate bill was read the second time and recommitted:

By Mr. Gower—

A bill to amend an Act creating a new charter for the City of Cordele and for other purposes.

The following Senate bill was read the third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to require school attendance or instruction of children of specified ages in this State.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until 3 o'clock this P. M.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock P. M., and was called to order by the President.

On motion, the roll call was dispensed with.

By unanimous consent, the following bill of the Senate was read the third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Alamo.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following report of the Committee on Rules was read and adopted:

August 8, 1913.

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Rules recommends that a regular session of the Senate be held on Saturday (tomorrow) morning and that when the Senate adjourns at the exclusive morning session tomorrow it shall stand adjourned until the regular time on Monday morning.

B. S. MILLER, Vice-Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following resolution and bills of the House, to-wit:

A resolution to authorize the Governor to borrow money to supply deficiencies.

A bill to provide for the election of United States Senators by the people.

A bill to amend an Act amending the various Acts incorporating the City of Dalton.

The House has passed as amended by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bill of the Senate:

A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in this State.

The following Senate bill was read the third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Sweat—

A bill to require school attendance of instruction of children of specified ages and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kelly, O. L.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Smith, E. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Stark, W. W.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Sweat, J. L.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Tarver, M. C.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	Taylor, G. W.
Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,	Turner, S. M.
Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Parrish, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Kea, Fred,	Perry, Grant D.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Spinks, W. E.
Hixon, J. T.	McNeil, W. D.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Ford, L. L.	Watts, J. N.
Chennault, N. B.	Foster, A. H.	

Ayes, 27; nays, 11.

The bill having received the requisite Constitu-

tional majority was passed as amended, and the amendments is as follows:

Amend by adding the following words after the word offense in line 5 of Section 2, or by imprisonment in the common jail of the County when said cause is tried not to exceed 90 days in the discretion of the Court or by fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court. Not to exceed the amount and time herein named.

This bill was ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

The following Senate bill was read the first time:

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to so amend the Constitution of Georgia as to provide for the levy of a special tax for the years 1915 and 1916.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendments.

Mr. Harrell, Chairman of the Committee on Constitutional Amendments, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Constitutional Amendments have had under consideration the following Senate bills which I am as their Chairman instructed to report back to the House with the recommendation that same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to so amend the Constitution as to provide for pro rata ad valorem tax levy for pensions of the State.

A bill to so amend the Constitution as to provide the pro rata ad valorem tax levy for the common schools of the State.

Respectfully submitted,

G. Y. HARRELL, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Peyton—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 17th, 1908 to require all railroads to equip their engines with electric headlights and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was disagreed to and the bill was lost.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to more thoroughly carry into effect the provisions of an Act to prevent the adulteration and and misbranding of food for man or beast.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Harrell—

A bill to create and authorize the appointment of Notaries Public for the State at large.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Pope and Olliff—

A bill to amend Section 112 of the Code of Georgia of 1910.

On motion, this bill was tabled.

On motion, the following Senate bill was read the first time:

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 2584 of the Code as the same stands amended by Act approved August 10, 1910 entitled an Act to amend Section 2166 of the Code.

Referred to the Special Judiciary Committee.

The following House bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Hardeman—

A bill to provide for the election of United State Senators by the people.

Referred to the General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Berry—

A bill to amend an Act approved February 24, 1874 to consolidate and amend the various Acts incorporating the City of Dalton.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

The following House resolution was read the first time:

By Mr. Slater—

A resolution to authorize the Governor to borrow upon reasonable terms money to supply deficiencies.

Referred to Committee on Finance.

By unanimous consent, the following Senate bills were read the first time:

By Mr. Foster—

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 6, 1903, which said Act vested in the ordinary of Walton County powers exercised by law over County Matters which said Act repealed an Act approved December 3, 1896.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Foster—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Walton County

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

Senators Johnson and Dickey were granted leave of absence until Monday at 10 o'clock.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Saturday, August 9th, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	MR. PRESIDENT.

Those absent were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L. Johnson, J. F.

An motion, the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters

has had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill to repeal Act creating Commissioners of Washington County.

A bill to amend Act creating Office of Commissioners for Dodge County.

A bill to amend Act relating to Board of Commissioners of Gordon County.

The committee has also had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners for Washington County.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN H. MOORE, Vice-Chairman.

Mr. Peyton of 31st District, Chairman of the Committee on Railroads, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

Your Committee on Railroads have had under consideration the following bill of the Senate and instructed me as their Chairman to report same back to the Senate with the recommendation that same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to make it unlawful for any Railroad Com-

pany to transport upon its trains, passengers who are intoxicated.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submits the following report:

Mr. President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to abolish the Justice Courts and Offices of Justices of the Peace and Ex-Officio Justices of the Peace of the City of Macon and establish in lieu thereof a Municipal Court.

The committee also recommends that the following bills of the Senate do not pass:

A bill to fix the prima facie right to the custody of Children of tender age.

A bill to create the office of Pardon Attorney

Respectfully submitted,

W D. McNEIL, Chairman.

MINORITY REPORT SENATE BILL No. 196.

We the undersigned members of the General Judiciary Committee, who favor the bill above referred to, which was reported adversely by said committee,

beg leave to file this, our Minority Report, and for grounds thereof say:

First. That said bill is meritorious and should be enacted into law, as we believe it would be to the best interest, care and protection of the child of tender years up to the age of twelve that the custody of such child should *prima facie* be in its mother.

Second. Human nature teaches us that the mother, all other things being equal, is in best position to care for and protect her offspring of tender years.

The bill only changes the rule of law now existing from the *prima facie* or legal presumption in favor of the father, to that of the mother or minor children not over twelve years of age, and it is impossible for us to conceive how any one could contend that the mother is not the surest and safest custodian of an infant and even of a child from its infancy and during its impressionable season of life up to twelve years.

Wherefore, we earnestly ask that the bill do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

JNO. T. ALLEN,

M. D. IRWIN

W. D. MCNEIL,

A. H. BURTZ,

FRED KEA.

S. M. TURNER.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following bills of the House and instructed me as their Chairman to report same back to the Senate with the recommendation that same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to incorporate the town of Reno.

A bill to incorporate the town of Wesley

A bill to amend the charter of City of Dalton.

A bill to amend the charter of City of Swainsboro.

A bill to repeal the charter of City of Osierfield.

A bill to amend the charter of City of Macon.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Foster, Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Education has had under consideration the following bills, to-wit:

(1) Senate Bill No. 66. Providing for establishment and maintenance of an Agricultural District School and Mechanical Arts in the 12th Congressional District of Georgia

I am instructed to report same back with the recommendation that it do not pass.

(2) A bill to incorporate the Davisboro School District (House Bill No. 579).

I am instructed to report this bill back with the recommendation that it do pass.

A. H. FOSTER, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the Senate, the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to empower the Governor to declare positions of Trustees or Directors of State Institutions vacant, under certain circumstances.

A bill to authorize the appointment of Notaries Public for the State at Large.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

The following Senate resolution was read the second time:

By Mr. Longino—

A resolution to provide for a joint committee on the W & A. Railroad.

The following House bills were read the second time:

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend the Act approved August 13, 1910, regulating the running of automobiles in the State.

This bill was recommitted.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to incorporate the Davisboro School District in Washington County.

By Mr. Collins—

A bill to incorporate the town of Reno in Grady County.

By Mr. Neal—

A bill to amend the several Acts approved respectively, February 26, 1874, October 22, 1889 and July 24, 1909, creating a Board of Commissioners for Gordon County.

By Mr. Martin—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 19th, 1912, being an Act to create the office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Dodge County.

By Mr. Herrington—

A bill to incorporate the town of Wesley in Emanuel County.

By Messrs. Wimberly and Miller—

A bill to amend the Act to create a new charter for the City of Macon, approved November 21, 1893.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 19th, 1912, to incorporate the City of Osierfield in Irwin County.

By Mr. Wood—

A bill to amend an Act approved December 6th, 1900, incorporating the City of Swainsboro.

By Mr. Berry—

A bill to amend an Act approved February 24, 1874, to consolidate and codify the several Acts incorporating the City of Dalton.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to abolish the Justice Courts and the offices of Justices of the Peace, Notaries Public, and Ex-Officio Justices of the Peace of the City of Macon, and create in lieu thereof a Municipal Court.

The following Senate bills were read the second time and recommitted:

By Mr. Elkins—

A bill to amend Section 2584 of the Code, amended by the Act approved August 10, 1910.

By Mr. Huie--

A bill to amend Section 2584 of the Code.

The following Senate bill was taken up with House amendments and the amendments were concurred in:

By Mr. Richardson--

A bill to regulate the practice of medicine in this State and for other purposes. The amendments are as follows:

MEDICAL PRACTICE BILL.

Senate Bill No. 104. Amendments adopted on the passage of the bill in House August 8th, 1913.

Amend by inserting in the first line of the caption after the words "Act to" the following words: "Abolish the present State Board of Medical Examiners and to."

By Mr. Miller of Bibb--

Amend said bill by adding as Section 1, and numbering other sections accordingly

(1) Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, That from and after the passage of this Act, Sections 1687, 1688, 1689, 1690, 1691, 1692, 1693, 1694, 1695, 1696, 1697 of Volume 1, Code 1910, creating a Board of Medical Examiners and defining their powers and duties be and the same are hereby repealed in their entirety

Connor of Spalding moves to amend by striking

the word "eight" wherever it may appear in said bill and insert in lieu thereof the word "ten."

Hopkins of Thomas. Amend Section 2 of the bill by striking from said section the words "from the latest complete list of members furnished by the Secretaries of the respective State Medical Associations."

Also amend by striking the words "Two election physicians" wherever same may appear in said bill and substitute in lieu thereof the words "three electric physicians," also amend by striking the words "One Homeopathic Physician" and substitute in lieu thereof the words, "Two Homeopathic Physicians."

Connor of Spalding moves to amend Section 2. by striking the word "two" in line nineteen of the printed bill and substitute the word "three" in two years and three in four years.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to amend an Act to amend, consolidate and supersede the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Spinks—

A bill to increase the number of terms of the Superior Court of Paulding County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following Senate bill was read the second time and recommitted:

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to so amend the Constitution of Georgia as to provide for the levy of a special tax for the years 1915 and 1916.

By unanimous consent, the following bill was withdrawn by its author

By Mr. Kea—

A bill to provide for the establishment and maintenance of an Agricultural School for the 12th Congressional District.

The following Senate resolution was read the second time and adopted:

By Mr. Olliff—

A resolution looking to the preservation of Fort Frederick at Frederica upon St. Simons Island.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to create a new charter for the City of Macon.

A bill to amend the present charter of the town of Arlington.

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Martin.

A bill to amend an Act to establish a new charter for the City of Waycross.

A bill to appropriate \$20,000 per annum for two years to the State Board of Entomology for the purpose of eradication of Mexican Boll Weevil, etc.

A bill to provide for an inheritance tax.

The following House bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Messrs. Taylor and Harris—

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Washington.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill, the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

Amend by adding the following to be known as Section 19, the remaining sections to be numbered accordingly:

Section 19. Be it further enacted, That the Board of Commissioners herein created shall as far as practicable carry out the system now in force of rotating the work of the several gangs among the Road Districts as now constituted until each of such districts shall have received its proportionate part of the work of such gangs as contemplated by said system. To amend further by striking out the word five wherever it appears in Section 19 and inserting in lieu thereof three.

By Mr. Mills—

A bill to repeal an Act to establish the City Court of Jackson, in Butts County

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

By Messrs. Rhodes and Lipscomb—

A bill for the relief of S. J. Cartledge, authorizing County Commissioners to pay claims.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Ragland—

A bill to create a new charter for Talbotton.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Reiser—

A bill to amend the charter of Springfield.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Hopkins and Reese—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Meigs.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Henderson—

A bill to repeal an Act to create a County Court

in each county in the State of Georgia except certain counties therein mentioned, approved January 18, 1872.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Gower—

A bill to amend an Act amending the charter of Cordele.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the town of Scotland.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Taylor and Harris—

A bill to repeal an Act creating Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Washington County.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley—

A bill to amend an Act establishing the system of Public Schools for the City of Waveross.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By unanimous consent, the following House resolution was read the second time and recommitted:

By Mr. Slater—

A resolution to authorize the Governor to borrow money to supply deficiencies, upon reasonable terms.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following resolution of the House:

A resolution to provide for a Commission to investigate the School Text-Book Question.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bills of the House:

A bill to allow County Authorities to appoint County Police.

A bill to amend Acts incorporating the City of Marietta.

Mr Watts, Chairman of the Committee on Public Property, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Public Property has had under consideration the following Senate resolution, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A resolution providing a Joint Commission to receive offers for sale or exchange of the Executive Mansion.

Respectfully submitted.

J. N. WATTS, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following bill of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the town of Alamo.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

The following Senate bills were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Anderson—

A bill to amend Section 2571 of the Code of 1910, as to the number of directors required for Navigation Companies.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend Section 3955 of the Code of 1910.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Watts—

A bill to amend an Act of the General Assembly, approved August 21st, 1911, creating the Department of Commerce and Labor, so as to change the title of the stenographer of that department.

;

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Hixon—

A bill to provide for the sanitation of bakeries, canneries, restaurants and hotels in this State.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Rushin, M. E.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Smith, E. L.
Burtz, A. H.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Bush, W. J.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Chennault, N. B.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W. L.	Moore, J. H.	Tarver, M. C.
DuBose, R. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Pope, Le,	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	Olliff, W. M.
Kea, Fred,		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Peyton, J. T.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	

Ayes, 34; nays, 4.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to require all persons or corporations operating railroads in this State to erect sign boards at certain points along the right-of-way of said roads.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 27, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend by striking the word "white" in line 4 of Section 1 and inserting in lieu thereof the word "sign."

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 2166 of the Code as the same stands amended so as to extend the life of railroad charters.

Report of the committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed by substitute. This bill was ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

The following House bills were read the first time:

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley—

A bill to amend the Act establishing a new charter for the City of Waycross, approved August 17, 1909.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Cheney of Cobb—

A bill to amend, supersede and consolidate the several Acts incorporating the City of Marietta, so as to create a Commission form of Government.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Swift, Slade and Wohlwender—

A bill to create, provide for and require the payment of taxes on property received by inheritance or succession and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Finance.

By Messrs. Hammack and Slater—

A bill to appropriate \$20,000.00 per annum for two years to the State Board of Entomology, \$5,000.00 to become immediately available.

Referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to allow county authorities to appoint County Police.

Referred to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Hays—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Martin in Stephens County.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

The following House resolution was read the first time.

By Mr. McCrory—

A resolution to provide for a Commission to investigate the School Text-Book Commission.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

On motion, the Senate adjourned until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Monday, August 11th, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names.

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

On motion the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

The following message was received from His Excellency the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Perry, to-wit:

Mr President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor to deliver to your honorable body a communication in writing, to which he respectfully invites your consideration.

Special Message

STATE OF GEORGIA,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

August 11th, 1913.

TO THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

In a former message, I declared it to be my purpose to keep you advised of the financial condition of the State.

Today, the total available balance in the Treasury is \$75,510.25, of which about twenty-five thousand dollars will be necessary to pay the running expenses of this legislative session. I am paying the State Sanitarium in semi-monthly installments, and on the fifteenth of this month a warrant must be drawn in its favor for about \$20,000.00, thus leaving about \$30,000.00 in the Treasury, with no taxes in sight until Fall. Each of the other institutions and departments of government must be maintained, and you will observe the condition of the Treasury

For the first time in thirty years the teachers have not been paid by August, one dollar by the State, and you will perceive that a payment on the Common School fund of even the amount given it by the Constitution would have meant to close the Asylum and prevent the collection of your per diem.

The borrowing power, under the Constitutional Amendment of 1911, is limited to the deficit occasioned only by delay in the collection of taxes, and

must be repaid out of the taxes for the year in which the money is borrowed. If, by reason of excessive appropriations, the taxes shall have been exhausted in the fall of the year, the Governor cannot borrow for the purpose of running the Government, since he is not allowed to pay back out of the next year's revenue.

It is appropriate to say that in anticipation of the passage of the usual resolution empowering the Governor to borrow, I believe I will be able to make satisfactory arrangements with patriotic financiers whose confidence has been increased by the manifest determination on your part to establish the finances of the State on a sound business basis.

It is well to remember that when money is borrowed now, it must be repaid in the fall, and but establishes a new period of postponement of obligations due to appropriations in excess of revenue.

TAX EQUALIZATION.

I further desire to submit to your consideration as lawmakers, and as representatives of the honor of the State, through whose actions are reflected the intelligence and moral tone of Georgia, the eternal justice of every man and County bearing his proportionate part of the public burden. The man worth a hundred dollars who pays his fifty cents is the equal in splendid citizenship with the man who pays thousands in the same proportion.

Mr Gladstone, after a half century's public service, in the great contest which made him for the last time Prime Minister of England, made his fight

under the motto: "Be just and fear not!" That splendid spirit and everlasting confidence in the final success of Justice placed him among the immortals.

In your position as representatives of the best in the State; as founders of precedents which shall determine the character and welfare of posterity, you have it in your power to disregard the fears of petty misconstruction, and to place upon the statute books a perpetual memorial to your courage and statesmanship.

Why should not each man pay in proportion to the protection he receives from the Government? Why should not each County pay according to its tax values? Who can ask without blushing, that any person or section shall be the beneficiary of his own delinquency and the fairness of another? What siren's voice can sing so sweetly as to blind our eyes or close our ears to these fundamental truths? Sections sparsely inhabited or limited in means may and should receive aid from their more fortunate neighbors, when they have done their part. County lines are but imaginary, separating Georgians only by a fiction, and all should be and I believe are willing to contribute their proportion to the general burden. Legislation accomplishing this purpose, both in regard to visible and invisible property, will so operate as to make the same percentage effective on every citizen, regardless of the County in which he lives. Such a law would not and should not render property taxable at its full value. A fraction of its worth, if equally returned would be amply

sufficient to meet every need of the State. Not one dollar more than is necessary for its economical administration should be exacted from the tax-payer, but his payment should be accompanied with the consciousness that his neighbor is proportionately bearing his burden.

Another necessary consequence will result from tax equalization. Every citizen should keep constant watch over the expenditure of the public money. As long as he contributes nothing out of his means, appropriations may be extravagantly made without criticism to every new scheme suggested by a passing popular wave. There is no check on waste, and with a feeling of luxurious generosity, the Legislature is encouraged to give to whomsoever may ask. But when the tax-payer knows that for every dollar appropriated, he must go into his pocket for more money, and there is an immediate connection between the expenditure and the draft on his purse, no Representative will vote for any appropriation bill without being able to give a good reason for his action. Every citizen, from whatever County he comes, will be equally interested in economy, and in opening the treasury only to causes for which he is willing directly to pay his money.

And then he is on constant guard to see that the money is so utilized as to accomplish the best results and he will hold to stern account those entrusted with its stewardship to give the public his money's worth.

It is to be remembered that the greatest disparity in the tax returns of the State is not between the city

and rural communities, but between the rural counties themselves. One rural county will make returns three times as much in proportion to values as its neighbors. What sound argument can be offered in favor of this injustice? In my opinion, this system has been permitted to continue only because the attention of the people has not been called to it.

The House has wisely passed a bill taxing inheritances. Its direct revenues are problematical, and cannot until tried be made the basis of appropriations. But I am informed that it will prove the best instrumentality for bringing into the treasury taxes from personal property. That has been the experience of States which have tried it. Men with personal property in the shape of bonds, notes, etc., will not like to leave estates evidencing that for years they have escaped their civic duties, when after their death the State may collect its dues.

An Equalization Bill, properly enforced, will tend to exact from the delinquent mortgagee a contribution on an equal basis with the land owner.

The report of the Comptroller General shows that for 1912 there were 371,000 less acres of improved land and 143,000 less acres of wild land in Georgia than in 1911. The returns for 1913 indicate a further shrinkage of thousands of acres, and if it continues Georgia in a few years will disappear from the map. If these acres have been omitted entirely from the tax digests, no government should permit such unfairness to be visited on the other

citizens. No system should be continued which provides no method for explaining how it came about.

As I have said before, leniency may be shown to the man who pays something from his means for support of government, but the man whose property escapes entirely deserves less consideration.

Tax equalization does not necessarily mean increase of taxes. The man giving in now more than his due should have his valuation reduced to such proportionate amount as universally enforced will economically support the State. The man who is delinquent in this regard should be raised.

The people can then send Representatives who will spend only such money and for such purposes as their constituents desire. Being aroused to the situation, the tax levy will be entirely and directly under their observation and control.

I submit to you whether under tax equalization, with the tax-rate promptly responding to an appropriation bill, there would or could be a deficit of the size now existing. Without considering the business side of the question, is it not the highest aspiration of a statesman in a democratic government to have every citizen interested in public affairs, with his attention constantly directed to legislative action which will affect the happiness and welfare of his family and posterity?

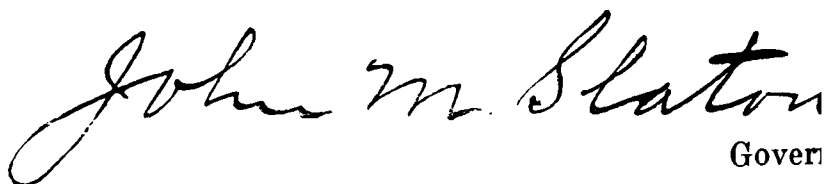
In my judgment, any system without authority to equalize between counties, may result in greater inequality. Now, the per cent on value of tax returns between counties varies from 16 per cent to 324 per

cent and such system is unthinkable. Equalization between counties should be established.

No apprehension need be entertained that any system, harsh in itself nor harshly administered will be adopted. Whoever administers it will be Georgians, subject to responsibility to their fellow-citizens. We all yield unhesitating obedience to nature's laws, because they fall impartially upon every man. Contentment will always accompany Justice, and a bill, enforcing this cardinal virtue engraved on our Great Seal, will meet with approval.

You have before you the refunding of the bonds of the State. In the absence of unusual conditions, the price you obtain and the demand they create, will have tremendous influence upon the reputation of the State and the development of its wonderful resources. This responsibility has not fallen upon a Legislature in thirty years. It is peculiarly appropriate that you, upon whom must rest this burden should establish the State upon a sound financial basis, and show to the world that Georgia, blessed with a wealth of climate and untold resources, is peopled by a citizenry worthy of those ancestors who embodied in the Constitution the lasting wisdom of the ages.

Respectfully submitted,

A large, elegant handwritten signature in cursive script, reading "John M. Slaton". The signature is written in dark ink and occupies the lower half of the page.

Governor

The following House bills were read second time and recommitted.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to allow County authorities to appoint County Police.

By Messrs. Swift, Slade and Wohlwender—

A bill to create, provide and require the payment of taxes on property received by inheritance or succession, to fix rates of said tax, etc., and for other purposes.

By Mr. Hardeman—

A bill to provide for the election of United States Senators by the people and filling vacancies in the United States Senate.

Mr. Miller, of 24th District, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

Your Committee on Finance have had under consideration the following House bill and instructed me as their Chairman to report same back to the House with the recommendation that same do pass, by substitute, to-wit:

A bill to provide a system of equalization of assessments of property for taxation.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following resolutions and bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A resolution looking to the preservation of Fort Frederica, St. Simon's Island, by the United States.

A bill to require school attendance of children of a specified age for a minimum period.

A bill to more thoroughly carry into effect the provisions of an Act to prevent the adulteration of food.

A bill to provide for the sanitation of bakeries, canneries, groceries, etc.

A bill to require railroads to erect sign boards at certain points along right of ways.

A bill to amend an Act approved August 21st. 1911, creating the Department of Commerce and Labor.

A bill to amend Section 3955 of the Code of 1910, so as to permit any trust company to be appointed County Administrator.

A bill to amend Section 2166 of the Code as the same stands amended so as to extend the life of railroad charters.

A bill to amend section 2571 of the Code of 1910, as to the number of directors required for navigation companies.

A bill to increase the number of terms of the Superior Court of Paulding County.

A bill to amend an Act to amend, consolidate and supersede the several Acts incorporating the City of Rome.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. O. H. Foster, of 27th district, Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

Your Committee on Education have had under consideration House Bill No. 696, providing for the establishment of a public school system in the town of Scotland, Telfair County, and instructed me as their Chairman to report same back to the House with the recommendation that same do pass.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. FOSTER, Chairman.

Mr President:

The Committee on Finance having reported favorably a substitute for House Bill No. 6, commonly known as the revenue bills or tax measure, we, the undersigned members of said Finance Committee, respectfully dissent from the report and file this, our minority report.

The undersigned believe that this substitute will work a hardship on the people of the State, especially on that class owing from lands.

We further believe that this substitute will not meet the approval of the people of Georgia and that it will create discord among the different counties of the State.

For these reasons we dissent and ask that the bill do not pass as recommended.

Respectfully submitted,

TOOMBS DuBOSE,

N. B. CHENNAULT,

W. J. BUSH,

C. H. RICHARDSON.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary have had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit

A bill to repeal an Act to assist the Georgia Infirmary, approved December 31, 1871.

A bill to provide for four terms a year of the Madison County Superior Court.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

Mr. Ford, Chairman of the Committee on Commerce and Labor, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Commerce and Labor have had under consideration the following Senate Bill and instructed me as their Chairman to report same back to the House with the recommendation that same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the employment of children in certain kinds of labor.

Respectfully submitted,

L. L. FORD, Chairman.

Mr. Peyton, Chairman of the Railroad Committee, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Railroad Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the Senate which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass, by substitute.

A bill to amend Section 2584 of the Code.

Respectfully submitted,

J. T. PEYTON, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitu-

tional majority the following bills and resolutions of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to prescribe for the inspection of gasoline, benzine, etc.

A bill to amend Section 1795 of the Code of Georgia relative to inspection of fertilizers.

A bill to appropriate \$7,500.00 for the Chemical Department of the Department of Agriculture.

A bill to appropriate \$10,000.00 to the Department of Agriculture.

A bill to amend Section 2201 of the Code of 1910 relative to change of name and capital stock of corporations.

A bill to make an appropriation to pay the salaries and expenses of the Pure Food and Drug Department.

A bill to amend an Act to provide for a County Board of Commissioners for Mitchell County.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Alston.

A bill to incorporate the town of Geneva.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Columbus.

A bill to provide separate books for the recordation of maps, plans and surveys in certain counties

A bill to revoke the charter of the town of Ranger

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Brooks.

A bill to repeal an Act to create the office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Pulaski County

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Bleckley County

A bill to create the affice of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Pulaski County

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Rentz.

A bill to amend an Act to create the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Clarke County.

A resolution to pay deficiency due the second assistant librarian.

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bill of the Senate.

A bill to amend the charter of Forrest Park.

The following Senate resolution was read first time:

By Mr. Anderson—

A resolution to amend rule 44 of the Senate relative to immediately transmitting a bill.

This resolution was referred to the Rules Committee.

Mr. Smith moved to disagree to the report of the Committee on the following bill which is adverse to the passage of the bill.

By Mr. Miller:

A bill to fix the prima facie right of the custody of children of tender age.

Report of the Committee was disagreed to and the bill was read second time.

The following House bills read first time.

By Mr. Hardeman of Jefferson—

A bill to appropriate \$340.98 to pay deficiency due the assistant librarian.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. Wimberly of Bibb, and Kimbrough of Harris—

A bill to appropriate the sum of seven thousand five hundred dollars for the department of Agriculture for the Chemical Department.

Referred to Committee on appropriations.

By Mr. Rhodes of Clarke—

A bill to amend the Act to create the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Clarke County

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Akin, of Glynn—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to prescribe for the inspection of gasoline, benzine and naphthas, etc.

Referred to Committee on General Judiciary.

By Mr. Spence of Mitchell—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 13, 1907, entitled “An Act to amend an Act to provide for a County Board of Commissioners for the County of Mitchell.”

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Akin of Glynn—

A bill to amend 2201 of the Code of Ga.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to create the office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Bleckley County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Messrs. Taylor and Coleman of Laurens—

A bill to amend an Act entitled an Act to incorporate the town of Rentz.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Myrick of Chatham—

A bill to provide separate books for the recordation of maps, plans and surveys, to provide means thereof.

Referred to General Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Redwine of Fayette—

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Brooks in Fayette County.

By Mr. Brooks of Wilkes—

A bill to appropriate \$10,000 to the department of Agriculture.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Hopkins of Thomas—

A bill to amend Section 1795, Volume 1 of the Code of Georgia of 1910, etc.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Messrs. Swift, Slade and Wohlwender of Muscogee—

A bill to amend the charter of Columbus.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Greene of Houston—

A bill to appropriate a sufficient sum of money for the purpose of paying the salaries of the pure food and drug department.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Neal of Gordon—

A bill to revoke the Charter of Ranger.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Johnson of Montgomery—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the town of Alston in Montgomery

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to create the office of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Pulaski.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Ragland of Talbot—

A bill to incorporate the town of Geneva in Talbot County.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Mr. Redwine—

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Brooks in Fayette County

By Mr. Shipp of Pulaski—

A bill to repeal an Act to create the office of Com

missioners of Roads and Revenues for Pulaski County.

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Messrs. Slade, Swift and Wohlwender—

A bill to provide for a Commission Form of Government for the City of Columbus and for other purposes.

Referred to the Committee on Corporations.

By unanimous consent the following House bills were read second time.

By Mr. Myrick—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to assist the Georgia Infirmary, Approved December 13, 1871.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to establish a system of Public Schools for the town of Scotland.

By Mr. Thompson—

A bill to provide for four terms of the Superior Court of Madison County

By Mr. McCrory—

A resolution to provide for a Commission to investigate the school book condition.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bill of the House:

A bill to provide for a Commission Form of Government for the City of Columbus, Ga., in lieu of the aldermen, etc.

The following Senate resolution was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Longino—

A resolution providing for a joint Committee on the lease of the W & A. Railroad.

Mr. Harrell offered the following amendment by adding the Railroad Commission to the Committee and on this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, W J.	Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.
Elkins, O. H.	Jones, W W	Rushin, M. E.
Foster, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Irwin, M. D.	Olliff, W M.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Hixon, J. T.	McNeil, W. D.
Burtz, A. H.	Huie, G. M.	Miller, B. S.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Parrish, C. H.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.
DuBose, R. T.	Longino, J. T.	Pope, Le,

Richardson, C. H.	Stark, W. W.	Turner, S. M.
Smith, E. L.	Tarver, M. C.	Tyson, C. M.
Spinks, W. E.	Taylor, G. W.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Dickey, R. L.	Moore, J. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Ford, L. L.	

Ayes 14, nays 24.

The amendment was lost.

On the passage of the bill the ayes were 35, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed by substitute.

By unanimous consent the following resolution was read and adopted.

By Mr. Taylor—

A resolution requesting the House of Representatives to return to the Senate House Bill No. 556, which was passed by the Senate, for a correction.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage:

By Messrs. Hixon, Bush and Others—

A bill to declare it a misdemeanor to draw and utter a check, draft or order whenever the drawer at the time has insufficient funds to meet the same.

Mr. Smith offered the following amendment by inserting in the third line of the first paragraph of said Section the words shall and draw the words with intent to defraud.

On this amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Elkins, O. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Spinks, W. E.
Harrell, G. Y.	Searey, W. E. H. Sr.	Tarver, M. C.
Irwin, M. D.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Sweat, J. L.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Taylor, G. W.
DuBose, R. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Ford, L. L.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Foster, A. H.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Miller, B. S.	Moore, J. H.
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Ayes 10, nays 31.

The amendment was lost.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

On the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows.

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Chennault, N. B.	Hixon, J. T.
Brown, John W. L.	Converse, W. L.	Huie, G. M.
Bulloch, R. O.	DuBose, R. T.	Jones, S. E.
Bush, W. J.	Foster, A. H.	Jones, W. W.

Johnson, J. F.	Perry, Grant D.	Sweat, J. L.
Kea, Fred,	Peyton, J. T.	Tarver, M. C.
Kelly, O. L.	Pope, Le,	Taylor, G. W.
Longino, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.	Turner, S. M.
Olliff, W. M.	Rushin, M. E.	Tyson, C. M.
Parrish, C. H.	Stark, W. W	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Burtz, A. H.	Harrell, G. Y.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Dickey, R. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Smith, E. L.
Elkins, O. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Spinks, W. E.
Ford, L. L.	McNeil, W. D.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Miller, B. S.	Moore, J. H.
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Ayes 30, nays 11.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: After the word “order” at the end of the fourth line of Section 1, the words for present consideration.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code adopted, August 15, 1910, prohibiting the running of freight trains on Sunday.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 4; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed, as amended and the amendment is as follows:

Amend by striking the words "or cars" in Section 5, line 6.

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to repeal Section 31 of the General Insurance Act known as Hill Bill No. 752

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were —, nays 0; the bill having received the Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

By Mr. Brown—

A bill to amend an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia approved August 17th, 1908, creating the State Board of Veterinary Examiners in the State of Georgia.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 5298 Volume 1 of Code of 1910, relating to garnishment.

On motion the Senate adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock, was called to order by the President:

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W E. H. St.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W E.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The following Report of the Rules Committee was read and adopted:

Mr President:

Your Committee on Rules recommend the adoption of the following:

1. That no General House Bills passed by the House after today shall be acted on or referred to Committees of the Senate, but shall be tabled until the next session of the General Assembly, at which time they shall be taken up for their first reading and for reference to committees.

2. That the session of the Senate this afternoon for the consideration of the tax bill shall be from 3 p. m. until 7 p. m. unless said Bill is sooner disposed of.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills and Resolutions, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 887 of the Code of Georgia, adopted August 15th, 1910.

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Gibson in the County of Glascock.

A bill to create and organize the Commissioners of Chatham County who shall be ex-officio judges.

A bill to amend Section 1811, Volume 1 of the Code of Georgia of 1910, providing for the compensation of the General Oil Inspector.

A resolution to appropriate certain money to J. H. Oxford, Crouch and Collier, et al.

A resolution to pay the expenses of Hon. T. H. Kimbrough as a member of Cotton Tare Committee in attending convention in Washington, D. C., and Raleigh, N. C.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr. President:

The House has agreed to the Senate amendments to the following Bills of the House, to-wit:

A bill to create and establish the County Court of Bryan County

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Appling County.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for Coffee County.

A bill to authorize working of streets of towns in Macon County by County chain-gang.

A bill to amend Section 950 of Volume one of the Code of 1910, to provide the occupation tax for corporations and beginning 1914.

A bill to amend an Act to provide and establish a new charter for the City of Waycross approved August 17, 1909.

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Washington.

A bill to repeal an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues in and for Coffee County, Georgia.

A bill to create a new charter for the town of McCaysville in Fannin County, Georgia.

The House has agreed to the Senate substitute to the following Bills of the House to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to establish the City court of Jackson, in and for the County of Butts.

A bill to provide for the holding of primary elec

tions in the City of Savannah for the selection of Mayor and Aldermen, and to fix the rules for holding same.

The House insists upon its disagreement to the Senate amendments to the following Bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act creating the City Court of Quitman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed, and ready for transmission to the House, the following Bills and Resolution of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code adopted August 15th, 1910, prohibiting the running of freight trains on the Sabbath.

A bill to repeal Section 31 of the General Insurance Act.

A bill to amend an Act to create a State Board of Veterinary Examiners, etc.

A resolution providing a commission on the lease of the W & A. Railroad.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

Your Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following Bills of the House and instructed me as their Chairman to report same back to the House with the recommendation that same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to provide for a Commission Form of Government for the City of Columbus.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Waycross.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Rentz.

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Brooks.

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Columbus.

A bill to incorporate the town of Geneva.

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Brooks.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Alston.

A bill to amend the charter of the town of Martins in the County of Stephens.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following Bill of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to declare it a misdemeanor to draw and utter any check, draft or order, when the drawer has not at the time sufficient funds to meet the same.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following Bill, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the sale of stocks, bonds, debentures and other securities, to provide for the filing of information concerning same, to punish violations of the Act.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submits the following report:

Mr President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the House which it instructs me to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to provide quarterly terms of the Superior Court of Walker County

A bill to amend Section 5645 of the Code of 1910.

A bill to provide for separate books for the recording of maps and surveys.

A bill to provide for the election of U. S. Senators by the people.

A bill to amend the act prescribing for the inspection of gasoline, etc., in this State.

A bill to amend Section 2201 of the Code of 1910.

Respectfully submitted,

W D. McNEIL, Chairman.

By unanimous consent the following House bill was recommitted to the Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. McLendon—

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Eearly County.

The following House bill was taken up and read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Lipscomb—

A bill to provide for a system of equalization of assessments of property for taxation in this State.

Report of the Committee was agreed to as amended.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Rushin, M. E.
Brown, John W. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Spinks, W. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Jones, W. W.	Parrish, C. H.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Pope, Le,
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Smith, E. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, G. W.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.
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Ayes 29, nays 12.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed by substitute as amended and the substitute and amendments are as follows:

Senate Committee substitute for House Bill No. 6:

A bill to be entitled an Act to regulate the return and assessment of property for taxation in this State; to fix the time for the annual opening and closing of the tax digests in the several counties in this State; to create and provide for county

boards of tax assessors in each county; to fix their compensation; to provide for their appointment and term of office, and to define their duties and powers, and oath of office; to provide for just and adequate returns of property for taxation and secure the equitable valuation thereof and provide a method of arbitration for the adjustment of differences, and fix the powers and compensation of said arbitrators; to create the office of State Tax Commissioner and provide for his appointment, qualification and term and oath of office; to fix his compensation and provide for his clerical and other necessary expenses; to define his powers and duties: to provide for the supervision, regulation and correction by him of the county tax digests and for other purposes.

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same, That the several Tax Receivers of this State shall open their books for returns of taxes on the first day of February and shall close the same on the first day of May of each year, and within twenty days thereafter it shall be the duty of the Tax Receiver of each county to present the tax returns of the County for the current year to the County Board of Tax Assessors created by this Act, for the purpose herein contemplated and provided. The Tax Receiver shall not transmit copies of his tax digest to the Tax Collector and Ordinary of the County until after the same shall have been finally received and corrected to conform to the final findings of the State Tax Commissioner under

the provisions of Section 14 of this Act. When the tax returns of any County are finally adjusted and fixed as provided by said Section 14 of this Act, the Tax Receiver shall forthwith send one copy of the revised and corrected County Tax Digest to the Comptroller-General and one copy each, to the Tax-Collector and Ordinary of the county as now provided by law.

SEC. 2. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be and is hereby established in each of the several counties of this State, a Board of County Tax Assessors. Said County Board shall consist of three members to be appointed by the Board of County Commissioners, or by a majority thereof, or by the Ordinary in Counties which have no Board of County Commissioners. The order making such appointment shall be regularly entered upon the record of the Superior Court of the County, and a certificate from the Clerk of the Superior Court reciting said order, and that such person has taken the oath required by law, shall constitute the commission of the members of such County Boards of Tax Assessors and no other or further form of commission shall be required.

SEC. 3. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the members of said County Board of Tax Assessors shall be appointed for a term of six years and to continue until their successors are duly appointed and qualified, provided, that the first appointment under this Act shall be of one member for two years, one member for four years and one

member for six years, and thereafter the members shall be appointed for a term of six years except in cases of an appointment to fill an existing vacancy. In case of a vacancy in said County Board at any time caused by death, resignation, removal or otherwise, the vacancy shall be filled and the appointment shall be made for the remainder of the unexpired term in the same manner as herein provided for the appointment of the members of the said County Board. The first appointment of the members of said Board in the several counties, shall be as soon as practicable after the passage of this Act and they shall be appointed for terms of office respectively beginning on the first day of January, 1914.

SEC. 4. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That no person shall be qualified to serve as a member of said County Board of Tax Assessors who is not a free-holder and a resident of the county and if any member of said Board at any time ceases to possess these qualifications it shall operate to vacate his office, and the vacancy shall be filled in the manner hereinbefore provided. The members of said Board shall take an oath before the Judge or the Clerk of the Superior Court of the county to faithfully and impartially perform the duties imposed upon them by this Act, and also the oath required of all civil officers. The members of said Board during the time they hold their office and for one year thereafter, shall be ineligible to hold any State, county or municipal office, but they may be re-appointed to succeed themselves as members of said Board. They shall be paid as compensation for

their services such an amount as may be fixed from time to time by the Board of County Commissioners, or Ordinary, as the affairs of the County may be under the jurisdiction of the one or the other, provided that the compensation to be paid said members, shall not be less than three (\$3.00) dollars per day each for the time they are in actual discharge of the duties required of them under this Act. The compensation of the members of said Board, and such other expenses as may be necessary to be incurred in the performance of the duties of the Board under this Act, shall be paid from the County Treasury in the same manner as other payments by the county are made.

SEC. 5. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That said County Boards of Tax Assessors shall elect one of their number as Chairman for such term as they shall fix but not to be less than two (2) years. The said Board shall have authority to employ a competent person to serve as Secretary of said Board. He shall keep a record of the proceedings of said Board, and shall receive for his services in this capacity the sum of three (\$3.00) dollars per day while actually attending sessions of said Board; the same to be paid out of the County Treasury in the same manner in which other County payments are made. The said Board shall have authority to employ an agent to seek out all unreturned property in the County and bring it to the attention of the Board, and for such services they may allow said agent a commission of ten per cent of the amount of the tax arising to the county from

such unreturned property so discovered and placed on the books by his efforts. The commission allowed said agent shall be paid from the County Treasury as a part of the expenses of said Board.

SEC. 6. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the said Board of County Tax Assessors in each County shall meet each year within twenty days from the date of the closing of the tax returns for the current year, to receive and inspect the tax returns to be laid before them by the Tax Receiver as hereinbefore provided. It shall be the duty of said Board to examine all the returns of both real and personal property of each tax-payer, and if, in the opinion of the Board any tax-payer has omitted from his returns any property that should be returned or has failed to return any of his property at a just and fair valuation, the said Board shall correct such returns and shall assess and fix the just and fair valuation to be placed on said property and shall make a note thereof and attach the same to such returns. It shall be the duty of said Board to see that all taxable property within the County is assessed and returned at its just and fair valuation and that valuations as between the individual taxpayers are fairly and justly equalized so that each tax-payer shall pay as near as may be, only his proportionate share of taxes. When any such corrections, changes and equalizations shall have been made by said Board, it shall be the duty of the Board to immediately give notice to any taxpayer of any changes made in his returns, either personally or by leaving same at his residence or place of busi

ness, or, in case of non-residents of the county, by sending said notice through the United States mails to his last known place of address.

If any tax-payer is dissatisfied with the action of said Board, he may, within ten days from the giving of said notice in case of residents, and within twenty days in case of non-residents of the County, give notice to said Board that he demands an arbitration, giving at the same time the name of his arbitrator. The Board shall name its arbitrator within three (3) days thereafter and these two shall select a third, a majority of whom shall fix the assessments and the property on which said tax-payer shall pay taxes and said decision shall be final, except so far as the same may be affected by the findings and orders of the State Tax Commissioner as hereinafter provided. The said arbitrators shall be free-holders of the county and shall render their decision within ten days from the date of the naming of the arbitrator by said Board, else the decision of said Board shall stand affirmed and shall be binding in the premises. The said arbitration shall be had and the said arbitrators shall be compensated in the same manner as is now provided for the arbitration of individual tax returns except in so far as the existing law may be modified by the provisions of this section.

SEC. 7 Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the County Board of Tax Assessors to diligently investigate and inquire into the property owned in the county for the purpose of ascertaining what property, real and

personal, is subject to taxation in the county and to require its proper return for taxation.

The said Board shall have authority to issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and to require the production by any person, of all his books, papers and documents which may throw any light upon the question of the existence or liability of property of any class for taxation. If any witness, so subpoenaed, shall fail or refuse to attend at the time and place mentioned therein or shall refuse to answer questions propounded or shall fail or refuse to produce any such books, papers or documents, such person shall be cited by said Board to appear before the Ordinary of the County, who shall hear, in a summary way, the reasons or excuses of such person for such failure or refusal, and the Ordinary shall have authority to impose such punishment as for a contempt, as he may see proper, not to exceed a fine of one hundred (\$100.00) dollars or imprisonment not to exceed ten days or both, in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 8. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the County Board of Tax Assessors may, by rule or regulation, provide the manner of ascertaining the value for taxation of any property real or personal not appearing in the digest of the preceding year, and in cases where there has been a change of ownership from any cause; it being the purpose and intent of this Act to confer upon the said Board full power and authority to have placed upon the digest of the current year an assessment of

valuation of all property of every character in the county that is subject to taxation; provided, that nothing contained in this Act shall apply to those persons, firms or corporations who are required by existing laws to make their returns to the Comptroller-General.

SEC. 9. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That whenever under the provisions of this Act, any notice subpoenas or writings are required to be given or served, the same may be served by any Sheriff of this State or his deputy, or by any lawful constable of this State except as otherwise herein provided; and such officer shall be paid for his services the same fees as are paid officers for serving similar process in civil suits; and the same shall be paid from the County Treasury in the same manner as other payments by the county are made.

SEC. 10. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That said County Boards of Tax Assessors shall complete their revision and assessment of the returns of tax-payers in their respective counties by July 1st of each year. The Tax Receiver shall then immediately forward one copy of the completed digest to the Comptroller-General of this State, for examination and approval by the State Tax Commissioner.

SEC. 11. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the office of State Tax Commissioner is hereby created. He shall be appointed by the Governor by and with the approval of the Senate and shall hold office for and during the term of six years

and until his successor is appointed and qualified. No person shall be appointed or be qualified to hold said office who is not a citizen and free-holder of this State. The said State Tax Commissioner shall be commissioned by the Governor and before entering upon the discharge of his duties, shall take and subscribe before the Governor an oath to faithfully discharge the duties of the office, and to faithfully and impartially equalize the tax valuations of the several counties of this State. The State Tax Commissioner shall be paid a salary of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum. He shall have his office at the State Capitol in connection with that of the Comptroller General and shall devote his entire time to the duties of his office, and in addition to the duties imposed upon him by this Act, he shall also act as Assistant to the Comptroller-General. He shall be provided with a clerk at a salary of not over fifteen hundred dollars per annum and a stenographer at a salary of not over one thousand (\$1,000.) dollars per annum to be employed by the Comptroller-General. The compensation of said State Tax Commissioner and the other salaries herein provided for, shall be paid from the State Treasury out of funds not otherwise appropriated, and shall be hereafter included and provided for in the general appropriation bill with the other expenses of the State Government.

SEC. 12. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the State Tax Commissioner shall investigate all matters of taxation and recommend to the General Assembly through the Comptroller-General from time to time, such changes and altera-

tions in the tax laws of the State as, in his judgment he may deem best to bring about a more perfect, adequate, and thorough system of taxation and valuation of property for State and County taxation.

SEC. 13. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the State Tax Commissioner to carefully examine the Tax Digests of the several Counties of this State, filed in the office of the Comptroller General, and to compare said digests for the purpose of ascertaining whether the tax valuation of the various classes of property as made in the respective counties of the State is reasonably uniform as between the respective Counties. It is the purpose and intent of this Act to bring about as far as practicable, an equalization throughout the State of the values of the various classes of property subject to be taxed, so that the values fixed in one county shall not be out of due proportion to the values fixed in other counties on the same classes of property. If it shall appear to said Commissioner that in any one or more of the counties of this State the taxable values fixed upon any one or more classes of property are not reasonably uniform with the values fixed upon the same classes of property in other counties, the said Commissioner shall investigate and inquire as to the reason therefor, and, after making such investigation and comparison, shall have authority to adjust and equalize the same, either by adding a fixed per centum to the County valuation of any class of property in any County, if he finds the County valuation was too low, or by deducting a fixed per centum

from the county valuation if he finds the county valuation was too high, as may appear to be just and right between the counties; and the said State Tax Commissioner shall thereupon notify by United States mail the Chairman of the County Board of Tax Assessors of the county affected, that the county valuations upon the classes of property specified in said notice shall be raised or lowered by the per centum fixed by said State Tax Commissioner and the Comptroller-General shall thereupon return to said county its tax digest for correction accordingly.

SEC. 14. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That upon the giving of any such notice by the State Tax Commissioner of changes or corrections to be made in the County Tax Digest, it shall be the duty of the Chairman of the County Board of Tax Assessors of the County affected to call immediately a meeting of said County Board, and at said meeting the said County Board shall correct the county valuation upon the class or classes of property specified by the State Tax Commissioner, so as to make the same conform to the findings of said Commissioner, by applying uniformly to the specified class or classes of property the fixed per centum of increase or of decrease specified by said Commissioner and by raising or lowering all the individual returns of all the tax-payers of the County upon the specified class or classes of property accordingly.

If the County Board of Tax Assessors is dissatisfied with the changes and corrections thus ordered

to be made by the State Tax Commissioner, the Chairman of the County Board may, within ten days from the giving of said notice, notify the State Tax Commissioner that arbitration is demanded on behalf of the County and shall, at the same time give the name and post-office address of the arbitrator so chosen by said County Board. The State Tax Commissioner shall name an arbitrator on behalf of the State within three days from the receipt of such demand for arbitration and the two thus named shall select a third within ten days and if they fail to agree upon a third arbitrator within that time, he shall be named and appointed by the Comptroller-General. A majority of the Board of arbitration thus formed, shall have authority to render an award in the premises. No person shall be named as arbitrator by the State Tax Commissioner and no person shall be selected or appointed as the third arbitrator who is a citizen of or a property owner in the county affected by the arbitration. The said arbitrators shall meet at the county seat of the county demanding the arbitration and shall have all the powers to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers and documents as are conferred upon the County Board of Tax Assessors within the provisions of Section 7 of this Act, and to enforce obedience to the same by citation before the Ordinary of the County in the same manner as is therein provided. This session of said arbitrators shall be limited to three days and they shall meet and render their decisions within twenty days from the date of the selection or appointment

of the third arbitrator or otherwise the decision of the State Tax Commissioner in the matter, shall stand affirmed and be final. The decision of the arbitrators when made, shall be final, and upon the rendering of their decision or upon their failure to make a decision within the time herein limited shall be the duty of the County Board of Tax Assessors to immediately revise and correct the County valuations in the manner hereinbefore in this section contemplated and provided. The revised and corrected property valuations thus made, shall be the fixed and legal valuations of property for the payment of taxes, and it shall be the duty of the taxpayer to pay his taxes thereon accordingly. The compensation of said arbitrators shall be seven dollars per day for the time they are actually in session and they shall be allowed mileage at the rate of five cents per mile for the distance travelled in going from and returning to their homes by the nearest practicable route. The compensation and mileage of said arbitrators shall be paid one-half by the county and one-half by the State.

SEC. 15. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be the duty of the State Tax Commissioner to visit annually the several counties in the State for the purpose of familiarizing himself with the character and values of the several classes of taxable property therein, of investigating the works and methods adopted by the Boards of County Tax Assessors and to ascertain wherein existing laws are defective or are improperly or negligently administered and to report the results of his investi-

gation and the facts ascertained to the Governor through the Comptroller-General from time to time when required by him. the actual expenses of said Commissioner incurred in complying with the requirements of this section shall be paid by the State Treasury from funds not otherwise appropriated.

SEC. 16. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

By Mr. Anderson of the first and Mr. Miller of the 24th.

Amendments to Senate Committee Substitute for House Bill No. 6.

1. Amend Section 1 by adding the following:

“The individual returns made by tax-payers to the Tax Receiver, shall be for property held and subject to taxation on the first day of January previously.”

2. Amend Section 4 by adding the following:

“Upon petition to the Judge of the Superior Court in term time or at Chambers, by ten or more freeholders of the county that any one or more members of the Board of County Tax Assessors are disqualified under this section, or are not properly and impartially discharging their duties under this Act, or are discriminating in favor of certain citizens or classes of citizens and against others, the said judge shall cite the members of said Board of Tax Assessors so complained of to appear before him at a time

and place in the county to be fixed in said citation not less than twenty nor more than forty days from the date of the presentation of said petition, to appear and make answer to said petition. A copy of said petition shall be attached to said citation and service thereof may be made of any Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff or Constable of this State. The officer making the service shall serve copies and return the original petition and citation to the clerk of the Court as other process is now returned. At the time and place fixed in said citation, unless postponed for reasonable cause, the Judge shall hear and determine the matter without the intervention of a jury and shall render such judgment and order either dismissing the petition or removing the offending member or members of said County Board of Tax Assessors from office and declaring a vacancy therein as may be right and proper. If either party to the controversy is dissatisfied with said judgment and order, such party may take the same to the Supreme Court by writ of exceptions in the manner provided by Section 5540 of the Code of 1910."

3. Amend Section 6 by adding the following:

"Before entering upon a hearing, the said arbitrators shall take an oath before the Tax Receiver that they will faithfully and impartially make a true and just assessment of the tax returns and property in question and will determine the matters submitted to them according to law and the justice and equity of the case."

4. Amend Section 14 by adding the following:

“Before entering upon a hearing, the said arbitrators shall take before the Ordinary of the County the same oath as is provided by Section 6 of this Act, to be taken in case of arbitrations of the findings of County Boards of Tax Assessors.”

5. Amend Section 1 by striking out the word “twenty” on the fourth line of the printed bill and substituting the word “ten.” Amend Section 6 by striking out the word “twenty” in the second line of the printed bill and substituting the word “ten.”

6. Amend caption by inserting the words “and removal” between the word “appointment” and the word “and” in the fourth and fifth lines of the caption of the printed substitute.

The bill was ordered immediately transmitted to the House.

The following Senate bill was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Huie—

A bill to amend Section 2584 of the Code of 1910.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Tuesday, August 12, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

On motion the reading of the journal was dispensed with.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following bill of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 2584 of the Code of 1910, relative to the life of railroad charters.

Respectfully,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House bills which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of town of East Ellijay.

A bill to amend and consolidate and supersede the several Acts incorporating the City of Marietta.

The Committee have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Cordele.

Respectfully submitted,

R. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

The following communication was received from His Excellency the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Perry:

Mr. President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor to deliver to your honorable body a sealed communication to which he respectfully invites your consideration in Executive Session.

Mr. Foster Chairman of the Committee on Education, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee has had under consideration House Resolution No. 30 and I am instructed to report same back with the recommendation that it do pass as amended by the Committee.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. FOSTER, Chairman.

The following House Bills read first time.

By Messrs. Stovall and Kimbrough of Elbert and Harris—

A bill to amend Section 1811, Volume 1 of the Code of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

Mr. Messrs. McCarthy, Shuptrine and Myrick of Chatham—

A bill to create and organize the Commissioners of Chatham County who shall be ex-officio judges, to define their jurisdiction and duties and for other purposes, so as to authorize said commissioners to

impose other duties upon the clerks of the Board and for the performance of such other duties, etc., as may be necessary

Referred to Committee on Counties and County Matters.

By Mr. Allen of Glascock—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Gibson.

Referred to Committee on Corporations.

By Messrs. Spence of Carroll and Wohlwender of Muscogee—

A bill to regulate the sale of stocks bonds, etc., and to provide for filing of information concerning same, etc.

Referred to Committee on Insurance.

By Mr. Blackburn of Fulton—

A bill to amend Section 887 of the Code of Georgia of 1910.

Referred to Committee on Special Judiciary

The following House Resolutions were read first time.

By Mr. Pickett of Terrell—

A resolution to appropriate certain moneys to J. H. Oxford, Crouch and Collier, et al.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Wohlwender of Muscogee—

A resolution to pay the expenses of Hon. T. H. Kimbrough as a member of Cotton Tare Committee in attending convention in Washington, D. C. and Raleigh, N. C.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act creating the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Bulloch County.

The House has adopted the following joint resolution of the Senate.

A resolution providing for appointment of a Commission to revise the civil and criminal procedure of the State.

The House has passed as amended by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the Senate.

A bill for the relief of T. B. Hicks of the City of Dublin.

A bill to amend an Act to establish the City Court of Oglethorpe.

The House has agreed to the Senate amendments to the House substitute to the following bill of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Ware County.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills and resolutions, to-wit:

A bill to appropriate the sum of \$13,286.80 to pay for work already done on the State Capitol and Executive Mansion and for work necessary to be done on same.

A Resolution relative to preparing statement of unfinished business of Legislation.

A resolution to authorize and compensate the State Sanitarium and Penitentiary Committee to visit the State Sanitarium and farm at Milledgeville during the recess of the General Assembly.

A resolution authorizing the House and Senate Committees on the Penitentiary to visit the Convict Camps in vacation.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration House Bills No. 360 amending Section 1795, of the Code of 1910, and also House Resolution No. 38, for the payment of a deficiency due the assistant librarian and I am directed to report the same back to the Senate with a recommendation that they do pass.

Your Committee has also had under consideration the following House bills to-wit: House Bills Nos, 359, 446, 411 and 533, and I am directed to report these bills back to the Senate with a request that they be read the second time and re-referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

W W STARK, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bill, to-wit:

A bill to create a commission on the lease of the W & A. Railroad.

Mr. Rushin, Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following, report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matters has had under consideration the following Senate Bills which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill to create a Board of Commissioners of Walton County.

A bill to repeal Act August 6, 1903, vesting certain powers in Ordinary of Walton County.

The Committee has also had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill to allow county authorities to appoint County Police.

A bill to amend Act creating board commissioners of Early County.

A bill to amend Act to provide Board of Commissioners of Mitchell County

A bill to create office of Commissioner for Bleckley County.

A bill to create office of Commissioner for Pulaski County.

A bill to repeal Act to create office of Commissioners for Pulaski County.

Respectfully submitted,

M. E. RUSHIN, Chairman.

The following House bills were read second time and recommitted.

By Messrs. Hancock and Slater—

A bill to appropriate \$20,000.00 per annum for two years to the State Board of Entomology \$5,000 to become immediately available to be expended on the work of Board on wilt or black root.

By Mr. Green—

A bill to appropriate a sufficient sum of money for the purpose of paying the salaries of the pure food and drug department.

By Messrs. Wimberly and Kimbrough—

A bill to appropriate the sum of \$7,500.00 for the Department of Agriculture for the Chemical Department.

By Mr. Booker—

A bill to appropriate the sum of ten thousand dollars to the Department of Agriculture and for other purposes.

At 10 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

The following House bills were read second time.

By Mr. Olive:

A bill to amend Section 5645 of the Code of 1910.

By Mr. Fariss—

A bill to provide quarterly terms of the Superior Court of Walker.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend an Act to prescribe for the inspection of gasoline and for other purposes.

By Mr. Cheney—

A bill to amend, consolidate and supersede the several acts incorporating the City of Marietta.

By Messrs. Slade, Swift and Wohlwender—

A bill to provide for a Commission Form of Government for the City of Columbus.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley—

A bill to amend the Act establishing a new Charter for the City of Waycross.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Rentz in Laurens County.

By Mr. Johnson of Montgomery—

A bill to amend the Act to incorporate the town of Alston in Montgomery County

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to repeal the Act entitled an Act creating

the official of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Pulaski County.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Pulaski County.

By Mr. Spence—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 13, 1907, entitled an Act to provide for a board of Commissioners for Mitchell County.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Bleckley County.

By Mr. Redwine—

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the town of Brooks in Fayette County

By Mr. Myrick—

A bill to provide separate books for the recording of maps plans and surveys and for other purposes.

By Mr. Hays—

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Martin in Stephens County.

By Mr. Swift—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Columbus, Ga.

By Mr. Ragland—

A bill to incorporate the town of Geneva in Talbot County

By Mr. Hopkins—

A bill to amend Section 1795, Volume 1, of the Code of 1910.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend Section 2201 of the Code of Georgia.

By Mr. Redwine—

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Brooks in the County of Forsyth.

The following House Resolution was read second time.

By Mr. Hardeman—

A resolution to appropriate \$340.98, to pay deficiency due the assistant librarian.

The following House bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. James—

A bill to amend the charter of the town of East Ellijay in Gilmer County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31,

nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows:

By striking all of Section 1 of said bill, after the word "except" in the second line on page two, and inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"In a northeasterly direction, where the one half mile limit will intersect with the Cartecay River, the said limits shall be the south bank of said river, in a westerly course to a ravine at the corner of the lot of E. T. Ray about two hundred yards above the public bridge; thence across said river, the original limit of one half mile, thence southerly course along the Jarrett mountain the half mile limit to the City limits of Ellijay."

By Mr. Neal—

A bill to amend the several Acts creating and relating to the Board of Commissioners of Gordon County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Methvin—

A bill to amend the Act to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Clements—

A bill to repeal an Act to incorporate the City of Osierfield.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 23, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Thompson—

A bill to provide for four terms of the Superior Court of Madison County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Miller—

A bill to abolish the Justice Courts and office of Justice of the Peace and Notary Public ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and the office of Constable in the City of Macon.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill receiving the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Collins—

A bill to incorporate the town of Reno in Grady County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill receiving the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

Mr. Herrington—

A bill to incorporate the town of Wesley in Emanuel County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Dorrough—

A bill to amend an Act to create the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues of Franklin County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to incorporate the Davisboro School District in town of Davisboro.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Wood—

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Swainsboro.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Myrick—

A bill to repeal an Act to assist the Georgia Infirmary approved December 13 1871.

Report of the Committee agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0, the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McRae—

A bill to establish a system of Public Schools in the town of Scotland, etc.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Wimberly and Miller—

A bill to amend an Act creating a new charter for the City of Macon, approved November 21, 1893, and the several Acts amendatory thereof.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 2; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed. The following Senators desired their names recorded against the bill: Senators Miller and Turner.

By Mr. Berry—

A bill to amend an Act approved February 24, 1874 and the several Acts incorporating the City of Dalton.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 31, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following Senate bills were taken up with House amendments and the amendments were concurred in.

By Mr. Kea—

A bill for the relief of T. B. Hicks, of Dublin in Laurens County

The amendment is as follows by adding thereto the following: That the relief herein provided shall not be effective until all the costs for which the principal and surety on said bond are bound and shall

be duly paid to the officers of court authorized to receive same.

By Mr. Richardson—

A bill to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Oglethorpe.

The amendment is as follows: Amend by striking therefrom Sections 2, 3, 4 and 5 of said bill and number remaining Sections accordingly Amend said bill further by striking from the caption thereof the following words appointment of a bailiff.

The following Senate bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 16, 1912, and for other purposes authorizing the Governor in calling out the militia in certain cases.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. McGregor—

A bill Regulating the manner in which the State Militia may be called out and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29,

nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

The following House bills and resolutions were read first time.

By Mr. Wright—

A bill to create a commission to investigate and report at the next session of this House the terms and form a lease for the Western & Atlantic Railroad.

Referred to Committee on W & A. Railroad.

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to appropriate the sum of \$13,286.80 to pay for work already done on the State Capitol.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Slater—

A bill authorizing the House and Senate Committee on Penitentiary to visit the convict camps in vacation.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Thompson—

A resolution to authorize and compensate the State Sanitarium and Penitentiary Committee to visit said institutions.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Carter—

A resolution relative to preparing statement of unfinished business of the Legislature. This resolution was concurred in.

On motion the Senate adjourned until this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

On motion the roll call was dispensed with.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House the following Bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to repeal an Act approved August 16, 1912, relative to the duty of the Governor in calling out the Militia.

A bill to regulate the manner in which the State Militia may be called out.

Respectfully submitted,

W M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Burtz, Chairman of the Committee on Corporations, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Corporations have had under consideration the following House Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Gibson in the county of Glasscock.

Respectfully submitted,

A. H. BURTZ, Chairman.

Mr. Elkins, Chairman of the Committee on Special Judiciary, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Special Judiciary, have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 887 of the Code of 1910.

The Committee have had under consideration the following House Bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to abolish the City Court of Bleckley in the County of Early.

Respectfully submitted,

O. H. ELKINS, Chairman.

Mr. Miller, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Finance have had under consideration the following House bill and instructed me as their Chairman to report same back to the House with the recommendation that same do pass as amended, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act approved August 13, 1910, regulating the running of automobiles.

The Committee have also had under consideration the following House resolution which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A resolution to authorize the Governor to borrow money to supply deficiencies upon reasonable terms.

B. S. MILLER, Chairman.

Mr. Miller, Chairman of the Committee on Finance, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Finance have had under consideration the following House bill and instructed me as their Chairman to report same back to the House with the recommendation that same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to provide for and require the payment of taxes on property received by inheritance or succession.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 129 of the Code of 1910 so as to provide for an early primary.

A bill to amend an Act to create a Bank Bureau

A bill relative to the custody and control of minor children.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the House.

A bill to establish The Georgia Training School for Girls.

A bill to create permanent qualification book for qualified voters of this State.

The following House bill was taken up with a adverse report of the Committee and the report was disagreed to.

By Mr. Gower—

A bill to amend an Act creating a new Charter for the City of Cordele and other purposes.

The following House bills and resolutions were read first time.

By Messrs. Miller and Jones—

A bill to establish an institution to be known as the Georgia Training School for girls.

Referred to Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. Wright—

A bill to create a permanent qualification book for qualified voters of this State.

Referred to Committee on Rules.

By Mr. Redwine of Fayette—

A bill to amend an Act to create in the Treasury Department a Bank Bureau.

Referred to Committee on Banks.

By Mr. Smith of Fulton and Mr. Olive of Richmond—

A bill to define the duties, rights and powers of the Courts of this State in all cases affecting the custody of minor children.

Referred to Committee on General Judiciary.

By Messrs. Crawley and Cooper of Ware—

A bill to amend Section 129, Volume 1, Code of Georgia.

Referred to Committee on General Judiciary

Mr. Bush, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Insurance, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Insurance have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the sale of stocks, bonds, debentures and other securities.

Respectfully submitted,

W J BUSH, Vice Chairman.

The following House Resolution was read third time and put upon its passage.

By Mr. Slater—

A resolution to authorize the Governor to borrow money to supply deficiencies.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

On Motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Wednesday, August 13, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

On motion the reading of the Journal was dispensed with.

The following resolution was read and unanimously adopted.

By Mr. Perry 28th—

Resolved by the Senate: That Senator B. S. Miller be requested to reduce to writing his speech in explanation of Senate substitute to House tax bill, known as Sheppard substitute and that the news-

papers of Georgia be requested to publish said speech for the information of the tax payers of Georgia.

Mr. Moore, Vice Chairman of the Committee on Counties and County Matters, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Counties and County Matter has had under consideration the following House bills, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that they do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Act to create Board of Commissioners of Clarke County.

A bill to amend Act to create and organize the Commissioners of Chatham County.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN H. MOORE, Vice Chairman.

Mr. Brown, Chairman of the Committee on the W & A. Railroad, submitted the following report

Mr. President:

The Committee on the W & A. Railroad has had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with recommendation that the same do pass by substitute to-wit:

A bill to create a Commission to investigate and report at the next session of this House the term

and form of a lease for the W & A. Railroad and for other purposes.

Respectfully submitted,

J. W L. BROWN, Chairman.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Appropriation have had under consideration House Resolution No. 123, to authorize and compensate the Committee on State Sanitarium to visit the same in vacation, and also House Resolution No. 155, to authorize the House and Senate Committees to visit the Penitentiary in vacation and for other purposes.

And I am directed to report said Resolutions back to the Senate with a recommendation that they do pass.

W W STARK, Chairman.

Mr. McNeil, Chairman of the Committee on General Judiciary, submitted the following report:

The Committee on General Judiciary have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to define the duties, rights and powers of the Courts of this State in all cases affecting the custody of minor children.

The Committee have had under consideration the following House bill which I am instructed to report back to the Senate, with the recommendation that the same do not pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 129, Volume 1, of the Code of Georgia, so as to provide an early primary

Respectfully submitted,

W. D. McNEIL, Chairman.

The following House bills and resolutions were read second time and recommitted.

By Mr. Redwine—

A bill to amend the Act creating in the Treasury Department a Bank Bureau.

By Mr. Mills—

A bill to establish an institution to be known as the Georgia Training School for Girls.

By Mr. Wright—

A bill to create permanent qualification book for qualified voters of this State.

By Messrs. Stovall and Kimbrough—

A bill to amend Section 1811, Volume 1, of the Code of Georgia of 1910, providing for compensation for General Oil Inspector.

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to appropriate the sum of \$13,286.80 for work already done on the State Capitol.

By Mr. Wohlwender—

A resolution to pay the expenses of Hon. T. H. Kimbrough as a member of Cotton Tare Committee in attending Convention in Washington, D. C. and Religh, N. C.

By Mr. Pickett—

A resolution to appropriate certain money to J. H. Oxford, Crouch and Collier.

By Mr. Moon—

A bill to provide for four terms of the Superior Court of Troup County.

The following House bills read second time.

By Mr. Slater—

A bill authorizing the House and Senate Committees on the Penitentiary to visit the convict camps of the State in vacation and for other purposes.

By Mr. Wright—

A bill to create a commission to investigate and report at the next session of this House the terms and form of a lease for the W & A. Railroad to investigate and report upon the case of the Terminal property and for other purposes.

By Mr. Allen—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Gibson in Glasscock.

By Mr. Blackburn—

A bill to amend Section 887 of the Code of Georgia of 1910.

By Messrs. Spence and Wohlwender—

A bill to regulate the sale of stocks, bonds, etc., and for other purposes.

By Mr. Rhodes—

A bill to amend an Act to create the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Clark County.

By Messrs. McCarthy, Shuptrine and Myrick of Chatham—

A bill to be entitled an Act to create and organize the Commissioners of Chatham County, who shall be ex-officio judges, to define their jurisdiction and duties and for other purposes.

By Mr. Thompson—

A resolution to authorize and compensate the State Sanitarium and Penitentiary Committee to visit the State Sanitarium and farm at Milledgeville during recess of General Assembly.

By Mr. Smith and Mr. Olive—

A bill to be entitled an Act to define the duties, rights and powers of the courts of this State in all cases affecting the custody of minor children.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the Senate:

A bill to establish a system of public schools in the Town of Alamo.

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Blackshear in the County of Pierce.

A bill to increase the number of terms of the Superior Court of Paulding County, Georgia

A bill to amend an Act of August 21, 1906 to incorporate the town of Marshallville in the County of Macon.

The House has passed as amended by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bill of the Senate:

A bill to amend Section 1079 of Volume 1. of the Code of 1910 of the State of Georgia..

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has agreed to the Senate substitute to the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to provide for the equalization of the assessments of property for taxation.

The House has agreed to the following joint resolution of the Senate.

A resolution looking to the preservation of Fort Frederica, St. Simons Island.

The House has disagreed to the following joint resolution of the Senate.

A resolution requesting the House to return to the Senate House Bill No. 556.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bill of the Senate.

A bill to provide for the election of the United States Senators by the people.

The following communication was received from His Excellency the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Perry

Mr. President:

I am instructed by His Excellency the Governor to deliver to your honorable body a sealed com-

munication to which he respectfully invites your consideration in executive session.

Mr. Tarver moved to disagree to the report of the Committee which is adverse to the passage of the bill.

By Mr. Crawley of Cooper—

A bill to amend Section 129, Volume 1, Code of Georgia, so as to provide for an early primary

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Lougino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Bulloch, R. O.	Moore, J. H.	Sweat, J. L.
Bush, W. J.	Olliff, W. M.	Tarver, M. C.
Chennault, N. B.	Peyton, J. T.	Taylor, G. W.
Converse, W. L.	Pope, Le,	Turner, S. M.
DuBose, R. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	McGregor, C. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Irwin, M. D.	McNeil, W. D.
Diekey, R. L.	Jones, S. E.	Parrish, C. H.
Ford, L. L.	Jones, W. W.	Perry, Grant D.
Foster, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Richardson, C. H.
Harrell, G. Y.	Kea, Fred,	Rushin, M. E.
Hixon, J. T.	Kelly, O. L.	Tyson, C. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Elkins, O. H.	Smith, E. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Miller, B. S.		

Ayes 18, nays 21.

The motion was lost.

The following House bills were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Mr. McLendon—

A bill to amend an Act creating the Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Early County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows: Amend by striking the name of O. E. Hall wherever it occurs in said bill and substituting therefor the name of O. H. Sheffield and by striking the name O. H. Sheffield wherever it occurs in said bill and by substituting therefor the name of O. E. Hall.

By Mr. Gower—

A bill to amend an Act creating a new Charter for the City of Cordele and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 2; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed. The following protest was offered by Senator Olliff:

Mr. Olliff of the 4th District—

Files this protest against the passage of House Bill Number 703, for the following reasons:

1. That the notice of this local legislation required to be given by law was given on July 7th, 1913, by publishing in the Cordele Rambler, official organ of the County of Crisp; that the notice was not given at any other or earlier date as appears by affidavit of C. J. Shipp, editor and publisher of said paper, hereto attached and made part of this protest.

2. That said House Bill No. 703, was introduced in the House of Representatives of Georgia on August 4th, 1913 and before the expiration of the thirty days required by the Constitution and laws before the introduction of the bill and after the publication of notice.

3. That this protest be spread on the Journal of the Senate.

Georgia, Crisp County:

In person appeared before the undersigned, C. J. Shipp, who, on oath, deposes and says that he is editor and publisher of "The Cordele Rambler" and that the notice of local legislation contained in the Cordele Rambler of July 7th, 1913, as follows:

NOTICE OF LOCAL LEGISLATION.

Notice is given of intention to introduce at the present session of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia, a bill to be entitled: "An Act to amend an Act creating a new Charter for the City of Cordele, in the County of Crisp," etc., approved August 21st, 1911, and the Acts amendatory thereof. This July 7th, 1913.

Was published in the issue of July 7th, 1913, only, and did not appear in any other or earlier issue of said paper; and that the said Cordele Rambler is the official organ for the County of Crisp.

C. J. SHIPP.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this August 8th, 1913.

WALTER M. ESTES,

N. P. Crisp County, Ga.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Pulaski County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Redwine—

A bill to create a new Charter for the town of Brooks in Fayette County

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28; nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Redwine—

A bill to repeal the Act incorporating the town of Brooks in Fayette County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Spence—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 13, 1907, amending an Act to provide for the Board of Commissioners of Mitchell County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for Bleckley County.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Ragland—

A bill to incorporate the town of Geneva in Talbot County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Messrs. Cooper and Crawley —

A bill to amend an Act providing and establishing a new Charter for the City of Waycross, approved August 17, 1909.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Johnson—

A bill to amend an Act incorporating the town of Alston in Montgomery County

Report of the Committee was agreed to; upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Taylor—

A bill to amend an Act to incorporate the town of Rentz in Laurens County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend an Act to prescribe for the inspection of gasoline, benzine and etc., in this State.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Fariss—

A bill to provide for quarterly terms of the Superior Court of Walker County.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to allow County Authorities to appoint County Police.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 24, nay 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend Section 2201 of the Code of Georgia.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Myrick—

A bill to provide separate books for the recording of maps, plans and surveys and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Shipp—

A bill to repeal an Act entitled an Act to create the office of Commissioner of Roads and Revenues for the County of Pulaski.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Hayes—

A bill to amend the Charter of the town of Martin in Stephens County so as to change the corporate limits of said town.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Swift, Slade and Wohlwender—

A bill to amend the charter of the City of Columbus, Georgia.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Cheney—

A bill to amend, consolidate and supersede the several Acts incorporating the City of Marietta so as to create a Commission Form of Government.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 28, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend by inserting after the word "adoption" and before the word and in the 12th line of Section 31, the word and shall have written or printed on their ballots the words "For ratification and adoption of Commission Form of Government," further amend by inserting after the word adoption and before the word "said" in the 13th line of said Section the words "Against ratification and adoption of Commission Form of Government." Amend by striking out the word "voters of the City of Marietta," in the 7th line of Section 31, and inserting in lieu thereof "votes cast." Amend by inserting the word "election" between the word "said" and the word "be" in the 18th line of said Section 31.

By Mr. Hopkins—

A bill to amend Section 1795, Volume 1, of the Code of 1910, as amended by the Acts of 1912, page 56 to 57 inclusive.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Foster, A. H.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Hixon, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Huie, G. M.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, S. E.	Spinks, W. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Johnson, J. F.	Stark, W. W.
Converse, W. L.	Kea, Fred,	Sweat, J. L.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Tarver, M. C.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Turner, S. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	McNeil, W. D.	Rushin, M. E.
Harrell, G. Y.	Moore, J. H.	Smith, E. L.
Jones, W. W.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, G. W.
Kelly, O. L.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
McGregor, C. E.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Irwin, M. D.

Ayes 29, nays 13.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

Mr. McNeil gave notice that at the proper time

he would move to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the above bill.

The following Senators were added to the Penitentiary Committee on request of the Chairman in open Senate: Senators Hixon, Huie, S. F. Jones, Richardson and Smith.

On motion the Senate adjourned until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock, was called to order by the President.

Upon the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W., L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof.

Mr President:

The House has agreed to the Senate amendment to the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to amend the charter of the town of East Ellijay

The House has agreed to Senate amendments No. 2 and No. 12, and has disagreed to Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 5a, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11, to the following bill of the House, to-wit:

A bill to make appropriation for the ordinary expenses of the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Departments of the Government.

The House has adopted the following resolution of the House, to-wit:

A resolution authorizing the Governor to enter into an agreement with the Ducktown Sulphur Copper and Iron Company.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bill of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act creating the Department of Commerce and Labor.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to amend Section 2878 of the Code of 1910, relative to building and loan associations.

A bill to amend Section 2166 of the Code of 1895, relative to life of a railroad charter.

The following Senate bill was read first time.

By Mr. Irwin—

A bill to amend an Act to amend the Constitution of the State by adding to said Constitution another paragraph setting forth the people may initiate laws upon petition and by petition have certain laws referred to the people for their approval.

Referred to Committee on Constitutional Amendment.

Mr Tarver moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in refusing to disagree to the report of the Committee on the following bill of the House.

By Messrs. Crawley and Cooper—

A bill to amend Section 129 of the Code so as to provide early primaries.

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Spinks, W. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Bush, W. J.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
DuBose, R. T.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Smith, E. L.	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Parrish, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.
Dickey, R. L.	Jones, W W	Pope, Le,
Elkins, O. H.	Kea, Fred,	Richardson, C. H.
Harrell, G. Y.	Kelly, O. L.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Hixon, J. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Converse, W. L.	Rushin, M. E.	Watts, J. N.
Peyton, J. T.		

Ayes 20, nays 19.

The motion prevailed.

Mr. Tarver moved that this bill be read second time and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W L.	Longino, J. T.	Smith, E. L.
Bulloch, R. O.	Miller, B. S.	Spinks, W E.
Burtz, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Stark, W W
Chennault, N. B.	Olliff, W M.	Sweat, J. L.
Ford, L. L.	Pope, Le,	Tarver, M. C.
Hixon, J. T.	Richardson, C. H.	Taylor, G. W
Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.	Turner, S. M.
Kelly, O. L.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Foster, A. H.	Kea, Fred,
Bush, W J.	Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.
Converse, W L.	Huie, G. M.	McNeil, W D.
Dickey, R. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Parrish, C. H.
DuBose, R. T.	Jones, S. E.	Perry, Grant D.
Elkins, O. H.	Jones, W W.	Tyson, C. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Peyton, J. T. Rushin, M. E. Watts, J. N.

Ayes 22, nays 18.

The motion prevailed.

Mr. Howell moved that the bill be tabled and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Hixon, J. T.	McNeil, W. D.
Burtz, A. H.	Huie, G. M.	Parrish, C. H.
Dickey, R. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Perry, Grant D.
Elkins, O. H.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Foster, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Kea, Fred,	

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bulloch, R. O.	Longino, J. T.	Smith, E. L.
Bush, W. J.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Chennault, N. B.	Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W. L.	Moore, J. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, G. W.
Johnson, J. F.	Pope, Le,	Turner, S. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

DuBose, R. T. Rushin, M. E. Watts, J. N.
 Peyton, J. T. Spinks, W. E.

Ayes 18; nays 21.

The motion was lost.

Mr. Howell moved that the reading of the bill the second time be postponed until tomorrow morning after unanimous consents have been disposed of and

by unanimous consent the bill was tabled for the session.

The following resolution of the Rules Committee was read and adopted.

By Mr. Miller—

Resolved that for the balance of the session individual speeches on any matter be limited to 10 minuetes unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

The following House Resolution was read and concurred in.

By Mr. Smith—

A resolution authorizing the Governor of Georgia to inter into an agreement with the Ducktown Copper Company in behalf of the State of Georgia.

The following House bills and resolutions were read third time and put upon their passage.

By Messrs. Slade, Swift and Wohlwender—

A bill to provide for Commission form of Government for the City of Columbus.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25; nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. Hardeman—

A resolution to appropriate \$340.98 to pay deficiency due the assistant librarian.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Huie, G. M.	Perry, Grant D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Chennault, N. B.	Jones, W. W.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Converse, W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Dickey, R. L.	Kea, Fred.	Stark, W. W.
DuBose, R. T.	Kelly, O. L.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Longino, J. T.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.	Peyton, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
McNeil, W. D.	Rushin, M. E.	Turner, S. M.
Moore, J. H.		

Ayes 36, nays 0.

The resolution having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed.

By Mr. McCurry—

A resolution to provide for a Commission to investigate the school text book condition.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the Resolution the ayes were 27, nays 0; the resolution having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended, and the amendments are as follows:

Amendments of Huie of 35th, to amend as follows:

1. Amend line seven, page one, by striking therefrom the words "of seven" and inserting the words "of eight."

Amend line eight, page one, by striking the words "Governor and State Superintendent of Schools" and inserting as follows: "State Superintendent of schools and two other members of the State Board of Education in addition to said Superintendent to be selected by said Board."

2. Amend line seventeen, page two, by striking the words "Governor and State Superintendent" and inserting in lieu thereof as follows: "State Superintendent and two other members of the Board of Education selected by said Board."

3. Amend further by adding after the word "contracts" in the second line and last page, the following words: "or in its discretion renew the present contracts."

Amend further by striking the word "six" in the fifth line of the last page and inserting in lieu thereof the word "twelve."

On motion the Senate adjourned until tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock.

SENATE CHAMBER, ATLANTA, GA.,

Thursday, August 14th, 1913.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 10 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain.

Upon the call of the roll, the following Senators answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

The Journal of yesterday's proceedings was read and confirmed.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bills of the Senate:

A bill to give all courts of original jurisdiction authority in certain cases to mold their sentences.

A bill to amend Section 2584 of the Code of 1910 relative to the incorporation of railroads.

The House has agreed to the Senate amendments to the following bills of the House:

A bill to amend the several Acts incorporating the City of Marietta.

A bill to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for Early County.

The House has adopted the following joint resolutions of the House:

A resolution relative to the unfinished business of the General Assembly.

A resolution relative to carrying over the unfinished business of the session of 1913.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, submits the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration House Resolution No. 45, and I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that it do pass.

Your Committee has also had under consideration House Bill No. 733, to provide for work already done and necessary to be done on the State Capitol and the Mansion and for other purposes, and I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that the bill do pass as amended.

W W STARK, Chairman.

Mr. Miller, Vice-Chairman of the Committee on Rules, submitted the following report:

August 14th, 1913.

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Rules have had under consideration the resolution referred to, it touching the amendment of Senate Rule 44 and beg leave to submit the following resolution which they recommend be adopted, viz:

. Resolved, That Senate Rule 44 be amended by striking out the words "a majority" on the 3d line of the printed rule and substituting therefor the words "two-thirds", so that said Rule 44 as amended shall read as follows:

Rule 44. No bill or resolution shall be transmitted to the House on the day of the passage thereof, unless two-thirds of the Senators present shall so order.

Respectfully submitted,

B. S. MILLER, Vice-Chairman.

Read and adopted.

The following message was received from His Excellency the Governor, through his Secretary, Mr. Perry:

Mr. President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor, to deliver to your honorable body a communication in

writing, to which he respectfully invites your attention.

The following Senate bill was taken up for the purpose of concurring in the House amendment, to wit:

By Mr. Perry—

A bill to amend Section 1079, of Volume 1 of the Code of Georgia.

The House amendment was concurred in.

The following House bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage, to-wit:

By Mr. Rhodes of Clarke—

A bill to amend an Act to create the Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Clarke.

The report of the Committee was agreed and upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Allen of Glascock—

A bill to create a new charter for the town of Gibson in the County of Glascock.

The report of the Committee was agreed to and upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. McCarthy, Shuptrine and Myrick—

A bill to create and organize the Commissioners of Chatham County.

The report of the Committee was agreed to and upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Swift and others—

A bill to provide and require the payment of taxes on property received by inheritance.

The report of the Committee was agreed and upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 26 and nays 0; the bill having received the Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following House resolution was taken up and concurred in, to-wit:

By Mr. Miller of Bibb—

A resolution relative to the unfinished business of the General Assembly

The following House resolution was taken up:

By Mr. Hardeman of Jefferson—

A resolution providing that the officers of the Senate and House shall remain at the capitol five days after adjournment for the purpose of bringing up the business of the General Assembly

The resolution was adopted as amended and the amendment was as follows:

Amend the last paragraph by striking out the words "one porter" and inserting two porters before the words "of the Senate."

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bills:

A bill to amend Sections 2135 and 2136 of the Code of 1910 relative to the quarantine against the boll weevil.

A bill to authorize Judges of the Superior Courts to grant charter to provide corporations.

A bill to put in force the Constitutional amendment exempting certain farm products from taxation.

A bill to amend Section 2571 of the Code of 1910 relative to directors of navigation companies.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bills of the Senate:

A bill to provide for a system of draining.

A bill to require railroads to erect sign boards.

The House has passed by substitute by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bill of the Senate:

A bill to amend Section 414 of the Code of 1910 relative to running freight trains on the Sabbath.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has agreed to the Senate amendments to the following resolutions of the House:

A resolution to appoint a Commission to investigate the text-book question.

A resolution relative to the unfinished business of the General Assembly.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Appropriations, to whom was referred the General Appropriation bill, known as House Bill No. 389 together with the amendments thereto.

Your Committee report this bill and amendments back with the recommendation that the Senate recede from their amendments that were disagreed to by the House.

W W STARK, Chairman.

Mr President:

We, the undersigned members of the Appropriations Committee, beg leave to submit for the serious consideration of the Senate a minority report on House bill number-----known as the general appropriation bill.

. In the interest of the honor and credit of the State, we believe that it is imperative for the Senate to stand by its cuts in the general appropriation bill at this time.

With a present deficit in our State Treasury of more than nine hundred thousand dollars and the appropriation bill as insisted upon by the House of Representatives increasing that amount by two hundred and eighty thousand dollars it is impossible to conceive of this body refusing to stand by its guns and insist upon the reduction so wisely made, to the end that we may finally relieve the Treasury of the State of its present embarrassment and put the State on a sound financial basis.

It will be inconsistent for this body to place itself on record first as favoring appropriations not to exceed the income of the State and then so soon as there is a remote prospect of increasing the revenues of the State to more than increase the appropriations to cover such prospective revenue increase.

Our tax act as yet is purely problemetical and it may meet the fate of its predecessor, (that is be repealed), before any beneficial results can possibly flow therefrom.

For this reason we feel that the Senate should stand by and insist upon every reduction made in the appropriation bill to the end that our treasury deficit may be wiped out and the public servants of the State who may have claims directly or indirectly upon the State be paid promptly without having to pay interest or discount on the same. We therefore desire to go on record in this protest against all appropriations in excess of revenue and for the further reduction of expenditures until the deficit in the State Treasury is wiped out.

Respectfully submitted,

M. D. IRWIN,
W D. McNEIL,
L. L. FORD,
A. H. BURTZ,
G. W TAYLOR,
W W STARK,
E. L. SMITH,
C. H. PARRISH.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Appropriation has had under consideration House Bill No. 4, to be entitled an Act to establish an institution to be known as "The Georgia Training School for Girls," and I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that it do pass as amended.

W W STARK, Chairman.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration House bill No. 533, providing for the payment of salaries of the Pure Food and Drug department and for other purposes, and I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that it do pass.

The Committee has also had under consideration House Bill No. 411, providing for the appropriation of \$7,500.00 for the Chemical Department and for other purposes, and I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that it do pass as amended.

The Committee has also had under consideration House Bill No. 359, providing for the appropriation for the State Board of Entomology and for other purposes, and I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that it do pass as amended

W W STARK, Chairman.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the following report:

Mr. President:

Your Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration House Resolution No. 53, providing for the payment to Hon. T. H. Kimbrough, expenses attending the Cotton Tare Convention, and

I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that it do pass.

Your Committee has also had under consideration House Bill No. 342, providing for the salary and clerk hire of the General Oil Inspector, and I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that said bill do pass.

W W STARK, Chairman.

The following House bill was read the third time to be put upon its passage, to-wit:

By Mr. Akin of Glynn—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 13th, 1910 regulating the running of automobiles.

The following amendments were offered:

The Committee proposes to amend by striking from last paragraph of bill the following words beginning in the 4th line of said paragraph: "The funds raised under this Act shall be known as a State Road Fund and the same shall be apportioned among the several counties of the State by the State Treasurer in proportion to the number of miles of rural route roads in the several counties, the same to be determined upon United States government reports."

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Harrell moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in adopting the above amendment.

Upon this motion the ayes and nays were called.

The vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Peyton, J. T.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Pope, Le,
Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Tarver, M. C.
Foster, A. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Taylor, G. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	McNeil, W. D.	Spinks, W. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Miller, B. S.	Stark, W. W.
DuBose, R. T.	Olliff, W. M.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Perry, Grant D.	Tyson, C. M.
Irwin, M. D.	Richardson, C. H.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Ford, L. L.

Ayes 28, nays 14.

The amendment was reconsidered.

Upon the adoption of the amendment the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Olliff, W. M.	Spinks, W. E.
Elkins, O. H.	Perry, Grant D.	Stark, W. W.
Irwin, M. D.	Richardson, C. H.	Sweat, J. L.
McNeil, W. D.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Tyson, C. M.
Miller, B. S.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Parrish, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Peyton, J. T.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Pope, Le,
Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Converse, W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Tarver, M. C.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Moore, J. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

DuBose, R. T. Ford, L. L.

Ayes 13, nays 28.

The amendment was lost.

The Committee proposed further to:

Amend by striking from the 9th and 32d lines of Section 1 (one) the words “and shall be in lieu of municipal licenses or registrations.”

Amend further by striking the words “and shall be in lieu of municipal licenses or registrations” where the same appear, on lines 18 and 19 page two of the bill.

Amend by adding another section to be numbered four and numbering the other sections in accordance therewith.

Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That Section 12 of the Act approved August 13th, 1910, be and the same is hereby amended by adding at the end of said section the following: “And pro-

vided further that any municipality of this State shall have the right to pass ordinances requiring every person, firm or corporation residing in such municipality for a period as long as thirty days, and owning or operating any of the machines or vehicles mentioned in this Act, to register the State License Number with the Clerk of council of said municipality or such other municipal officer as said municipality may direct, together with a brief description of said machine or vehicle, and to provide a penalty in such ordinances for failure to comply therewith.

So that when said Section 12 is amended it will read as follows:

Section 12. Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That nothing contained in this Act shall be construed as changing or interfering with any regulation or ordinance which has heretofore or hereafter may be adopted by any municipality of this State regulating the running and operation of the machines described in this Act, provided such regulation or ordinance is not in conflict with the provisions of this Act; and provided further that any municipality of this State shall have the right to pass ordinances requiring every person, firm or corporation residing in such municipality for a period as long as thirty days, and owning or operating any of the machines or vehicles mentioned in this Act, to register the State License Number with the Clerk of Council of said municipality or such other municipal officer as said municipality may direct, together with a brief description of said machine or

vehicle, and to provide a penalty in such ordinances for failure to comply **therewith**.

The amendment was adopted.

Committee proposed to further amend; amend the caption of the bill by adding the following in the seventh line of the caption after the word provide registration and numbering of the same, etc., to-wit: "To provide that any municipality of the State shall have the right to pass ordinances requiring registration of the State license number with a municipal officer," etc.

The amendment was adopted.

The report of the Committee was agreed to as amended, and upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30 and nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. McNeil—

A resolution that it is the sense of the General Assembly that the acceptance on the part of the Hon. J. C. Hart of the office of Tax Commissioner of this State and his performance of the duties of said office should and will conflict in no wise with any contracts existing between the said John C. Hart, as Attorney and the State of Georgia.

The following House resolution was read the third time to be put upon its passage:

By Mr. Slater of Bryan—

A resolution to authorize the Penitentiary Committees of the House and Senate to visit the convict camps in vacation.

The report of the Committee was agreed to and upon the passage of the resolution the ayes and nays were ordered. The vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bulloch, R. O.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Burtz, A. H.	Kea, Fred,	Spinks, W. E.
Bush, W. J.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Chennault, N. B.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W. L.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le,	Watts, J. N.
Irwin, M. D.	Richardson, C. H.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.
DuBose, R. T.	Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.
Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	

Ayes 35, nays 0.

The resolution having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following House bills were read the third time to be put upon their passage:

By Mr. Wright of Floyd—

A bill to create a commission to investigate and report upon a lease of the W & A. R. R.

The report of the Committee was agreed to and upon the passage of the bill by substitute the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Stark, W. W.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Taylor, G. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Dickey, R. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.
DuBose, R. T.	McGregor, C. E.	Turner, S. M.

Ayes 37, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed by substitute.

By Messrs. Smith of Fulton and Olive of Richmond—

A bill to define the duties and powers of the Courts of this State affecting the custody of minor children.

The report of the Committee was agreed to and upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered.

The vote was as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.
Burtz, A. H.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Bush, W. J.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Chennault, N. B.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Converse, W. L.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Smith, E. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Spinks, W. E.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Stark, W. W.	Tarver, M. C.
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Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Taylor, G. W.
Johnson, J. F.	McGregor, C. E.	

Ayes 36, nays 2.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By request of the author, Senate Bill No. 77 was withdrawn.

Upon motion, the Senate adjourned until 3 o'clock P. M.

The Senate met pursuant to adjournment at 3 o'clock; was called to order by the President.

On the call of the roll the following members answered to their names:

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W E. H. Sr.
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W E.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W W
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Taylor, G. W
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	MR. PRESIDENT.
Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.	

Mr. Miller moved to reconsider the action of the Senate in passing the following bill of the House:

By Mr. Akin—

A bill to amend an Act approved August 13, 1910 regulating the running of Automobiles in this State and for other purposes.

On this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W L.	Miller, B. S.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
DuBose, R. T.	Moore, J. H.	Spinks, W E.
Elkins, O. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Stark, W W
Irwin, M. D.	Perry, Grant D.	Sweat, J. L.
McNeil, W D.	Richardson, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Huie, G. M.	Peyton, J. T.
Bush, W. J.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Chennault, N. B.	Jones, W. W.	Smith, E. L.
Converse, W. L.	Johnson, J. F.	Tarver, M. C.
Dickey, R. L.	Kea, Fred,	Taylor, G. W.
Ford, L. L.	Kelly, O. L.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Longino, J. T.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Rushin, M. E.

Ayes 15, nays 27

The motion was lost

The following House resolutions were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Thompson—

A resolution to authorize and compensate the State Sanitarium and Penitentiary Committee to visit the Sanitarium and farm during recess.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Dickey, R. L.	Huie, G. M.
Brown, John W. L.	DuBose, R. T.	Irwin, M. D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Elkins, O. H.	Jones, S. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Ford, L. L.	Jones, W. W.
Bush, W. J.	Foster, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.
Chennault, N. B.	Harrell, G. Y.	Kea, Fred,
Converse, W. L.	Hixon, J. T.	Kelly, O. L.

Longino, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Sweat, J. L.
McGregor, C. E.	Peyton, J. T.	Tarver, M. C.
McNeil, W. D.	Pope, Le,	Taylor, G. W.
Miller, B. S.	Richardson, C. H.	Turner, S. M.
Moore, J. H.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.	Tyson, C. M.
Olliff, W. M.	Spinks, W. E.	Watts, J. N.
Parrish, C. H.	Stark, W. W.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Rushin, M. E. Smith, E. L.

Ayes 41, nays 0.

The resolution having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend by striking the words State Penitentiary when they occur, also by striking the words State Farm when they occur.

Mr. Olliff, Chairman of the Committee on Engrossing, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Engrossing have examined and found properly engrossed and ready for transmission to the House, the following Senate resolution, to-wit:

A resolution that it is the sense of the General Assembly that the acceptance on part of Hon. John C. Hart as Tax Commissioner will not conflict with any contracts between said John C. Hart as Attorney and the State of Georgia.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. OLLIFF, Chairman.

Mr. Stark, Chairman of the Appropriation Committee, submits the follows report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Appropriations have had under consideration House Bill No. 446, to appropriate ten thousand dollars to the Department of Agriculture and for other purposes, and I am directed to report the same back with a recommendation that it do pass as amended.

W W STARK, Chairman.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed as amended by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bill of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to regulate the operation of insurance companies.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bill of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to provide for maintaining causeways and other approaches to public bridges.

The House has adopted the following resolution of the Senate:

A resolution relative to Honorable John C. Hart.

The House has adopted the following resolution of the House:

A resolution that the General Assembly adjourn sine die at 4:30 o'clock P M.

Mr. Huie, Chairman of the Committee on Banks, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Banks have had under consideration the following House bill, which I am instructed to report back to the Senate with the recommendation that the same do pass, to-wit:

A bill to amend an Act to create in the Treasury Department, a Bank Bureau.

Respectfully submitted,

G. M. HUIE, Chairman.

Upon motion, House Bill No. 109 being a bill to create a permanent qualification for qualified voters of this State, was withdrawn from the Rules Committee and referred to General Judiciary Committee.

The following communication was received from His Excellency the Governor through his Secretary, Mr. Ulm:

Mr President:

I am directed by His Excellency the Governor to

deliver to your honorable body a sealed communication to which he respectfully invites your consideration in Executive Session.

Mr McNeil, Chairman of the General Judiciary Committee, submits the following report:

Mr President:

The General Judiciary Committee has had under consideration the following bill of the House, which it instructs me to report back with the recommendation that the same do pass:

A bill to provide for a permanent registration book for the voters of this State.

Respectfully submitted,

W D. McNEIL, Chairman.

The following House bill was read the third time and put upon its passage:

By Messrs. Miller and Jones—

A bill to establish an institution to be known as The Georgia Training School for girls and for other purposes.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 32, nays 10; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows: Amend Section 2 by striking out the figures and words \$20,000.00 in line 14 of said section and inserting in lieu thereof the

figures and words \$10,000.00. Amend Section 2 by striking out the proviso at the end of said section beginning with the word provided in line 23 of said section.

On motion, the session was extended until 6 o'clock this afternoon.

On motion, when the Senate adjourns this afternoon it will meet again at 8 o'clock P. M.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following bill of the Senate:

A bill to amend the Act to prevent the adulteration of food, etc.

The House has agreed to the Senate amendment to following bills and resolution of the House:

A bill to create a commission on the lease of the W & A. R. R.

A bill to amend an Act to regulate the running of automobiles.

A resolution to authorize the Committees on the State Sanitarium to visit that institution in vacation.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has passed by the requisite Constitutional majority, the following resolution of the House.

A resolution relative to a Legislative Reference Bureau.

At 4:30 o'clock the Senate went into executive session.

Mr. McNeil moved that the Senate by a rising vote express their confidence and esteem in its presiding officer Hon. J Randolph Anderson. The vote was unanimous with the exception of one vote.

The following resolution was read and adopted:

By Mr. Huie of the 35th District—

Resolved by the Senate, That the thanks of the Senate are hereby extended to the President for the very able efficient and impartial manner in which he has presided over the deliberation of the Senate for 1913 session.

The following House bill was taken up with Senate amendments, in which the House refuses to concur.

By Mr Wheatley—

A bill to make appropriations to the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Departments of the State Government.

Mr. Huie moved that the Senate recede from all its amendment in which the House refused to concur

and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Johnson, J. F.	Pope, Le,
Bulloch, R. O.	Kea, Fred,	Richardson, C. H.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Rushin, M. E.
Converse, W. L.	Miller, B. S.	Searey, W. E. H. Sr.
DuBose, R. T.	Moore, J. H.	Spinks, W. E.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Sweat, J. L.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tarver, M. C.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Huie, G. M.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Ford, L. L.	McNeil, W. D.
Burtz, A. H.	Irwin, M. D.	Smith, E. L.
Bush, W. J.	Jones, S. E.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	Jones, W. W.	Taylor, G. W.
Elkins, O. H.	McGregor, C. E.	Tyson, C. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.	Watts, J. N.
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Ayes 25, nays 15.

The motion prevailed.

The following resolution of the House was read the third time and put upon its passage:

By Mr. Wohlwender—

A resolution to pay the expenses of Hon. T. H. Kimbrough as a member of Cotton Tare Committee in attending convention in Washington, D. C. and Raleigh, N. C.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes and nays were ordered and the votes is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Huie, G. M.	Perry, Grant D.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Bush, W. J.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Tarver, M. C.
Ford, L. L.	Miller, B. S.	Turner, S. M.
Foster, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

DuBose, R. T.	Peyton, J. T.	Taylor, G. W.
Irwin, M. D.	Smith, E. L.	Watts, J. N.
Kelly, O. L.	Spinks, W. E.	

Ayes 35, nays 0.

The resolution having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following Senate bill was taken up with House amendment and the amendment was concurred in.

By Mr Bush—

A bill to regulate and control the organization and operation of insurance companies in this State.

The amendments are as follows:

Amendment to Senate Bill No. 24:

Strike the caption and substitute in lieu thereof the following:

A bill to be entitled an Act to better regulate and control the organization and operation of corporations (foreign and domestic) doing an industrial, health, life or accident insurance business in the State of Georgia, and to provide penalties, and for other purposes.

Section 1. Amend by adding the following proviso:

Provided nothing contained in this section, nor in this Act shall apply to any company or corporation except to companies or corporations doing an industrial, life, health or accident insurance business; nor shall it apply to any policy, membership or beneficial certificate except it be an industrial, health, life or accident insurance policy, membership or certificate.

Section 6. Amend by striking six and substituting in lieu thereof the following:

Be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Insurance Commissioner or the Deputy Insurance Commissioner of this State shall have full power to issue subpoenas and process requiring the presence of witnesses and the production of books and papers before him at the place where any investigation is being had by him, or either of them; and in the event any person who is served with such subpoena fails to comply therewith he shall be punished as for a contempt by the Superior Court of

the county in which hearing is being had, and the Superior Courts of this State are fully empowered hereunto, including the power to issue attachments or other processes or notice, to the end that the person so subpoenaed may have his proper notice and his day in court.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has adopted the following joint resolution:

A resolution to appoint a committee of three from the House and two from the Senate to notify the Governor that the General Assembly is now ready to adjourn.

The Speaker has appointed the following members as committee on part of the House:

Messrs. Dorrough, Wall, Clements.

The following message was read from the Governor:

Executive Department, August 14th, 1913.

To the General Assembly:

By resolution, you have authorized me to borrow not exceeding five hundred thousand dollars, in accordance with the Constitutional provisions upon the subject.

I have the honor to report to you, that in accordance with the authority given and the desire implied by the passage of the resolution, I have made arrangement to borrow the sum of four hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars at three per cent interest.

The banks agreeing to make the loans are as follows:

Atlanta National Bank, Atlanta----	\$200,000.00
Fourth National Bank, Atlanta----	100,000.00
American National Bank, Atlanta--	75,000.00
Fulton National Bank, Atlanta-----	50,000.00
Third National Bank, Atlanta-----	25,000.00
Lowry National Bank, Atlanta-----	25,000.00

The banks making these loans will be compelled to borrow the money in New York at a rate approximating six per cent (6%), and their action, in coming to the help of the State at this time, during a severe stringency and their willingness to suffer financial loss to aid the State, entitle them to the gratitude of the people of the State of Georgia.

Their action is a further tribute to your body, in that it expresses their confidence in the financial responsibility of the State.

The money so borrowed will be immediately utilized for the payment of the public school teachers, who have not received one dollar from the State up to this time. This confidence in the business methods of the State and the patriotism of these financiers will result in enhancing the financial reputa-

tion of the State of Georgia and will contribute to the disposition of its bonds on more advantageous terms.

It shows that the banks of the City of Atlanta, at the seat of government, have unlimited confidence in the financial responsibility of Georgia and are willing to evidence it in a practical way.

It is appropriate to say that two of the banks—the Lowry National Bank and the Third National Bank—are not State Depositories and are therefore under no special obligation to loan the money but have done so purely from patriotic motives and principally to aid Georgia in the solution of her financial problems.

I desire to express my thanks to Hon. W J Speer, the State Treasurer, for invaluable aid and co-operation in obtaining this loan.

In my judgment, the ability of the State, at this time, to make the best financial arrangement that has been made in the United States, is an approval of your course and may be taken home to your constituents as a marked tribute to your services.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN M. SLATON, Governor.

The following House bills and resolution were read the third time and put upon their passage:

By Mr. Wheatley—

A bill to appropriate the sum of \$13,286.80 to pay for work already done on the State Capitol.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W L.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W W	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Stark, W W
Bush, W J.	Kea, Fred,	Sweat, J. L.
Converse, W L.	Longino, J. T.	Tarver, M. C.
Dickey, R. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Tyson, C. M.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Chennault, N. B.	Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.
DuBose, R. T.	McNeil, W D.	Pope, Le,
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Smith, E. L.
Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.	Spinks, W E.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Watts, J. N.
Irwin, M. D.		

Ayes 27, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendments are as follows:

Amend by adding a new section to be numbered No. 2.

Be it further enacted that the sum of \$96.00 be and the same is hereby appropriated to pay for electric fans for the Senate Chamber of the Capitol to be paid by warrant on the Treasury Amend further by renumbering the repealing clause, also amend caption by adding thereto the words ninty-

six (\$96.00) dollars to pay for electric fans for the Senate Chamber.

Committee amends by striking \$13,286.80 and substituting therefor \$10,000.00.

By Messrs. Wimberly and Kimbrough—

A bill to appropriate the sum of \$7,500.00 dollars for the Department of Agriculture for the Chemical Department.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Irwin, M. D	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, S. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Bulloch, R. O.	Jones, W. W	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Smith, E. L.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	Longino, J. T.	Stark, W. W
Dickey, R. L.	Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tarver, M. C.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Turner, S. M.
Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le,	Tyson, C. M.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

McGregor, C. E.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Chennault, N. B.	Ford, L. L.	Moore, J. H.
DuBose, R. T.	Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.
Elkins, O. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Watts, J. N.

Ayes 33, nays 1.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended and the amendment is as follows: Amend by striking in line 11, Section 1 the words said appropriation to be an annual appropriation.

By Mr. Booker—

A bill to appropriate the sum of \$10,000.00 to the Department of Agriculture.

Report of the Committee was disagreed to and the bill was lost.

On motion, the action of the Senate was reconsidered in disagreeing to the report of the committee.

By Messrs. Hammack and Slater—

A bill to appropriate the sum of \$20,000.00 to the State Board of Entomology, \$5,000.00 to be immediately available to be expended on work of board on wilt or blackroot.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Huie, G. M.	Parrish, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Chennault, N. B.	Johnson, J. F.	Richardson, C. H.
Converse, W. L.	Kea, Fred,	Rushin, M. E.
Dickey, R. L.	Longino, J. T.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Foster, A. H.	McNeil, W. D.	Spinks, W. E.
Harrell, G. Y.	Miller, B. S.	Stark, W. W.
Hixon, J. T.	Moore, J. H.	Sweat, J. L.

Tarver, M. C.
Taylor, G. W.

Turner, S. M.

Tyson, C. M.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.
DuBose, R. T.
Irwin, M. D.

Jones, W. W.
McGregor, C. E.

Olliff, W. M.
Perry, Grant D.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.
Bulloch, R. O.
Elkins, O. H.

Ford, L. L.
Kelly, O. L.
Peyton, J. T.

Smith, E. L.
Watts, J. N.

Ayes 28, nays 7

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed as amended.

Amend by striking in line 1 the figures \$20,000.00 and substituting in lieu thereof \$15,000.00.

Also strike the words “per annum” in said line

Also the words for “two years” in the second line of caption.

Also further amend by striking the figures \$20 000.00 in line two of Section 1 and substituting in lieu thereof \$15,000.00.

Also amend by striking in line two, of Section the words “amendment appropriated for 1914 be and substitute in lieu thereof the words said appropriation.

By Mr. Picket—

A resolution to appropriate certain money to . H. Oxford, et al.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the resolution the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Elkins, O. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Foster, A. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Harrell, G. Y.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Huie, G. M.	Pope, Le,	

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
Ford, L. L.	Kelly, O. L.	

Ayes 38, nays 0.

The resolution having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Messrs. Stovall and Kimbrough—

A bill to amend Section 1811, Volume 1 of the Code of 1910, so as to provide for compensation of General Oil Inspector.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Jones, S. E.	Pope, Le,
Brown, John W. L.	Jones, W. W.	Richardson, C. H.
Burtz, A. H.	Johnson, J. F.	Rushin, M. E.
Bush, W. J.	Kea, Fred,	Searcy, W. E. H. S.
Chennault, N. B.	Longino, J. T.	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McGregor, C. E.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Sweat, J. L.
Elkins, O. H.	Miller, B. S.	Tarver, M. C.
Foster, A. H.	Moore, J. H.	Taylor, G. W.
Harrell, G. Y.	Olliff, W. M.	Turner, S. M.
Hixon, J. T.	Parrish, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Huie, G. M.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Irwin, M. D.	Peyton, J. T.
DuBose, R. T.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Ford, L. L.		

Ayes 36, nays 0.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Green—

A bill to appropriate a sufficient sum of money for the purpose of paying the salaries of the pure food and drug department.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Brown, John W. L.	Chennault, N. B.	DuBose, R. T.
Burtz, A. H.	Converse, W. L.	Elkins, O. H.
Bush, W. J.	Dickey, R. L.	Foster, A. H.

Harrell, G. Y.	McGregor, C. E.	Rushin, M. E.
Hixon, J. T.	McNeil, W. D.	Searcy, W. E. H. Sr.
Huie, G. M.	Miller, B. S.	Spinks, W. E.
Irwin, M. D.	Moore, J. H.	Stark, W. W.
Jones, S. E.	Parrish, C. H.	Sweat, J. L.
Jones, W. W.	Perry, Grant D.	Taylor, G. W.
Johnson, J. F.	Pope, Le,	Turner, S. M.
Kea, Fred,	Richardson, C. H.	Tyson, C. M.
Longino, J. T.		

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Tarver, M. C.

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Kelly, O. L.	Smith, E. L.
Bulloch, R. O.	Olliff, W. M.	Watts, J. N.
Ford, L. L.	Peyton, J. T.	

Ayes 34, nays 1.

The bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Wright—

A bill to create a permanent qualification book for qualified voters of this State.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 2; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Blackburn—

A bill to amend Section 887 of the Code of Georgia of 1910.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 29, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifenuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr. President:

The House has agreed to the Senate amendments to the following bills of the House.

A bill to make appropriation to the State Board of Entomology to be expended on work on cotton wilt and Mexican boll weevil.

A bill to make appropriation to pay for repairs on the State Capitol.

A bill to make appropriation to the Chemical Department of the Department of Agriculture.

The following Senate bill was taken up with House substitute:

By Mr. McNeil—

A bill to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code of Georgia, adopted August 15, 1910.

Mr. Tarver moved to disagree to the House substitute, and on this motion the ayes and nays were ordered and the vote is as follows:

Those voting in the affirmative were Messrs.—

Bush, W. J.
Hixon, J. T.

Huie, G. M.
Johnson, J. F.

Longino, J. T.
McGregor, C. E.

Parrish, C. H.
Pope, Le,

Searcy, W. E. H. Sr. Taylor, G. W.
Tarver, M. C.

Those voting in the negative were Messrs.—

Allen, John T.	Harrell, G. Y.	Richardson, C. H.
Brown, John W. L.	Irwin, M. D.	Rushin, M. E.
Burtz, A. H.	Jones, S. E.	Smith, E. L.
Chennault, N. B.	Kea, Fred,	Spinks, W. E.
Converse, W. L.	McNeil, W. D.	Stark, W. W.
Dickey, R. L.	Miller, B. S.	Sweat, J. L.
DuBose, R. T.	Moore, J. H.	Turner, S. M.
Elkins, O. H.	Olliff, W. M.	Tyson, C. M.
Ford, L. L.	Perry, Grant D.	Watts, J. N.
Foster, A. H.		

Those not voting were Messrs.—

Bulloch, R. O.	Kelly, O. L.	Peyton, J. T.
Jones, W. W.		

Ayes 11, nays 28.

The motion was lost.

On the adoption of the substitute the ayes were 25, nays 10; the substitute was adopted.

By Messrs. Spence and Wohlwender—

A bill to regulate the sale of stocks and bonds and other securities and to provide for punishment for violation of same.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 30, nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

By Mr. Olive—

A bill to amend Section 5645 of the Code of 1910 relative to the manner of verifying petitions.

Report of the Committee was agreed to.

Upon the passage of the bill the ayes were 25 nays 0; the bill having received the requisite Constitutional majority, was passed.

The following House resolutions were read and concurred in:

By Mr. Bullard—

A resolution relative to a Legislative Reference Bureau.

By Mr. Dorrough—

A resolution appointing a committee of three from the House and two from the Senate to notify the Governor that the General Assembly had completed its business and was ready to adjourn.

Committee on part of Senate was Senators Jones and Pope.

On motion, the following bill of the House was indefinitely postponed:

By Mr. Redwine—

A bill to amend the Act creating in the Treasury Department a Bank Bureau.

The President appointed Mr. Bush as a member

of the Penitentiary Committee in the place of Mr. Richardson, who asked to be relieved from serving.

The President appointed as members of the committee on part of the Senate (under House Bill No. 73) to investigate and report upon the release of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, Messrs. Brown, Tarver and McNeil.

The President appointed as members of the committee on part of the Senate (under House Resolution No. 30) to investigate the school book condition, Messrs. Miller and Foster.

Under Senate Resolution No. 41, providing for a commission to investigate and report upon the general revision of civil and criminal procedure, the President appointed the following as members of said committee on part of the Senate: Messrs. Irwin and Elkin.

Mr. Jones of 39th District on part of the committee to wait upon His Excellency the Governor, and inform him that the General Assembly had finished all business before it, reported that they had called upon the Governor and he had no further communication to make.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has failed to pass the requisite Constitutional majority on the following bills of the Senate, to-wit:

A bill to repeal Section 31 of the General Insurance Act.

A bill to revise the jury lists.

A bill to amend Section 3955 of the Code of 1910 relative to trust companies being appointed County Administrators.

Under the provisions of House Bill No. 73, authorizing a joint committee of the House and Senate on the lease of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, the Speaker appointed the following members as committee on part of the House: Messrs. Barry Wright, Chairman; H. J. Fullbright, L. R. Akin, A. B. Green of Houston, E. D. Cole.

Under the provisions of House Resolution No. 30, authorizing a joint committee on the school text-book question, the Speaker appointed the following members as committee on the part of the House: Messrs. C. R. McCrory, Chairman; W. J. Nunnally, Herman C. Shuptrine.

Under the provisions of Senate Resolution No. 41, authorizing a joint committee on the revision of the civil and criminal procedure in the Courts of this State, the Speaker appointed the following members as committee on the part of the House: Messrs. John C. Cheney, Chairman; H. W. Hopkins, N. F. Culpepper of Meriwether.

Mr. Tyson, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, submitted the following report:

Mr. President:

The Committee on Enrollment report as duly enrolled and ready for the signature of the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives the following Acts and Resolutions, to-wit:

An Act to establish a system of public schools in the town of Alamo.

An Act to amend an Act of August 21, 1906 to incorporate the town of Marshallville.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Blackshear.

An Act to amend Section 2878 of the Code of 1910.

An Act to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Ware.

An Act to amend an Act creating the Department of Commerce and Labor.

An Act to provide for election of United States Senators by the people.

An Act to amend the charter of Forest Park.

An Act to amend Section 2571 of the Code of 1910 as to the number of directors required of navigation companies.

An Act to give all courts of original jurisdiction in the State of Georgia authority in certain cases to so mould their sentences as to allow defendants, upon rendition of a verdict of guilty, to serve same

outside the confines of the chaingang, jail or other place of detention.

An Act to amend Section 2854 of the Code of 1910.

An Act to amend the charter of the City of Macon.

An Act to amend an Act creating a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Bulloch.

An Act to increase the number of terms of the Superior Court of Paulding County

An Act to amend Section 2166 of the Code of 1895 as the same relates to railroad charters.

A resolution providing for the appointment of a Commission to revise the civil and criminal procedure of the State.

A resolution relative to the appointment of Hon. John C. Hart as Tax Commissioner.

An Act to amend an Act to more thoroughly carry into effect an Act to prevent the adulteration of food.

An Act to amend an Act providing for a system of draining and reclaiming wet swamp and overflowed lands.

A resolution looking to the preservation of Ft. Frederica, St. Simons Island, by the United States.

An Act to put in force the Constitutional amendment ratified at the November election in 1912 authorizing the General Assembly to exempt farm products from taxation.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Lavonia in the County of Franklin.

An Act to require all persons or corporations operating railroads in the State of Georgia to erect sign boards at certain points.

An Act to authorize and empower Judges of the Superior Court to grant charters to private companies in vacation.

An Act to prescribe the amount of costs in cases involving \$100.00 or less in the City Court of Dublin.

An Act to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code, relative to running freight trains on the Sabbath.

An Act to amend Sections 2135 and 2136 of the Code of 1910.

An Act to amend Section 1079, of Volume 1 of the Code of 1910.

An Act to provide for maintaining cause ways and other approaches to public bridges, between two counties.

An Act to regulate the practice of medicine in this State, and for other purposes.

An Act to amend the charter of the town of Arlington.

An Act to relieve T. B. Hicks of Dublin, Georgia as surety upon bond of John Walker.

An Act to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Oglethorpe.

An Act to regulate and control the organization and operation of certain classes of insurance companies.

Respectfully submitted,

C. M. TYSON, Chairman.

Mr. Tyson, Chairman of the Committee on Enrollment, submitted the following report:

Mr President:

The Committee on Enrollment report as duly signed by the President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives and delivered to the Governor, the following Acts and Resolutions, to-wit:

An Act to establish a system of public schools in the town of Alamo.

An Act to amend an Act of August 21, 1906, to incorporate the town of Marshallville.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Blackshear.

An Act to amend Section 2878 of the Code of 1910.

An Act to amend an Act to create a Board of Commissioners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Ware.

An Act to amend an Act creating the Department of Commerce and Labor.

An Act to provide for election of United States Senators by the people.

An Act to amend the charter of Forest Park.

An Act to amend Section 2571 of the Code of 1910 as to the number of directors required by Navigation Companies.

An Act to give all courts of original jurisdiction in the State of Georgia, authority in certain cases to so mould their sentences as to allow defendants, upon rendition of a verdict of guilty, to serve same outside the confines of the chaingang, jail or other place of detention.

An Act to amend Section 2854 of the Code of 1910.

An Act to amend the charter of the City of Macon.

An Act to amend an Act creating a Board of Commisisoners of Roads and Revenues for the County of Bullock.

An Act to increase the number of terms of the Superior Court of Paulding County

An Act to amend Section 2166 of the Code of 1895 as the same relates to railroad charters.

A resolution providing for the appointment of a commission to revise the civil and criminal procedure of the State.

A resolution relative to the appointment of Hon. John C. Hart as Tax Commissioner.

An Act to amend an Act to more thoroughly carry into effect an Act to prevent the adulteration of food.

An Act to amend an Act providing for a system of draining and reclaiming wet swamp and overflowed lands.

A resolution looking to the preservation of Fort Frederica, St. Simons Island, by the United States.

An Act to put in force the Constitutional amendment ratified at the November election in 1912, authorizing the General Assembly to exempt farm products from taxation.

An Act to amend an Act to incorporate the City of Lavonia in the County of Franklin.

An Act to require all persons or corporations operating railroads in the State of Georgia to erect sign boards at certain points.

An Act to authorize and empower Judges of the Superior Court to grant charters to private companies in vacation.

An Act to prescribe the amount of costs in case-involving \$100.00 or less in the City Court of Dublin.

An Act to amend Section 414 of the Penal Code relative to the running of freight trains on the Sabbath.

An Act to amend Sections 2135 and 2136 of the Code of 1910.

An Act to amend Section 1079, of Volume 1, of the Code of 1910.

An Act to provide for maintaining cause ways and

other approaches to public bridges, between two counties.

An Act to regulate the practice of medicine in this State, and for other purposes.

An Act to amend the charter of the town of Arlington.

An Act to relieve T. B. Hicks of Dublin, Georgia, as surety upon bond of John Walker.

An Act to amend the Act establishing the City Court of Oglethorpe.

An Act to regulate and control the organization and operation of certain classes of Insurance companies.

Respectfully submitted,

C. M. TYSON, Chairman.

The following resolution was read and adopted, to-wit:

By Mr. Stark—

A resolution that the General Assembly do now adjourn sine die.

The following message was received from the House through Mr. Boifeuillet, the Clerk thereof:

Mr President:

The House has agreed to the following resolution of the Senate.

A resolution that the General Assembly do now adjourn sine die.

Upon motion of Mr. Stark, the Senate adjourned sine die.

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TO THE

SENATE JOURNAL

FOR THE

YEAR 1913

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